1. The graph¹ of Europe² $\mathcal{G}^* = \langle V, E \rangle$ is defined as follows: each vertex $v \in V$ is a Europe country; two vertices are adjacent $(\{u, v\} \in E)$ if the corresponding countries share a land border. Let \mathcal{G} be the largest connected component of \mathcal{G}^* .

- (a) Draw G^* with the minimum number of intersecting edges.
- (b) Find |V|, |E|, $\delta(\mathcal{G})$, $\Delta(\mathcal{G})$, rad (\mathcal{G}) , diam (\mathcal{G}) , girth (\mathcal{G}) , center (\mathcal{G}) , $\varkappa(\mathcal{G})$, $\lambda(\mathcal{G})$.
- (c) Find the minimum vertex coloring $Z: V \to \mathbb{N}$ of \mathcal{G} .
- (d) Find the minimum edge coloring $X : E \to \mathbb{N}$ of \mathcal{G} .
- (e) Find the maximum clique $Q \subseteq V$ of G.
- (f) Find the maximum stable set $S \subseteq V$ of G.
- (g) Find the maximum matching $M \subseteq E$ of G.
- (h) Find the minimum vertex cover $R \subseteq V$ of G.
- (i) Find the minimum edge cover $F \subseteq E$ of G.
- (i) Find the shortest closed walk W that visits every vertex of G.
- (k) Find the shortest closed walk U that visits every edge of G.
- (l) Find all biconnected components (blocks) and draw the block-cut tree of \mathcal{G}^* .
- (m) Find all 2-edge-connected components of \mathcal{G}^* .
- (n) Construct an SPQR tree of the largest biconected component of \mathcal{G}^* .
- (o) Add the weight function $w: E \to \mathbb{R}$ denoting the distance between capitals. Find the minimum (*w.r.t.* the total weight of edges) spanning tree T for the largest connected component of the weighted Europe graph $\mathcal{G}_w^* = (V, E, w)$.
- (p) Find centroid(T) (w.r.t. the ege weight function w).
- (q) Construct the Prüfer code for T.

¹ Hereinafter, "graphs" are "simple, finite, undirected and unweighted", unless stated otherwise.

² https://simple.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_European_countries used as reference.