

The Battle of Neighborhoods

Finding the best area to build a student hall in London

Date: 24 June 2020

1. Introduction

1. Background

London is a popular destination for higher education where diverse students from all around the world gather to study.

According to the data published by the Higher Education Statistical Agency (HESA), in the academic year 2016-2017 London welcomed 112,200 international students to its higher education institutions, which make up 29 percent of students at higher education institutions. This means that at least 110,000 students are looking for a new home in London every year, even if domestic students from outside of London are not considered.

2. Problem

Student halls are the most reliable means of housing for students, especially if one is completely new to the city and is not familiar with how rental contracts work. However, as they are in high demand, it is not easy to secure a place in one. Therefore this project aims to explore different neighborhoods of London and find the best area to build a new student hall for international students to solve this persistent problem as well as to find a new business opportunity.

This research is expected to benefit real-estate investors looking for a profitable location or international students looking for a place to live in London.

From the student perspective, a lot of factors come into play when finding the best accommodation, including location and rent. In this project, however, the study will only focus on the safety and the general atmosphere of the neighborhood for simplification. Distance to universities are also an important factor in choosing a student hall, but as student halls accept students from different universities, it will be disregarded in this project.

2. Data Acquisition and Preprocessing

In this project, three different datasets will be used to solve the problem - London Recorded Crime, List of London Boroughs, and Foursquare API. After acquiring them from original and reliable sources, they will be wrangled and cleansed into more useful forms for our further analysis.

2.1 London Recorded Crime

| | MajorText | MinorText | BoroughName | 201703 | 201704 | 201705 | 201706 | 201707 | 201708 | 201709 | ... | 201805 | 201806 | 201807 | 201808 | 201809 | 201810 | ... |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-----|
| 0 | Arson and Criminal Damage | Arson | Barking and Dagenham | 2 | 13 | 6 | 14 | 2 | 5 | 8 | ... | 4 | 12 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 8 | ... |
| 1 | Arson and Criminal Damage | Criminal Damage | Barking and Dagenham | 139 | 139 | 147 | 150 | 143 | 169 | 134 | ... | 126 | 123 | 127 | 101 | 107 | 131 | ... |
| 2 | Burglary | Burglary - Business and Community | Barking and Dagenham | 44 | 32 | 29 | 19 | 42 | 30 | 25 | ... | 24 | 33 | 30 | 18 | 33 | 32 | ... |
| 3 | Burglary | Burglary - Residential | Barking and Dagenham | 93 | 101 | 129 | 71 | 95 | 83 | 81 | ... | 93 | 77 | 94 | 84 | 99 | 94 | ... |
| 4 | Drug Offences | Drug Trafficking | Barking and Dagenham | 9 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 7 | 1 | 6 | ... | 7 | 6 | 8 | 7 | 9 | 5 | ... |

Shown above is London crime records classified by boroughs and crime type in the recent 24 months. It consists of 1594 observations and 27 columns. It was acquired directly from London Datastore.

For further analysis, the number of crimes were calculated into monthly averages, and crime categories were not considered in this research for simplification. This process turned the above dataset to a simple one as below.

| | BoroughName | MonthlyAverage |
|---|----------------------|----------------|
| 0 | Barking and Dagenham | 1551.166667 |
| 1 | Barnet | 2335.916667 |
| 2 | Bexley | 1282.083333 |
| 3 | Brent | 2540.125000 |
| 4 | Bromley | 1929.958333 |

2.2 List of London Boroughs

The second dataset used was information on boroughs in London, scrapped from Wikipedia.

