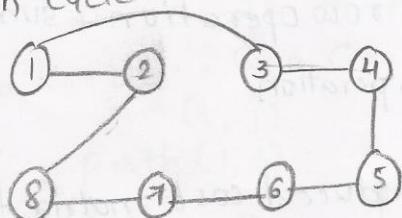


Find the hamiltonian cycle?

Hamiltonian Cycle:



Branch And Bound:

The term Branch & Bound refers to all state space search methods in which all childrens of ~~Each~~ node are generated before any other live node can become the E-node. In Branch & Bound, BFS, state space search are called FIFO technique and DFS state space search are called LIFO. In back tracking, we generate solution state space tree using only DFS, whereas in branch & bound we use both BFS & DFS techniques. In backtracking bounding functions are used to avoid generation of subtrees that do not contain an answer node. Backtracking is more efficient for decision problems not for optimization problems. The main difference between branch & bound and backtracking is that if we get the solution, then we will terminate the search procedure in backtracking, whereas BB we will continue the process until we get a optimal solution. BB is applicable only for minimum values.

Travelling Sales Person Problem:-

Let $G = (V, E)$ be a directed graph. Let $(c(i, j))$ c_{ij} = ∞ if $i, j \notin E$. TSP can be calculated based upon the least cost Branch And Bound (LCBB).

Procedure :-

Let A be reduced cost matrix for root node R .
 Let S be a child of R such that the tree edge R, S corresponds to include edge i, j in the tool.

3. Change all n -trees in row i & column j of A to ∞ .

4. Set $A(j, 1)$ to ∞

5. Reduce all rows & columns in the resulting matrix.

6. Cost of $R \Rightarrow \hat{C}(R) = \text{sum of row operation} + \text{sum of column operation}$
reduced matrix.

7. If s is not a leaf then the reduced cost matrix for s can be obtained as

$$\hat{C}(s) = \hat{C}(R) + A(i, j) + r_i + r_j$$

↓ ↓ ↓
 cost of reduced i th row j th column of reduced cost matrix
 matrix. of reduced cost matrix

*.

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & 20 & 30 & 10 & 11 \\ 15 & \infty & 16 & 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 5 & \infty & 2 & 4 \\ 19 & 6 & 18 & \infty & 3 \\ 16 & 4 & 7 & 16 & \infty \end{bmatrix} \quad r_1 = 10, r_2 = 2, r_3 = 2, r_4 = 3, r_5 = 4$$

$$C_1 = C_2 = C_3 = C_4 = C_5$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 20 & 10 & 20 & 0 & 1 \\ 13 & 20 & 14 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & \infty & 0 & 2 \\ 16 & 3 & 15 & \infty & 0 \\ 12 & 0 & 3 & 12 & \infty \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 20 & 10 & 19 & 0 & 1 \\ 12 & 0 & 11 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & \infty & 0 & 2 \\ 15 & 3 & 12 & \infty & 0 \\ 11 & 0 & 0 & 12 & \infty \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C_1 = 0, C_2 = 0, C_3 = 3, C_4 = 0, C_5 = 0$$

$$\hat{C}(R) = 10 + 2 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 1 + 3$$

$$\hat{C}(R) = 25$$

Step 1 :- path(i, j)

1) $(i, j) = \infty$; i th row & j th row

2) $A(j, 1) = \infty$; $A(2, 1) = \infty$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & 11 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & \infty & \infty & 0 & 2 \\ 15 & \infty & 12 & \infty & 0 \\ 11 & \infty & 0 & 12 & \infty \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} r_1 = 0 \\ r_2 = 0 \\ r_3 = 0 \\ r_4 = 0 \\ r_5 = 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{C}(s) &= \hat{C}(R) + A(i, j) + r \\ &= 25 + A(1, 2) + r \\ &= 25 + 10 + 0 = 35 \end{aligned}$$

$$c_1 = 0 \quad c_2 = 0 \quad c_3 = 0 \quad c_4 = 0 \quad c_5 = 0$$

(i, j)

Step 2 :- path(1, 3)

$$1) A(3, 1) = \infty$$

$$2) (1, 3) = \infty$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 12 & \infty & \infty & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & \infty & 0 & 2 \\ 15 & 3 & \infty & 20 & 0 \\ 11 & 0 & \infty & 12 & \infty \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} r_1 = 0 \\ r_2 = 0 \\ r_3 = 0 \\ r_4 = 0 \\ r_5 = 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 1 & \infty & \infty & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & \infty & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 3 & \infty & \infty & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \infty & 12 & \infty \end{bmatrix}$$

$$c_1 = 11 \quad c_2 = 0 \quad c_3 = \infty \quad c_4 = \infty \quad c_5 = \infty$$

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{C}(s) &= \hat{C}(R) + A(i, j) + r \\ &= 25 + 17 + 11 \\ &= 53 \end{aligned}$$

Step 3 :- Path (1, 4)

$$1) 1, 4 = \infty$$

$$2) A(4, 1) = \infty$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 12 & \infty & 11 & \infty & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & \infty & \infty & 2 \\ 15 & 3 & 12 & \infty & 0 \\ 11 & 0 & 0 & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} r_1 = 0 \\ r_2 = 0 \\ r_3 = 0 \\ r_4 = 0 \\ r_5 = 0 \end{array}$$

$$c_1 = 0 \quad c_2 = 0 \quad c_3 = 0 \quad c_4 = 0 \quad c_5 = 0$$

$$\hat{C}(s) = \hat{C}(R) + A(i, j) + r$$

$$= 25 + A(1, 4) + 0$$

$$= 25 + 0 + 0 = 25$$

Step 4 :- Path (1, 5)

$$1, 5 = \infty$$

$$A(5, 1) = \infty$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 12 & \infty & 11 & 2 & \infty \\ 0 & 3 & \infty & 0 & \infty \\ 15 & 3 & 12 & \infty & \infty \\ 11 & 0 & 0 & 12 & \infty \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} r_1 = 0 \\ r_2 = 2 \\ r_3 = 0 \\ r_4 = 3 \\ r_5 = 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 10 & \infty & 9 & 0 & \infty \\ 0 & 3 & \infty & 0 & \infty \\ 12 & 0 & 9 & \infty & \infty \\ 11 & 0 & 0 & 12 & \infty \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 10 & \infty & 9 & 0 & \infty \\ 0 & 3 & \infty & 0 & \infty \\ 12 & 0 & 9 & \infty & \infty \\ 11 & 0 & 0 & 12 & \infty \end{bmatrix}$$

$$c_1=0 \quad c_2=0 \quad c_3=0 \quad c_4=0 \quad c_5=0$$

$$\hat{C}(S) = \hat{C}(R) + A(1,5) + r$$

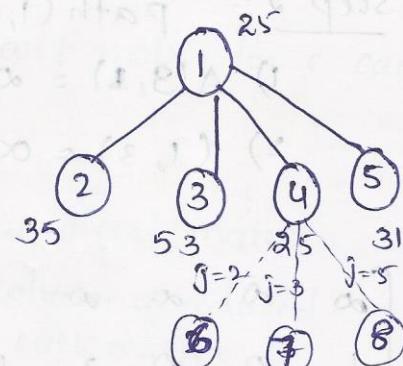
$$= 25 + 1 + 5$$

$$\hat{C}(S) = 31$$

Now

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 12 & \infty & 11 & \infty & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & \infty & \infty & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & 12 & \infty & 0 \\ 11 & 0 & 0 & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix} = A$$

$$\hat{C}(R) = \underline{\underline{25}}$$



Step 5 :- path^{i,j}(4,2)

$$u_{12} = \infty$$

$$A(2,1) = \infty$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & 11 & \infty & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \infty & \infty & 2 \\ \infty & 0 & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 11 & 0 & 0 & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} r_1=0 \\ r_2=0 \\ r_3=0 \\ r_4=0 \\ r_5=0 \end{array}$$

$$c_1=0 \quad c_2=0 \quad c_3=0 \quad c_4=0 \quad c_5=0$$

$$\hat{C}(S) = \hat{C}(R) + A(i,j) + r$$

$$= 25 + 3 + 0 = 28$$

Step 6 :- path^{i,j}(4,3)

$$1) u_{13} = \infty$$

$$2) A(3,1) = \infty$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 12 & \infty & \infty & \infty & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & \infty & \infty & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 11 & 0 & 0 & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} r_1=\infty \\ r_2=0 \\ r_3=2 \\ r_4=\infty \\ r_5=0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 12 & \infty & \infty & \infty & 0 \\ \infty & 3 & \infty & \infty & 0 \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 11 & 0 & \infty & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 1 & \infty & \infty & \infty & 0 \\ \infty & 1 & \infty & \infty & 0 \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & 0 & \infty & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C_1 = 11 \quad C_2 = 0 \quad C_3 = \infty \quad C_4 = \infty \quad C_5 = 0$$

$$\hat{C}(S) = \hat{C}(R) + A(i, j) + r \\ = 25 + 12 + 13 \\ \hat{C}(S) = 50$$

Step 7 :- (i, j)

$$i, j = 4, 5$$

$$A(S, 1) = \infty$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 12 & \infty & 11 & \infty & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 11 & 0 & 0 & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} r_1 = \infty \\ r_2 = 11 \\ r_3 = 0 \\ r_4 = 0 \\ r_5 = 0 \end{array} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 1 & \infty & 0 & \infty & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & \infty & \infty & 0 \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & 0 \\ 11 & 0 & 0 & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C_1 = 0 \quad C_2 = 0 \quad C_3 = 0 \quad C_4 = 0 \quad C_5 = 0$$

