# UCS2313 - Mini Project

# Attendance Management System

An Android App

Team Members:

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1

# Contents

1. Problem statement

2.	Motivation for the problem
3.	Scope and Limitations
4.	Design of the solution (class diagram)
5.	Modules split-up
6.	Implementation specifics
7.	Output screenshots
8.	Object oriented features used

9. Inference and future extension

#### Problem Statement

Managing attendance manually poses challenges such as the manual process of taking attendance is time-consuming, requiring significant effort from educators and administrators., Human errors in manual data entry often lead to inaccuracies in attendance records, impacting the overall reliability of the system., and lack of real-time monitoring.

A small Android app using Java and Firebase is needed to automate attendance tracking for a more efficient and accurate process.

### Motivation for the Problem

Time Savings: Automating attendance with a small Android app ensures a quicker and more efficient process, freeing up valuable time for educators.

Enhanced Accuracy: Automation minimizes the potential for errors, resulting in more precise and reliable attendance records.

Immediate Updates: Real-time attendance tracking allows for instant updates, enabling administrators to promptly address any attendance-related concerns.

**User-Friendly Solution:** A small Android app, designed with a user-friendly interface, caters to the ease of use for teachers and students.

Secure Data Management: Leveraging Firebase for data storage not only ensures security but also provides convenient accessibility to authorized users.

Scalable Solution: The small-scale nature of the app makes it a practical and cost-effective solution, particularly suitable for smaller educational institutions or organizations.

### Scope and Limitations

#### Scope:

#### User Authentication:

The app provides secure user authentication, ensuring that only authorized teachers and students can access their respective functionalities.

#### Teacher Functionalities:

Teachers can log in using their credentials, access options like adding and deleting students, taking attendance, viewing attendance, and logging out.

The attendance-taking feature allows teachers to mark students as present or absent and save the attendance data.

#### Student Functionalities:

Students can log in using their credentials and view their attendance, including the number of days present and absent.

#### New Teacher Registration:

New teachers can register by providing necessary details, expanding the app's user base.

#### Data Storage with Firebase:

Utilizing Firebase ensures secure and scalable data storage, allowing efficient management of user details, attendance records, and other relevant information.

#### Limitations:

#### Limited User Types:

The app is designed specifically for teachers and students, and it may not cater to other roles or administrative staff.

#### Single Authentication Mode:

The app currently supports basic username-password authentication. More advanced authentication methods, such as two-factor authentication, are not implemented.

#### Offline Access:

The app may require an internet connection for real-time data synchronization with Firebase. Offline access and synchronization are not currently implemented.

#### Attendance Modification:

Once attendance is saved, there may be limitations in modifying or correcting the recorded data. A feature for post-submission modifications is not explicitly included

# Design of the solution (class diagram)

#### MainStudent

- button1 : Button
- textView1 : TextView textView2 : TextView
- textView3: TextView
- subj : TextInputEditText progressBar : ProgressBar
- fetchAttendanceData(): void
- + onCreate(Bundle) : void

- editTextEmail: TextInputEditText
- editTextPassword: TextInputEditText
- buttonLogin: Button
- mAuth: FirebaseAuth
- progressBar: ProgressBar
- textView1: TextView
- textView2: TextView
- + onStart(): void
- + onCreate(Bundle): void

#### add\_Student

- btn: Button
- mAuth: FirebaseAuth
- editTextName: EditText editTextEmail: TextInputEditText
- editTextRollno: EditText
- progressBar: ProgressBar
- + onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle): void
- + onClick(View v) : void

#### MainTeacher

- recyclerView: RecyclerView
- quantityAdapter: QuantityAdapter
- email: String
- name: String
- type: String
- sourceList: List<String>
- mRecyclerView: RecyclerView
- mLayoutManager: RecyclerView.LayoutManager
- mAdapter: Adapter
- rno: int
- presentStudents: TextInputEditText
- mAuth: FirebaseAuth
- back1: Button
- + onCreate(Bundle): void
- fetchUserData(): void
- fetchStudentData(): void fetchStudentData(int): void
- + getData(View): void
- convertListToMap(List<String>): Map<String, Object>

