

# Derivation of Semi-Supervised Learning using Expectation Maximization and Gaussian Mixture Model

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## 1 Notation

$$N_u = \text{Number of unsupervised samples} \quad (1)$$

$$N_s = \text{Number of supervised samples} \quad (2)$$

$$N = N_u + N_s \quad (3)$$

$$K = \text{Number of clusters} \quad (4)$$

$$x = \{x_{1_s}, x_{2_s}, \dots x_{N_s}, x_{1_u}, x_{2_u}, \dots x_{N_u}\} \quad (5)$$

$$s = \{s_1, s_2, \dots s_K\} \quad (6)$$

$$\text{where each } s \text{ is a one-hot vector for the correct class} \quad (7)$$

$$r = \{r_1, r_2, \dots r_K\} \quad (8)$$

$$\Theta = \{\pi, \mu, \Sigma\} \quad (9)$$

$$\pi = \{\pi_1, \pi_2, \dots \pi_K\} \quad (10)$$

$$\mu = \{\mu_1, \mu_2, \dots \mu_K\} \quad (11)$$

$$\Sigma = \{\Sigma_1, \Sigma_2, \dots \Sigma_K\} \quad (12)$$

$$S_k = \sum_i^{N_s} s_{ik} \quad (13)$$

$$R_k = \sum_i^{N_s} r_{ik} \quad (14)$$

## 2 Objective

$$L(\Theta) = \sum_i^{N_s} \ln f(x_i, y_i) + \sum_i^{N_u} \ln f(x_i) \quad (15)$$

$$\ln f(x_i, y_i) = \sum_k^K s_k \ln \pi_k \mathcal{N}(x|\mu_k, \Sigma_k) \quad (16)$$

$$\ln f(x_i) = \sum_k^K r_k \ln \pi_k \mathcal{N}(x|\mu_k, \Sigma_k) \quad (17)$$

## 3 E step

$$P(y_i = k, x|\Theta) = \pi_k \mathcal{N}(x, \mu_k, \Sigma_k) \quad (18)$$

$$P(y_i = k|x, \Theta) = r_k = \frac{\pi_k \mathcal{N}(x|\mu_k, \Sigma_k)}{\sum_j^K \pi_j \mathcal{N}(x|\mu_j, \Sigma_j)} \quad (19)$$

## 4 M step

### 4.1 M step for $\pi$

$$\arg \max_{\pi} L(\Theta) = \sum_i^{N_s} \sum_k^K s_{ik} \ln(\pi_k \mathcal{N}(x_i | \mu_k, \Sigma_k)) + \quad (20)$$

$$\sum_i^{N_u} \sum_k^K r_{ik} \ln(\pi_k \mathcal{N}(x_i | \mu_k, \Sigma_k)) \quad (21)$$

$$= \sum_i^{N_s} \left( \sum_k^K s_{ik} \ln \pi_k + \sum_k^K s_{ik} \ln \mathcal{N}(x_i | \mu_k, \Sigma_k) \right) + \quad (22)$$

$$\sum_i^{N_u} \left( \sum_k^K r_{ik} \ln \pi_k + \sum_k^K r_{ik} \ln \mathcal{N}(x_i | \mu_k, \Sigma_k) \right) \quad (23)$$

$$= \sum_k^K S_k \ln \pi_k + \sum_k^K R_k \ln \pi_k + C \quad (24)$$

$$= (N) \left( \sum_k^K \frac{S_k}{N} \ln \pi_k + \sum_k^K \frac{R_k}{N} \ln \pi_k \right) \quad (25)$$

$$= (N) \sum_k^K \left( \frac{S_k + R_k}{N} \right) \ln \pi_k \quad (26)$$

$$\leq (N) \sum_k^K \left( \frac{S_k + R_k}{N} \right) \ln \frac{S_k + R_k}{N} \quad (27)$$

