Common Alerting Protocol Version 1.2

OASIS Standard

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Technical Committee:
> OASIS Emergency Management TC

Chair:
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Related work:
This specification is related to:

- OASIS Standard CAP-V1.1, October 2005 http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/download.php/15135/emergency-CAPv1.1-Corrected_DOM.pdf
- OASIS Standard CAP-V1.1, Approved Errata October 2007 http://docs.oasis-open.org/emergency/cap/v1.1/errata/CAP-v1.1-errata.pdf

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> urn:oasis:names:tc:emergency:cap:1.2

Abstract:
> The Common Alerting Protocol (CAP) is a simple but general format for exchanging all-hazard emergency alerts and public warnings over all kinds of networks. CAP allows a consistent warning message to be disseminated simultaneously over many different warning systems, thus increasing warning effectiveness while simplifying the warning task. CAP also facilitates the detection of emerging patterns in local warnings of various kinds, such as might indicate an undetected hazard or hostile act. And CAP provides a template for effective warning messages based on best practices identified in academic research and real-world experience.

Status:
> This document was last revised or approved by the Emergency Management TC on the above date. The level of approval is also listed above. Check the "Latest Version" or "Latest Approved Version" location noted above for possible later revisions of this document.

Technical Committee members should send comments on this specification to the Technical Committee's email list. Others should send comments to the Technical Committee by using the "Send A Comment" button on the Technical Committee's web page at http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/emergency/.

For information on whether any patents have been disclosed that may be essential to implementing this specification, and any offers of patent licensing terms, please refer to the Intellectual Property Rights section of the Technical Committee web page (http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/emergency/ipr.php.

The non-normative errata page for this specification is located at http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/emergency/.

Notices

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1 Introduction

1.1 Purpose

The Common Alerting Protocol (CAP) provides an open, non-proprietary digital message format for all types of alerts and notifications. It does not address any particular application or telecommunications method. The CAP format is compatible with emerging techniques, such as Web services, as well as existing formats including the Specific Area Message Encoding (SAME) used for the United States' National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Weather Radio and the Emergency Alert System (EAS), while offering enhanced capabilities that include:

- Flexible geographic targeting using latitude/longitude shapes and other geospatial representations in three dimensions;
- Multilingual and multi-audience messaging;
- Phased and delayed effective times and expirations;
- Enhanced message update and cancellation features;
- Template support for framing complete and effective warning messages;
- Compatible with digital signature capability; and,
- Facility for digital images and audio.

Key benefits of CAP will include reduction of costs and operational complexity by eliminating the need for multiple custom software interfaces to the many warning sources and dissemination systems involved in all-hazard warning. The CAP message format can be converted to and from the "native" formats of all kinds of sensor and alerting technologies, forming a basis for a technology-independent national and international "warning internet."

1.2 History

The National Science and Technology Council report on "Effective Disaster Warnings" released in November, 2000 recommended that "a standard method should be developed to collect and relay instantaneously and automatically all types of hazard warnings and reports locally, regionally and nationally for input into a wide variety of dissemination systems."

An international working group of more than 130 emergency managers and information technology and telecommunications experts convened in 2001 and adopted the specific recommendations of the NSTC report as a point of departure for the design of a Common Alerting Protocol (CAP). Their draft went through several revisions and was tested in demonstrations and field trials in Virginia (supported by the ComCARE Alliance) and in California (in cooperation with the California Office of Emergency Services) during 2002 and 2003.

In 2002 the CAP initiative was endorsed by the national non-profit Partnership for Public Warning, which sponsored its contribution in 2003 to the OASIS standards process. In 2004, CAP version 1.0 was adopted as an OASIS Standard. In 2005, changes based on user feedback were incorporated into CAP and version 1.1 was released. As part of the International Telecommunication Union (ITU-T) adoption of CAP, a CAP 1.1 Errata was released in 2007 to support ASN.1 encoding. Version 1.2 is a minor release to resolve issues identified by the EM-TC CAP Call for Comments initiated in April 2008 and also incorporates feedback from CAP profile development efforts.

1.3 Structure of the CAP Alert Message

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43 Each CAP Alert Message consists of an <alert> segment, which may contain one or more <info>
44 segments, each of which may include one or more <area> and/or <resource> segments. Under most
45 circumstances CAP messages with a <msgType> value of "Alert" SHOULD include at least one <info>
46 element. (See the document object model diagram in section 3.1, below.)

1.3.1 <alert>

47

48 The <alert> segment provides basic information about the current message: its purpose, its source and
49 its status, as well as a unique identifier for the current message and links to any other, related messages.
50 An <alert> segment may be used alone for message acknowledgements, cancellations or other system
51 functions, but most <alert> segments will include at least one <info> segment.

1.3.2 <info>

52

53 The <info> segment describes an anticipated or actual event in terms of its urgency (time available to
54 prepare), severity (intensity of impact) and certainty (confidence in the observation or prediction), as well
55 as providing both categorical and textual descriptions of the subject event. It may also provide
56 instructions for appropriate response by message recipients and various other details (hazard duration,
57 technical parameters, contact information, links to additional information sources, etc.) Multiple <info>
58 segments may be used to describe differing parameters (e.g., for different probability or intensity "bands")
59 or to provide the information in multiple languages.

1.3.3 <resource>

60

61 The <resource> segment provides an optional reference to additional information related to the <info>
62 segment within which it appears in the form of a digital asset such as an image or audio file.

1.3.4 <area>

63

64 The <area> segment describes a geographic area to which the <info> segment in which it appears
65 applies. Textual and coded descriptions (such as postal codes) are supported, but the preferred
66 representations use geospatial shapes (polygons and circles) and an altitude or altitude range, expressed
67 in standard latitude / longitude / altitude terms in accordance with a specified geospatial datum.

1.4 Applications of the CAP Alert Message

68

69 The primary use of the CAP Alert Message is to provide a single input to activate all kinds of alerting and
70 public warning systems. This reduces the workload associated with using multiple warning systems while
71 enhancing technical reliability and target-audience effectiveness. It also helps ensure consistency in the
72 information transmitted over multiple delivery systems, another key to warning effectiveness.

73 A secondary application of CAP is to normalize warnings from various sources so they can be aggregated
74 and compared in tabular or graphic form as an aid to situational awareness and pattern detection.

75 Although primarily designed as an interoperability standard for use among warning systems and other
76 emergency information systems, the CAP Alert Message can be delivered directly to alert recipients over
77 various networks, including data broadcasts. Location-aware receiving devices could use the information
78 in a CAP Alert Message to determine, based on their current location, whether that particular message
79 was relevant to their users.

80 The CAP Alert Message can also be used by sensor systems as a format for reporting significant events
81 to collection and analysis systems and centers.

82

1.5 Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in **[RFC2119]**.

The words *warning*, *alert* and *notification* are used interchangeably throughout this document.

The term "coordinate pair" is used in this document to refer to a comma-delimited pair of decimal values describing a geospatial location in degrees, unprojected, in the form "[latitude],[longitude]". Latitudes in the Southern Hemisphere and longitudes in the Western Hemisphere are signed negative by means of a leading dash.

1.6 Normative References

[RFC2119]	S. Bradner, *Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels*, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt, IETF RFC 2119, March 1997.
[dateTime]	N. Freed, XML Schema Part 2: Datatypes Second Edition, http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlschema-2/#dateTime, W3C REC-xmlschema-2, October 2004.
[FIPS 180-2]	National Institute for Standards and Technology, Secure Hash Standard, http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/fips/fips180-2/fips180-2withchangenotice.pdf, August 2002.
[namespaces]	T. Bray, Namespaces in XML, http://www.w3.org/TR/REC-xml-names/, W3C REC-xml-names-19990114, January 1999.
[RFC2046]	N. Freed, Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) Part Two: Media Types, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2046.txt, IETF RFC 2046, November 1996.
[RFC3066]	H. Alvestrand, Tags for the Identification of Languages, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3066.txt, IETF RFC 3066, January 2001.
[WGS 84]	National Geospatial Intelligence Agency, Department of Defense World Geodetic System 1984, http://earth-info.nga.mil/GandG/tr8350_2.html, NGA Technical Report TR8350.2, January 2000.
[XML 1.0]	T. Bray, Extensible Markup Language (XML) 1.0 (Third Edition), http://www.w3.org/TR/REC-xml/, W3C REC-XML-20040204, February 2004.
[XMLSIG]	Eastlake, D., Reagle, J. and Solo, D. (editors), *XML-Signature Syntax and Processing*, http://www.w3.org/TR/2002/REC-xmldsig-core-20020212/, W3C Recommendation, February 2002.
[ITU-T X.680]	ITU-T Recommendation X.680, *Information technology – Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Specification of basic notation*.
[ITU-T X.691]	ITU-T Recommendation X.691, *Information technology – ASN.1 encoding rules: Specification of Packed Encoding Rules (PER)*.
[ITU-T X.693]	ITU-T Recommendation X.693, Information technology – *ASN.1 encoding rules: Specification of XML Encoding Rules (XER)*.
[ITU-T X.694]	ITU-T Recommendation X.694, *Information technology – ASN.1 encoding rules: Mapping W3C XML schema definitions into ASN.1*.

2 Design Principles and Concepts (non-normative)

2.1 Design Philosophy

Among the principles which guided the design of the CAP Alert Message were:

- **Interoperability** – First and foremost, the CAP Alert Message should provide a means for interoperable exchange of alerts and notifications among all kinds of emergency information systems.

- **Completeness** – The CAP Alert Message format should provide for all the elements of an effective public warning message.

- **Simple implementation** – The design should not place undue burdens of complexity on technical implementers.

- **Simple XML and portable structure** – Although the primary anticipated use of the CAP Alert Message is as an XML document, the format should remain sufficiently abstract to be adaptable to other coding schemes.

