Terminology

- Consider this function:
- q, a = divmod(a, b)
- a, b a pair is the domain
 - The set of values for which the function is defined
- q, r also a pair is the range
 - The set of values the function takes on

Mathematical Function Features

- No Hysteresis No History No Memory
- "Idempotence"
- The results are always the same for a given argument
 >>> int("10f1", 16)
 4337
- Does not depend on anything that happened before