| Borough | Inner | Status | Local authority | Political control | Headquarters | Area (sq mi) | Population (2013 est) ^[1] | Co-ordinates | Nr. in map |
|--|-------|--------|---|-------------------|---|--------------|--------------------------------------|---|------------|
| Barking and Dagenham ^[note 1] | | | Barking and Dagenham London Borough Council | Labour | Town Hall, 1 Town Square | 13.93 | 194,352 | 51.5607°N 0.1557°E | 25 |
| Barnet | | | Barnet London Borough Council | Conservative | North London Business Park, Oakleigh Road South | 33.49 | 369,088 | 51.6252°N 0.1517°W | 31 |
| Bexley | | | Bexley London Borough Council | Conservative | Civic Offices, 2 Watling Street | 23.38 | 236,687 | 51.4549°N 0.1505°E | 23 |
| Brent | | | Brent London Borough Council | Labour | Brent Civic Centre, Engineers Way | 16.70 | 317,264 | 51.5588°N 0.2817°W | 12 |
| Bromley | | | Bromley London Borough Council | Conservative | Civic Centre, Stockwell Close | 57.97 | 317,899 | 51.4039°N 0.0198°E | 20 |
| Camden | ✓ | | Camden London Borough Council | Labour | Camden Town Hall, Judd Street | 8.40 | 229,719 | 51.5290°N 0.1255°W | 11 |
| Croydon | | | Croydon London Borough Council | Labour | Bernard Weatherill House, Mint Walk | 33.41 | 372,752 | 51.3714°N 0.0977°W | 19 |

From the original data, we will only use on population and coordinates. Population can be used to calculate the ratio of reported crime to population for better comparison, and coordinates can be used to get neighborhood data from Foursquare. So the simplified data for our analysis looks as following.

| | BoroughName | Population | Latitude | Longitude |
|---|----------------------|------------|----------|-----------|
| 0 | Barking and Dagenham | 194352 | 51.5607 | 0.1557 |
| 1 | Barnet | 369088 | 51.6252 | -0.1517 |
| 2 | Bexley | 236687 | 51.4549 | 0.1505 |
| 3 | Brent | 317264 | 51.5588 | -0.2817 |
| 4 | Bromley | 317899 | 51.4039 | 0.0198 |

2.3 Foursquare API

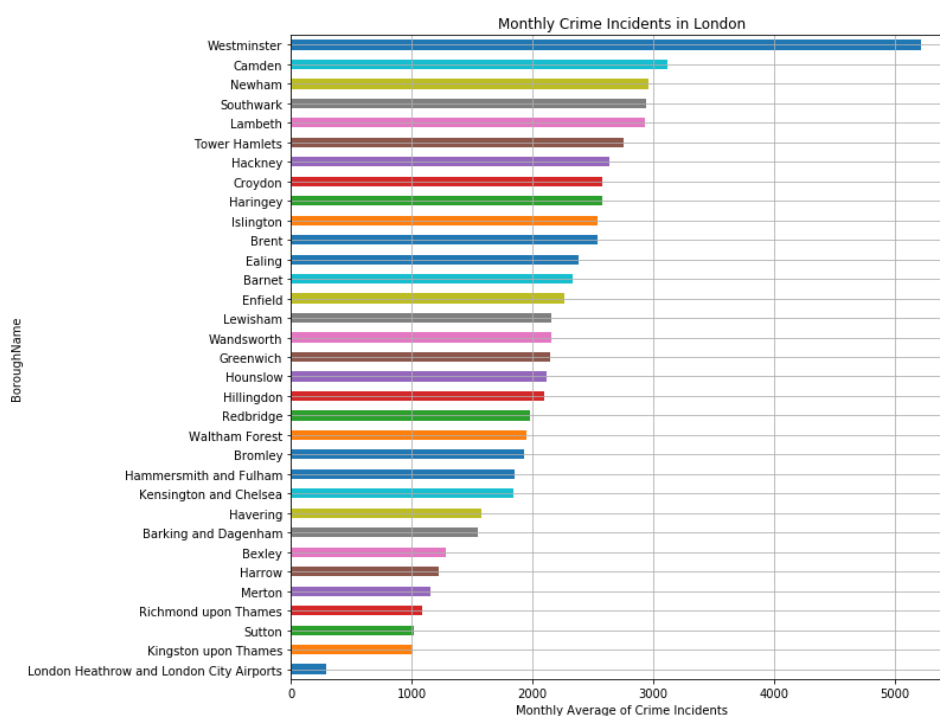
Finally, Foursquare API was used to call the top 50 popular venues in each neighborhood. This was done using the 'explore' function of requesting URL. We were able to acquire data looking like this.