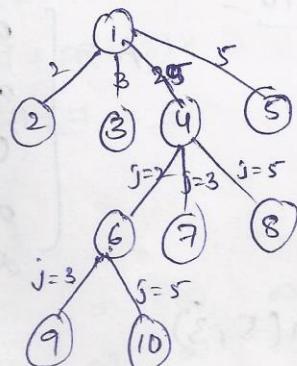
$$\hat{C}(S) = \hat{C}(R) + A(i, j) + r$$

$$= 25 + 0 + 11$$

$$= 36$$

~~Step 8~~

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & 11 & \infty & 0 \\ 0 & \infty & 0 & \infty & 2 \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 11 & \infty & 0 & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\hat{C}(R) = 28$$

Step 8 :- path (i, j)

$$i, j = 2, 3$$

$$A(3, 1) = \infty$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & 2 \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 11 & 0 & \infty & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} r_1 = \infty \\ r_2 = \infty \\ r_3 = 9 \\ r_4 = \infty \\ r_5 = 0 \end{array} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & 0 \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \infty & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(i=2, j=3) \quad C_1 = 0 \quad C_2 = 0 \quad C_3 = \infty \quad C_4 = 0 \quad C_5 = 0$$

$$C_1 = 11$$

$$\hat{C}(S) = \hat{C}(R) + A(i, j) + r \\ = 28 + 11 + 13 = 52$$

28
11
13
41
52

Step 9:- $(2, 5)$

$$d_{1,5} = \infty$$

$$A(5,1) = \infty$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & 0 & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C_1 = 11 \quad C_2 = 0 \quad C_3 = 0 \quad C_4 = 0 \quad C_5 = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & 0 & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\hat{C}(S) = \hat{C}(R) + A(i, j) + r$$

$$= 28 + 0 + 0$$

$$= 28$$

Step 10:-

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & 0 & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix}$$

Path $(5, 3)$

$$(5, 3) = \infty$$

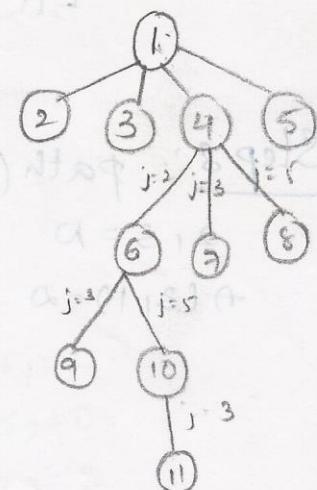
$$(3, 1) = \infty$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\hat{C}(S) = \hat{C}(R) + A(i, j) + r$$

$$= 28 + 0 + 0 = 28$$

$$1 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 3 = 28$$



$$\left[\begin{array}{cccccc} \infty & 4 & 3 & 12 & 8 \\ 3 & \infty & 6 & 14 & 9 \\ 5 & 8 & \infty & 6 & 18 \\ 9 & 3 & 5 & \infty & 11 \\ 18 & 14 & 9 & 8 & \infty \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} r_1=3 \\ r_2=3 \\ r_3=5 \\ r_4=3 \\ r_5=8 \end{array} \Rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cccccc} \infty & 4 & 0 & 9 & 5 \\ 0 & \infty & 3 & 11 & 6 \\ 0 & 3 & \infty & 1 & 13 \\ 6 & 0 & 2 & \infty & 8 \\ 10 & 6 & 1 & 0 & \infty \end{array} \right] \Rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cccccc} \infty & 4 & 0 & 9 & 0 \\ 0 & \infty & 3 & 11 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & \infty & 1 & 8 \\ 6 & 0 & 2 & \infty & 3 \\ 10 & 6 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$C_1=0 \quad C_2=0 \quad C_3=0 \quad C_4=0 \quad C_5=5$

$$\hat{C}(R) = 4 + 3 + 5 + 3 + 8 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 5$$

$$\hat{C}(R) = 27.$$

Step 1:- $\hat{C}(1,2)$

$$1,2 = \infty \quad A(2,1) = \infty$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & \infty & 6 & 14 & 9 \\ 5 & 0 & \infty & 6 & 18 \\ 9 & 0 & 5 & \infty & 11 \\ 18 & 0 & 9 & 8 & \infty \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} r_1=\infty \\ r_2= \cdot \\ r_3= \cdot \\ r_4= \cdot \\ r_5= \cdot \end{array} \Rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{ccccc} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & 3 & 11 & 1 \\ 0 & \infty & \infty & 1 & 8 \\ 6 & 0 & 2 & \infty & 3 \\ 10 & \infty & 1 & 0 & \infty \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} r_1=0 \\ r_2=1 \\ r_3=0 \\ r_4=2 \\ r_5=0 \end{array}$$

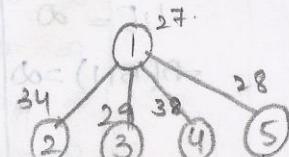
$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc} \infty & \infty & 0 & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & 2 & 10 & 0 \\ 0 & \infty & \infty & 1 & 8 \\ 4 & \infty & 0 & \infty & 11 \\ 10 & \infty & 1 & 0 & \infty \end{array} \right]$$

$$C_1=0 \quad C_2=0, C_3=0 \quad C_4=0 \quad C_5=0$$

$$\hat{C}(S) = \hat{C}(R) + A(i,j) + r$$

$$= 27 + A(1,2) + 3$$

$$\hat{C}(S) = 27 + 4 = 34$$



Step 2:- $\hat{C}(1,3)$

$$1,3 = \infty \quad A(3,1) = \infty$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & \infty & \infty & 71 & 1 \\ \infty & 3 & \infty & 1 & 8 \\ 6 & 0 & \infty & 2 & 3 \\ 10 & 6 & \infty & 0 & \infty \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} r_1=\infty \\ r_2=0 \\ r_3=1 \\ r_4=0 \\ r_5=0 \end{array} \Rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{ccccc} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & \infty & \infty & 11 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & \infty & 0 & 4 \\ 6 & 0 & \infty & 2 & 3 \\ 10 & 6 & \infty & 0 & \infty \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} r_1=0 \\ r_2=0 \\ r_3=0 \\ r_4=0 \\ r_5=1 \end{array}$$

$C_1=0 \quad C_2=0 \quad C_3=0 \quad C_4=0 \quad C_5=1$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & \infty & \infty & 11 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & \infty & 0 & 6 \\ 6 & 0 & \infty & \infty & 2 \\ 10 & 6 & \infty & 0 & \infty \end{array} \right]$$

$$\hat{C}(S) = \hat{C}(R) + A(i,j) + r$$

$$= 27 + 1 + 1 = 29$$

Step 3:- $\hat{C}(1,4)$

$$1,4 = \infty$$

$$A(1,1) = \infty$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & \infty & 3 & \infty & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & \infty & \infty & 8 \\ \infty & 0 & 2 & \infty & 3 \\ 10 & 6 & 1 & \infty & \infty \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} r_1=0 \\ r_2=0 \\ r_3=0 \\ r_4=0 \\ r_5=1 \end{array} \Rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{ccccc} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & \infty & 3 & \infty & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & \infty & \infty & 8 \\ \infty & 0 & 2 & \infty & 3 \\ 9 & 5 & 0 & \infty & \infty \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} r_1=0 \\ r_2=0 \\ r_3=0 \\ r_4=0 \\ r_5=1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & \infty & 3 & \infty & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & \infty & \infty & 7 \\ \infty & 0 & 2 & \infty & 2 \\ 9 & 5 & 0 & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{C}(S) &= \hat{C}(R) + A(1, 1; 4) + r \\ \hat{C}(4) &= 27 + 9 + 2 \\ &= 27 + 11 = 38.\end{aligned}$$

