

s) a)

1) Total noise =  $1.862e^{-16}$  C<sub>rms</sub>

98.5% of total noise =  $1.8247e^{-16}$  C<sub>rms</sub> occurs at 773 MHz

2) S/N noise = 0

Total noise =  $1.813e^{-16}$  C<sub>rms</sub>

Drop of 2.6 dB compared to baseline

3) to-phase = 2 S/N noise = 1 mode / V<sub>o</sub>

Total noise 118.7 μV<sub>RMS</sub>

4) Total output noise =  $\sqrt{\frac{\overline{g_m^2}}{C_S^2} + \overline{V_{O_2}^2}} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{1.862e^{-16}}{1pF}\right)^2 + (118.7e^{-6V})^2}$   
= 220.8 μV<sub>RMS</sub>

This is 42% higher than the noise calculated in step f of problem 4

b) 1) flicker-on = 0 cds-en = 1

Total integrated noise 214.1 μV<sub>RMS</sub>

2) flicker-on = 1 cds-en = 1

Total integrated noise 216.2 μV<sub>RMS</sub>

No flicker noise evident in plot

3) flicker-on = 1 cds-en = 0

Total integrated noise 157.2 μV<sub>RMS</sub>

Flicker noise very evident in ASD

4) flicker-on = 0 cds-on = 0

Total integrated noise 156 μV<sub>RMS</sub>