| | BoroughName | Borough Latitude | Borough Longitude | Venue | Venue Latitude | Venue Longitude | Venue Category |
|---|----------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| 0 | Barking and Dagenham | 51.5607 | 0.1557 | Central Park | 51.559560 | 0.161981 | Park |
| 1 | Barking and Dagenham | 51.5607 | 0.1557 | Crowlands Heath Golf Course | 51.562457 | 0.155818 | Golf Course |
| 2 | Barking and Dagenham | 51.5607 | 0.1557 | Beacontree Heath Leisure Centre | 51.560997 | 0.148932 | Gym / Fitness Center |
| 3 | Barking and Dagenham | 51.5607 | 0.1557 | Robert Clack Leisure Centre | 51.560808 | 0.152704 | Martial Arts Dojo |
| 4 | Barking and Dagenham | 51.5607 | 0.1557 | Morrisons Beacontree Heath | 51.559774 | 0.148752 | Supermarket |

3. Methodology

3.1 Exploratory Analysis

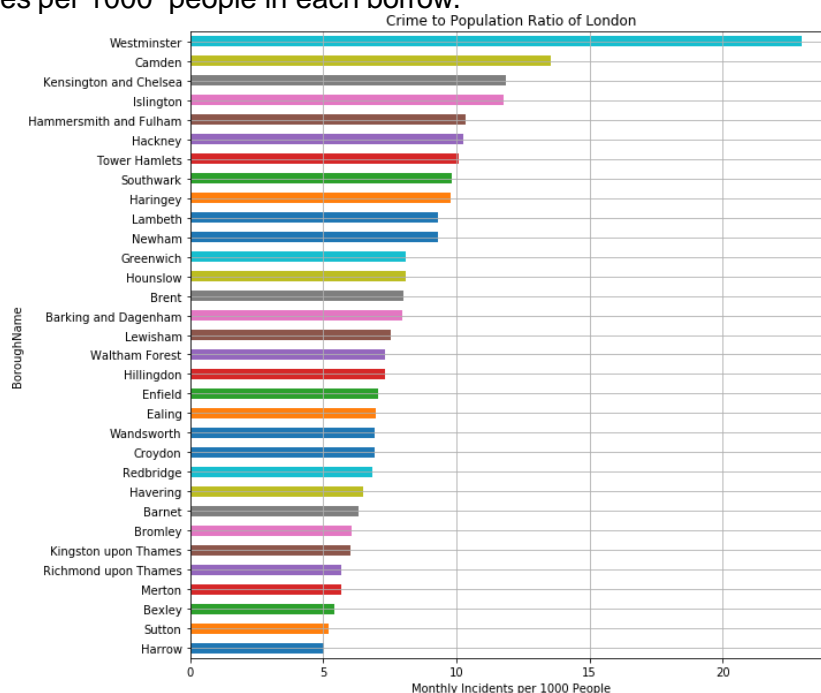
After cleansing datasets to more useful forms, we created some visualizations to interpret the data we have better.



This is a bar chart displaying boroughs in descending order of monthly crime incidents.

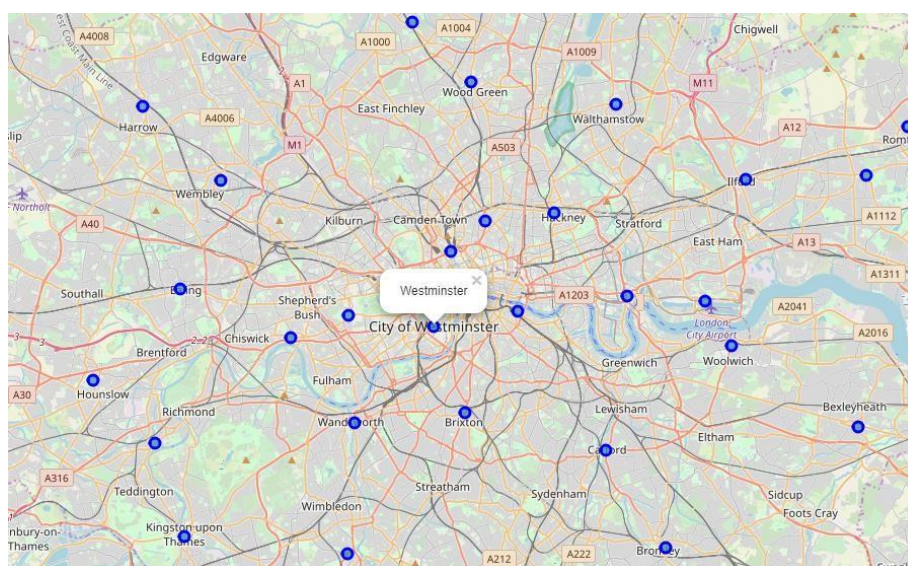
Westminster has the biggest number of reported crime, followed by Camden, Newham and Southwark.