#### MainActivity

- editTextEmail: TextInputEditText
- editTextPassword: TextInputEditText
- Ibutton: Button
- mbutton: Button
- auth: FirebaseAuth user: FirebaseUser
- progressBar: ProgressBar
- textView1: TextView
- textView2: TextView
- textView3: TextView
- + onCreate(Bundle) : void

#### takeAttendance

- recyclerView: RecyclerView
- quantityAdapter: QuantityAdapter email: String
- name: String
- type: String sourceList: List<String>
- mRecyclerView: RecyclerView
- mLayoutManager: RecyclerView.LayoutManager
- mAdapter: Adapter
- rno: int
- presentStudents: TextInputEditText
- mAuth: FirebaseAuth
- + onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle)
- + fetchUserData(): void
- + fetchStudentData(): void
- + fetchStudentData(studentIndex: int): void
- + getData(view: View): void + convertListToMap(list: List<String>): Map<String, Object>

- getTeacherData
- email: String
- name: String
- type: String
- rno: int
- udetails: Map<String, Object>
- + getAttendanceData(): Map<String, Object>

#### readWriteDetails

- fname: String
- type: String
- + readWriteDetails(String, String)
- + getFname(): String
- + getType(): String

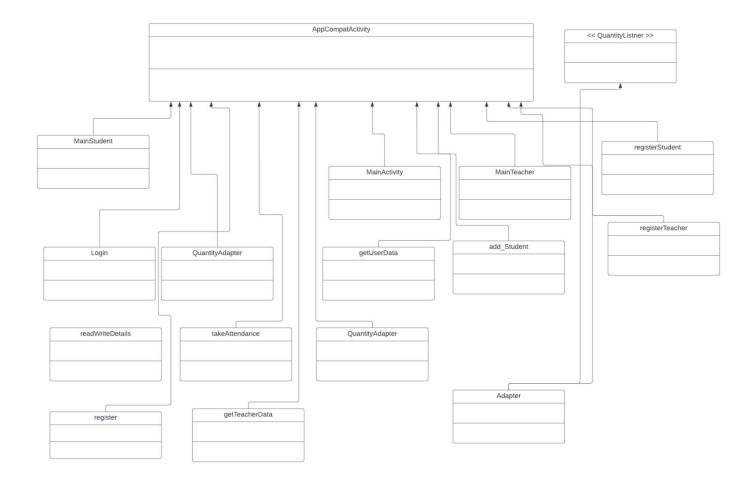
#### getUserData

- email: String
- name: String
- type: String
- + getUserData(FirebaseFirestore, FirebaseUser): void

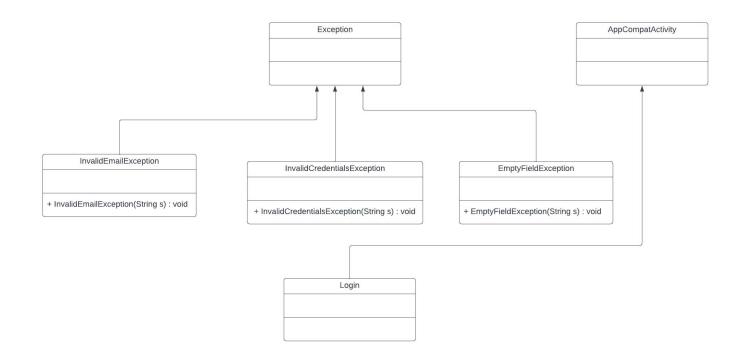
- + getData(view: View): void
- + convertListToMap(list: List<String>):

Map<String, Object>

# App(Main)



# Exception Handling



# Modules split-up

#### Authentication Module:

The Authentication Module oversees the validation of user credentials, including the username and password. It manages the login process for both teachers and students, ensuring secure access to the application. Additionally, this module facilitates the registration process, allowing new teachers to join the system.

#### Teacher Dashboard Module:

The Teacher Dashboard Module is responsible for presenting options to teachers upon successful login. Teachers can seamlessly perform actions such as adding students, deleting students, taking attendance, viewing attendance records, and logging out through a user-friendly interface.

#### Attendance Management Module:

This module streamlines the attendance-taking process for teachers. It provides an intuitive interface to view the list of students, mark attendance using checkboxes, and ultimately save the attendance data securely.

#### View Attendance Module:

The View Attendance Module empowers teachers to inspect the attendance records of individual students. It displays the number of days each student is present and absent, offering valuable insights into student attendance patterns.

