## CPSC 121, 2007/8 Winter Term 2 Quiz 4, Section 203

Name:	Student ID:	
Signature:		

Question

1

2

3

Total

Marks

Out of

6

4

8

18

- You have **20 minutes** to write the **3 questions** on this examination.
- A total of 18 marks are available. You may want to complete what you consider to be the easiest questions first!
- Justify all of your answers.
- No notes or electronic equipment are allowed.
- Keep your answers short. If you run out of space for a question, you have written too much.
- The number in square brackets to the right of the question indicates the number of marks allocated to that question.
- Good luck!

## **UNIVERSITY REGULATIONS:**

- Each candidate should be prepared to produce, upon request, his/her university-issued ID.
- No candidate shall be permitted to enter the examination room after the expiration of one half hour or to leave during the first half hour of the examination.
- CAUTION: candidates guilty of any of the following, or similar, dishonest practices shall be immediately dismissed from the examination and shall be liable to disciplinary action.
  - 1. Having at the place of writing, or making use of, any books, papers or memoranda, electronic equipment, or other memory aid or communication devices, other than those authorised by the examiners.
  - 2. Speaking or communicating with other candidates.
  - 3. Purposely exposing written papers to the view of other candidates. The plea of accident or forgetfulness shall not be received.
- Candidates must not destroy or mutilate any examination material; must hand in all examination papers; and must not take any examination material from the examination room without permission of the invigilator.

1. **[6]** Design a DFA over the input alphabet  $\Sigma = \{1,2,3\}$  that accepts all strings that have at most one 2 and do not contain the substring 121. For example, **11**, **1312**, **21133**, **3113211**, **113112**, **21**, **2**, **11111**, **333333** and **1** would be accepted and **212**, **121**, **1232**, **222**, **322**, **2121**, **121311**, **33121** and **22121** would be rejected.

[4] Consider the following "proof" that,  $\forall n \geq 0$ ,  $n^3 - n$  is divisible by 3.

$$P(n): 3 | n^3 - n$$

**Base case**: n = 0

$$n^3 - n = 0^3 - 0 = 0$$

So, our base case holds.

Inductive Step: Prove that  $\forall n \geq 1$ ,  $P(n) \rightarrow P(n+1)$ 

Assume that P(n) is true, or that that  $3 \mid n^3 - n$  (Inductive Hypothesis)

We must show that P(n+1) is true or that,  $3 (n+1)^3 - (n+1)$ 

$(n+1)^3 - (n+1)$	
$= (n^2+2n+1) (n+1) - (n+1)$	expand
$= (n^3 + n^2 + 2n^2 + 2n + n + 1) - (n+1)$	expand further
$= n^3 + 3n^2 + 3n - n$	group like terms
$= n^3 - n + 3n^2 + 3n$	re-order
$= 3r + 3n^2 + 3n$	by the inductive hypothesis
$= 3(r + n^2 + n)$	factor out the 3

Let  $z = (r + n^2 + n)$ . We know z is an integer since the products and sums of integers are integers. So,  $(n+1)^3 - (n+1) = 3z$  where z is an integer and therefore by our definition of divisibility,  $3 \mid (n+1)^3 - (n+1)$ 

Since, P(0) and  $\forall n \geq 1$ , P(n)  $\rightarrow$  P(n+1), by the principle of mathematical induction,  $\forall n \geq 0$ , P(n).

The above "proof" is invalid. What is wrong with the "proof"?

[8] 3. A sequence  $a_0$ ,  $a_1$ ,  $a_2$  ... is defined by letting  $a_0 = 1$  and  $a_k = 2a_{k-1} + 2$  for all integers  $k \ge 1$ . Prove that  $a_n = 3(2^n) - 2$  for all  $n \ge 0$ .