Step 4 :- $(1, 5) = \infty$

$$\begin{aligned}1,5 &= \infty \\ -A(5, 1) &= \infty \quad \begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & \infty & 3 & 11 & \infty \\ 0 & 3 & \infty & 1 & \infty \\ 6 & 0 & 2 & \infty & \infty \\ 10 & 6 & 1 & 0 & \infty \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{l} r_1 = 60 \\ r_2 = 0 \\ r_3 = 0 \\ r_4 = 0 \\ r_5 = 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & \infty & 2 & 11 & \infty \\ 0 & 3 & \infty & 1 & \infty \\ 6 & 0 & 1 & \infty & \infty \\ 10 & 6 & 0 & 0 & \infty \end{bmatrix} \\ &\quad \begin{array}{l} q_1 = 0 \\ q_2 = 0 \\ q_3 = 1 \\ q_4 = 0 \\ q_5 = \infty \end{array} \end{aligned}$$

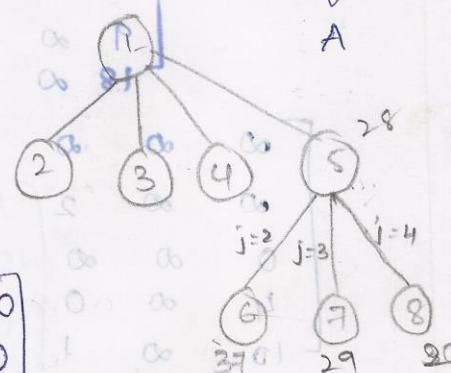
$$\begin{aligned}\hat{C}(S) &= \hat{C}(R) + A(i, j) + r \\ &= 27 + A(1, 5) + 1 \\ &= 27 + 1 = 28\end{aligned}$$

Step 5 :- $(5, 2)$

$$(5, 2) = \infty$$

$$-A(2, 1) = \infty$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & 0 & 9 & 0 \\ 0 & \infty & 3 & 11 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & \infty & 1 & \infty \\ 4 & 0 & 0 & \infty & 1 \\ \infty & 0 & 0 & 0 & \infty \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\begin{aligned}A &= \begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & \infty & 2 & 11 & \infty \\ 6 & 0 & \infty & 1 & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix} \\ &\quad \begin{array}{l} r_1 = 2 \\ r_2 = 1 \\ r_3 = 0 \\ r_4 = 0 \end{array}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & 0 & 9 & 0 \\ 0 & \infty & 3 & 11 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & \infty & 1 & \infty \\ 4 & 0 & 0 & \infty & 1 \\ \infty & 0 & 0 & 0 & \infty \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & \infty & 2 & 11 & \infty \\ 6 & 0 & 1 & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & 0 & 1 & \infty \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \infty \end{bmatrix} \quad r_2 = 2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & \infty & 0 & 9 & \infty \\ 0 & 0 & \infty & 1 & \infty \\ 5 & 0 & 0 & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & 0 & 0 & 0 & \infty \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & \infty & 2 & 11 & \infty \\ 6 & 0 & 1 & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & 0 & 1 & \infty \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \infty \end{bmatrix} \quad r_4 = 1$$

$C_4 \neq 1$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & \infty & 0 & 8 & \infty \\ 0 & 0 & \infty & 0 & \infty \\ 5 & 0 & 0 & 2 & \infty \\ \infty & 0 & 0 & 0 & \infty \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{C}(S) &= \hat{C}(R) + A(i, j) + r \\ &= 28 + 6 + 4 = 38\end{aligned}$$

Step 6 :- path(S, 3)

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & \infty & \infty & 11 & \infty \\ \infty & 3 & \infty & 1 & \infty \\ 6 & 0 & \infty & \infty & 0 \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix} r_1=0 \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & \infty & \infty & 11 & \infty \\ \infty & 2 & \infty & 0 & \infty \\ 6 & 0 & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\hat{C}(S) = \hat{C}(R) + A(i,j) + r \\ = 28 + 0 + 1 = \underline{\underline{29}}$$

Step 7:- (S,4) path

$$S,4 = 0 \quad A(4,1) = \infty \quad \begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & \infty & 2 & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & 3 & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix} 0 \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & 1 & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & 3 & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & 0 & 0 & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix}$$

$$0 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad \infty \quad 0 \quad \hat{C}(S) = \hat{C}(R) + A(i,j) + r \\ = 28 + 0 + 1 = \underline{\underline{29}}.$$

Step 8:- $A = \begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & \infty & \infty & 11 & \infty \\ 0 & 2 & \infty & 0 & \infty \\ 6 & 0 & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix}$

(3,2) path

$$3,2 = 0$$

$$A(2,1) = 2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & 11 & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & 2 & \infty \\ 6 & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix} r_2 = 11 \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & 10 & \infty \\ 0 & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & 2 & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\hat{C}(S) = \hat{C}(R) + A(i,j) + r = 29 + 11 = \underline{\underline{46}}$$

Step 9:- (3,4) path

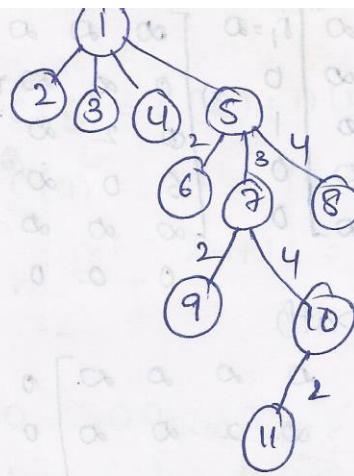
$$3,4 = 0 \quad A(4,1) = \infty \quad \begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix} \hat{C}(S) = A(3,4) + r + \hat{C}(P) = \underline{\underline{29}}$$

Step 10:- (4,2) = 0

$$4,2 = 0 \quad A(2,1) = \infty \quad \begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\hat{C}(S) = 29$$

$$1 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 2$$



$$\begin{array}{c} 1, 5, 3, 4, 2 \\ \Rightarrow 29 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & 11 & 0 & 9 & 6 \\ 8 & \infty & 7 & 3 & 4 \\ 8 & 4 & \infty & 4 & 8 \\ 11 & 10 & 5 & \infty & 5 \\ 6 & 9 & 5 & 5 & \infty \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} r_1=0 \\ r_2=3 \\ r_3=4 \\ r_4=5 \\ r_5=5 \end{array} \quad \begin{bmatrix} \infty & 11 & 0 & 9 & 6 \\ 5 & \infty & 4 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & 0 & \infty & 0 & 4 \\ 6 & 5 & 0 & \infty & 0 \\ 1 & 4 & 0 & 0 & 20 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{l} c_1=1 \\ c_2=0 \\ c_3=0 \\ c_4=0 \\ c_5=0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & 11 & 0 & 9 & 6 \\ 4 & \infty & 4 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & \infty & 0 & 4 \\ 5 & 5 & 0 & \infty & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & 0 & 0 & \infty \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow A$$

$$\hat{C}(R) = 3 + 4 + 5 + 5 + 1 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0$$

$$\hat{C}(R) = 18$$

Step 1:- path_(1,2)
(i,j)

$$1,2=\infty \quad \begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & 4 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & \infty & 0 & 4 \\ 5 & \infty & 0 & \infty & 0 \\ 0 & \infty & 0 & 0 & \infty \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} r_1=0 \\ r_2=0 \\ r_3=0 \\ r_4=0 \\ r_5=0 \end{array}$$

$$G=0 \quad c_2=0 \quad c_3=0, \quad c_4=0 \quad c_5=0$$

$$\hat{C}(B) = \hat{C}(R) + A(1,2) + r$$

$$= 18 + A(1,2) + 0$$

$$= 18 + 11 = 29$$

$$\hat{C}(S) = 29$$

$$\hat{C}(2) = 29$$

Step 2: path_(1,3)

$$1,3=\infty \quad A(3,1)=\infty$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccccc} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & r_1 = \infty \\ 4 & \infty & \infty & 0 & 1 & r_2 = 0 \\ \infty & 0 & \infty & 0 & 4 & r_3 = 0 \\ 5 & 5 & \infty & \infty & 0 & r_4 = 0 \\ 0 & 4 & \infty & 0 & \infty & r_5 = 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$c_1 = 0 \quad c_2 = 0 \quad c_3 = 0 \quad c_4 = 0 \quad c_5 = 0$$