$$\pi_k = \frac{S_k + R_k}{N} \quad (28)$$

## 4.2 M step for $\mu$

$$\frac{dL}{d\mu_k} = \sum_i^{N_s} s_{ik} \frac{d}{d\mu_k} (\ln \mathcal{N}(x_i | \mu_k, \Sigma_k)) + \quad (29)$$

$$\sum_i^{N_u} r_{ik} \frac{d}{d\mu_k} (\ln \mathcal{N}(x_i | \mu_k, \Sigma_k)) \quad (30)$$

$$\ln \mathcal{N}(x | \mu, \Sigma) = -\frac{d}{2} \ln 2\pi - \frac{1}{2} \ln |\Sigma| - \frac{1}{2} (x - \mu)^T \Sigma^{-1} (x - \mu) \quad (31)$$

$$\frac{d}{d\mu} = \Sigma^{-1} (x - \mu) \quad (32)$$

$$\frac{dL}{d\mu_k} = \sum_i^{N_s} s_{ik} \Sigma_k^{-1} (x_i - \mu_k) + \sum_i^{N_u} r_{ik} \Sigma_k^{-1} (x_i - \mu_k) \quad (33)$$

$$0 = \sum_i^{N_s} s_{ik} \Sigma_k^{-1} (x_i - \mu_k) + \sum_i^{N_u} r_{ik} \Sigma_k^{-1} (x_i - \mu_k) \quad (34)$$

$$0 = \sum_i^{N_s} s_{ik} (x_i - \mu_k) + \sum_i^{N_u} r_{ik} (x_i - \mu_k) \quad (35)$$

$$0 = \sum_i^{N_s} s_{ik} (x_i - \mu_k) + \sum_i^{N_u} r_{ik} (x_i - \mu_k) \quad (36)$$

$$0 = \sum_i^{N_s} s_{ik} x_i - \sum_i^{N_s} s_{ik} \mu_k + \sum_i^{N_u} r_{ik} x_i - \sum_i^{N_u} r_{ik} \mu_k \quad (37)$$

$$\mu_k (S_k + R_k) = \sum_i^{N_s} s_{ik} x_i + \sum_i^{N_u} r_{ik} x_i \quad (38)$$

$$\mu_k = \frac{\sum_i^{N_s} s_{ik} x_i + \sum_i^{N_u} r_{ik} x_i}{S_k + R_k} \quad (39)$$

### 4.3 M step for $\Sigma$

$$\frac{dL}{d\Sigma_k^{-1}} = \frac{\Sigma_k}{2} S_k - \frac{1}{2} \sum_i^{N_s} s_{ik} (x_i - \mu_k)(x_i - \mu_k)^T + \quad (40)$$

$$\frac{\Sigma_k}{2} R_k - \frac{1}{2} \sum_i^{N_u} r_{ik} (x_i - \mu_k)(x_i - \mu_k)^T \quad (41)$$

$$0 = \frac{\Sigma_k}{2} S_k - \frac{1}{2} \sum_i^{N_s} s_{ik} (x_i - \mu_k)(x_i - \mu_k)^T + \quad (42)$$

$$\frac{\Sigma_k}{2} R_k - \frac{1}{2} \sum_i^{N_u} r_{ik} (x_i - \mu_k)(x_i - \mu_k)^T \quad (43)$$

$$\frac{\Sigma_k}{2} (S_k + R_k) = \frac{1}{2} \left( \sum_i^{N_s} s_{ik} (x_i - \mu_k)(x_i - \mu_k)^T + \sum_i^{N_u} r_{ik} (x_i - \mu_k)(x_i - \mu_k)^T \right) \quad (44)$$

$$\Sigma_k = \frac{\sum_i^{N_s} s_{ik} (x_i - \mu_k)(x_i - \mu_k)^T + \sum_i^{N_u} r_{ik} (x_i - \mu_k)(x_i - \mu_k)^T}{S_k + R_k} \quad (45)$$