#### Student Dashboard Module:

Tailored for students, this module enables them to log in and access their attendance details, revealing the number of days present and absent. The Student Dashboard Module ensures a personalized and informative experience.

#### New Teacher Registration Module:

The New Teacher Registration Module facilitates the onboarding of new teachers by allowing them to register with the system. It manages the collection of necessary details and the addition of new teacher profiles.

#### User Interface (UI) Module:

The UI Module plays a pivotal role in designing and implementing a visually appealing and user-friendly interface. It covers the graphical elements of login screens, dashboards, and attendance-related pages to enhance the overall user experience.

#### Data Storage Module (Firebase Integration):

The Data Storage Module integrates the application with Firebase, ensuring secure and scalable data storage. It handles the storage and retrieval of user credentials, attendance records, and other pertinent information.

#### Logout Module:

The Logout Module ensures a secure logout mechanism for teachers, safeguarding user accounts and enhancing overall system security.

#### Error Handling Module:

This module manages errors that may arise during various processes, such as login, registration, and attendance management. It provides informative error messages to guide users through potential issues.

## Implementation specifies

#### 1. Authentication Module:

#### Implementation Details:

- Utilize Firebase Authentication for secure user authentication.
- Implement functions to validate login credentials.
- Design user interfaces for login and registration screens.

#### 2. Teacher Dashboard Module:

#### Implementation Details:

- Create a teacher dashboard with options to add students, delete students, take attendance, view attendance, and logout.

- Implement responsive buttons and navigation for seamless user interaction.

#### 3. Attendance Management Module:

#### Implementation Details:

- Fetch student list from the database for attendance marking.
- Design a user interface with checkboxes for teachers to mark attendance.
- Implement functions to save attendance data securely to Firebase.

#### 4. View Attendance Module:

#### Implementation Details:

- Develop a page to display individual student attendance records.
- Fetch and present attendance data from Firebase.
- Design a user-friendly interface to visualize attendance details.

#### 5. Student Dashboard Module:

#### Implementation Details:

- + Create a student dashboard with a login screen.
- + Display the number of days present and absent for individual students.
- + Fetch and present attendance data from Firebase.

#### 6. New Teacher Registration Module:

#### Implementation Details:

- + Develop a registration screen for new teachers.
- + Implement functions to validate and store new teacher details in Firebase.
- + Ensure secure storage of sensitive information.

#### 7. User Interface (UI) Module:

#### Implementation Details:

- Design visually appealing UI elements for a positive user experience.
- Ensure consistency in design across different screens.
- Implement responsive layouts for various device sizes.

#### 8. Data Storage Module (Firebase Integration):

#### Implementation Details:

- Integrate Firebase for secure data storage.
- Implement functions to store and retrieve user credentials, attendance records, and related information.
- Ensure proper handling of data synchronization.

#### 9. Logout Module:

#### Implementation Details:

- Create a secure logout mechanism for teachers.
- Implement functions to clear user authentication tokens.
- Provide user feedback upon successful logout.

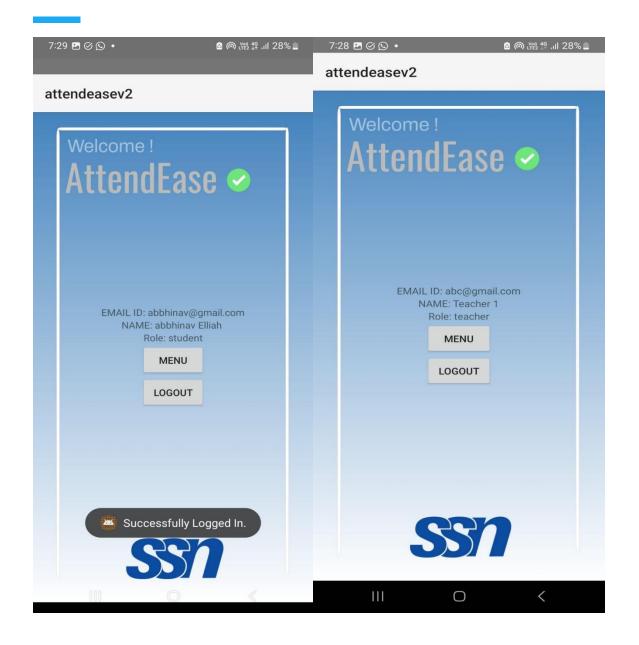
#### 10. Error Handling Module:

#### Implementation Details:

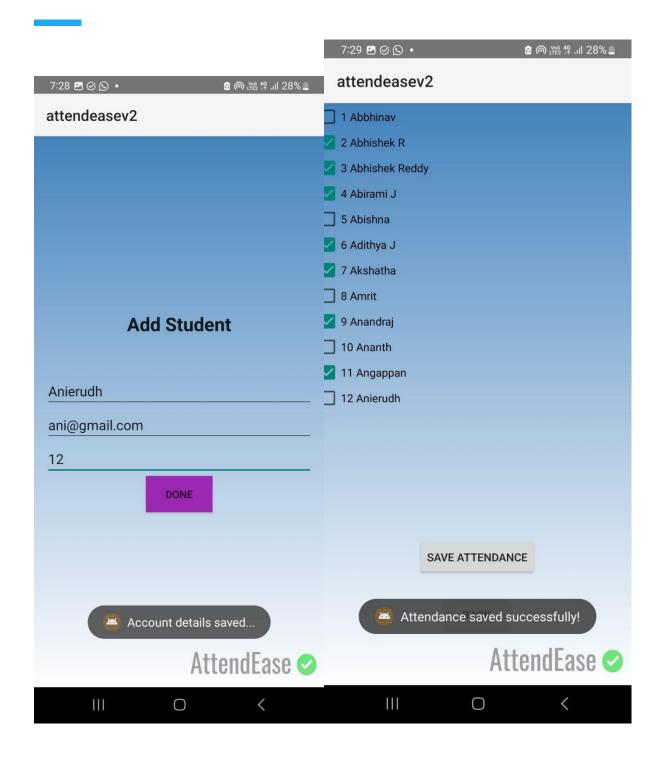
- Develop error handling mechanisms for login, registration, and attendance management processes.
- Present informative error messages to guide users through potential issues.
- Implement error logging for system administrators.

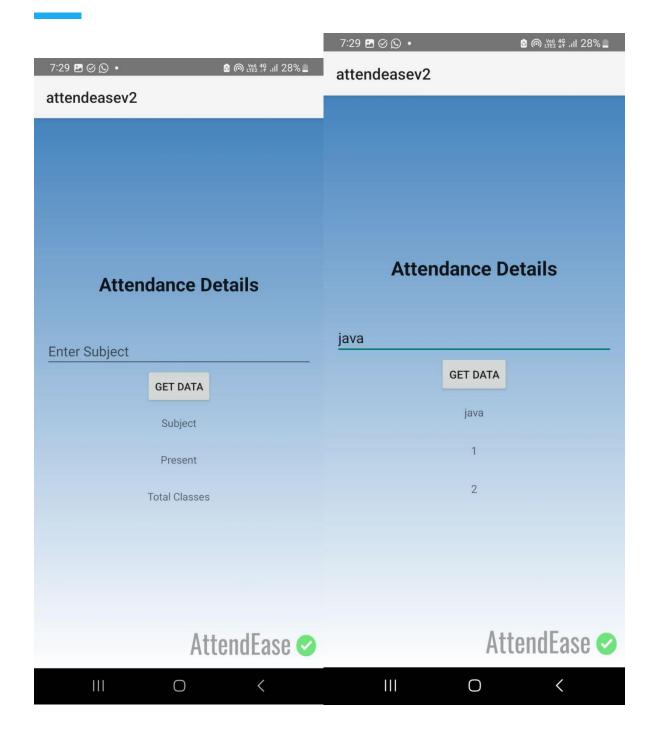
# Output Screenshots











# Object oriented features used

#### 1. Class Abstraction:

#### Usage:

#### Teacher Class:

Attributes: username, password, teacherID, subjectTaught.

Methods: login(), addStudent(), deleteStudent(), takeAttendance(), viewAttendance().

#### Student Class:

Attributes: username, password, studentID, attendanceRecord.

Methods: login(), viewAttendance().

#### 2. Encapsulation:

#### Usage:

Hide the internal details of classes from the outside world.

For example, the implementation details of the login method within the User class are encapsulated.