$$\hat{C}(S) = \hat{C}(R) + A(i, j) + r$$

$$= 18 + 0 + 0 = 18$$

Step 3: path_(i, j)

$$i, 4 = \infty \quad \left[\begin{array}{cccccc} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & r_1 = \infty \\ 4 & \infty & 4 & \infty & 1 & r_2 = 1 \\ 3 & 0 & \infty & \infty & 4 & r_3 = 0 \\ \infty & 5 & 0 & \infty & 0 & r_4 = 0 \\ 0 & 4 & 0 & \infty & \infty & r_5 = 0 \end{array} \right] \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccccc} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 3 & \infty & 3 & \infty & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & \infty & \infty & 4 \\ 0 & 5 & 0 & \infty & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & 0 & \infty & \infty \end{array} \right]$$

$$c_1 = 0 \quad c_2 = 0 \quad c_3 = 0 \quad c_4 = 0 \quad c_5 = 0$$

$$\hat{C}(S) = \hat{C}(R) + A(i, j) + r$$

$$\hat{C}(4) = 18 + A(1, 4) + 1 = 18 + 9 + 1 = 28$$

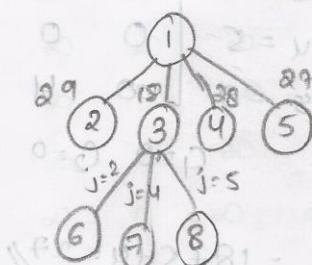
Step 4: path_(i, 5)

$$i, 5 = \infty \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccccc} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 4 & \infty & 4 & 0 & \infty \\ 3 & 0 & \infty & 0 & \infty \\ 5 & 5 & 0 & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & 4 & 0 & 0 & \infty \end{array} \right] \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccccc} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & \infty & 0 & \infty & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \infty & \infty & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \infty & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \infty \end{array} \right]$$

$$c_1 = 3 \quad c_2 = 0 \quad c_3 = 0 \quad c_4 = 0 \quad c_5 = 0$$

$$\hat{C}(S) = \hat{C}(R) + A(i, j) + r$$

$$= 18 + 6 + 3 = 27$$



Step 5: path_(i, j)

$$A = \left[\begin{array}{ccccc} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 4 & \infty & \infty & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & \infty & 0 & 4 \\ 5 & 5 & \infty & \infty & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & \infty & 0 & \infty \end{array} \right]$$

$$c_1 = 0$$

$$A(2, 1) = \infty$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & 0 & 1 \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 5 & \infty & \infty & \infty & 0 \\ 0 & \infty & \infty & 0 & \infty \end{array} \right] \begin{matrix} r_1 = 0 \\ r_2 = 0 \\ r_3 = 0 \\ r_4 = 0 \\ r_5 = 0 \end{matrix}$$

$$G=0 \quad G_2=0 \quad G_3=0 \quad G_4=0 \quad G_5=0$$

$$\hat{C}(S) = \hat{C}(R) + A(i,j) + r = 18 + A(3,2) + 0$$

$\therefore C(S) = 18 + 0 = 18$

Step 6 :- path $(1, i)$
 $(3, 4)$

$$A(4,1) = \infty$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 4 & \infty & \infty & \infty & 1 \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & 5 & \infty & \infty & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & \infty & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{l} r_1 = 0 \\ r_2 = 1 \\ r_3 = 2 \\ r_4 = 0 \\ r_5 = 0 \end{array}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 3 & \infty & \infty & \infty & 0 \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & 5 & \infty & \infty & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & \infty & \infty & \infty \end{array} \right] \quad \hat{c}(s) = \hat{c}(R) + A(i,j) + r$$

$= 18 + A(3,4) + 1$
 $= 18 + 0 + 4 = 22$

Step 7:- path (3,5)

$$A(5,1) = \infty$$

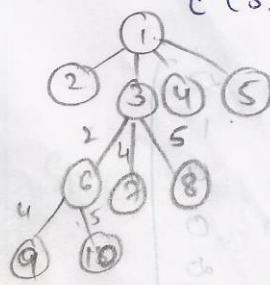
$$\left[\begin{array}{cccccc} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 4 & \infty & \infty & 0 & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 5 & 5 & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & 4 & \infty & 0 & \infty \end{array} \right] \quad r_1 = \infty, r_2 = 6, r_3 = \infty, r_4 = 5, r_5 = 0$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc} \infty & \infty & \infty & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & \infty & \infty & 0 & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & 0 & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & 4 & \infty & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$G_1=0 \quad G_2=0 \quad G_3=0 \quad C_4=0 \quad C_5=0$$

$$\hat{c}(s) = \hat{c}(R) + \alpha_{ij} + \gamma$$

$$= 18 + 5 + 4 = 27 //$$



Step 8 :- path $(\overset{i}{2}, \overset{j}{4})$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & 0 & 1 \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 5 & \infty & \infty & \infty & 0 \\ 0 & \infty & \infty & 0 & \infty \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2,4 = \varnothing$$

$$\theta(4,1) = \infty$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & 0 \\ 0 & \infty & -\infty & \infty & \infty \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{c}(s) &= \hat{c}(r) + A(i,j) + \gamma \\ &= 18 + A(2,4) \\ &= 18 + 0 = 18 \end{aligned}$$

Step 9:- path (215)

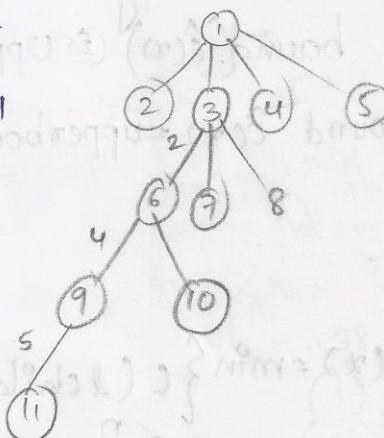
$$2, 5 = \infty$$

$$A(5,1) \approx 0$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 5 & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & 0 & 0 & \infty \end{array} \right] \begin{matrix} 5 \\ 0 \end{matrix} \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccccc} \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ 0 & \infty & \infty & \infty & \infty \\ \infty & \infty & 0 & 0 & \infty \end{array} \right]$$

$$\hat{c}(s) = \hat{c}(r) + \alpha(2, s) + r$$

$$= 18 + 1 + 5 = 24$$



Step 10:- path(415) ^{1,3}

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$4, 5 = \infty$$

$$\vartheta(5,1) = \varnothing$$

$$\hat{C}(S) = \hat{C}(R) + A(i,j) + r \\ = 18 + 0 = 18 //$$

0/1 Knapsack Problem:-

→ A maximization problem can be easily converted into the minimization problem by changing the sign of the objective function

→ for 0/1 knapsack problem, 2 techniques are used.

(1) FIFOBB expanding the nodes using BFS technique.

(2) LIFOBB expanding the nodes using DFS technique

We expanding the node by taking the $x_i = 1$ for left child and $x_i = 0$ for right child.

1) LIFOBB :- / LCBB (Least Cost Branch & Bound)

Inorder to find the solution for a given problem using LIFO BB for 0/1 knapsack problem.

The following 2 methods are used.

① Lower bound ($\hat{c}(\alpha)$) ② Upper bound ($\mu(\alpha)$)

Lower bound $\hat{c}(\alpha) = \text{upperbound} - \frac{\text{remaining weight in knapsack}}{\text{remaining weight which is not considered}}$

$$\hat{c}(\alpha) = \min \left\{ c(\text{lchild}(\alpha)), c(\text{rchild}(\alpha)) \right\}$$

Upper bound $\mu(\alpha) = \sum_{i=1}^n p_i$ of nodes, we consider

→ Inorder to expand the next level lower bound values. the lower bound values.

→ If both the nodes consists of same lower bound values then select the minimum upper bound values.

$$1. n=4 \quad m=15 \quad P=10, 10, 12, 18 \quad w=2, 4, 6, 9$$

For node (1)

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 + w_4 \leq m$$

$$2 \leq 15$$

$$2+4 \leq 15$$

$$6 \leq 15 \checkmark$$

$$6+6 \leq 15$$

$$12 \leq 15 \checkmark$$

$$12+9 \leq 15 \times$$

consider only w_1, w_2, w_3 weights and their profits.