However, as different boroughs have different sizes of population, it is not wise to directly compare the absolute number of incidents. Instead, we should consider the ratio of crime incidents to people. Thus, I have used the population to calculate the number of recorded crimes per 1000 people in each borrow.



It is noticeable that Westminster and Camden still remains the top two most dangerous places in terms of recorded crime ratio to population. However, from the rank has been changed from the third borough.

And before commencing further with the analysis, I have observed the locations of each borough to get an idea of the Greater London area.



3.2 Cluster Analysis

Afterwards, K-means clustering was conducted in order to group the boroughs according to what venues they have using Foursquare data, in order to feel the atmosphere of each borough.

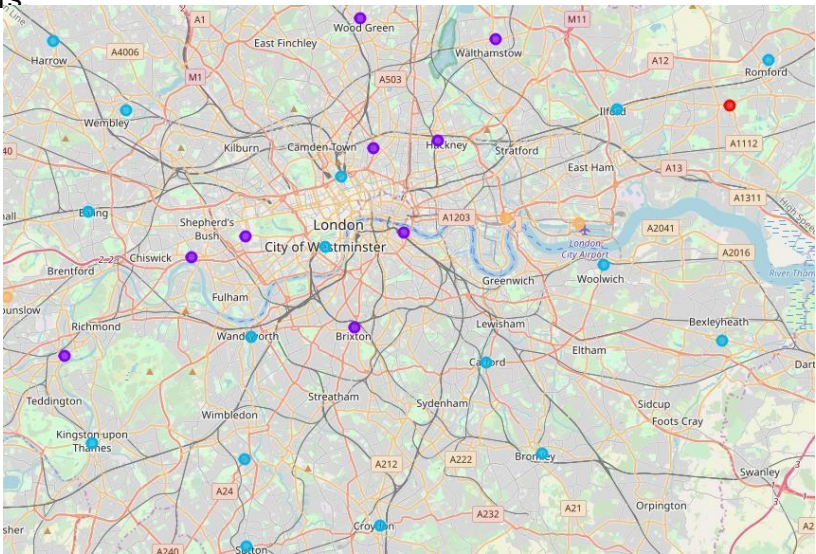
As the first step of cluster analysis, one hot encoding was conducted to give binary values to each venue categories.

| | BoroughName | African Restaurant | Airport | Airport Lounge | American Restaurant | Argentinian Restaurant | Art Gallery | Art Museum | Asian Restaurant | BBQ Joint | ... | Train Station | Turkish Restaurant | Vegetarian / Vegan Restaurant | Video Game Store |
|---|----------------------|--------------------|---------|----------------|---------------------|------------------------|-------------|------------|------------------|-----------|-----|---------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|
| 0 | Barking and Dagenham | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | Barking and Dagenham | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | Barking and Dagenham | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | Barking and Dagenham | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4 | Barking and Dagenham | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Then, the data was grouped by borough names to find out how many venues of each category exist in the boroughs within the top 50 venues. However, as some boroughs display less than 50 venues due to lack of Foursquare data, the category counts were altered to frequency of how often the category appears among others. Based on the frequency, we could attain a list of most common venue categories in each borough as follows.