- **Multi-use format** – One message schema supports multiple message types (e.g., alert / update / cancellations / acknowledgements / error messages) in various applications (actual / exercise / test / system message).

- **Familiarity** – The data elements and code values should be meaningful to warning originators and non-expert recipients alike.

- **Interdisciplinary and international utility** – The design should allow a broad range of applications in public safety and emergency management and allied applications and should be applicable worldwide.

2.2 Requirements for Design

Note: The following requirements were used as a basis for design and review of the CAP Alert Message format. This list is non-normative and not intended to be exhaustive.

The Common Alerting Protocol SHOULD:

- Provide a specification for a simple, extensible format for digital representation of warning messages and notifications;

- Enable integration of diverse sensor and dissemination systems;

- Be usable over multiple transmission systems, including both TCP/IP-based networks and one-way "broadcast" channels;

- Support credible end-to-end authentication and validation of all messages;

- Provide a unique identifier (e.g., an ID number) for each warning message and for each message originator;

- Provide for multiple message types, such as:
    - Warnings
    - Acknowledgements
    - Expirations and cancellations
    - Updates and amendments
    - Reports of results from dissemination systems
    - Administrative and system messages

- Provide for multiple message types, such as:

165		–	Geographic targeting
166		–	Level of urgency
167		–	Level of certainty
168		–	Level of threat severity

169 • Provide a mechanism for referencing supplemental information (e.g., digital audio or image files,
170 additional text);

171 • Use an established open-standard data representation;

172 • Be based on a program of real-world cross-platform testing and evaluation;

173 • Provide a clear basis for certification and further protocol evaluation and improvement; and,

174 • Provide a clear logical structure that is relevant and clearly applicable to the needs of emergency
175 response and public safety users and warning system operators.

2.3 Examples of Use Scenarios

177 Note: The following examples of use scenarios were used as a basis for design and
178 review of the CAP Alert Message format. These scenarios are non-normative and not
179 intended to be exhaustive or to reflect actual practices.

2.3.1 Manual Origination

181 The Incident Commander at an industrial fire with potential of a major explosion decides to issue a public
182 alert with three components: a) An evacuation of the area within half a mile of the fire; b) a shelter-in-
183 place instruction for people in a polygon roughly describing a downwind dispersion 'plume' extending
184 several miles downwind and half a mile upwind from the fire; and c) a request for all media and civilian
185 aircraft to remain above 2500 feet above ground level when within a half mile radius of the fire.

186 Using a portable computer and a web page (and a pop-up drawing tool to enter the polygon) the Incident
187 Commander issues the alert as a CAP message to a local alerting network.

2.3.2 Automated Origination by Autonomous Sensor System

189 A set of automatic tsunami warning sirens has been installed along a popular Northwest beach. A
190 wireless network of sensor devices collocated with the sirens controls their activation. When triggered,
191 each sensor generates a CAP message containing its location and the sensed data at that location that is
192 needed for the tsunami determination. Each siren activates when the combination of its own readings and
193 those reported at by other devices on the network indicate an immediate tsunami threat. In addition, a
194 network component assembles a summary CAP message describing the event and feeds it to regional
195 and national alerting networks.

2.3.3 Aggregation and Correlation on Real-time Map

197 At the State Operations Center a computerized map of the state depicts, in real time, all current and
198 recent warning activity throughout the state. All major warning systems in the state – the Emergency
199 Alert System, siren systems, telephone alerting and other systems – have been equipped to report the
200 details of their activation in the form of a CAP message. (Since many of them are now activated by way
201 of CAP messages, this is frequently just a matter of forwarding the activation message to the state
202 center.)

203 Using this visualization tool, state officials can monitor for emerging patterns of local warning activity and
204 correlate it with other real time data (e.g., telephone central office traffic loads, 9-1-1 traffic volume,
205 seismic data, automatic vehicular crash notifications, etc.).

206

2.3.4 Integrated Public Alerting

As part of an integrated warning system funded by local industry, all warning systems in a community can be activated simultaneously by the issuance, from an authorized authority, of a single CAP message.

Each system converts the CAP message data into the form suitable for its technology (text captioning on TV, synthesized voice on radio and telephone, activation of the appropriate signal on sirens, etc.). Systems that can target their messages to particular geographic areas implement the targeting specified in the CAP message with as little 'spillover' as their technology permits.

In this way, not only is the reliability and reach of the overall warning system maximized, but citizens also get corroboration of the alert through multiple channels, which increases the chance of the warning being acted upon.

2.3.5 Repudiating a False Alarm
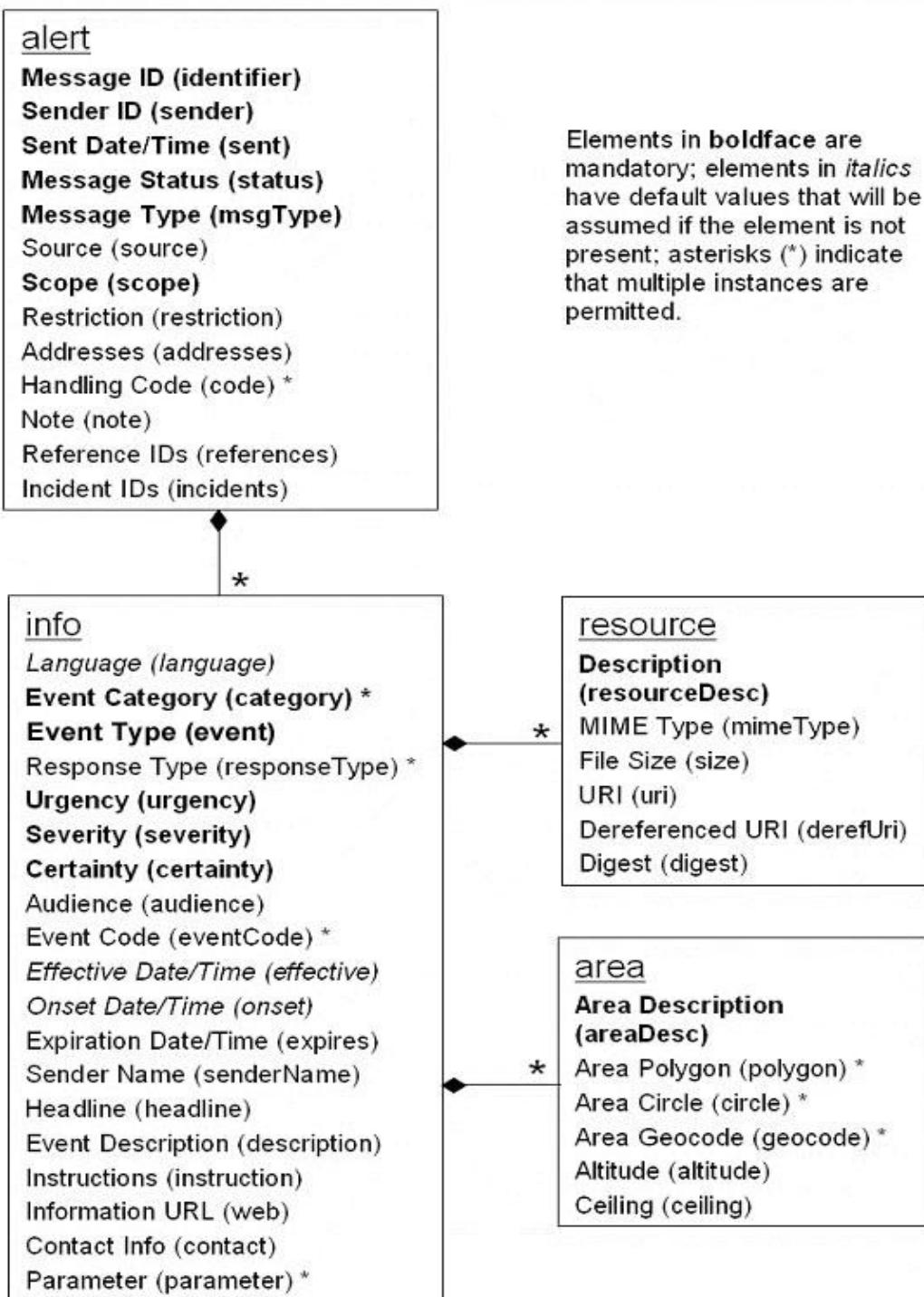
Inadvertently the integrated alerting network has been activated with an inaccurate warning message. This activation comes to officials' attention immediately through their own monitoring facilities (e.g., 2.3.3 above). Having determined that the alert is, in fact, inappropriate, the officials issue a cancellation message that refers directly to the erroneous prior alert. Alerting systems that are still in the process of delivering the alert (e.g., telephone dialing systems) stop doing so. Broadcast systems deliver the cancellation message. Other systems (e.g., highway signs) simply reset to their normal state.

3 Alert Message Structure (normative)

224

3.1 Document Object Model

225

alert
Message ID (identifier)
Sender ID (sender)
Sent Date/Time (sent)
Message Status (status)
Message Type (msgType)
Source (source)
Scope (scope)
Restriction (restriction)
Addresses (addresses)
Handling Code (code) *
Note (note)
Reference IDs (references)
Incident IDs (incidents)

Elements in **boldface** are mandatory; elements in *italics* have default values that will be assumed if the element is not present; asterisks (*) indicate that multiple instances are permitted.