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 = 12$$

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{c}(1) &=? \\ \mu(1) &= -\sum_{i=1}^4 p_i = (P_1 + P_2 + P_3 + P_4) \\ &= -(10 + 10 + 12) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{c}(1) &= -32 - \frac{3}{9} \times 18 = -32 - 6 = -32 \\ &= -38 \end{aligned}$$

For node (2)

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 + w_4 \leq m$$

$$2 \leq 15$$

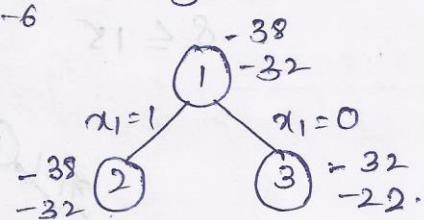
$$2+4 \leq 15$$

$$2+4+6 \leq 15$$

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 = 12$$

$$\mu(2) = -(10 + 10 + 12) = -32$$

$$\hat{c}(2) = -32 - \frac{3}{9} \times 18 = -38$$



$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 = 12$$

(1) span rot.

$$\mu(4) = -(10+10+12) = -32$$

$$\hat{C}(4) = -32 - \frac{3}{9} \times 18 = -38$$

for node (5)

$$w_1 = 1 \quad w_2 = 0$$

$$2 \leq 15$$

$$w_1, w_3$$

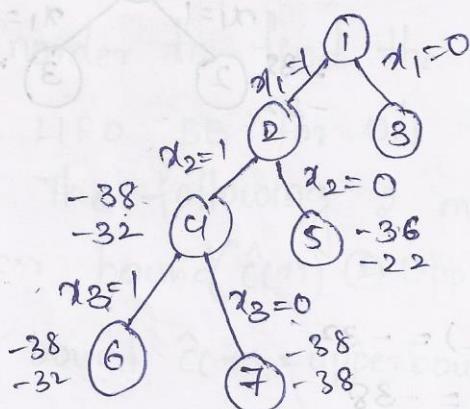
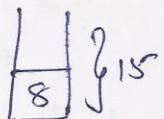
$$2+6 \leq 15$$

$$8 \leq 15$$

$$w_1 + w_3 = 8$$

$$\mu(5) = -(10+12) = -22$$

$$\hat{C}(5) = -22 - \frac{4}{9} \times 18 = -22 - 14 \\ = -36$$



For node (6)

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 = 12$$

$$\mu(6) = -(10+10+12) = -32$$

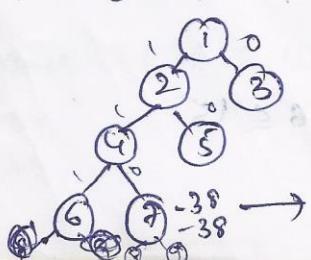
$$\hat{C}(6) = -38$$

For node (7)

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_4 \leq 15$$

$$\mu(7) = -(10+10+18) = -38$$

$$\hat{C}(7) = -38 - \frac{0}{9} \times 18 = -38$$



LB & UB are equal. So kill that node.

For node (8)

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_4 \leq m$$

$$2+4+9 \leq 15$$

$$\mu(8) = -38$$

$$\hat{c}(8) = -38 - \frac{0}{9} \times 18 = -38$$

For node (9)

$$w_1 + w_2 \leq m$$

$$6 \leq 15$$

$$\mu(9) = -20$$

$$\hat{c}(8) = -20 - \frac{0}{9} \times 18$$

$$= -20$$

The solution is 1101.

2. $n=5$, $m=15$, $w = 4, 4, 5, 8, 9$.

$$P = 4, 4, 5, 8, 9$$

For node (1)

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 + w_4 + w_5 \leq m$$

$$4 \leq 15$$

$$4+4 \leq 15$$

$$4+4+5 \leq 15 \Rightarrow 13 \leq 15 \checkmark$$

$$13+8 \leq 15 \times$$

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 \leq 15$$

$$13 \leq 15$$

$$\mu(1) = -\sum_{i=1}^n p_i = -(4+4+5) = -13$$

$$\left| \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 2 \\ \hline 13 \\ \hline \end{array} \right\} 15 \quad \hat{c}(1) = -13 - \frac{2}{9} \times 9$$

$$\hat{c}(1) = -15$$

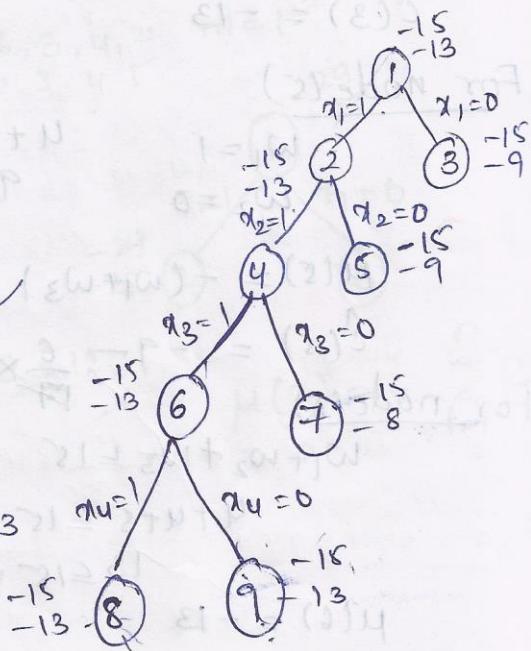
For node (2)

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 \leq 15$$

$$4+4+5 \leq 15$$

$$13 \leq 15 \checkmark$$

$$\mu(2) = -\sum_{i=1}^n p_i = -13$$



$$\hat{C}(2) = -13 - \frac{2}{9} \times 9 = -15$$

(3) abon rot

For node(3)

$$w_1 = 0$$

$$4 \leq 15$$

$$4+5 \leq 15$$

$$9 \leq 15$$

$$w_2 + w_3 \leq 15$$

$$9 \leq 15$$

$$\mu(3) = -(4+5) = -9$$

$$\hat{C}(3) = -9 - \frac{6}{9} \times 9 = -15$$

For node(4)

$$w_1 = 1 \quad w_2 = 1$$

$$4+4+5 \leq 15$$

$$13 \leq 15$$

$$\mu(3) = -15$$

$$\hat{C}(3) = -13$$

For node(5)

$$w_1 = 1$$

$$4+5 \leq 15$$

$$w_2 = 0$$

$$9 \leq 15$$

$$\mu(5) = -(w_1 + w_3) = -(9)$$

$$\hat{C}(5) = -9 - \frac{6}{9} \times 9 = -15$$

For node(6)

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 \leq 15$$

$$4+4+5 \leq 15$$

$$13 \leq 15 \vee$$

$$\mu(6) = -13$$

$$\hat{C}(6) = -13 - \frac{2}{18} \times 9 = -15$$

For node(7)

$$w_1 = 1 \quad w_2 = 1 \quad w_3 = 0$$

$$4+4 \leq 15$$

$$8 \leq 15 \vee \quad 8+9 \leq 15$$

$$\mu(7) = -(4+4) = -8$$

$$\hat{C}(7) = -8 - \frac{7}{9} \times 9 = -15$$

For node(8)

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 + w_4 \leq 15$$

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 \leq 15$$

$$\mu(8) = -13$$

$$\hat{C}(8) = -13 - \frac{2}{18} \times 18 = -15$$

For node(9)

$$w_4 = 0$$

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 + w_4 \leq 15$$

$$4 \leq 15$$

$$8 \leq 15$$

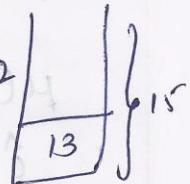
$$8+5 \leq 15$$

$$13 \leq 15$$

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 \leq 15$$

$$\mu(9) = -(4+4+5) = -13$$

$$\hat{C}(9) = -15$$



3. $n=5$ $P = \{10, 15, 6, 8, 4\}$ $w = \{4, 1, 6, 3, 4, 2\}$ $m = 12$

For node(1)