#### 3. Inheritance:

#### Usage:

AppCompatActivity (Base Class):

Attributes: username, password.

Methods: login().

Teacher Class (Derived from AppCompatActivity):

Inherits from User and adds attributes and methods specific to teachers.

Student Class (Derived from AppCompatActivity):

Inherits from User and adds attributes and methods specific to students.

#### 4. Polymorphism:

#### Usage:

#### Attendance Class:

A mainActivity() method is polymorphic, providing different implementations for teachers and students.

#### User Class:

The login() method can behave differently for teachers and students.

#### 5. Association:

#### Usage:

#### Teacher Class:

Associated with multiple instances of the Student class to represent the students in their class.

#### Attendance Class:

Associated with both Teacher and Student classes to establish a link between attendance records and users.

#### 6. Encapsulation of Data:

#### Usage:

#### Private Attributes:

Encapsulate sensitive data such as passwords within classes using the private access modifier.

#### Public Methods:

Expose public methods for controlled access to data.

#### 7. Abstraction of Methods:

#### Usage:

#### Abstract Class (User):

Contains abstract methods like login() that are implemented differently in derived classes.

#### 8. Constructor Overloading:

#### Usage:

#### User Class:

- Multiple constructors to allow initialization with different sets of parameters.

#### Teacher Class and Student Class:

- Constructors to set specific attributes during object creation.

#### 9. Method Overloading:

#### Usage:

#### Attendance Class:

- Overloaded methods to handle different scenarios of saving attendance data.

#### 10. Interfaces:

#### Usage:

#### UserInterface:

- Defines methods that the adapter class implements.

## Inference and future extension

#### 1. Inference:

- + The attendance management app successfully addresses the manual tracking challenges faced by educational institutions.
- + User-centric design provides teachers and students with intuitive interfaces, streamlining daily activities.

- + Object-oriented features contribute to a modular, maintainable, and scalable codebase.
- + Abstraction ensures a clear separation of concerns, enhancing code readability and reducing complexity.
- + The application promotes data encapsulation, safeguarding sensitive information like passwords.
- + Inheritance and polymorphism facilitate code reuse and accommodate diverse user roles.

#### 2. Future Extensions:

#### Notification Feature:

- + Integrate the `NotificationService` interface to send alerts on low attendance, upcoming events, or system updates.
- + Implement push notifications for real-time communication between the app and users.

#### Enhanced Reporting:

- + Develop comprehensive reporting functionalities for teachers and administrators to analyze attendance trends.
- + Include graphical representations and statistical insights for better data interpretation.

#### User Authentication Enhancements:

- + Implement multi-factor authentication to enhance the security of user accounts.
- + Explore biometric authentication options for a seamless login experience.

#### Data Analytics Integration:

+ Integrate data analytics tools to derive actionable insights from attendance records.

+ Analyze patterns to identify potential areas for improvement in attendance management.

#### Gamification Elements:

- + Introduce gamification elements to encourage student engagement with the app.
- + Implement rewards or badges for regular attendance or achievement milestones.

#### Cloud Integration:

- + Explore cloud-based storage solutions to ensure data accessibility and scalability.
- + Implement periodic data backups to prevent data loss and facilitate disaster recovery.

#### Cross-Platform Compatibility:

- + Extend the app's compatibility to other platforms, such as iOS, to reach a broader audience.
- + Utilize frameworks like Flutter or React Native for cross-platform development.

#### Offline Mode:

- Implement an offline mode to allow users to access essential functionalities even without an internet connection.
- Synchronize data seamlessly when the connection is restored.

#### Integration with Learning Management Systems (LMS):

- Establish integration with existing LMS platforms to streamline administrative processes.
- Ensure seamless data flow between the attendance app and other educational tools.

#### Internationalization and Localization:

- Incorporate internationalization features to support multiple languages.
- Provide localization options to cater to diverse user bases worldwide.

#### Continuous User Feedback:

- Integrate a feedback mechanism to collect user opinions and suggestions for ongoing improvements.
- Regularly update the app based on user feedback to enhance user satisfaction.

The future extension possibilities outlined above aim to enrich the application's functionality, usability, and overall user experience. By staying adaptable to emerging technologies and user needs, the attendance management app can continue to evolve as an indispensable tool for educational institutions.