*

info
Language (language)
Event Category (category) *
Event Type (event)
Response Type (responseType) *
Urgency (urgency)
Severity (severity)
Certainty (certainty)
Audience (audience)
Event Code (eventCode) *
Effective Date/Time (effective)
Onset Date/Time (onset)
Expiration Date/Time (expires)
Sender Name (senderName)
Headline (headline)
Event Description (description)
Instructions (instruction)
Information URL (web)
Contact Info (contact)
Parameter (parameter) *

*

resource
Description (resourceDesc)
MIME Type (mimeType)
File Size (size)
URI (uri)
Dereferenced URI (derefUri)
Digest (digest)

*

area
Area Description (areaDesc)
Area Polygon (polygon) *
Area Circle (circle) *
Area Geocode (geocode) *
Altitude (altitude)
Ceiling (ceiling)

226
227

228

3.2 Data Dictionary

230 Note: Unless explicitly constrained within this Data Dictionary or the XML Schema
231 (Section 3.4), CAP elements MAY have null values. Implementers MUST check for this
232 condition wherever it might affect application performance.

233

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain
3.2.1 "alert" Element and Sub-elements			

alert	**cap.** **alert.** **group**	**The container for all component parts of the alert message (REQUIRED)**	(1) Surrounds CAP alert message sub-elements.
			 (2) MUST include the xmlns attribute referencing the CAP URN as the namespace, e.g.:
			 `<cap:alert xmlns:cap="urn:oasis:names:tc:emergency:cap:1.2">`
			 `    [sub-elements]`
			 `</cap:alert>`
			 (3) In addition to the specified sub-elements, MAY contain one or more <info> blocks.

identifier	**cap.** **alert.** **identifier.** **identifier**	**The identifier of the alert message (REQUIRED)**	(1) A number or string uniquely identifying this message, assigned by the sender. (2) MUST NOT include spaces, commas or restricted characters (< and &).
sender	**cap.** **alert.** **sender.** **identifier**	**The identifier of the sender of the alert message (REQUIRED)**	(1) Identifies the originator of this alert. Guaranteed by assigner to be unique globally; e.g., may be based on an Internet domain name. (2) MUST NOT include spaces, commas or restricted characters (< and &).
sent	**cap.** **alert.** **sent.** **time**	**The time and date of the origination of the alert message (REQUIRED)**	(1) The date and time SHALL be represented in the DateTime Data Type (See Implementation Notes) format (e.g., `"2002-05-24T16:49:00-07:00"` for 24 May 2002 at 16:49 PDT). (2) Alphabetic timezone designators such as "Z" MUST NOT be used. The timezone for UTC MUST be represented as "-00:00".

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain
status	**cap. alert. status. code**	**The code denoting the appropriate handling of the alert message (REQUIRED)**	Code Values: "Actual" - Actionable by all targeted recipients "Exercise" - Actionable only by designated exercise participants; exercise identifier SHOULD appear in \<note\> "System" - For messages that support alert network internal functions "Test" - Technical testing only, all recipients disregard "Draft" – A preliminary template or draft, not actionable in its current form
msgType	**cap. alert. msgType. code**	**The code denoting the nature of the alert message (REQUIRED)**	Code Values: "Alert" - Initial information requiring attention by targeted recipients "Update" - Updates and supercedes the earlier message(s) identified in \<references\> "Cancel" - Cancels the earlier message(s) identified in \<references\> "Ack" - Acknowledges receipt and acceptance of the message(s) identified in \<references\> "Error" - Indicates rejection of the message(s) identified in \<references\>; explanation SHOULD appear in \<note\>
source	cap. alert. source. identifier	The text identifying the source of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	The particular source of this alert; e.g., an operator or a specific device.
scope	**cap. alert. scope. code**	**The code denoting the intended distribution of the alert message (REQUIRED)**	Code Values: "Public" - For general dissemination to unrestricted audiences "Restricted" - For dissemination only to users with a known operational requirement (see \<restriction\>, below) "Private" - For dissemination only to specified addresses (see \<addresses\>, below)

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain
restriction	cap. alert. restriction. text	The text describing the rule for limiting distribution of the restricted alert message (CONDITIONAL)	Used when <scope> value is "Restricted".
addresses	cap. alert. addresses. group	The group listing of intended recipients of the alert message (CONDITIONAL)	(1) Required when <scope> is "Private", optional when <scope> is "Public" or "Restricted". (2) Each recipient SHALL be identified by an identifier or an address. (3) Multiple space-delimited addresses MAY be included. Addresses including whitespace MUST be enclosed in double-quotes.
code	cap. alert. code. code	The code denoting the special handling of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	(1) Any user-defined flag or special code used to flag the alert message for special handling. (2) Multiple instances MAY occur.
note	cap. alert. note. text	The text describing the purpose or significance of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	The message note is primarily intended for use with <status> "Exercise" and <msgType> "Error".
references	cap. alert. references. group	The group listing identifying earlier message(s) referenced by the alert message (OPTIONAL)	(1) The extended message identifier(s) (in the form *sender,identifier,sent)* of an earlier CAP message or messages referenced by this one. (2) If multiple messages are referenced, they SHALL be separated by whitespace.

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain
incidents	cap. alert. incidents. group	The group listing naming the referent incident(s) of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	(1) Used to collate multiple messages referring to different aspects of the same incident. (2) If multiple incident identifiers are referenced, they SHALL be separated by whitespace. Incident names including whitespace SHALL be surrounded by double-quotes.

3.2.2 "info" Element and Sub-elements

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain
info	cap. alertInfo. info. group	The container for all component parts of the info sub-element of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	(1) Multiple occurrences are permitted within a single <alert>. If targeting of multiple <info> blocks in the same language overlaps, information in later blocks may expand but may not override the corresponding values in earlier ones. Each set of <info> blocks containing the same language identifier SHALL be treated as a separate sequence. (2) In addition to the specified sub-elements, MAY contain one or more <resource> blocks and/or one or more <area> blocks.
language	cap. alertInfo. language. code	The code denoting the language of the info sub-element of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	(1) Code Values: Natural language identifier per **[RFC 3066].** (2) If not present, an implicit default value of "en-US" SHALL be assumed. (3) A null value in this element SHALL be considered equivalent to "en-US."

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain
category	**cap. alertInfo. category. code**	**The code denoting the category of the subject event of the alert message (REQUIRED)**	(1) Code Values: "Geo" - Geophysical (inc. landslide) "Met" - Meteorological (inc. flood) "Safety" - General emergency and public safety "Security" - Law enforcement, military, homeland and local/private security "Rescue" - Rescue and recovery "Fire" - Fire suppression and rescue "Health" - Medical and public health "Env" - Pollution and other environmental "Transport" - Public and private transportation "Infra" - Utility, telecommunication, other non-transport infrastructure "CBRNE" – Chemical, Biological, Radiological, Nuclear or High-Yield Explosive threat or attack "Other" - Other events (2) Multiple instances MAY occur within an <info> block.
event	**cap. alertInfo. event. text**	**The text denoting the type of the subject event of the alert message (REQUIRED)**	

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain
responseType	cap. alertInfo. responseType. code	The code denoting the type of action recommended for the target audience (OPTIONAL)	(1) Code Values: "Shelter" – Take shelter in place or per <instruction> "Evacuate" – Relocate as instructed in the <instruction> "Prepare" – Make preparations per the <instruction> "Execute" – Execute a pre-planned activity identified in <instruction> "Avoid" – Avoid the subject event as per the <instruction> "Monitor" – Attend to information sources as described in <instruction> "Assess" – Evaluate the information in this message. (This value SHOULD NOT be used in public warning applications.) "AllClear" – The subject event no longer poses a threat or concern and any follow on action is described in <instruction> "None" – No action recommended (2) Multiple instances MAY occur within an <info> block.
urgency	**cap. alertInfo. urgency. code**	**The code denoting the urgency of the subject event of the alert message (REQUIRED)**	(1) The <urgency>, <severity>, and <certainty> elements collectively distinguish less emphatic from more emphatic messages. (2) Code Values: "Immediate" - Responsive action SHOULD be taken immediately "Expected" - Responsive action SHOULD be taken soon (within next hour) "Future" - Responsive action SHOULD be taken in the near future "Past" - Responsive action is no longer required "Unknown" - Urgency not known

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain
severity	**cap. alertInfo. severity. code**	**The code denoting the severity of the subject event of the alert message (REQUIRED)**	(1) The <urgency>, <severity>, and <certainty> elements collectively distinguish less emphatic from more emphatic messages. (2) Code Values: "Extreme" - Extraordinary threat to life or property "Severe" - Significant threat to life or property "Moderate" - Possible threat to life or property "Minor" – Minimal to no known threat to life or property "Unknown" - Severity unknown
certainty	**cap. alertInfo. certainty. code**	**The code denoting the certainty of the subject event of the alert message (REQUIRED)**	(1) The <urgency>, <severity>, and <certainty> elements collectively distinguish less emphatic from more emphatic messages. (2) Code Values: "Observed" – Determined to have occurred or to be ongoing "Likely" - Likely (p > ~50%) "Possible" - Possible but not likely (p <= ~50%) "Unlikely" - Not expected to occur (p ~ 0) "Unknown" - Certainty unknown (3) For backward compatibility with CAP 1.0, the deprecated value of "Very Likely" SHOULD be treated as equivalent to "Likely".
audience	cap. alertInfo. audience. text	The text describing the intended audience of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain

eventCode	cap. alertInfo. eventCode. code	A system-specific code identifying the event type of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	(1) Any system-specific code for event typing, in the form:
			`<eventCode>`
			  `<valueName>`*valueName*`</valueName>`
			  `<value>`*value*`</value>`
			`</eventCode>`
			where the content of "valueName" is a user-assigned string designating the domain of the code, and the content of "value" is a string (which may represent a number) denoting the value itself (e.g., valueName ="SAME" and value="CEM").
			(2) Values of "valueName" that are acronyms SHOULD be represented in all capital letters without periods (e.g., SAME, FIPS, ZIP).
			(3) Multiple instances MAY occur within an <info> block.

effective	cap. alertInfo. effective. time	The effective time of the information of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	(1) The date and time SHALL be represented in the DateTime Data Type (See Implementation Notes) format (e.g., "2002-05-24T16:49:00-07:00" for 24 May 2002 at 16: 49 PDT). (2) Alphabetic timezone designators such as "Z" MUST NOT be used. The timezone for UTC MUST be represented as "-00:00". (3) If this item is not included, the effective time SHALL be assumed to be the same as in <sent>.
onset	cap. alertInfo. onset. time	The expected time of the beginning of the subject event of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	(1) The date and time SHALL be represented in the DateTime Data Type (See Implementation Notes) format (e.g., "2002-05-24T16:49:00-07:00" for 24 May 2002 at 16: 49 PDT). (2) Alphabetic timezone designators such as "Z" MUST NOT be used. The timezone for UTC MUST be represented as "-00:00".

