

Suneeta Mall Rambling of a curious engineer & data scientist

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End-to-end reproducible Machine Learning pipelines on Kubernetes

Monday, December 23, 2019, 12:00 AM Machine-learning, AI, Kubernetes, Reproducible-ml

This is Part 3 - End-to-end reproducible Machine Learning pipelines on Kubernetes of technical blog series titled Reproducibility in Machine Learning. Part 1 & Part 2 can be found here & here respectively.

Change Anything Changes Everything (CAKE) principle _{-Scully et al} is real in ML. Also, 100% reproducible ML code comes at a cost of speed - a non-negotiable aspect in today's time. If we cannot be 100% and change is evident, then the only way to maintaining explainability, understanding, trust & confidence is through version control everything.

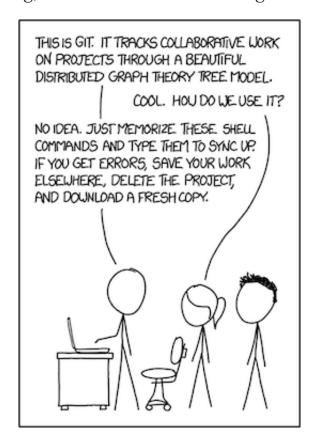


Figure 1: Version control explained by XKCD

In this post, we will be looking at building an end to end fully automated ML pipeline that can maintain full provenance across entire ML system. In my view, a standard machine learning workflow looks like one below:

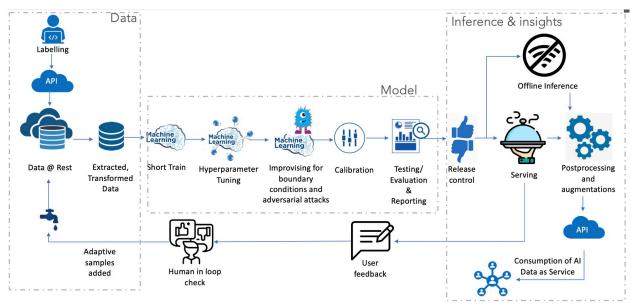


Figure 2: Machine Learning end to end system

So we will be working towards building this system with full provenance over it. For this, we will be extending our sample semantic segmentation example based on Oxford Pet dataset

To build this ML workflow, we will be using Kubernetes - a container orchestration platform. On top of Kubernetes, we wll be running Pachyderm a software that will do the heavy lifting of maintaining provenance across data, artifacts and ml processes.

What to version control

In part 1 of this blog series, we discussed above the challenges, shown in figure 3, in realizing reproducible ML.

CHALLENGES IN REPRODUCIBLE AI/ML Hardware Software Algorithmic Practices/Process Data Unintended Variations from GPU architecture Incomplete Demographics ehaviours due to dependencies Dropouts Randomizations CPU multithreading Floating Point Precision Random Iterative Poisoned data variations (SESS) Shuffles Random

Figure 3: Overview of challenges in reproducible ML

Presence of these challenges in system wide view of ML is shown in figure 4.

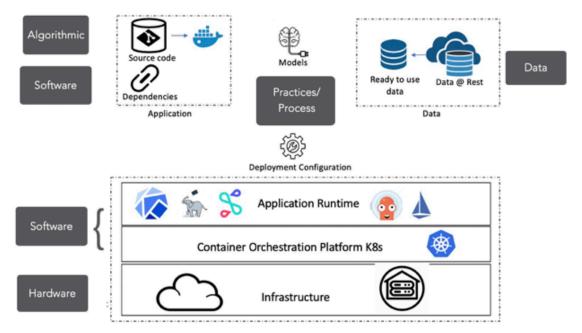


Figure 4: What to version control?

But first lets talk about creating the environment, infrastructure and versioning it.

1. Versioning environment

Using gitops environment and any changes associated with it can be version controlled. In this sample, we will be using ArgoCD to implement gitops workflow (figure 5) which will see our environment config moved to be alongside of code repository (figure 6).

