

# Elsevier L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X template<sup>\*</sup>

Elsevier<sup>1</sup>

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## Abstract

This template helps you to create a properly formatted L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X manuscript.

*Keywords:* `elsarticle.cls`, L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X, Elsevier, template

*2010 MSC:* 00-01, 99-00

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## 1. Introduction

Artificial neural works which heavily inspired by biology and psychology have been widely used to solve various practical engineering problems in such areas as pattern recognition, nonlinear regression, data mining, clustering and prediction. The design of neural network consists of three basic parts, neural network architecture, learning rules, and training techniques.

The inputs of the neural network is consist of four parts: in-plane loading  $N_x$ ,  $N_y$ , and  $N_{xy}$ , design parameters of laminate, two distinct fiber orientation angle  $\theta_1$  and  $\theta_2$ , ply thickness  $t$ , total number of plies  $N$ ; five engineering constants of composite materials,  $E_1$ ,  $E_2$ , ; five strength parameters of a unidirectional lamina. There are two outputs in the neural network, safety factors for MS theory and Tsai-Wu theory, respectively.

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<sup>\*</sup>Fully documented templates are available in the elsarticle package on CTAN.

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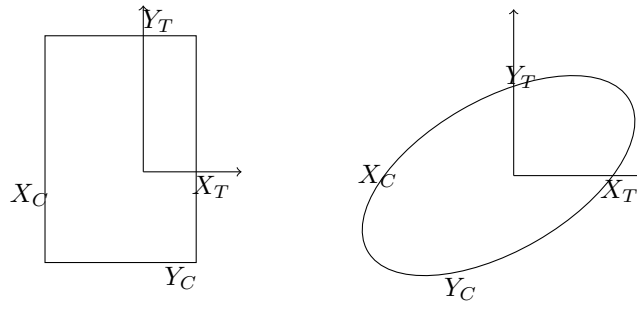


Figure 1: Schematic failure surfaces for maximum stress and quadratic failure criteria

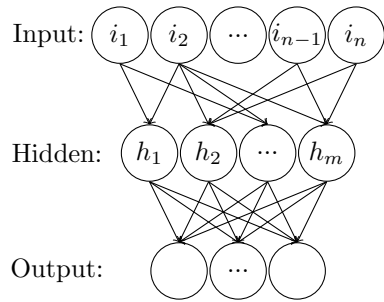


Figure 2: Neural Network Model

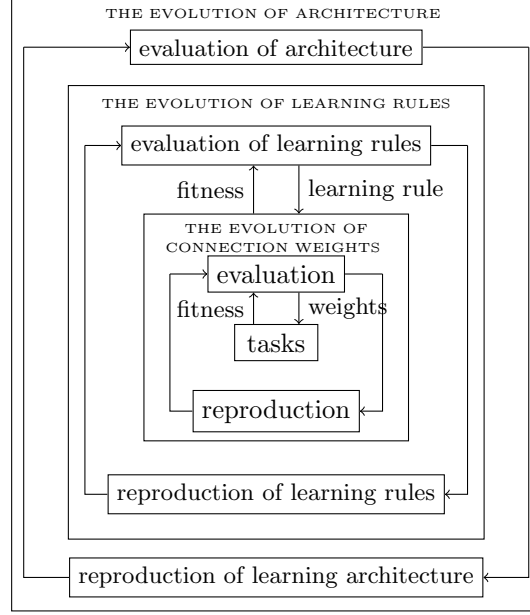


Figure 3: Genetic algorithm and artificial neural network

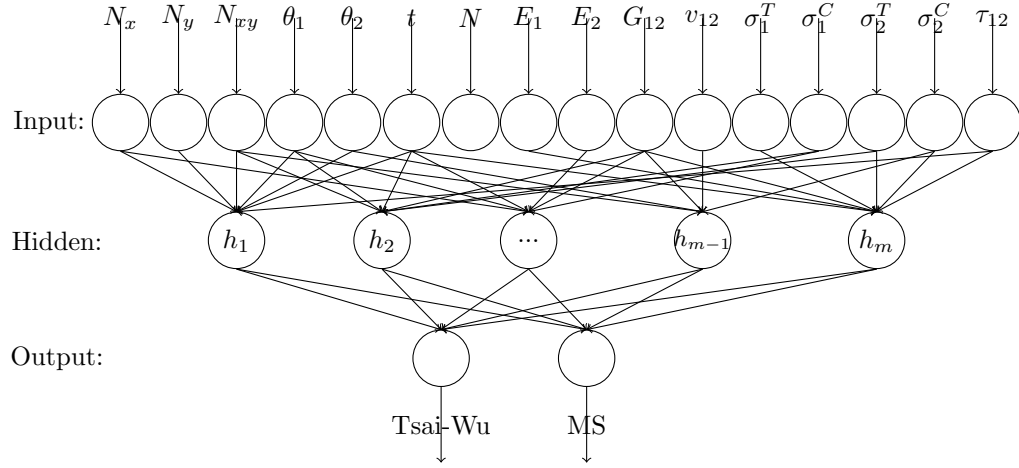


Figure 4: Neural Network Model

$+\theta$
$\theta$
$\dots$
$-\theta$
$+\theta$

Figure 5: Model for Angle ply laminate

## 2. The Elsevier article class

*Installation.* If the document class *elsarticle* is not available on your computer, you can download and install the system package *texlive-publishers* (Linux) or install the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X package *elsarticle* using the package manager of your T<sub>E</sub>X installation, which is typically T<sub>E</sub>X Live or MikT<sub>E</sub>X.

*Usage.* Once the package is properly installed, you can use the document class *elsarticle* to create a manuscript. Please make sure that your manuscript follows the guidelines in the Guide for Authors of the relevant journal. It is not necessary to typeset your manuscript in exactly the same way as an article, unless you are submitting to a camera-ready copy (CRC) journal.

*Functionality.* The Elsevier article class is based on the standard article class and supports almost all of the functionality of that class. In addition, it features commands and options to format the

- document style
- baselineskip
- front matter
- keywords and MSC codes
- theorems, definitions and proofs
- labels of enumerations
- citation style and labeling.

### 3. Front matter

The author names and affiliations could be formatted in two ways:

- (1) Group the authors per affiliation.
- (2) Use footnotes to indicate the affiliations.

See the front matter of this document for examples. You are recommended to conform your choice to the journal you are submitting to.

### 4. Bibliography styles

There are various bibliography styles available. You can select the style of your choice in the preamble of this document. These styles are Elsevier styles based on standard styles like Harvard and Vancouver. Please use BibTeX to generate your bibliography and include DOIs whenever available.

Here are two sample references: [2, 1].

#### References

#### References

- [1] P.A.M. Dirac. The lorentz transformation and absolute time. *Physica*, 19(1-12):888–896, 1953.
- [2] R.P Feynman and F.L Vernon Jr. The theory of a general quantum system interacting with a linear dissipative system. *Annals of Physics*, 24:118–173, 1963.