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain
expires	cap. alertInfo. expires. time	The expiry time of the information of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	(1) The date and time SHALL be represented in the DateTime Data Type (See Implementation Notes) format (e.g., "2002-05-24T16:49:00-07:00" for 24 May 2002 at 16:49 PDT). (2) Alphabetic timezone designators such as "Z" MUST NOT be used. The timezone for UTC MUST be represented as "-00:00". (3) If this item is not provided, each recipient is free to set its own policy as to when the message is no longer in effect.
senderName	cap. alertInfo. senderName. text	The text naming the originator of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	The human-readable name of the agency or authority issuing this alert.
headline	cap. alertInfo. headline. text	The text headline of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	A brief human-readable headline. Note that some displays (for example, short messaging service devices) may only present this headline; it SHOULD be made as direct and actionable as possible while remaining short. 160 characters MAY be a useful target limit for headline length.
description	cap. alertInfo. description. text	The text describing the subject event of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	An extended human readable description of the hazard or event that occasioned this message.
instruction	cap. alertInfo. instruction. text	The text describing the recommended action to be taken by recipients of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	An extended human readable instruction to targeted recipients. If different instructions are intended for different recipients, they should be represented by use of multiple <info> blocks.

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain
web	cap alertInfo. web. identifier	The identifier of the hyperlink associating additional information with the alert message (OPTIONAL)	A full, absolute URI for an HTML page or other text resource with additional or reference information regarding this alert.
contact	cap. alertInfo. contact. text	The text describing the contact for follow-up and confirmation of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	

parameter	cap. alertInfo. parameter. code	A system-specific additional parameter associated with the alert message (OPTIONAL)	(1) Any system-specific datum, in the form:
			`<parameter>`
			  `<valueName>`*valueName*`</valueName>`
			  `<value>`*value*`</value>`
			`</parameter>`
			 where the content of "valueName" is a user-assigned string designating the domain of the code, and the content of "value" is a string (which may represent a number) denoting the value itself (e.g., valueName ="SAME" and value="CIV").
			(2) Values of "valueName" that are acronyms SHOULD be represented in all capital letters without periods (e.g., SAME, FIPS, ZIP).
			(3) Multiple instances MAY occur within an <info> block.

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain
3.2.3 "resource" Element and Sub-elements			
resource	cap alertInfoResource. resource. group	The container for all component parts of the resource sub-element of the info sub-element of the alert element (OPTIONAL)	(1) Refers to an additional file with supplemental information related to this <info> element; e.g., an image or audio file. (2) Multiple instances MAY occur within an <info> block.
resourceDesc	**cap. alertInfoResource. resourceDesc. text**	**The text describing the type and content of the resource file (REQUIRED)**	The human-readable text describing the type and content, such as "map" or "photo", of the resource file.
mimeType	**cap. alertInfoResource. mimeType. identifier**	**The identifier of the MIME content type and sub-type describing the resource file (REQUIRED)**	MIME content type and sub-type as described in **[RFC 2046].** (As of this document, the current IANA registered MIME types are listed at http://www.iana.org/assignments/media-types/)
size	cap. alertInfoResource. size. integer	The integer indicating the size of the resource file (OPTIONAL)	(1) Approximate size of the resource file in bytes. (2) For <uri> based resources, <size> SHOULD be included if available.
uri	cap. alertInfoResource. uri. identifier	The identifier of the hyperlink for the resource file (OPTIONAL)	A full absolute URI, typically a Uniform Resource Locator that can be used to retrieve the resource over the Internet OR a relative URI to name the content of a <derefUri> element if one is present in this resource block.

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain
derefUri	cap alertInfoResource. derefUri. data	The base-64 encoded data content of the resource file (CONDITIONAL)	(1) MAY be used either with or instead of the <uri> element in messages transmitted over one-way (e.g., broadcast) data links where retrieval of a resource via a URI is not feasible. (2) Clients intended for use with one-way data links MUST support this element. (3) This element MUST NOT be used unless the sender is certain that all direct clients are capable of processing it. (4) If messages including this element are forwarded onto a two-way network, the forwarder MUST strip the <derefUri> element and SHOULD extract the file contents and provide a <uri> link to a retrievable version of the file. (5) Providers of one-way data links MAY enforce additional restrictions on the use of this element, including message-size limits and restrictions regarding file types.
digest	cap. alertInfoResource. digest. code	The code representing the digital digest ("hash") computed from the resource file (OPTIONAL)	Calculated using the Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA-1) per **[FIPS 180-2]**.

3.2.4 "area" Element and Sub-elements

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain
area	cap. alertInfoArea. area. group	The container for all component parts of the area sub-element of the info sub-element of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	(1) Multiple occurrences permitted, in which case the target area for the <info> block is the union of all the included <area> blocks. (2) MAY contain one or multiple instances of <polygon>, <circle> or <geocode>. If multiple <polygon>, <circle> or <geocode> elements are included, the area described by this <area> block is represented by the union of all the included elements.

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain
areaDesc	**cap. alertInfoArea. areaDesc. text**	**The text describing the affected area of the alert message (REQUIRED)**	A text description of the affected area.
polygon	cap. alertInfoArea. polygon. group	The paired values of points defining a polygon that delineates the affected area of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	(1) Code Values: The geographic polygon is represented by a whitespace-delimited list of **[WGS 84]** coordinate pairs. (See WGS 84 Note at end of this section) (2) A minimum of 4 coordinate pairs MUST be present and the first and last pairs of coordinates MUST be the same. (3) Multiple instances MAY occur within an <area> block.
circle	cap. alertInfoArea. circle. group	The paired values of a point and radius delineating the affected area of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	(1) Code Values: The circular area is represented by a central point given as a **[WGS 84]** coordinate pair followed by a space character and a radius value in kilometers. (See WGS 84 Note at end of this section) (2) Multiple instances MAY occur within an <area> block.

Element Name	Context. Class. Attribute. Representation	Definition and (Optionality)	Notes or Value Domain

geocode	cap. alertInfoArea. geocode. code	The geographic code delineating the affected area of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	(1) Any geographically-based code to describe a message target area, in the form:
			`<geocode>`
			  `<valueName>`*valueName*`</valueName>`
			  `<value>`*value*`</value>`
			`</geocode>`
			where the content of "valueName" is a user-assigned string designating the domain of the code, and the content of "value" is a string (which may represent a number) denoting the value itself (e.g., valueName ="SAME" and value="006113").
			(2) Values of "valueName" that are acronyms SHOULD be represented in all capital letters without periods (e.g., SAME, FIPS, ZIP).
			(3) Multiple instances MAY occur within an <area> block.
			(4) This element is primarily for compatibility with other systems. Use of this element presumes knowledge of the coding system on the part of recipients; therefore, for interoperability, it SHOULD be used in concert with an equivalent description in the more universally understood <polygon> and <circle> forms whenever possible.

altitude	cap. alertInfoArea. altitude. quantity	The specific or minimum altitude of the affected area of the alert message (OPTIONAL)	(1) If used with the <ceiling> element this value is the lower limit of a range. Otherwise, this value specifies a specific altitude. (2) The altitude measure is in feet above mean sea level per the **[WGS 84]** datum.
ceiling	cap. alertInfoArea. ceiling. quantity	The maximum altitude of the affected area of the alert message (CONDITIONAL)	(1) MUST NOT be used except in combination with the <altitude> element. (2) The ceiling measure is in feet above mean sea level per the **[WGS 84]** datum.

3.3 Implementation Notes

3.3.1 WGS 84 Note

Geographic locations in CAP are defined using **[WGS 84]** (World Geodetic System 1984), equivalent to EPSG (European Petroleum Survey Group) code 4326 (2 dimensions). CAP does not assign responsibilities for coordinate transformations from and to other Spatial Reference Systems. See section 1.5 Terminology for the format of coordinate pairs within CAP elements.

3.3.2 DateTime Data Type

All **[dateTime]** elements (<sent>, <effective>, <onset>, and <expires>) SHALL be specified in the form "YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ssXzh:zm" where:

- YYYY indicates the year

- MM indicates the month

- DD indicates the day

- T indicates the symbol "T" marking the start of the required time section

- hh indicates the hour

- mm indicates the minute

- ss indicates the second

- X indicates either the symbol "+" if the preceding date and time are in a time zone ahead of UTC, or the symbol "-' if the preceding date and time are in a time zone behind UTC. If the time is in UTC, the symbol "-" will be used.

- zh indicates the hours of offset from the preceding date and time to UTC, or "00" if the preceding time is in UTC

- zm indicates the minutes of offset from the preceding date and time to UTC, or "00" if the preceding time is in UTC

For example, a value of "2002-05-30T09:30:10-05:00" would indicate May 30, 2002 at 9:30:10 AM

Eastern Standard Time, which would be 2:30:10PM Universal Coordinated Time (UTC). That same

time might be indicated by "2002-05-30T14:30:10-00:00".

3.3.3 Character Entity References

The use of character entity references, such as HTML entities (e.g.) is discouraged.

