CORE MANAGEMENT

The core part of the project is the gate between our graphic libraries and our game libraries.

This class is contained in the arcade namespace, and is initialized inside the Arcade class. The latter will parse the lib folder and the user arguments and create the core class.

Roles of the Core class

Loads the libraries

The game and graphic libraries are dynamic, so that they can be changed during runtime. The core class stores two Loader instances, so that it can open, close and load one graphic and one game library during the program's execution.

Error handling

If a library is not loaded correctly, of if during the execution of the games there is an issue, the Core will throw a custom exception called Error inheriting from the std::exception class. It will then stop the execution of the program in order to ensure the program's safety.

Handles events during execution

According to the player's actions, it will handle all events related to the program's execution. All events are triggered by key bindings in the program, but note that mouse events are set in our graphic libraries but not handled in the <code>core</code>. You can check the list of keybindings availables in the <code>README</code> file at the root of the repository

Handles the program loop

As the 'gate' of our program, the Core has the responsibility to handle the execution of the program. The method <code>executeLoop()</code> handles the different scenes as well as gets the events and key pressed by the user. The bellow methods handle the display of the scenes, as well as the menu and game loops.

```
void displayMenu(Events& event);
void displayGame(Events& event);
```

Handles the scoreboard

Scores are automatically updated and saved at the program's end and when the player goes back

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to the menu after a game. A scoreboard system is also set up with the 5 top scores.

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