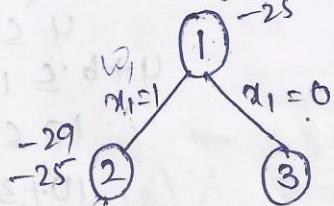
$$w_5 + w_1 + w_2 + w_3 + w_4 \leq 12$$

$$u \leq 12$$

$$u+6 \leq 12$$

$$4+6+3 \leq 12$$

$$w_1 + w_2 = 12$$



$$\mu(x) = - \sum_{i=1}^n P_i$$

$$\mu(x) = (10+15) = -25$$

$$\hat{C}(x) = -25 - \frac{8}{9} \times \frac{2}{18}$$

$$= -25 - 4 = -29$$

For node(2)

$$w_5 + w_1 + w_2 + w_3 + w_4 \leq 12$$

$$4 \leq 12$$

$$4+6 \leq 12$$

$$\mu(x) = -25 - \hat{C}(x) = -29$$

For node(3)

$$w_5 + w_1 + w_2 + w_3 + w_4 \leq 12$$

$w_1 = 0 \Rightarrow w_1 = 0$ (we should not consider w_1 weight)

$$w_2 + w_3 + w_4 \leq 12$$

$$6 \leq 12$$

$$6+3 \leq 12$$

$$9 \leq 12$$

$$9+4 \leq 12 \times$$

$$w_2 + w_3 = 12$$

$$6 - 3$$

$$\mu(x) = -(15+6) = -21$$

$$\hat{c}(x) = -21 - \frac{3}{6} \times 12 = -27$$

For node(4)

$$w_5 + w_1 + w_2 + w_3 + w_4 \leq 12$$

$w_1 = 1 \quad w_2 = 1$ (we have to consider w_1 & w_2 wts)

$$4 \leq 12$$

$$4+6 \leq 12$$

$$w_1 + w_2 \leq 12$$

$$10 \leq 12$$

$$10+3 \leq 12 \times$$

$$\mu(x) = -(10+15) = -25$$

$$\hat{c}(x) = -25 - \frac{2}{9} \times 18 = -29$$

For node(5)

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 + w_4 \leq 12$$

$$4 \leq 12$$

$$11+2 \leq 12 \times$$

$$4+3 \leq 12$$

$$w_1 + w_3 + w_4 \leq 15$$

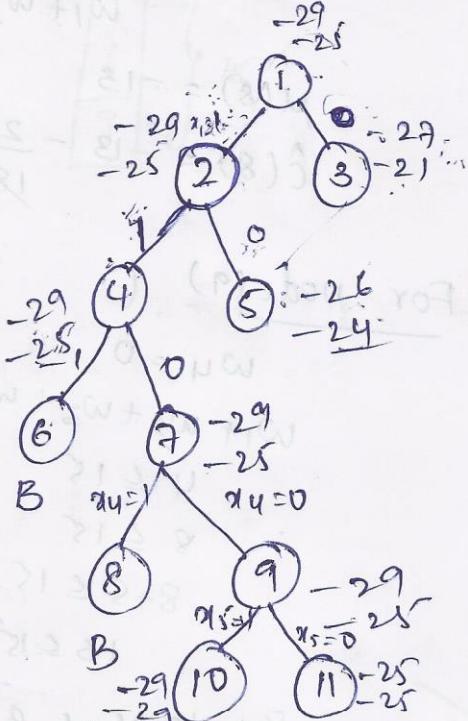
$$7+4 \leq 12$$

$$11 \leq 12 \checkmark$$

$$\mu(x) = -(10+6+8) = -24$$

$$\hat{c}(x) = -24 - \frac{1}{2} \times 12^2$$

$$PB = -26$$



For node(6)

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 + w_4 + w_5 \leq 12$$

$$4 \leq 12$$

$$4+6 \leq 12$$

$$10+3 \leq 12$$

$$13 \leq 12 \times$$

Kill the node. Because weight > m.

For node(7)

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 + w_4 + w_5 \leq 12$$

$$4+6 \leq 12$$

$$10 \leq 12$$

$$\mu(x) = -(25) = -25$$

$$\hat{c}(x) = -25 - \frac{2}{5} \times 12$$

$$= -25 - 4 = -29$$

$$\begin{array}{|c|} \hline 4 \\ \hline 10 \\ \hline \end{array} \left. \begin{array}{l} \downarrow \\ y_{12} \end{array} \right.$$

For node(8)

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 + w_4 + w_5 \leq 12$$

$$4+6+2 \leq 12$$

$$10 \leq 12$$

$$10+4 \leq 12 \times (14 \leq 12) \times$$

Kill the node 8 weight > m.

For node(9)

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 + w_4 + w_5 \leq 12$$

$$4+6 \leq 12$$

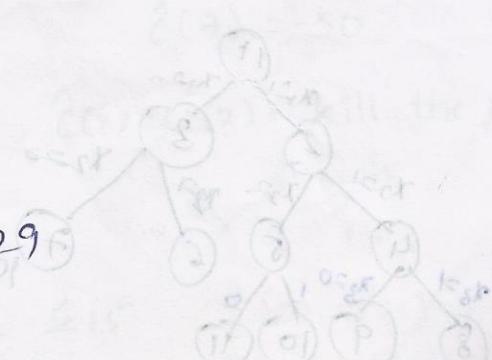
$$12 \leq 12$$

$$10 \leq 12$$

$$\mu(x) = -25 - 4 = -29$$

$$\hat{c}(x) = -25 - \frac{2}{5} \times 4$$

$$= -25 - 4 = -29$$



For node (10)

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_5 \leq 12$$

$$4 + 6 + 2 \leq 12$$

$$12 \leq 12$$

$$\bar{U}(x) = -29$$

$$\hat{C}(x) = -29$$

For node (11)

$$w_1 + w_2 \leq m$$

$$4 + 6 \leq 12$$

$$\bar{U}(x) = -25$$

$$\hat{C}(x) = -25 - \frac{9}{0}$$

$$\hat{C}(x) = -25$$

The solution is 11001.

Path generated is $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 9 \rightarrow 10$

$$\text{upperbound} = -29$$

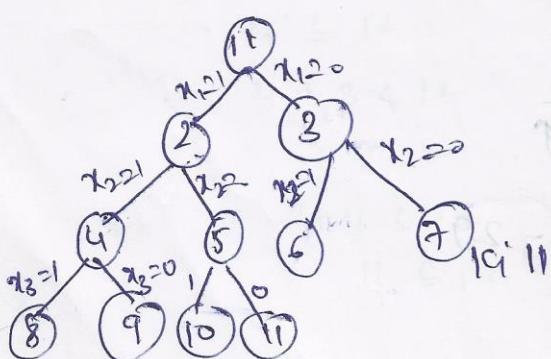
FIFOBB = 0, Knapsack Problem.

(1) $\hat{C}(x) \geq U(x)$ Kill the node

BFS

$$n=4, m=15, P=10, 10, 12, 18$$

$$w_1=2, w_2=4, w_3=6, w_4=9$$



For node(1)

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 + w_4 \leq m$$

$$2 \leq 15$$

$$2+4 \leq 15$$

$$6 \leq 15$$

$$6+6 \leq 15$$

$$12 \leq 15$$

$$12+9 \leq 15 \times$$

$$\mu(1) = -(10+10+12) = -32$$

$$\hat{C}(1) = -32 - \frac{3}{9} \times 18 = -38$$

For node(3)

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 + w_4 \leq m$$

$$4+6 \leq 15$$

$$10 \leq 15$$

$$\mu(3) = -(10+12) = -22$$

$$\hat{C}(3) = -22 - \frac{5}{9} \times 18 = -32$$

For node(5)

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 + w_4 + w_5 \leq m$$

$$\mu(5) = -22$$

$$\hat{C}(5) = -36$$

For node(6)

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 + w_4 \leq m$$

$$4 \leq 15$$

$$4+6 \leq 15$$

$$10 \leq 15$$

$$\mu(6) = -22$$

$$\hat{C}(6) = -22 - \frac{5}{9} \times 18 = -32$$

For node(8)

$$2+4+6 \leq 15$$

For node(2)

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 + w_4 \leq m$$

$$w_2 = 0$$

$$2 \leq 15$$

$$2+4 \leq 15$$

$$6 \leq 15$$

$$6+6 \leq 15$$

$$12 \leq 15$$

$$12+9 \leq 15 \times$$

$$\mu(2) = -(10+10+12) = -32$$

$$\hat{C}(2) = -32 - \frac{3}{9} \times 18 = -38$$

For node(4)

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 + w_4 \leq m$$

$$2 \leq 15$$

$$2+4 \leq 15$$

$$6 \leq 15$$

$$6+6 \leq 15$$

$$12 \leq 15$$

$$12+9 \leq 15 \times$$

$$\mu(4) = -32$$

$$\hat{C}(4) = -38$$

For node(7)

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 + w_4 \leq m$$

$$6 \leq 15$$

$$6+9 \leq 15$$

$$15 \leq 15$$

$$\mu(7) = -30$$

$$\hat{C}(7) = -30 - \frac{0}{0}$$

$$\hat{C}(7) = -30$$

$\hat{C}(x) = \mu(x)$ kill the node.