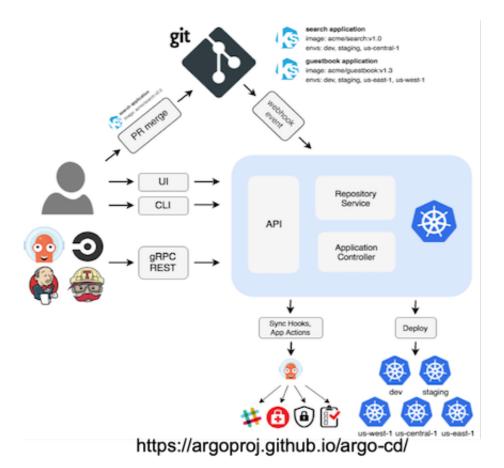


Figure 5: Gitops

This is achieved by defining argo apps which can be applied on BYO Kubernetes cluster (version 1.14.7) that has ArgoCD installed:

kubectl apply -f https://raw.githubusercontent.com/suneeta-mall/e2e-ml-on-k8s/mast

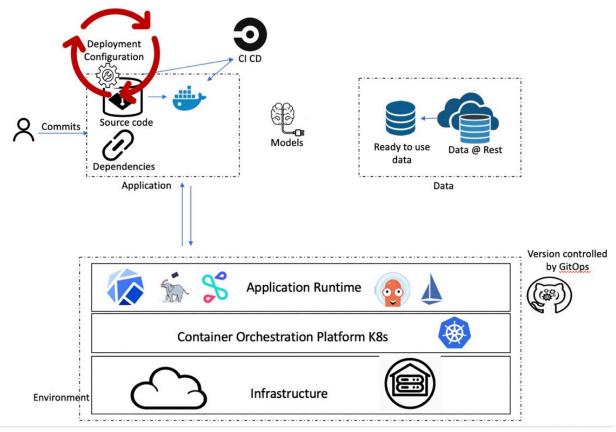


Figure 6: Gitops on environment config

Once the Argo apps are created, following softwares will be installed on the cluster:

- Kubernetes: 1.14.7 (tested on this version, in theory should work with other versions too!)
- ArgoCD: 1.2.3Kubeflow: 0.6.2

Kubeflow is ML toolkit designed to being variety of ML related Kubernetes based softwares together.

• Seldon 0.4.1 (upgraded from packaged version on kubeflow 0.6.2)

Seldon is model serving software

• Pachyderm: 1.9.7

Pachyderm offers git like repository that can hold data even big data. It also offers automated repository capability that act on input and generate data thus holding versioned copy of this generated data. Together with these constructs it can be used to create pipeline DAG like processes with provenance across graph input, transformation spec, output

Any change on this configuration repository will then trigger a cluster update keeping environment in synced with versioned config.

2. Versioning data, process and artifacts

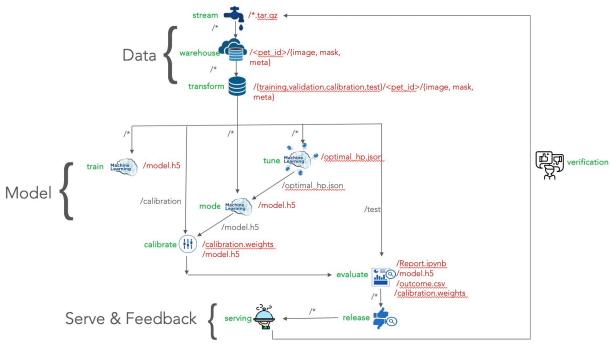


Figure 7: Artifact view of Machine Learning end to end system (shown in figure 2)

