

Data: 12/07/2024

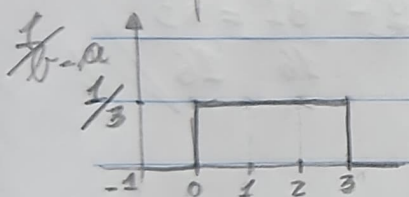
Avaliação 4 - Questão 9

Luana de Barros

9) Sejam $X_1, X_2 \sim \text{Unif}([0, 3])$ variáveis aleatórias retilíneas independentemente.

a) Sejam: $Y_1 = X_1^2$, $Y_2 = X_2^2$, $Y_3 = X_1 \cdot X_2$. Determinar o vetor média e a matriz covariância do vetor aleatório $\mathbf{Y} = [Y_1 \ Y_2 \ Y_3]^T$.

Uniforme $[0, 3]$:



$$E[X_1] = E[X_2] = \int_0^3 \frac{1}{3} x \, dx = \frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_0^3 = \frac{9}{2} = 4.5$$
$$E[Y_3] = E[X_1] \cdot E[X_2] = 9/4$$

vetor média $\bar{\mu}_Y = E[\mathbf{Y}]$:

$$E[\mathbf{Y}] = [3 \ 3 \ 9/4] \Rightarrow E[\mathbf{Y}]^T = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \\ 9/4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} E[Y_1] \\ E[Y_2] \\ E[Y_3] \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} E[X_1^2] \\ E[X_2^2] \\ E[X_1 \cdot X_2] \end{bmatrix}$$

$$E[X_1^2] = \int_0^3 \frac{1}{3} x^2 \, dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \cdot \left[\frac{x^3}{3} \right]_0^3 = 3$$

$$E[X_1^2] = E[X_2^2] = 3$$

Matriz Covariância:

$$E[X_1^4] = \frac{1}{3} \int_0^3 x^4 dx$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \text{var}[Y_1] & \text{cov}[Y_1, Y_2] & \text{cov}[Y_1, Y_3] \\ \text{cov}[Y_2, Y_1] & \text{var}[Y_2] & \text{cov}[Y_2, Y_3] \\ \text{cov}[Y_3, Y_1] & \text{cov}[Y_3, Y_2] & \text{var}[Y_3] \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{81}{5} & 0 & \frac{27}{8} \\ 0 & \frac{66}{5} & \frac{27}{8} \\ \frac{27}{8} & \frac{27}{8} & \frac{63}{16} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{var}[Y_1] &= E[Y_1^2] - E[Y_1]^2 \Rightarrow E[(X_1^2)^2] - E[X_1^2]^2 \Rightarrow \\ &\Rightarrow \frac{81}{5} - 3 = \frac{81-15}{5} = \frac{66}{5} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{var}[Y_1] = \text{var}[Y_2] = \frac{66}{5}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{var}[Y_3] &= E[Y_3^2] - E[Y_3]^2 \Rightarrow E[(X_1 X_2)^2] - E[Y_3]^2 \\ &\Rightarrow E[X_1^2] \cdot E[X_2^2] - E[Y_3]^2 \Rightarrow 3 \cdot 3 - \left(\frac{9}{4}\right)^2 = 9 - \frac{81}{16} = \frac{63}{16} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{cov}[Y_1, Y_2] = \text{cov}[Y_2, Y_1] = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{cov}[Y_1, Y_3] &= E[Y_1 Y_3] - E[Y_1] \cdot E[Y_3] \Rightarrow E[X_1^2 \cdot X_1 X_2] - E[Y_3] \cdot E[X_1^2] \\ &= E[X_1^3] \cdot E[X_2] - E[Y_3] \cdot E[X_1^2] \\ &= \frac{27}{4} \cdot \frac{3}{2} - \frac{9}{4} \cdot 3 = \frac{27}{8} \end{aligned}$$

$$E[X_1^3] = \frac{1}{3} \int_0^3 x^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \left[\frac{x^4}{4} \right]_0^3$$

$$= \frac{81}{12} = \frac{27}{4}$$

$$\text{cov}[Y_1, Y_3]$$

$$= \text{cov}[Y_2, Y_3]$$

$$= \frac{27}{8}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{66}{5} & 0 & \frac{27}{8} \\ 0 & \frac{66}{5} & \frac{27}{8} \\ \frac{27}{8} & \frac{27}{8} & \frac{63}{16} \end{pmatrix} = C$$

b) Sejam $z_1 = Y_1$, $z_2 = Y_1 + Y_2$, $z_3 = Y_1 + Y_2 + Y_3$. Determine o vetor média e a matriz covariância do vetor aleatório $\vec{Z} = [z_1 \ z_2 \ z_3]^T$. Utilize a formulação matricial.

$$6 + 0/4 = \frac{24+0}{4} = \frac{33}{4}$$

$$E[\vec{Z}] = A \cdot E[\vec{Y}] + \vec{b}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} z_1 \\ z_2 \\ z_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \\ 9/4 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 6 \\ 33/4 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$E[\vec{Z}] = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 6 \\ 33/4 \end{pmatrix}$$

Matriz Covariância de \vec{Z}

$$C_Z = A \cdot C_Y \cdot A^T$$

$$C_Z = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 66/5 & 0 & 27/8 \\ 0 & 66/5 & 27/8 \\ 27/8 & 27/8 & 63/16 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Wolfram} \Rightarrow C_Z = \begin{pmatrix} 66/5 & 66/5 & 66/5 \\ 66/5 & 132/5 & 132/5 \\ 663/40 & 663/20 & 663/20 \end{pmatrix}$$