3.3.4 Security Note

Because CAP is an XML-based format, existing XML security mechanisms can be used to secure and authenticate its content. While these mechanisms are available to secure CAP Alert Messages, they should not be used indiscriminately.

3.3.4.1 Digital Signatures

The <alert> element of a CAP Alert Message MAY have an Enveloped Signature, as described by XML-Signature and Syntax Processing **[XMLSIG]**. Other XML signature mechanisms MUST NOT be used in CAP Alert Messages.

Processors MUST NOT reject a CAP Alert Message containing such a signature simply because they are not capable of verifying it; they MUST continue processing and SHOULD inform the user of their failure to validate the signature.

273　In other words, the presence of an element with the namespace URI **[XMLSIG]** and a local name of
274　<Signature> as a child of the <alert> element must not cause a processor to fail merely because of its
275　presence.

276　3.4　XML Schema

```
277
278  <?xml version = "1.0" encoding = "UTF-8"?>
279  <!-- Copyright OASIS Open 2010 All Rights Reserved -->
280  <schema xmlns = "http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
281     targetNamespace = "urn:oasis:names:tc:emergency:cap:1.2"
282     xmlns:cap = "urn:oasis:names:tc:emergency:cap:1.2"
283     xmlns:xs = "http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
284     elementFormDefault = "qualified"
285     attributeFormDefault = "unqualified"
286     version = "1.2">
287   <element name = "alert">
288     <annotation>
289       <documentation>CAP Alert Message (version 1.2)</documentation>
290     </annotation>
291     <complexType>
292       <sequence>
293         <element name = "identifier" type = "xs:string"/>
294         <element name = "sender" type = "xs:string"/>
295         <element name = "sent">
296           <simpleType>
297             <restriction base = "xs:dateTime">
298              <pattern value = "\d\d\d\d-\d\d-\d\dT\d\d:\d\d:\d\d[-,+]\d\d:\d\d"/>
299             </restriction>
300           </simpleType>
301          </element>
302         <element name = "status">
303           <simpleType>
304             <restriction base = "xs:string">
305               <enumeration value = "Actual"/>
306               <enumeration value = "Exercise"/>
307               <enumeration value = "System"/>
308               <enumeration value = "Test"/>
309               <enumeration value = "Draft"/>
310             </restriction>
311           </simpleType>
312         </element>
313         <element name = "msgType">
314           <simpleType>
315             <restriction base = "xs:string">
316               <enumeration value = "Alert"/>
317               <enumeration value = "Update"/>
318               <enumeration value = "Cancel"/>
319               <enumeration value = "Ack"/>
320               <enumeration value = "Error"/>
321             </restriction>
322           </simpleType>
323         </element>
324         <element name = "source" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/>
325         <element name = "scope">
326           <simpleType>
327             <restriction base = "xs:string">
328               <enumeration value = "Public"/>
329               <enumeration value = "Restricted"/>
330               <enumeration value = "Private"/>
331             </restriction>
332           </simpleType>
333         </element>
334         <element name = "restriction" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/>
335         <element name = "addresses" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/>
336         <element name = "code" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0" maxOccurs = "unbounded"/>
337         <element name = "note" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/>
338         <element name = "references" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/>
339         <element name = "incidents" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/>
340         <element name = "info" minOccurs = "0" maxOccurs = "unbounded">
341           <complexType>
```

```
342                    <sequence>
343                      <element name = "language" type = "xs:language" default = "en-US" minOccurs = "0"/>
344                      <element name = "category" maxOccurs = "unbounded">
345                        <simpleType>
346                          <restriction base = "xs:string">
347                            <enumeration value = "Geo"/>
348                            <enumeration value = "Met"/>
349                            <enumeration value = "Safety"/>
350                            <enumeration value = "Security"/>
351                            <enumeration value = "Rescue"/>
352                            <enumeration value = "Fire"/>
353                            <enumeration value = "Health"/>
354                            <enumeration value = "Env"/>
355                            <enumeration value = "Transport"/>
356                            <enumeration value = "Infra"/>
357                            <enumeration value = "CBRNE"/>
358                            <enumeration value = "Other"/>
359                          </restriction>
360                        </simpleType>
361                      </element>
362                      <element name = "event" type = "xs:string"/>
363                      <element name = "responseType" minOccurs = "0" maxOccurs = "unbounded">
364                        <simpleType>
365                          <restriction base = "xs:string">
366                            <enumeration value = "Shelter"/>
367                            <enumeration value = "Evacuate"/>
368                            <enumeration value = "Prepare"/>
369                            <enumeration value = "Execute"/>
370                            <enumeration value = "Avoid"/>
371                            <enumeration value = "Monitor"/>
372                            <enumeration value = "Assess"/>
373                            <enumeration value = "AllClear"/>
374                            <enumeration value = "None"/>
375                          </restriction>
376                        </simpleType>
377                      </element>
378                      <element name = "urgency">
379                        <simpleType>
380                          <restriction base = "xs:string">
381                            <enumeration value = "Immediate"/>
382                            <enumeration value = "Expected"/>
383                            <enumeration value = "Future"/>
384                            <enumeration value = "Past"/>
385                            <enumeration value = "Unknown"/>
386                          </restriction>
387                        </simpleType>
388                      </element>
389                      <element name = "severity">
390                        <simpleType>
391                          <restriction base = "xs:string">
392                            <enumeration value = "Extreme"/>
393                            <enumeration value = "Severe"/>
394                            <enumeration value = "Moderate"/>
395                            <enumeration value = "Minor"/>
396                            <enumeration value = "Unknown"/>
397                          </restriction>
398                        </simpleType>
399                      </element>
400                      <element name = "certainty">
401                        <simpleType>
402                          <restriction base = "xs:string">
403                            <enumeration value = "Observed"/>
404                            <enumeration value = "Likely"/>
405                            <enumeration value = "Possible"/>
406                            <enumeration value = "Unlikely"/>
407                            <enumeration value = "Unknown"/>
408                          </restriction>
409                        </simpleType>
410                      </element>
411                      <element name = "audience" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/>
412                      <element name = "eventCode" minOccurs = "0" maxOccurs = "unbounded">
413                        <complexType>
```

```
414                             <sequence>
415                               <element ref = "cap:valueName"/>
416                               <element ref = "cap:value"/>
417                             </sequence>
418                           </complexType>
419                         </element>
420                         <element name = "effective" minOccurs = "0">
421                          <simpleType>
422                            <restriction base = "xs:dateTime">
423                              <pattern value = "\d\d\d\d-\d\d-\d\dT\d\d:\d\d:\d\d[-,+]\d\d:\d\d"/>
424                            </restriction>
425                          </simpleType>
426                         </element>
427                         <element name = "onset"  minOccurs = "0">
428                          <simpleType>
429                            <restriction base = "xs:dateTime">
430                              <pattern value = "\d\d\d\d-\d\d-\d\dT\d\d:\d\d:\d\d[-,+]\d\d:\d\d"/>
431                            </restriction>
432                          </simpleType>
433                         </element>
434                         <element name = "expires"  minOccurs = "0">
435                          <simpleType>
436                            <restriction base = "xs:dateTime">
437                              <pattern value = "\d\d\d\d-\d\d-\d\dT\d\d:\d\d:\d\d[-,+]\d\d:\d\d"/>
438                            </restriction>
439                          </simpleType>
440                         </element>
441                         <element name = "senderName" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/>
442                         <element name = "headline" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/>
443                         <element name = "description" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/>
444                         <element name = "instruction" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/>
445                         <element name = "web" type = "xs:anyURI" minOccurs = "0"/>
446                         <element name = "contact" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/>
447                         <element name = "parameter" minOccurs = "0" maxOccurs = "unbounded">
448                           <complexType>
449                             <sequence>
450                               <element ref = "cap:valueName"/>
451                               <element ref = "cap:value"/>
452                             </sequence>
453                           </complexType>
454                         </element>
455                         <element name = "resource" minOccurs = "0" maxOccurs = "unbounded">
456                           <complexType>
457                             <sequence>
458                               <element name = "resourceDesc" type = "xs:string"/>
459                               <element name = "mimeType" type = "xs:string"/>
460                               <element name = "size" type = "xs:integer" minOccurs = "0"/>
461                               <element name = "uri" type = "xs:anyURI" minOccurs = "0"/>
462                               <element name = "derefUri" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/>
463                               <element name = "digest" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0"/>
464                             </sequence>
465                           </complexType>
466                         </element>
467                         <element name = "area" minOccurs = "0" maxOccurs = "unbounded">
468                           <complexType>
469                             <sequence>
470                               <element name = "areaDesc" type = "xs:string"/>
471                               <element name = "polygon" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0" maxOccurs =
472     "unbounded"/>
473                               <element name = "circle" type = "xs:string" minOccurs = "0" maxOccurs =
474     "unbounded"/>
475                               <element name = "geocode" minOccurs = "0" maxOccurs = "unbounded">
476                                 <complexType>
477                                   <sequence>
478                                     <element ref = "cap:valueName"/>
479                                     <element ref = "cap:value"/>
480                                   </sequence>
481                                 </complexType>
482                               </element>
483                               <element name = "altitude" type = "xs:decimal" minOccurs = "0"/>
484                               <element name = "ceiling" type = "xs:decimal" minOccurs = "0"/>
485                             </sequence>
```

```
486                 </complexType>
487               </element>
488             </sequence>
489           </complexType>
490         </element>
491       <any minOccurs = "0" maxOccurs = "unbounded" namespace = "http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#"
492 processContents = "lax"/>
493
494       </sequence>
495     </complexType>
496   </element>
497   <element name = "valueName" type = "xs:string"/>
498   <element name = "value" type = "xs:string"/>
499 </schema>
500
```

501
502

3.5 Use of ASN.1 to Specify and Encode the CAP Alert Message

3.5.1 General

505 The ASN.1 (see ITU-T Rec X.680) schema in 3.5.3 provides an alternative formulation of the XML
506 schema defined in 3.4. If the ASN.1 Extended XML Encoding Rules (see ITU-T Rec X.693) are applied
507 to this ASN.1 schema, the permitted XML is identical to that supported by the XML schema in 3.4.   If the
508 ASN.1 Unaligned Packed Encoding Rules (see ITU-T Rec X.691) are applied to it, the resulting binary
509 encodings are more compact than the corresponding XML encodings.