| | BoroughName | 1st Most Common Venue | 2nd Most Common Venue | 3rd Most Common Venue | 4th Most Common Venue | 5th Most Common Venue | 6th Most Common Venue | 7th Most Common Venue | 8th Most Common Venue | 9th Most Common Venue | 10th Most Common Venue |
|---|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 0 | Barking and Dagenham | Gym / Fitness Center | Park | Pool | Supermarket | Golf Course | Martial Arts Dojo | Bus Station | Electronics Store | English Restaurant | Dessert Shop |
| 1 | Barnet | Café | Bus Stop | Yoga Studio | Gastropub | Garden | Gaming Cafe | Furniture / Home Store | French Restaurant | Food Court | Food |
| 2 | Bexley | Pub | Fast Food Restaurant | Italian Restaurant | Supermarket | Clothing Store | Coffee Shop | Grocery Store | Furniture / Home Store | Pharmacy | Sandwich Place |
| 3 | Brent | Coffee Shop | Hotel | Clothing Store | Sporting Goods Shop | American Restaurant | Italian Restaurant | Sandwich Place | Bar | Grocery Store | Electronics Store |
| 4 | Bromley | Coffee Shop | Clothing Store | Gym / Fitness Center | Bar | Burger Joint | Pizza Place | English Restaurant | Cosmetics Shop | Irish Pub | Pub |

Based on the venue categories, K-means clustering was conducted to group the boroughs into 5 different clusters based on their similarity. The color dots below represent different clusters



After observing each clusters and the characteristics they possess, we have given names for each clusters that best depicts their characteristics.

♦ Cluster 0 : Healthy area (gym, park, pool, ...)

| | BoroughName | CrimeToPop | Cluster Labels | 1st Most Common Venue | 2nd Most Common Venue | 3rd Most Common Venue | 4th Most Common Venue | 5th Most Common Venue | 6th Most Common Venue | 7th Most Common Venue | 8th Most Common Venue | 9th Most Common Venue | 10th Most Common Venue |
|---|----------------------|------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 0 | Barking and Dagenham | 7.981223 | 0 | Gym / Fitness Center | Park | Pool | Supermarket | Golf Course | Martial Arts Dojo | Bus Station | Electronics Store | English Restaurant | Dessert Shop |

♦ Cluster 1 : Lively area (Pub, restaurant, bar, ...)

| | BoroughName | CrimeToPop | Cluster Labels | 1st Most Common Venue | 2nd Most Common Venue | 3rd Most Common Venue | 4th Most Common Venue | 5th Most Common Venue | 6th Most Common Venue | 7th Most Common Venue | 8th Most Common Venue | 9th Most Common Venue | 10th Most Common Venue |
|----|------------------------|------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| 10 | Hackney | 10.248829 | 1 | Pub | Coffee Shop | Cocktail Bar | Café | Clothing Store | Brewery | Grocery Store | Restaurant | Hotel | Vegetarian / Vegan Restaurant |
| 11 | Hammersmith and Fulham | 10.339890 | 1 | Pub | Italian Restaurant | Indian Restaurant | Café | Gastropub | Clothing Store | Japanese Restaurant | Plaza | Gift Shop | German Restaurant |
| 12 | Haringey | 9.791554 | 1 | Fast Food Restaurant | Pub | Grocery Store | Bar | Mediterranean Restaurant | Restaurant | Café | Gym / Fitness Center | Park | Bakery |
| 17 | Islington | 11.789394 | 1 | Pub | Bakery | Cocktail Bar | Ice Cream Shop | Mediterranean Restaurant | Music Venue | Furniture / Home Store | Theater | Boutique | Gift Shop |

♦ Cluster 2 : Busy area (Coffee shop, clothing store...)