$$-21 \geq 8$$

$$X 21 \geq P+8$$

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 + w_4 \leq m$$

$$12 \leq 15$$

$$\mu(8) = -32 \quad \hat{C}(8) = -38$$

For node(9)

$$2 \leq 15$$

$$2+4 \leq 15$$

$$6 \leq 15$$

$$\begin{aligned}\mu(9) &= -(10+10+18) \\ &= -38\end{aligned}$$

$$\hat{C}(9) = -38 - 0 = -38 \quad \text{kill node}$$

For node(10)

$$2+6 \leq 15$$

$$8 \leq 15$$

$$8+9 \leq 15 \times$$

$$\mu(10) = -(+32) = -22$$

$$\hat{C}(10) = -22 - \frac{7}{9} \times 18^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}-22 - 14 &= -22 - 14 \\ &= -36\end{aligned}$$

For node(11)

$$2 \leq 15$$

$$2+9 \leq 15$$

$$11 \leq 15$$

$$\mu(11) = -(+28) = -28$$

$$\hat{C}(11) = -28 - 4$$

$$\hat{C}(+28) = -28$$

For node(13)

$$4+9 \leq 15$$

$$13 \leq 15$$

$$\mu(13) = -28$$

$$\hat{C}(13) = -28$$

kill node

For node(16)

$$2+6 \leq 15$$

$$8 \leq 15$$

$$8+9 \leq 15 \times$$

$$\mu(16) = -22$$

$$\hat{C}(16) = -22 - 0 = -22$$

For node(10)

$$2+6 \leq 15$$

$$8 \leq 15$$

$$8+9 \leq 15 \times$$

$$\mu(10) = -(+32) = -22$$

$$\hat{C}(10) = -22 - \frac{7}{9} \times 18^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}-22 - 14 &= -22 - 14 \\ &= -36\end{aligned}$$

For node(12)

$$4+6 \leq 15$$

$$10 \leq 15$$

$$\mu(12) = -22$$

$$\hat{C}(12) = -32$$

For node(14)

$$2+4+6+9 \leq 15 \times$$

Bound

For node 15

$$12 \leq 15$$

$$\mu(15) = -32$$

$$\hat{C}(15) = -32 - \frac{3}{\infty}$$

$$\hat{C}(15) = -32$$

kill node

For node(17)

$$2+6 \leq 15$$

$$8 \leq 15$$

$$\mu(17) = -22$$

$$\hat{C}(17) = -22$$

kill node

For node(18)

$$0111$$
$$4+6+9 \leq 15$$

$$19 \leq 15$$

Bound.

For node (19)

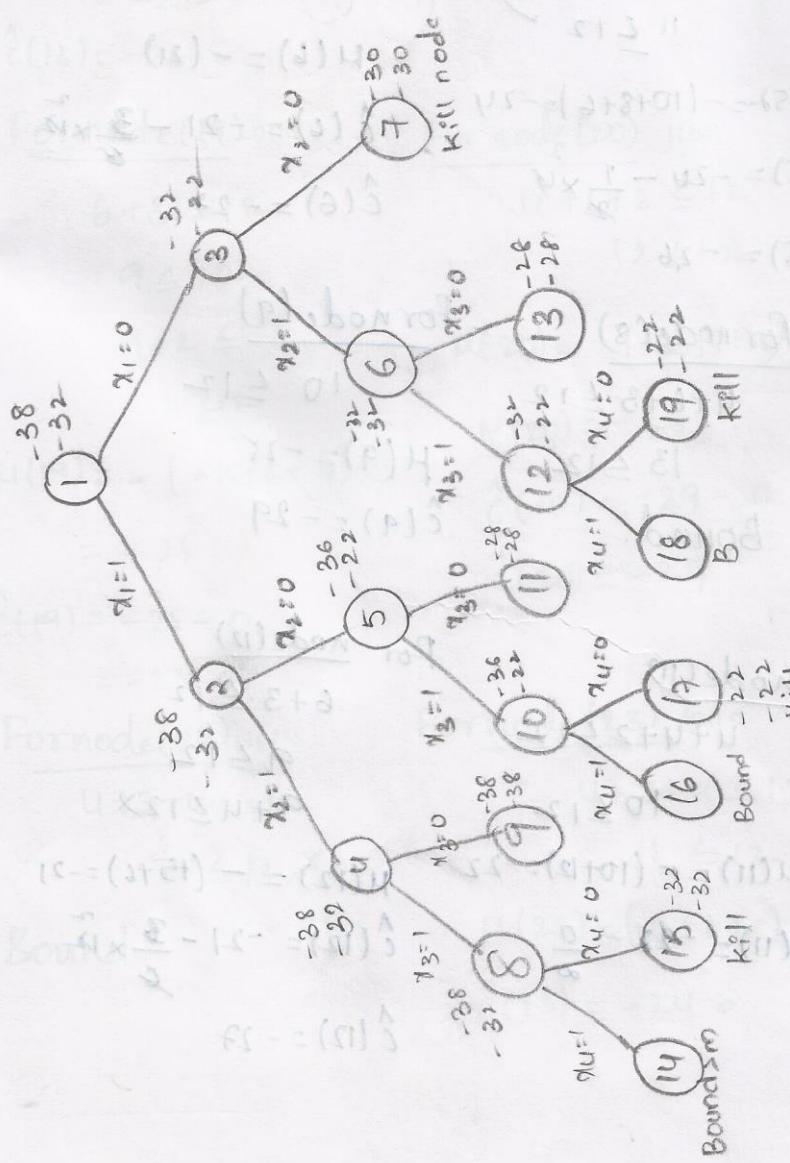
$$4+6 \leq 15$$

10 ≤ 15

$$\mu(19) = -22$$

$$\hat{C}(19) = -22$$

Kill node



$$2. \quad n=5 \quad P = \begin{matrix} 10, 15, & 6, 8, 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \end{matrix} \quad w = \begin{matrix} 4, 6, 3, 4, 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \end{matrix} \quad m=12$$

For node(1)

$$u \leq 12$$

$$u+6 \leq 12$$

$$u+6+3 \leq 12 \times$$

$$\mu(1) = -25$$

$$\hat{c}(1) = -25 - \frac{2}{9} \times 18$$

$$\hat{c}(1) = -29$$

For node(2)

$$u \leq 12$$

$$u+6 \leq 12$$

$$10 \leq 12$$

$$\mu(2) = -25$$

$$\hat{c}(2) = -25 - \frac{2}{9} \times 18$$

$$\hat{c}(2) = -29$$

For node(3)

$$6 \leq 12$$

$$9 \leq 12 \checkmark$$

$$13 \leq 12 \times$$

$$\mu(3) = -(15+6) = -21$$

$$\hat{c}(3) = -21 - \frac{3}{8} \times 18$$

$$\hat{c}(3) = -27$$

For node(4)

$$u+6 \leq 12$$

$$10 \leq 12$$

$$\hat{c}(4) = (10+15) = -25$$

$$\hat{c}(4) = -25 - \frac{2}{9} \times 18$$

$$\hat{c}(4) = -29$$

For node(5)

$$u+3+4 \leq 12$$

$$11 \leq 12 \checkmark$$

$$\mu(5) = -(10+8+6) = -24$$

$$\hat{c}(5) = -24 - \frac{1}{2} \times 18$$

$$\hat{c}(5) = -26$$

For node(6)

$$6+3 \leq 12$$

$$9 \leq 12$$

$$\mu(6) = -21$$

$$\hat{c}(6) = -21 - \frac{3}{8} \times 12$$

$$\hat{c}(6) = -27$$

For node(7)

$$3+4+2 \leq 12$$

$$9 \leq 12$$

$$\mu(7) = -(6+8+4) = -18$$

$$\hat{c}(7) = -18 \checkmark$$

Kill the node.

For node(10)

$$4+3+4 \leq 12$$

$$11 \leq 12$$

$$\mu(10) = -(10+6+8) = -24$$

$$\hat{c}(10) = -24 - \frac{1}{2} \times 18$$

$$\hat{c}(10) = -21$$

for node(8)

$$u+6+3 \leq 12$$

$$13 \leq 12$$

Bound.