3.5.2 Formal Mappings and Specification

511 The normative specification of the compact binary encoding is in 3.5.3 with the application of the ASN.1
512 Unaligned Packed Encoding Rules (see ITU-T Rec. X.691).

513 The semantics of the fields in the ASN.1 specification are identical to those of the XSD specification, and
514 the mapping of the fields from the XSD specification to the ASN.1 specification is formally defined in ITU-
515 T Rec. X.694.

516 Implementations can produce and process the CAP alert XML messages using either ASN.1-based or
517 XSD-based tools (or other ad hoc software).

518 Implementations can produce and process the CAP alert compact binary messages using ASN.1-based
519 tools (or by other ad hoc software).

520 Any XML encoded CAP alert messages can be converted to compact binary messages by decoding with
521 an ASN.1 tool configured for the Extended XML Encoding Rules and re-encoding the resulting abstract
522 values with an ASN.1 tool configured for Unaligned Packed Encoding Rules.

523 Any compact binary CAP alert messages can be converted to XML encoded messages by decoding with
524 an ASN.1 tool configured for Unaligned Packed Encoding Rules and re-encoding the resulting abstract
525 values with an ASN.1 tool configured for Extended XML Encoding Rules.

3.5.3 ASN.1 Schema

```
527    CAP-1-2 {itu-t recommendation x cap(1303) version1-2(2)}
528    DEFINITIONS XER INSTRUCTIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=
529    -- CAP Alert Message (version 1.2)
530    BEGIN
531
532    Alert ::= SEQUENCE {
533       identifier IdentifierString,
534          -- Unambiguous identification of the message
535          -- from all messages from
536          -- this sender, in a format defined by the sender and
537          -- identified in the "sender" field below.
538       sender      String,
539          -- The globally unambiguous identification of the sender.
540          -- This specification does not define the root of
541          -- a global identification tree (there is no international
542          -- agreement on such a root), so it relies
543          -- on human-readable text to define globally and
544          -- unambiguously the sender.
545          -- An internet domain name or use of "iri:/ITU-T/..."
546          -- are possible, but
547          -- the choice needs to be clearly stated in human-readable form.
548       sent        DateTime (CONSTRAINED BY {/* XML representation of the XSD
549    pattern "\d\d\d\d-\d\d-\d\dT\d\d:\d\d:\d\d[-,+]\d\d:\d\d" */}),
550       status      AlertStatus,
551       msgType     AlertMessageType,
552       source      String OPTIONAL,
553          -- Not standardised human-readable identification
```

```
554              -- of the source of the alert.
555      scope       AlertScope,
556      restriction String OPTIONAL,
557         -- Not standardised human-readable restrictions
558         -- on the distribution of the alert message
559      addresses   String OPTIONAL,
560         -- A space separated list of addressees for private messages
561         -- (see 3.2.1)
562      code-list   SEQUENCE SIZE((0..MAX)) OF code String,
563         -- A sequence codes for special handling
564          -- (see 3.2.1)
565         -- The format and semantics of the codes are not defined in this
566         -- specification.
567      note        String OPTIONAL,
568         -- Not standardised human-readable clarifying text for the alert
569         -- (see 3.2.1)
570      references  String OPTIONAL,
571         -- Space-separated references to earlier messages
572         -- (see 3.2.1)
573      incidents   String OPTIONAL,
574         -- Space-separated references to related incidents
575         -- (see 3.2.1)
576      info-list   SEQUENCE SIZE((0..MAX)) OF info AlertInformation  }
577
578  AlertStatus ::= ENUMERATED {
579          actual,
580          draft,
581          exercise,
582          system,
583          test }
584
585  AlertMessageType ::= ENUMERATED {
586          ack,
587          alert,
588          cancel,
589          error,
590          update }
591
592  AlertScope ::= ENUMERATED {
593          private,
594          public,
595          restricted }
596
597  AlertInformation ::= SEQUENCE {
598      language         Language -- DEFAULT "en-US" -- ,
599         -- The language used in this value of the Info type
600         -- (see 3.2.2)
601      category-list    SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..MAX)) OF
602                       category InformationCategory,
603      event            String,
604         -- Not standardised human-readable text describing the
605         -- type of the event (see 3.2.2)
606      responseType-list SEQUENCE SIZE((0..MAX)) OF
607                       responseType InformationResponseType,
608      urgency          HowUrgent,
609      severity         HowSevere,
610      certainty        HowCertain,
611      audience         String OPTIONAL,
612         -- Not standardised human-readable text describing the
613         -- intended audience for the message (see 3.2.2)
614      eventCode-list    SEQUENCE SIZE((0..MAX)) OF eventCode SEQUENCE {
615          valueName ValueName,
616          value     Value },
```

```
617          effective        DateTime (CONSTRAINED BY {/* XML representation of the
618     XSD pattern "\d\d\d\d-\d\d-\d\dT\d\d:\d\d:\d\d[-,+]\d\d:\d\d" */}) OPTIONAL,
619          onset            DateTime (CONSTRAINED BY {/* XML representation of the
620     XSD pattern "\d\d\d\d-\d\d-\d\dT\d\d:\d\d:\d\d[-,+]\d\d:\d\d" */}) OPTIONAL,
621          expires          DateTime (CONSTRAINED BY {/* XML representation of the
622     XSD pattern "\d\d\d\d-\d\d-\d\dT\d\d:\d\d:\d\d[-,+]\d\d:\d\d" */}) OPTIONAL,
623          senderName       String OPTIONAL,
624             -- Not standardised human-readable name of the authority
625             -- issuing the message (see 3.2.2)
626          headline         String (SIZE (1..160,...)) OPTIONAL,
627             -- Not standardised human-readable short statement (headline)
628             -- of the alert (see 3.2.2)
629          description      String OPTIONAL,
630             -- Not standardised human-readable extended description of
631             -- the event (see 3.2.2)
632          instruction      String OPTIONAL,
633             -- Not standardised human-readable recommended action
634             -- (see 3.2.2)
635          web              AnyURI OPTIONAL,
636          contact          String OPTIONAL,
637             -- Not standardised human-readable contact details for
638             -- follow-up (see 3.2.2)
639          parameter-list   SEQUENCE SIZE((0..MAX)) OF parameter SEQUENCE {
640             -- System-specific parameters (see 3.2.2)
641             valueName ValueName,
642             value    Value },
643          resource-list    SEQUENCE SIZE((0..MAX)) OF resource ResourceFile,
644          area-list        SEQUENCE SIZE((0..MAX)) OF Area }
645
646     InformationCategory ::=  ENUMERATED {
647             cBRNE,
648             env,
649             fire,
650             geo,
651             health,
652             infra,
653             met,
654             other,
655             rescue,
656             safety,
657             security,
658             transport }
659
660     InformationResponseType ::= ENUMERATED {
661             allClear,
662             assess,
663             avoid,
664             evacuate,
665             execute,
666             monitor,
667             none,
668             prepare,
669             shelter }
670
671     HowUrgent ::= ENUMERATED {
672             expected,
673             future,
674             immediate,
675             past,
676             unknown }
677
678     HowSevere ::= ENUMERATED {
679             extreme,
680             minor,
```

```
681            moderate,
682            severe,
683            unknown }
684
685    HowCertain ::= ENUMERATED {
686            likely,
687            observed,
688            possible,
689            unknown,
690            unlikely }
691
692    ResourceFile ::= SEQUENCE {
693        -- Information about an associated resource file
694        -- (see 3.2.3)
695      resourceDesc String,
696        -- Not standardised human-readable description of the type
697        -- and content of
698        -- an associated resource file (for example a map or
699        -- photograph)(see 3.2.3)
700      mimeType      String,
701      size          INTEGER OPTIONAL, -- In bytes
702      uri           AnyURI OPTIONAL,
703      derefUri      String OPTIONAL,
704        -- An alternative to the URI giving the Base64-encoded
705        -- content of the resource file (see 3.2.3)
706      digest        String OPTIONAL
707        -- SHA-1 hash of the resource file for error detection
708        -- (see 3.2.3) -- }
709
710    Area ::= SEQUENCE {
711        -- Identification of an affected area
712      areaDesc     String,
713        -- Not standardised human-readable description of the area
714      polygon-list SEQUENCE OF polygon String,
715        -- Each element is a space-separated list of coordinate pairs
716        -- The complete list starts and ends with the same point and
717        -- defines the polygon that defines the area
718        -- (see 3.2.4).
719      circle-list  SEQUENCE OF circle String,
720        -- A space-separated list of coordinates for a point and a radius
721      geocode-list SEQUENCE SIZE((0..MAX)) OF geocode SEQUENCE {
722        -- A geographic code designating the alert target area
723        -- (see 3.2.4)
724            valueName ValueName,
725            value     Value },
726      altitude     REAL OPTIONAL,
727        -- Specific or minimum altitude of the affected area
728      ceiling      REAL OPTIONAL
729        -- Maximum altitude of the affected area -- }
730
731    ValueName ::=  String  -- A not standardised name for
732        -- an information event code, a parameter or a geocode
733
734    Value ::=  String  -- The value of the information event code,
735                       -- parameter or geocode
736
737    String ::=  UTF8String (FROM (
738            {0,0,0,9} -- TAB
739          | {0,0,0,10} -- CR
740          | {0,0,0,13} -- LF
741          | {0,0,0,32}..{0,0,215,255} -- Space to the start of the S-zone
742          | {0,0,224,0}..{0,0,255,253} -- Rest of BMP after S-zone
743          | {0,1,0,0}..{0,16,255,253}  -- Other planes -- ) )
744
```

```
745    StringChar ::= String (SIZE(1))
746
747    SpaceAndComma ::= UTF8String (FROM (
748                {0,0,0,32} -- SPACE
749             | {0,0,0,44} -- COMMA -- ) )
750
751    IdentifierString ::= String (FROM (StringChar EXCEPT SpaceAndComma))
752
753    Language ::= VisibleString(FROM ("a".."z" | "A".."Z" | "-" | "0".."9"))
754                (PATTERN "[a-zA-Z]#(1,8)(-[a-zA-Z0-9]#(1,8))*")
755        -- The semantics of Language is specified in IETF RFC 3066
756
757    DateTime ::= TIME (SETTINGS "Basic=Date-Time Date=YMD
758            Year=Basic Time=HMS Local-or-UTC=LD")
759        -- This is the ISO 8601 format using local time and a
760         -- time difference
761
762    StringWithNoCRLFHT ::= UTF8String (FROM (
763            {0,0,0,32}..{0,0,215,255}
764            |{0,0,224,0}..{0,0,255,253}
765            |{0,1,0,0}..{0,16,255,255}))
766
767    AnyURI ::= StringWithNoCRLFHT (CONSTRAINED BY {
768             /* Shall be a valid URI as defined in IETF RFC 2396 */})
769
770    ENCODING-CONTROL XER
771        GLOBAL-DEFAULTS MODIFIED-ENCODINGS
772        GLOBAL-DEFAULTS CONTROL-NAMESPACE
773            "http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" PREFIX "xsi"
774        NAMESPACE ALL, ALL IN ALL AS "urn:oasis:names:tc:emergency:cap:1.2"
775                PREFIX "cap"
776        NAME Alert, Area AS UNCAPITALIZED
777        UNTAGGED SEQUENCE OF
778        DEFAULT-FOR-EMPTY AlertInformation.language AS "en-US"
779        TEXT AlertStatus:ALL,
780            AlertMessageType:ALL,
781            AlertScope:ALL,
782            InformationCategory:ALL,
783            InformationResponseType:ALL,
784            HowUrgent:ALL,
785            HowSevere:ALL,
786            HowCertain:ALL AS CAPITALIZED
787        WHITESPACE Language, AnyURI COLLAPSE
788    END
```