| | BoroughName | CrimeToPop | Cluster Labels | 1st Most Common Venue | 2nd Most Common Venue | 3rd Most Common Venue | 4th Most Common Venue | 5th Most Common Venue | 6th Most Common Venue | 7th Most Common Venue | 8th Most Common Venue | 9th Most Common Venue |
|---|-------------|------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| 2 | Bexley | 5.416788 | 2 | Pub | Fast Food Restaurant | Italian Restaurant | Supermarket | Clothing Store | Coffee Shop | Grocery Store | Furniture / Home Store | Pharmacy |
| 3 | Brent | 8.006345 | 2 | Coffee Shop | Hotel | Clothing Store | Sporting Goods Shop | American Restaurant | Italian Restaurant | Sandwich Place | Bar | Grocery Store |
| 4 | Bromley | 6.070980 | 2 | Coffee Shop | Clothing Store | Gym / Fitness Center | Bar | Burger Joint | Pizza Place | English Restaurant | Cosmetics Shop | Irish Pub |
| 5 | Camden | 13.547893 | 2 | Hotel | Café | Coffee Shop | Bookstore | Train Station | Breakfast Spot | Hotel Bar | Pizza Place | Pub |
| 6 | Croydon | 6.921157 | 2 | Pub | Coffee Shop | Gym / Fitness Center | Burger Joint | Asian Restaurant | Gaming Cafe | Breakfast Spot | Mediterranean Restaurant | Burrito Place |

♦ Cluster 3 : Quiet area (Bus stop, yoga studio, garden ...)

| | BoroughName | CrimeToPop | Cluster Labels | 1st Most Common Venue | 2nd Most Common Venue | 3rd Most Common Venue | 4th Most Common Venue | 5th Most Common Venue | 6th Most Common Venue | 7th Most Common Venue | 8th Most Common Venue | 9th Most Common Venue | 10th Most Common Venue |
|---|-------------|------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Barnet | 6.328888 | 3 | Café | Bus Stop | Yoga Studio | Gastropub | Garden | Gaming Cafe | Furniture / Home Store | French Restaurant | Food Court | Food |

♦ Cluster 4 : Traveler area (B&B, hotel, airport...)

| | BoroughName | CrimeToPop | Cluster Labels | 1st Most Common Venue | 2nd Most Common Venue | 3rd Most Common Venue | 4th Most Common Venue | 5th Most Common Venue | 6th Most Common Venue | 7th Most Common Venue | 8th Most Common Venue | 9th Most Common Venue | 10th Most Common Venue |
|----|---------------|------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 16 | Hounslow | 8.081911 | 4 | Bed & Breakfast | Café | Hotel | Metro Station | Park | Chinese Restaurant | Fish & Chips Shop | Gaming Cafe | Furniture / Home Store | French Restaurant |
| 23 | Newham | 9.295644 | 4 | Hotel | Coffee Shop | Airport | Airport Lounge | Rafting | Pharmacy | Light Rail Station | Chinese Restaurant | Fast Food Restaurant | Gaming Cafe |
| 28 | Tower Hamlets | 10.107552 | 4 | Italian Restaurant | Hotel | Coffee Shop | Pizza Place | Café | Convenience Store | Outdoor Sculpture | Chinese Restaurant | Gym / Fitness Center | Sandwich Place |

4. Results

Upon different analysis, we were able to discover the best neighborhoods based on our criteria of safety and atmosphere. Now we will review all the analysis made in this project before we make a conclusion on which area to live as an international student or invest as a student accommodation builder.

Like mentioned in the beginning, our key criteria of location decision will be based on safety and atmosphere.

4.1 Safety

For safety, we normalized crime to population ratio and reversed the score so that 1 represents the neighborhood with least crimer per person.

| | BoroughName | CrimeToPop | Cluster Labels | Safety |
|---|----------------------|------------|----------------|----------|
| 0 | Barking and Dagenham | 7.981223 | 0 | 0.836389 |
| 1 | Barnet | 6.328888 | 3 | 0.928624 |
| 2 | Bexley | 5.416788 | 2 | 0.979538 |
| 3 | Brent | 8.006345 | 2 | 0.834987 |
| 4 | Bromley | 6.070980 | 2 | 0.943021 |

4.2 Atmosphere

For atmosphere, we gave an arbitrary score to each cluster based on personal preference, as preference is not easy to quantify without subjectivity. Highest score was given to Busy area (Cluster 2) which I prefer, and lowest score was given to Traveler area (Cluster 4).