For node(9)

$$10 \leq 12$$

$$\mu(9) = -25$$

$$\hat{c}(9) = -29$$

For node(11)

$$u+4+2 \leq 12$$

$$10 \leq 12$$

$$\mu(11) = -(10+12) = -22$$

$$\hat{c}(11) = -22 - \frac{2}{10} \times 18$$

For node(12)

$$6+3 \leq 12$$

$$9 \leq 12$$

$$9+u \leq 12 \times$$

$$\mu(12) = -(15+6) = -21$$

$$\hat{c}(12) = -21 - \frac{3}{8} \times 12$$

$$\hat{c}(12) = -27$$

$$\text{For node (13) } 010$$

$$6+4+2 \leq 12$$

$$12 \leq 12$$

$$\mu(13) = (15+8+4) = -27$$

$$\hat{c}(13) = -27 - 0$$

$$\hat{c}(13) = -27$$

$$\text{For node (16) } 1011$$

$$4+3+4 \leq 12$$

$$11 \leq 12$$

$$\mu(16) = -(10+6+8) = -24$$

$$\hat{c}(16) = -24 - \frac{1}{2}xy$$

$$= -26$$

$$\hat{c}(16) = -26$$

$$\text{For node (19) } 0110$$

$$6+3 \leq 12$$

$$9 \leq 12$$

$$9+2 \leq 12$$

$$11 \leq 12$$

$$\mu(19) = -(15+6+4)$$

$$= -25$$

$$\hat{c}(19) = -25 - 0$$

$$= -25$$

$$\text{For node (22) } 10111$$

$$4+3+4+2 \leq 12$$

$$18 \leq 12 \times$$

Bound.

$$\text{For node (14) } 1101$$

$$4+b+4 \leq 12 \times$$

Bound

$$\text{For node (15) } 1100$$

$$4+b \leq 12$$

$$12 \leq 12$$

$$\mu(15) = -25$$

$$\hat{c}(15) = -25 - 0 = -25$$

$$\text{For node (18) } 0111$$

$$6+3+4 \leq 12 \quad \text{RELU}$$

$$13 \leq 12 \times$$

$$\mu(18) = -$$

$$\hat{c}(18) =$$

$$\text{For node (17) } 1010$$

$$4+3 \leq 12$$

$$7 \leq 12 \Rightarrow 9 \leq 12$$

$$\mu(17) = -(10+6) = -20$$

$$\hat{c}(17) = -20 - 0$$

$$\hat{c}(17) = -20$$

$$\text{For node (21) } 11000$$

$$4+b \leq 12$$

$$10 \leq 12$$

$$\mu(21) = -25$$

$$\hat{c}(21) = -25 - 2$$

$$\hat{c}(21) = -25$$

$$\text{For node (20) } 11001$$

$$4+b+2 \leq 12$$

$$12 \leq 12$$

$$\mu(20) = -(10+15+4)$$

$$\mu(20) = -29$$

$$\hat{c}(20) = -29 - 0$$

$$\hat{c}(20) = -29$$

For node

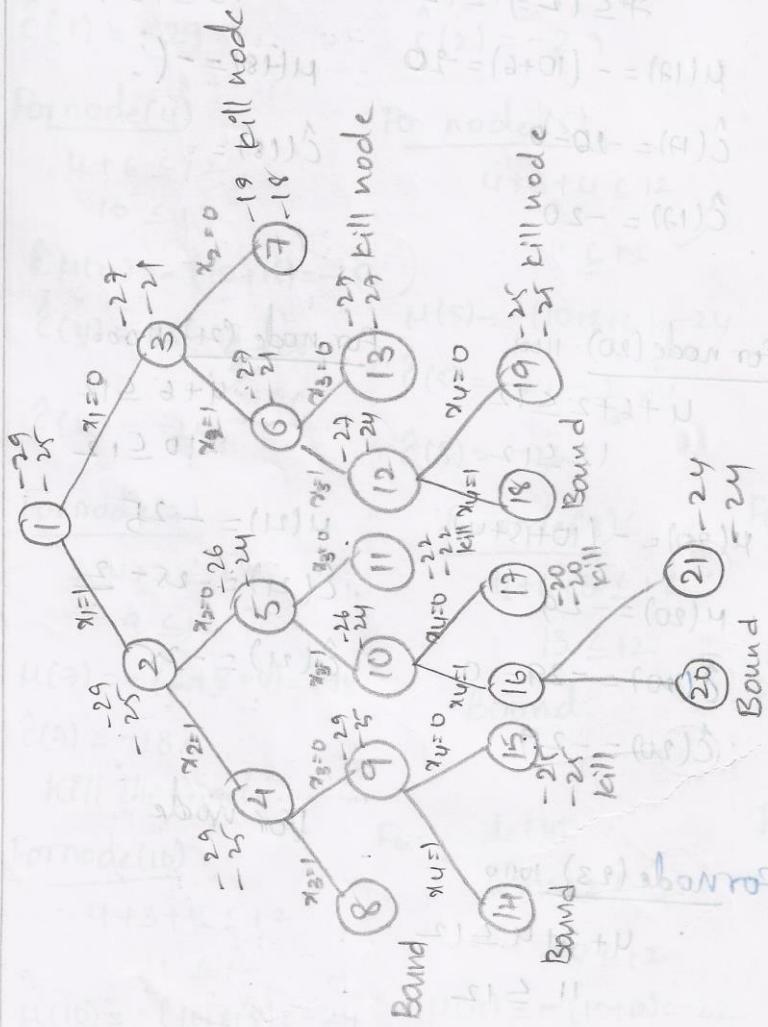
$$\text{For node (23) } 10110$$

$$4+3+4 \leq 12$$

$$11 \leq 12$$

$$\mu(23) = (10+6+8) = -24$$

$$\hat{c}(23) = -24 - 0$$



$$3. \quad n=5 \quad m=15 \quad P=W=4, 4, 5, 8, 9.$$

For node(1)

$$4 \leq 15$$

$$4+4+5 \leq 15$$

$$13 \leq 15 \checkmark$$

$$\mu(1) = -(4+4+5) = -13$$

$$\hat{c}(1) = -13 - \frac{2}{17} \times 17 = -15$$

For node(2)

$$4+4+5 \leq 15$$

$$\mu(2) = -13$$

$$\hat{c}(2) = -15$$

For node(3)

$$4+5 \leq 15$$

$$9 \leq 15$$

$$8+9 \leq 15 \times$$

$$\mu(3) = -(4+5) = -9$$

$$\hat{c}(3) = -9 - \frac{6}{17} \times 17$$

For node(4)

$$4+4 \leq 15$$

$$8 \leq 15$$

$$8+5 \leq 15$$

$$13 \leq 15$$

$$\mu(4) = -(4+4+5) = -13$$

$$\hat{c}(4) = -13 - \frac{2}{17} \times 17$$

$$\hat{c}(4) = -15$$

For node(5)

$$4+5 \leq 15$$

$$9 \leq 15$$

$$9+8 \leq 15 \times$$

$$\mu(5) = -(4+5) = -9$$

$$\hat{c}(5) = -9 - \frac{6}{17} \times 17$$

$$\hat{c}(5) = -15$$

For node(6)

$$4+5 \leq 15$$

$$9 \leq 15$$

$$9+8 \leq 15 \times$$

$$\mu(6) = -(4+5) = -9$$

$$\hat{c}(6) = -9 - \frac{6}{17} \times 17$$

$$\hat{c}(6) = -15$$

For node(7)

$$5+8 \leq 15$$

$$13 \leq 15$$

$$\mu(7) = -(5+8) = -13$$

$$\hat{c}(7) = -13 - \frac{2}{17} \times 17$$

$$= -15$$

For node(8)

$$4+4+5 \leq 15$$

$$13 \leq 15$$

$$\mu(8) = -(4+4+5) = -13$$

$$\hat{c}(8) = -13 - \frac{2}{17} \times 17$$

$$\hat{c}(8) = -15$$

For node(9)

$$4+4 \leq 15$$

$$8 \leq 15$$

$$8+8 \leq 15 \times$$

$$\mu(9) = -(8)$$

$$\hat{c}(9) = -8 - \frac{6}{17} \times 17$$

$$\hat{c}(9) = -15$$

For node(10)

$$4+5 \leq 15$$

$$9 \leq 15$$

$$9+8 \leq 15 \times$$

$$\mu(10) = -(9)$$

$$\hat{c}(10) = -9 - \frac{6}{17} \times 17 = -15$$

For node(11)

$$4+8 \leq 15$$

$$12 \leq 15$$

$$\mu(11) = -12$$

$$\hat{c}(11) = -12 - \frac{3}{9} \times 9 = -15$$

For node(12)

$$4+5 \leq 15$$

$$9 \leq 15$$

$$\mu(12) = -9$$

$$\hat{c}(12) = -9 - \frac{6}{17} \times 17$$

$$\hat{c}(12) = -15$$

Algorithm UBound(c_P, c_W, k, m)

{

$b := c_P, c := c_W$

for $i := k+1$ to n do

{

if ($c + w[i] \leq m$) then

{

$c := c + w[i]$;

$b := b - p[i]$;

return b ;

y

y

y

y