의사결정나무(배포용)

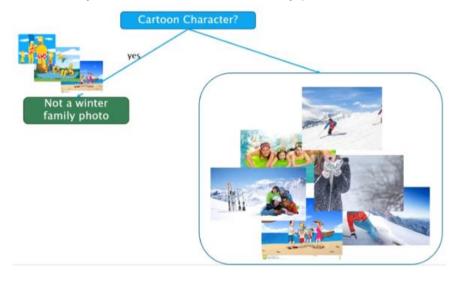
2019년 1월 23일 수요일 오전 11:23

How Decision Tree works

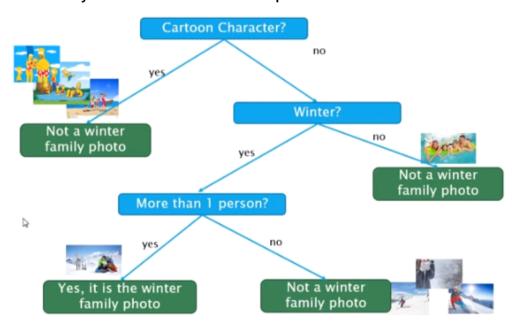
How do you teach your baby to pick winter family vacation photo?



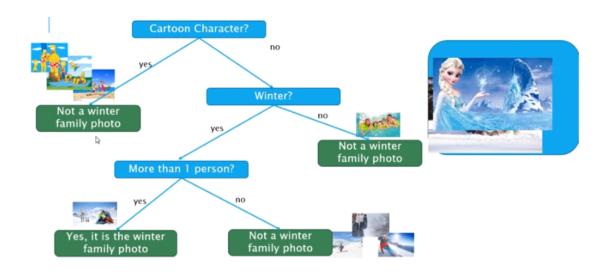
We definitely know the cartoon is not a family photo

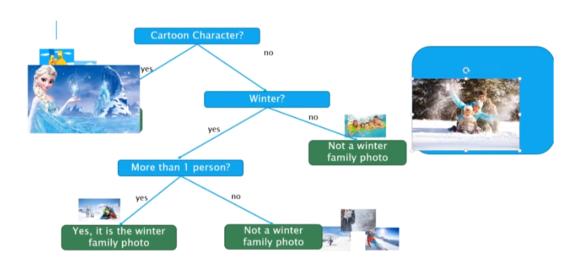


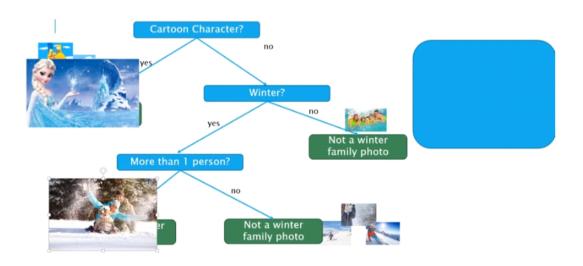
We definitely know summer is not a winter photo



Now, your baby can recognize more pictures using this decision tree

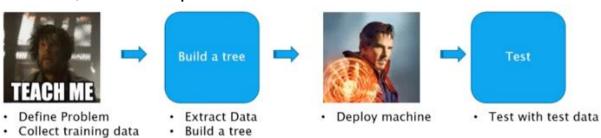






Yes, the baby is the machine, and the machine learned from you Cartoon Character? Winter? Not a winter family photo More than 1 person? Yes, it is the winter family photo Not a winter family photo

Decision Tree, tow main conceps

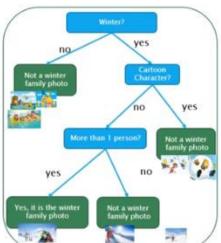


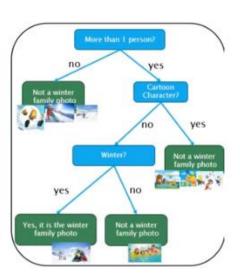
img	cartoon	winter	> 1	Family winter photo
11-11	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
-1	No	Yes	No	No
Bruns	Yes	No	Yes	No
* P	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
	No	Yes	No	No
San San	No	No	Yes	No
10.	Yes	No	Yes	No
1	yes	yes	no	no