| | BoroughName | CrimeToPop | Cluster Labels | Safety | Atmosphere |
|---|----------------------|------------|----------------|----------|------------|
| 0 | Barking and Dagenham | 7.981223 | 0.8 | 0.836389 | 0.0 |
| 1 | Barnet | 6.328888 | 3.0 | 0.928624 | 0.7 |
| 2 | Bexley | 5.416788 | 2.0 | 0.979538 | 1.0 |
| 3 | Brent | 8.006345 | 2.0 | 0.834987 | 1.0 |
| 4 | Bromley | 6.070980 | 2.0 | 0.943021 | 1.0 |

4.3 Final score

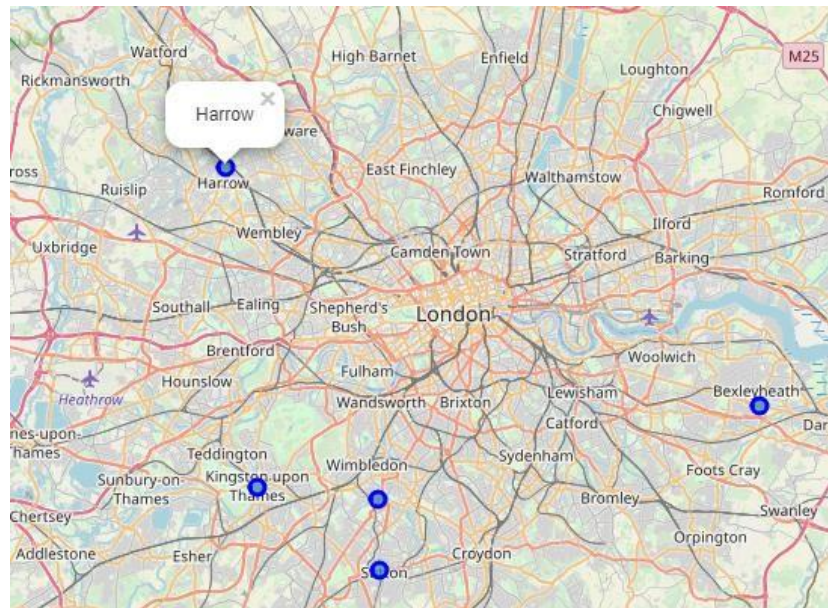
Then by adding the two scores, we were able to find the best neighborhood scoring full 2.0 points, Harrow.

| | BoroughName | Safety | Atmosphere | Score |
|----|----------------------|----------|------------|----------|
| 13 | Harrow | 1.000000 | 1.0 | 2.000000 |
| 27 | Sutton | 0.990619 | 1.0 | 1.990619 |
| 2 | Bexley | 0.979538 | 1.0 | 1.979538 |
| 22 | Merton | 0.965216 | 1.0 | 1.965216 |
| 19 | Kingston upon Thames | 0.944754 | 1.0 | 1.944754 |

5. Conclusion

5.1 Final result of analysis

From this analysis, we have found that the five boroughs below are the best places to build a student hall, based on safety and atmosphere of the neighborhood. The top five boroughs all belong to the Busy Area cluster, with many coffee shops and clothing stores. Therefore, what differentiates them is the safety score, which was calculated from monthly recorded crimes per 1000 people.



5.2 Limitations and recommendation for future study

However, when we map the top five neighborhoods to live in, it is easily noticeable that they are all located in far out suburbs. This is due to many limitations this research holds.

Among numerous factors that determine a good neighborhood, we only took into consideration what type of venues are popular and how many crime incidents are recorded for the sake of simplification. This means that serious crimes like homicide was treated the same as a comparatively petty crime like shoplifting. Moreover, the number of stores in the neighborhood may be as important as what type of stores there are.

To overcome the limitations of this study, we will need further data such as distance to city center, housing prices or ratio of the number of stores to population. Also, taking crime categories into factor and weighting them differently may be helpful.

Despite some limitations, this research was still enjoyable in that we were able to explore the neighborhoods in depth.

References

- “London Recorded Crime : Geographic Breakdown”, London Datastore
- “List of London Boroughs”, Wikipedia
- Foursquare API
- “The Economic Impact of London’s International Studnets”, London & Partners (2018)
- Lecture notes from IBM Professional Data Science Specialization, Coursera