

Initialize a vector of length 100 with the value 1

Multiply each element by 2

C

```
int input[100];
//Initialize array
for(int i = 0; i < 100; i++){
    input[i] = 1;
}
int output[100];
//Multiply array by 2 element wise
for(int i = 0; i < 100; i++){
    output[i] = input[i] * 2;
}</pre>
```

C

```
int input[100];
//Initialize array
for(int i = 0; i < 100; i++){
    input[i] = 1;
}
int output[100];
//Multiply array by 2 element wise
for(int i = 0; i < 100; i++){
    output[i] = input[i] * 2;
}</pre>
```

#### Python + Numpy

```
import numpy as np
input = np.ones([100])
output = input * 2
```

C

```
int input[100];
//Initialize array
for(int i = 0; i < 100; i++){
    input[i] = 1;
}
int output[100];
//Multiply array by 2 element wise
for(int i = 0; i < 100; i++){
    output[i] = input[i] * 2;
}</pre>
```

#### Python + Numpy

```
import numpy as np
input = np.ones([100])
output = input * 2
```

#### Matlab

```
input = ones(100, 1);
ouptut = input .* 2;
```

### Python + TensorFlow

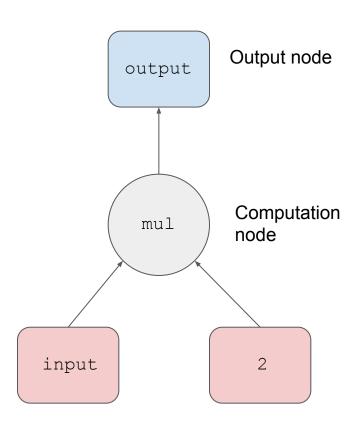
#### **Build graph**

```
import tensorflow as tf
input = tf.ones([100])
output = input * 2
>>> <tf.Tensor 'Mul:0' shape=(100,) dtype=float32>
```

### Python + TensorFlow

#### **Build graph**

```
import tensorflow as tf
input = tf.ones([100])
output = input * 2
>>> <tf.Tensor 'Mul:0' shape=(100,) dtype=float32>
```



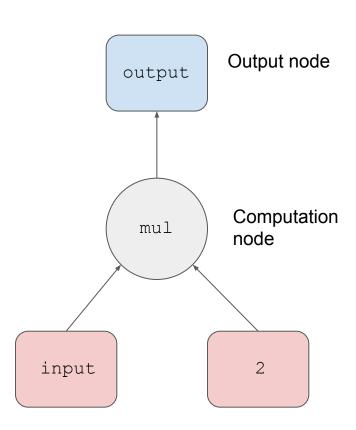
Input variables

### Python + TensorFlow

#### **Build graph**

```
import tensorflow as tf
input = tf.ones([100])
output = input * 2
>>> <tf.Tensor 'Mul:0' shape=(100,) dtype=float32>
```

#### **Evaluate graph**



Input variables

### Advantages

Hardware abstraction

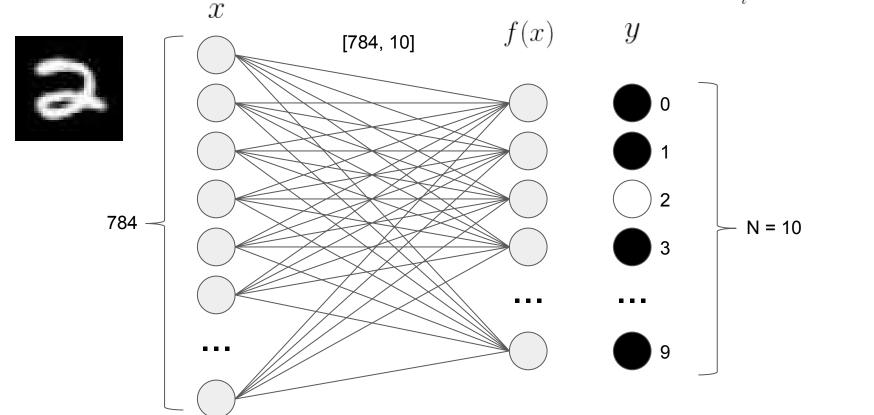
Optimizations on graph

Automatic gradient calculations

Online visualization tools

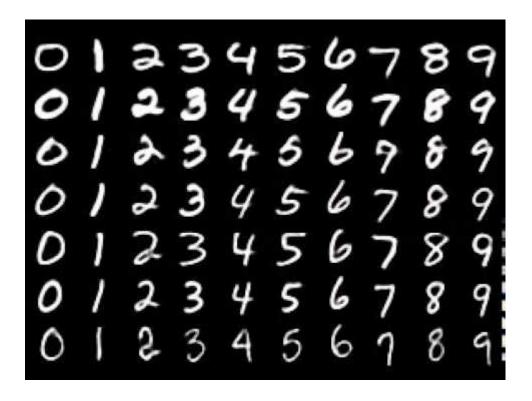
### Task

$$L = \frac{1}{2N} \sum_{i}^{N} (y_i - f(x)_i)^2$$



### **Building Graph**

import tensorflow as tf



#### **Placeholders**

```
import tensorflow as tf
inImage = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[None, 784]) #Input image is 28 x 28
gt = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[None, 10])
```

#### Variables

```
import tensorflow as tf
inImage = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[None, 784])
gt = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[None, 10])
W = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([784,10]))
b = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([10]))
```

#### Operation

```
import tensorflow as tf
inImage = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[None, 784])
gt = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[None, 10])
W = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([784,10]))
b = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([10]))
est = tf.matmul(inImage, W) + b
```

#### Operation

```
import tensorflow as tf
inImage = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[None, 784])
gt = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[None, 10])
W = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([784,10]))
b = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([10]))
est = tf.matmul(inImage, W) + b
loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(gt - est))/2
```

### Optimizer

```
import tensorflow as tf
inImage = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[None, 784])
gt = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[None, 10])
W = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([784,10]))
b = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([10]))
est = tf.matmul(inImage, W) + b
loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(gt - est))/2
opt = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(0.1).minimize(loss)
```

#### Initialization

```
import tensorflow as tf
inImage = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[None, 784])
gt = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[None, 10])
W = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([784,10]))
b = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([10]))
est = tf.matmul(inImage, W) + b
loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(gt - est))/2
opt = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(0.1).minimize(loss)
sess = tf.Session()
sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
```

#### **Evaluation**

```
import tensorflow as tf
inImage = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[None, 784])
gt = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[None, 10])
W = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([784,10]))
b = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([10]))
est = tf.matmul(inImage, W) + b
loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(gt - est))/2
opt = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(0.1).minimize(loss)
sess = tf.Session()
sess.run(tf.global variables initializer())
for i in range(1000):
   batch_input, batch_gt = mnist.train.next_batch(256)
   sess.run(opt, feed_dict={inImage: batch_input, gt: batch_gt})
```

#### **Evaluation**

```
import tensorflow as tf
inImage = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[None, 784])
gt = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[None, 10])
W = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([784,10]))
b = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([10]))
est = tf.matmul(inImage, W) + b
loss = tf.reduce mean(tf.square(gt - est))/2
opt = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(0.1).minimize(loss)
sess = tf.Session()
sess.run(tf.global variables initializer())
for i in range(1000):
   batch input, batch gt = mnist.train.next batch(256)
   sess.run(opt, feed_dict={inImage: batch_input, gt: batch_gt})
   print("Loss on step", i, ":", sess.run(loss, feed dict={inImage:batch input, gt:batch gt}))
```

# Demo

## Code

https://github.com/slundqui/TFTutorial