789

4 Conformance

790

791 An implementation conforms to this specification if it satisfies all of the MUST or REQUIRED level
792 requirements defined within this specification.

793 This specification references a number of other specifications. In order to comply with this specification,
794 an implementation MUST implement the portions of referenced specifications necessary to comply with
795 the required provisions of this specification. Additionally, the implementation of the portions of the
796 referenced specifications that are specifically cited in this specification MUST comply with the rules for
797 those portions as established in the referenced specification.

798

4.1 Conformance Targets

799

800 The following conformance targets are defined in order to support the specification of conformance to this
801 standard:

802   a) CAP V1.2 Message
803   b) CAP V1.2 Message Producer
804   c) CAP V1.2 Message Consumer
805

4.2 Conformance as a CAP V1.2 Message

806

807 An XML 1.0 document is a conforming CAP V1.2 Message if and only if:

808   a) it is valid according to the schema located at http://docs.oasis-
809   open.org/emergency/cap/v1.2/CAP-v1.2.xsd and
810   b) the content of its elements and the values of its attributes meet all the additional mandatory
811   requirements specified in Section 3.

812

4.3 Conformance as a CAP V1.2 Message Producer

813

814 A software entity is a conforming CAP V1.2 Message Producer if and only if:

815   a) it is constructed in such a way that any XML document produced by it and present in a place in
816   which a conforming CAP V1.2 Message is expected (based on contextual information) is indeed a
817   conforming CAP V1.2 Message according to this standard.

818 The condition in (a) above can be satisfied in many different ways. Here are some examples of possible
819 scenarios:

820   – a distribution element(for example, EDXL-DE) transfers messages carrying CAP V1.2 Messages;
821   a client has sent a request for a CAP V1.2 Message to a server which claims to be a conforming
822   CAP V1.2 Message Producer, and has received a response which is therefore expected to carry
823   a conforming CAP V1.2 Message;

824   – a local test environment has been set up, and the application under test (which claims to be a
825   conforming CAP V1.2 Message Producer) has the ability to produce a CAP V1.2 Message and
826   write it to a file in a directory in response to a request coming from the testing tool; the testing tool
827   has sent many requests to the application under test and is now verifying all the files present in
828   the directory, which is expected to contain only conforming CAP V1.2 Messages;

829

4.4 Conformance as a CAP V1.2 Message Consumer

A software entity is a conforming CAP V1.2 Message Consumer if and only if:

   a) it is constructed in such a way that it is able to successfully validate and ingest a conforming CAP V1.2 Message according to this standard.

The condition in (a) above can be satisfied in many different ways. Here is one example of a possible scenario:

   – a client receives and processes a CAP V1.2 Message from a server which claims to be a conforming CAP V1.2 Message Producer

Appendix A.   CAP Alert Message Example

840

841 XML examples are included below and are also available as separate files, along with ASN.1 binary
842 encoded examples, in the CAP 1.2 document repository http://docs.oasis-open.org/emergency/cap/v1.2/

A.1. Homeland Security Advisory System Alert

843

844 The following is a speculative example in the form of a CAP XML message.

```
845  <?xml version = "1.0" encoding = "UTF-8"?>
846  <alert xmlns = "urn:oasis:names:tc:emergency:cap:1.2">
847    <identifier>43b080713727</identifier>
848    <sender>hsas@dhs.gov</sender>
849    <sent>2003-04-02T14:39:01-05:00</sent>
850    <status>Actual</status>
851    <msgType>Alert</msgType>
852    <scope>Public</scope>
853    <info>
854      <category>Security</category>
855      <event>Homeland Security Advisory System Update</event>
856      <urgency>Immediate</urgency>
857      <severity>Severe</severity>
858      <certainty>Likely</certainty>
859      <senderName>U.S. Government, Department of Homeland Security</senderName>
860      <headline>Homeland Security Sets Code ORANGE</headline>
861      <description>The Department of Homeland Security has elevated the Homeland Security Advisory
862  System threat level to ORANGE / High in response to intelligence which may indicate a heightened
863  threat of terrorism.</description>
864      <instruction> A High Condition is declared when there is a high risk of terrorist attacks. In
865  addition to the Protective Measures taken in the previous Threat Conditions, Federal departments
866  and agencies should consider agency-specific Protective Measures in accordance with their
867  existing plans.</instruction>
868      <web>http://www.dhs.gov/dhspublic/display?theme=29</web>
869      <parameter>
870        <valueName>HSAS</valueName>
871        <value>ORANGE</value>
872      </parameter>
873      <resource>
874        <resourceDesc>Image file (GIF)</resourceDesc>
875        <mimeType>image/gif</mimeType>
876        <uri>http://www.dhs.gov/dhspublic/getAdvisoryImage</uri>
877      </resource>
878      <area>
879        <areaDesc>U.S. nationwide and interests worldwide</areaDesc>
880      </area>
881    </info>
882  </alert>
```

883

A.2. Severe Thunderstorm Warning

The following is a speculative example in the form of a CAP XML message.

```
<?xml version = "1.0" encoding = "UTF-8"?>
<alert xmlns = "urn:oasis:names:tc:emergency:cap:1.2">
  <identifier>KSTO1055887203</identifier>
  <sender>KSTO@NWS.NOAA.GOV</sender>
  <sent>2003-06-17T14:57:00-07:00</sent>
  <status>Actual</status>
  <msgType>Alert</msgType>
  <scope>Public</scope>
  <info>
    <category>Met</category>
    <event>SEVERE THUNDERSTORM</event>
    <responseType>Shelter</responseType>
    <urgency>Immediate</urgency>
    <severity>Severe</severity>
    <certainty>Observed</certainty>
    <eventCode>
      <valueName>SAME</valueName>
      <value>SVR</value>
    </eventCode>
    <expires>2003-06-17T16:00:00-07:00</expires>
    <senderName>NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE SACRAMENTO CA</senderName>
    <headline>SEVERE THUNDERSTORM WARNING</headline>
    <description> AT 254 PM PDT...NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE DOPPLER RADAR INDICATED A SEVERE
THUNDERSTORM OVER SOUTH CENTRAL ALPINE COUNTY...OR ABOUT 18 MILES SOUTHEAST OF KIRKWOOD...MOVING
SOUTHWEST AT 5 MPH. HAIL...INTENSE RAIN AND STRONG DAMAGING WINDS ARE LIKELY WITH THIS
STORM.</description>
    <instruction>TAKE COVER IN A SUBSTANTIAL SHELTER UNTIL THE STORM PASSES.</instruction>
    <contact>BARUFFALDI/JUSKIE</contact>
    <area>
      <areaDesc>EXTREME NORTH CENTRAL TUOLUMNE COUNTY IN CALIFORNIA, EXTREME NORTHEASTERN
CALAVERAS COUNTY IN CALIFORNIA, SOUTHWESTERN ALPINE COUNTY IN CALIFORNIA</areaDesc>
      <polygon>38.47,-120.14 38.34,-119.95 38.52,-119.74 38.62,-119.89 38.47,-120.14</polygon>
      <geocode>
        <valueName>SAME</valueName>
        <value>006109</value>
      </geocode>
      <geocode>
        <valueName>SAME</valueName>
        <value>006009</value>
      </geocode>
      <geocode>
        <valueName>SAME</valueName>
        <value>006003</value>
      </geocode>
    </area>
  </info>
</alert>
```