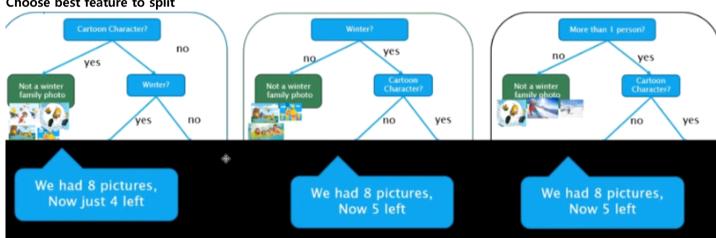
Build a Decision Tree

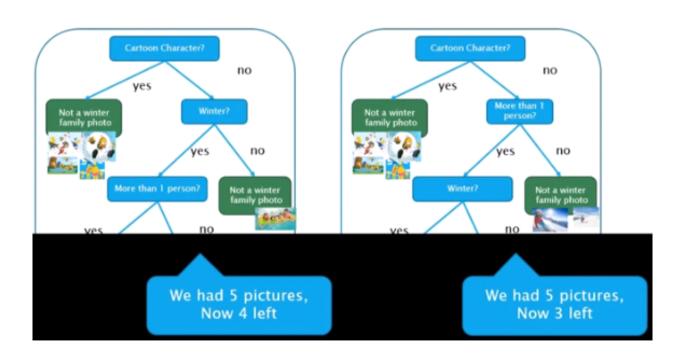


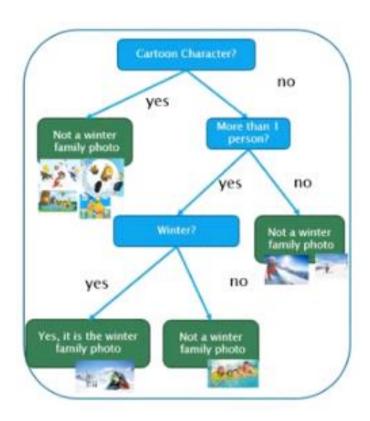




Choose best feature to split







Entropy

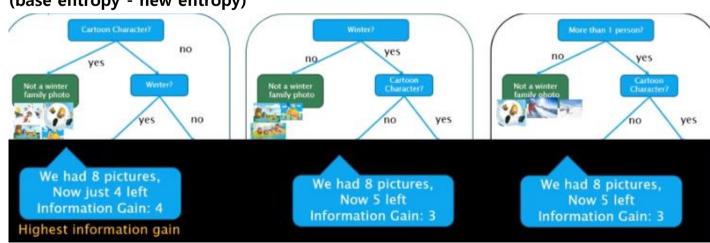


High Entropy (messy)

Low Entropy (Clean)

Infomation Gain

(base entropy - new entropy)



ID3 Algorithm (Entropy and Information Gain)

img	cartoon	winter	> 1	Family winter photo
	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
-1	No	Yes	No	No
Brand	Yes	No	Yes	No
**	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
	No	Yes	No	No
Gasta	No	No	Yes	No
10.	Yes	No	Yes	No
*4	yes	yes	no	no



Calculate Entorpy to find family photo of 8 photos

















img	cartoon	winter	>1	Winter family photo
· ii ·	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
-2	No	Yes	No	No
Bunk	Yes	No	Yes	No
* 0 *	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
	No	Yes	No	No
de colo	No	No	Yes	No
100	Yes	No	Yes	No
*4	yes	yes	no	no

Total 8 photos 1 photo winter family photo 7 photos Not winter family photo = Entropy([1+, 7-]) = -(1/8)*log(1/8) - (7/8)*log(7/8)= 0.543

Entropy = - p(+)*log(p(+)) - p(-)*log(p(-))

Information Gain

(decrease in entropy after a dataset is split on an attribute)

img	cartoon	winter	>1	Winter family photo
Tu A	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
	No	Yes	No	No
Brough	Yes	No	Yes	No
**	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
	No	Yes	No	No
Book	No	No	Yes	No
100	Yes	No	Yes	No
*4	yes	yes	по	no

```
Information Gain(winter family photo, cartoon)
= E(winter family photo) - E(winter family photo, cartoon)
= 0.543 - (4/8 * E([0+,4-])+ 4/8 * E([1+, 3-]))
= 0.138

Information Gain(winter family photo, winter)
= E(winter family photo) - E(winter family photo, cartoon)
= 0.543 - (5/8 * E([1+,4-])+ 3/8 * E([0+, 3-]))
= 0.093

Information Gain(winter family photo, >1)
= E(winter family photo) - E(winter family photo, cartoon)
= 0.543 - (5/8 * E([1+,4-])+ 3/8 * E([0+, 3-]))
= 0.093
```