Pachyderm pipeline specification for end to end ML workflow capability shown in figure 2 is available here. The generated artifacts/data as a result of this ML workflow is shown in figure 7 above. These artifacts and thier association with other processes are also highlighted in figure 7.

```
pipeline:
 name: stream
transform:
  image: suneetamall/pykubectl:1.14.7
 cmd:
  - "/bin/bash"
 stdin:
  - "wget -0 images.tar.gz https://www.robots.ox.ac.uk/~vgg/data/pets/data/images
     wget -O annotations.tar.gz https://www.robots.ox.ac.uk/~vgg/data/pets/data/ar
     tar -cvf data.tar.gz *.tar.gz && \
     cat data.tar.gz > /pfs/out && \
     while :; do sleep 2073600; done"
spout:
 overwrite: true
input:
 pfs:
    glob: /
```

```
repo: stream
pipeline:
  name: warehouse
transform:
  cmd:
  - "/bin/bash"
  image: suneetamall/e2e-ml-on-k8s:1
  - "python download petset.py --input /pfs/stream/ --output /pfs/out"
datum tries: 2
- - -
input:
  pfs:
    glob: "/"
    repo: warehouse
pipeline:
  name: transform
transform:
  cmd:
  - "/bin/bash"
  image: suneetamall/e2e-ml-on-k8s:1
  stdin:
  - "python dataset gen.py --input /pfs/warehouse --output /pfs/out"
datum_tries: 2
input:
  pfs:
    glob: "/"
    repo: transform
pipeline:
  name: train
transform:
  cmd:
  - "/bin/bash"
  image: suneetamall/e2e-ml-on-k8s:1
  stdin:
  - "python train.py --input /pfs/transform --output /pfs/out --checkpoint_path /¡
resource_requests:
  memory: 2G
datum tries: 2
input:
```

```
pfs:
    glob: "/"
    repo: transform
pipeline:
  name: tune
transform:
  cmd:
  - "/bin/bash"
  image: suneetamall/e2e-ml-on-k8s:1
  stdin:
  - "python tune.py --input /pfs/transform --output /pfs/out"
resource_requests:
  memory: 4G
  cpu: 1
datum_tries: 2
- - -
input:
 cross:
    - pfs:
       glob: "/"
       repo: transform
    - pfs:
        glob: "/optimal hp.json"
        repo: tune
pipeline:
  name: model
transform:
  cmd:
  - "/bin/bash"
  image: suneetamall/e2e-ml-on-k8s:1
  stdin:
  - "python train.py --input /pfs/transform --hyperparam_fn_path /pfs/tune/optimal
     --output /pfs/out --checkpoint path /pfs/out/ckpts --tensorboard path /pfs/ou
  - "ln -s /pfs/tune/optimal_hp.json /pfs/out/optimal_hp.json"
resource_requests:
  memory: 2G
datum_tries: 2
- - -
input:
  Cross:
```

```
- pfs:
       glob: "/calibration"
       repo: transform
    - pfs:
        glob: "/model.h5"
        repo: model
pipeline:
  name: calibrate
transform:
  cmd:
  - "/bin/bash"
  image: suneetamall/e2e-ml-on-k8s:1
  stdin:
  - "python calibrate.py --input /pfs/transform --model_weight /pfs/model/model.h!
  - "ln -s /pfs/model/model.h5 /pfs/out/model.h5"
datum tries: 2
input:
  Cross:
    - pfs:
       glob: "/test"
       repo: transform
    - pfs:
        glob: "/"
        repo: calibrate
pipeline:
  name: evaluate
transform:
  cmd:
  - "/bin/bash"
  image: suneetamall/e2e-ml-on-k8s:1
  stdin:
  - "papermill evaluate.ipynb /pfs/out/Report.ipynb \
      -p model weights /pfs/calibrate/model.h5 \
      -p calibration_weights /pfs/calibrate/calibration.weights \
      -p input_data_dir /pfs/transform \
      -p out dir /pfs/out \
      -p hyperparameters /pfs/calibrate/optimal_hp.json"
  - "ln -s /pfs/calibrate/model.h5 /pfs/out/model.h5"
  - "ln -s /pfs/calibrate/calibration.weights /pfs/out/calibration.weights"
resource requests:
  memory: 1G
datum_tries: 2
- - -
input:
  pfs:
```

```
glob: "/"
    repo: evaluate
pipeline:
  name: release
transform:
  cmd:
  - "/bin/bash"
  image: suneetamall/e2e-ml-on-k8s:1
  - "python release.py --model db evaluate --input /pfs/evaluate/evaluation result
pod_spec: '{"serviceAccount": "ml-user", "serviceAccountName": "ml-user"}'
datum tries: 2
input:
  pfs:
    glob: "/"
    repo: model
pipeline:
  name: tensorboard
service:
  external_port: 30888
  internal port: 6006
transform:
  cmd:
  - "/bin/bash"
  stdin:
  - tensorboard --logdir=/pfs/model/
  image: suneetamall/e2e-ml-on-k8s:1
```

This pipeline creates ML workflow, with artifact dependency shown in above figure 7, wherein full provenance across data, processes and outcome is maintained along with respective lineage.

This is the last post of the technical blog series, Reproducibility in Machine Learning.

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