A.3. Earthquake Report (Update Message)

The following is a speculative example in the form of a CAP XML message.

```
<?xml version = "1.0" encoding = "UTF-8"?>
<alert xmlns = "urn:oasis:names:tc:emergency:cap:1.2">
  <identifier>TRI13970876.2</identifier>
  <sender>trinet@caltech.edu</sender>
  <sent>2003-06-11T20:56:00-07:00</sent>
  <status>Actual</status>
  <msgType>Update</msgType>
  <scope>Public</scope>
  <references>trinet@caltech.edu,TRI13970876.1,2003-06-11T20:30:00-07:00</references>
  <info>
    <category>Geo</category>
    <event>Earthquake</event>
    <urgency>Past</urgency>
    <severity>Minor</severity>
    <certainty>Observed</certainty>
    <senderName>Southern California Seismic Network (TriNet) operated by Caltech and
USGS</senderName>
    <headline>EQ 3.4 Imperial County CA</headline>
    <description>A minor earthquake measuring 3.4 on the Richter scale occurred near Brawley,
California at 8:30 PM Pacific Daylight Time on Wednesday, June 11, 2003. (This event has now been
reviewed by a seismologist)</description>
    <web>http://www.trinet.org/scsn/scsn.html</web>
    <parameter>
      <valueName>EventID</valueName>
      <value>13970876</value>
    </parameter>
    <parameter>
      <valueName>Version</valueName>
      <value>1</value>
    </parameter>
    <parameter>
      <valueName>Magnitude</valueName>
      <value>3.4 Ml</value>
    </parameter>
    <parameter>
      <valueName>Depth</valueName>
      <value>11.8 mi.</value>
    </parameter>
    <parameter>
      <valueName>Quality</valueName>
      <value>Excellent</value>
    </parameter>
    <area>
      <areaDesc>1 mi. WSW of Brawley, CA; 11 mi. N of El Centro, CA; 30 mi. E of OCOTILLO
(quarry); 1 mi. N of the Imperial Fault</areaDesc>
      <circle>32.9525,-115.5527 0</circle>
    </area>
  </info>
</alert>
```

A.4. AMBER Alert (Multilingual Message)

The following is a speculative example in the form of a CAP XML message.

```
<?xml version = "1.0" encoding = "UTF-8"?>
<alert xmlns = "urn:oasis:names:tc:emergency:cap:1.2">
    <identifier>KAR0-0306112239-SW</identifier>
    <sender>KARO@CLETS.DOJ.CA.GOV</sender>
    <sent>2003-06-11T22:39:00-07:00</sent>
    <status>Actual</status>
    <msgType>Alert</msgType>
    <source>SW</source>
    <scope>Public</scope>
    <info>
        <language>en-US</language>
        <category>Rescue</category>
        <event>Child Abduction</event>
        <urgency>Immediate</urgency>
        <severity>Severe</severity>
        <certainty>Likely</certainty>
        <eventCode>
            <valueName>SAME</valueName>
            <value>CAE</value>
        </eventCode>
        <senderName>Los Angeles Police Dept - LAPD</senderName>
        <headline>Amber Alert in Los Angeles County</headline>
        <description>DATE/TIME: 06/11/03, 1915 HRS.  VICTIM(S): KHAYRI DOE JR. M/B BLK/BRO 3'0", 40
LBS. LIGHT COMPLEXION.  DOB 06/24/01. WEARING RED SHORTS, WHITE T-SHIRT, W/BLUE COLLAR.
LOCATION: 5721 DOE ST., LOS ANGELES, CA.  SUSPECT(S): KHAYRI DOE SR. DOB 04/18/71 M/B, BLK HAIR,
BRO EYE. VEHICLE: 81' BUICK 2-DR, BLUE (4XXX000).</description>
        <contact>DET. SMITH, 77TH DIV, LOS ANGELES POLICE DEPT-LAPD AT 213 485-2389</contact>
        <area>
            <areaDesc>Los Angeles County</areaDesc>
            <geocode>
                <valueName>SAME</valueName>
                <value>006037</value>
            </geocode>
        </area>
    </info>
    <info>
        <language>es-US</language>
        <category>Rescue</category>
        <event>Abducción de Niño</event>
        <urgency>Immediate</urgency>
        <severity>Severe</severity>
        <certainty>Likely</certainty>
        <eventCode>
            <valueName>SAME</valueName>
            <value>CAE</value>
        </eventCode>
        <senderName>Departamento de Policía de Los Ángeles - LAPD</senderName>
        <headline>Alerta Amber en el condado de Los Ángeles</headline>
        <description>DATE/TIME: 06/11/03, 1915 HORAS. VÍCTIMAS: KHAYRI DOE JR. M/B BLK/BRO 3'0", 40
LIBRAS. TEZ LIGERA. DOB 06/24/01. CORTOCIRCUITOS ROJOS QUE USAN, CAMISETA BLANCA, COLLAR DE
W/BLUE. LOCALIZACIÓN: 5721 DOE ST., LOS ÁNGELES. SOSPECHOSO: KHAYRI DOE ST. DOB 04/18/71 M/B,
PELO DEL NEGRO, OJO DE BRO. VEHÍCULO: 81' BUICK 2-DR, AZUL (4XXX000)</description>
        <contact>DET. SMITH, 77TH DIV, LOS ANGELES POLICE DEPT-LAPD AT 213 485-2389</contact>
        <area>
            <areaDesc>condado de Los Ángeles</areaDesc>
            <geocode>
                <valueName>SAME</valueName>
                <value>006037</value>
            </geocode>
        </area>
    </info>
</alert>
```

Appendix B.   Acknowledgments

OASIS Emergency Management Technical Committee

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Himadri Banerjee, Previstar Inc.
Frank Bell, Individual
Art Botterell, Contra Costa County Community Warning System
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1107	David Webber, Individual
1108	Jacob Westfall, Individual
1109	David Yarbrough, Northrop Grumman
1110	
1111	

1112 # Appendix C.   Revision History

Rev	Date	By Whom	What
1.2	2010-03-02	Jacob Westfall	Technical Committee approved changes that removed XML Digital Encryption within CAP messages.
1.2	2009-12-22	Jacob Westfall	Technical Committee approved the v. 1.2 draft submitted by the Messaging Subcommittee with a duplicate Normative Reference entry removed.
1.2	2009-09-29	Jacob Westfall	Technical Committee approved the v. 1.2 draft submitted by the Messaging Subcommittee with a change made to responseType in the ASN.1 schema.
1.2	2009-09-17	Jacob Westfall	Messaging Subcommittee approved changes based on initial public comment period: • Expanded the scope of the <addresses> element • Changed <mimeType> to be a required element and added note for <size> • Qualified the base schema types in the schema • Changed the schema typing for <altitude> and <ceiling> to be a decimal instead of a string • ASN.1 examples were added Various editorial corrections
1.2	2009-04-28	Jacob Westfall	Technical Committee approved the v. 1.2 draft with the following additional changes: • DateTime Data Type moved to Implementation Notes • Changes to <status> and <note> descriptions • Wording change to <severity> "Minor" • Schema changed to allow only one <EncryptedData> element and changed Security Note section to allow multiple <Signature> elements Various editorial corrections and clarifications
1.2	2009-04-14	Jacob Westfall	Messaging Subcommittee approved v. 1.2 draft for submission to full Technical Committee: • Multiple XML signature/encryption elements • Editorial changes to History and Character Entity References sections • DateTime Data Type examples • Fixed DOM display

1.2	2009-03-31	Jacob Westfall	Applied changes per recommendations identified by CAP comments process and profile development: • Includes CAP 1.1 Errata and ASN.1 Schema • DateTime Data Type to further define the acceptable date and time values • New <responseType> values of Avoid and AllClear • Clarification on acceptable <polygon> values and the use of character entity references • Schemas were updated to reflect changes and to validate when XML signature/encryption elements are present • Conformance section added • Updated CAP Alert Message Examples Various editorial corrections and clarifications
1.1 Errata	2007-10-02		CAP 1.1 Errata approved (see CAP 1.1 Errata document for prior change history)
1.1	2005-09-30		CAP 1.1 adopted as OASIS Standard (see CAP 1.1 specification document for prior change history)
1.1	2005-07-27	Art Botterell	Edits to conform object model, data dictionary and schema: • Reordered items in object diagram and data dictionary to match sequence required by schema. • Edited schema to make <scope> mandatory and to permit multiple instances of <responseType> and <eventCode>, in accordance with the data dictionary.
1.1	2005-07-23	Art Botterell	Applied changes per recommendations of Messaging Subcommittee based on initial public comment period: • Modified XML syntax of <eventCode> , <parameter> and <geocode> • Added "Draft" value for <status> • Changed CAP namespace to URN form • Tightened usage of dateTime formats in <sent>, <effective>, <onset> and <expiration> • Corrected schema to correct value of "CBRNE" in <event> • Conformed examples in Appendix A to new namespace.
1.1	2005-04-28	Elysa Jones	Technical Committee approved the v. 1.1 draft with the following additional changes: • Normative language added to specify uniqueness of <identifier> • Change [dateTime] format for <sent>, <effective>, <onset> and <expires> elements • Change <language> element RFC from 1166 to 3066 and added null • Changed the <mineType> element RFC 1521 to 2046 • Added <derefURI> element • Security Note updated and added Digital Signature and Encryption note paragraphs

1.1	2005-01-04	Art Botterell	Messaging Subcommittee approved v. 1.1 draft for submission to full Technical Committee:
			• Added <responseType> element
			• Made <category> element mandatory
			• Amended enumerated values for the <certainty> element
			• Deleted the <password> element
			• Various editorial corrections and clarifications
1.0	2004-04-01	Art Botterell	CAP 1.0 adopted as OASIS Standard (see CAP 1.0 specification document for prior change history.)

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