

# hw02

July 18, 2023

## 1 Metadata

Course: DS 5100  
Term: Summer 2023 Residential  
Module: M02 Homework  
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Date: 7 July 2023

## 2 Student Info

- Name: Lindley Slipetz
- Net ID: ddj6tu
- URL of this file in GitHub: <https://github.com/sliplr19/DS5100-ddj6tu/blob/main/lessons/M02/hw02.ipynb>

## 3 Instructions

In your **private course repo on Rivanna**, write a Jupyter notebook running Python that performs the numbered tasks below. For each task, create a code block to perform the task.

Save your notebook in the M02 directory as `hw02.ipynb`.

Add and commit these files to your repo.

Then push your commits to your repo on GitHub.

Be sure to fill out the **Student Info** block above.

To submit your homework, save the notebook as a PDF and upload it to GradeScope, following the instructions.

## 4 Data

Table 1: GRADES

| name  | grade |
|-------|-------|
| Jon   | 95    |
| Mike  | 84    |
| Jaime | 99    |

Table 2: TOUCHDOWNS

| name    | touchdowns |
|---------|------------|
| Alex    | 2          |
| Patrick | 4          |
| Tom     | 1          |
| Joe     | 3          |
| Alex    | 1          |

## 5 Tasks

### 5.1 Task 1

Using the data in Table 1, create a dictionary called `gradebook` where the keys contain the names and the values are the associated grades. Print the dictionary. (1 PT)

```
[2]: gradebook = {  
    'Jon': 95,  
    'Mike': 84,  
    'Jaime': 99  
}
```

### 5.2 Task 2

Index into the `gradebook` to print Mike's grade. Do NOT use the `get()` method for this. (1 PT)

```
[4]: gradebook['Mike']
```

```
[4]: 84
```

### 5.3 Task 3

Attempt to index into `gradebook` to print Jeff's grade. Show the result. Do NOT use the `get()` method for this. (1 PT)

```
[5]: gradebook['Jeff']
```

```
-----  
KeyError                                Traceback (most recent call last)  
Cell In[5], line 1  
----> 1 gradebook['Jeff']  
  
KeyError: 'Jeff'
```

#### 5.4 Task 4

Using Table 2, build a list from the names called `names` and print it. (1 PT)

```
[15]: names = ["Alex", "Patrick", "Tom", "Joe", "Alex"]
```

```
[16]: print(names)
```

```
['Alex', 'Patrick', 'Tom', 'Joe', 'Alex']
```

#### 5.5 Task 5

Sort the list in ascending order and print it. (1 PT)

```
[21]: print(sorted(names))
```

```
['Alex', 'Alex', 'Joe', 'Patrick', 'Tom']
```

#### 5.6 Task 6

Build a set from the names in Table 2 and print it. (1 PT)

```
[23]: nameset = set(["Alex", "Patrick", "Tom", "Joe", "Alex"])
      print(nameset)
```

```
{'Patrick', 'Alex', 'Tom', 'Joe'}
```

#### 5.7 Task 7

Build a dictionary from the touchdowns data, calling it `td`, and print it. Use lists to store the values. Remember that dictionary keys must be unique. (1 PT)

```
[26]: td = {"Alex1": 2,
          "Patrick": 4,
          "Tom": 1,
          "Joe": 3,
          "Alex2": 1}
      tdvalues = list(td.values())
```

```
[26]: [2, 4, 1, 3, 1]
```

#### 5.8 Task 8

Compute the sum of Alex's touchdowns using the appropriate built-in function.

```
[27]: Alexsum = td["Alex1"] + td["Alex2"]
```

```
[27]: 3
```

## 5.9 Task 9

Get the keys from `td` and save them as a sorted list `list1`. Then get a set from `names` and save them as a sorted list called `list2`. Compare them with a boolean operator to see if they are equal. (2 PTS)

```
[28]: list1 = sorted(list(td.keys()))  
      list2 = sorted(list(nameset))  
      list1 == list2
```

```
[28]: False
```

```
[ ]:
```