

1. (2 points) Draw as good as possible figure of the following exploits and how they function:

- (a) off-by-one,
- (b) heap overflow and
- (c) function pointer.

You can again use as a bases the articles from the material section: "Blended attacks..." and <http://arstechnica.com/security/2015/08/how-security-flaws-work-the-buffer-overflow/>

Buffer Overflow

First just a basic buffer overflow:

Code:

```
#include <string.h>
#include <stdio.h>

void overTurn(char *bar)
{
    float myHealth = 10.5;
    char target[28];

    printf("My Health before = %f\n", myHealth);
    printf("Attack <%s>\n", bar);

    memcpy(target, bar, strlen(bar)); // no bounds checking...

    printf("My Health after overturn = %f\n", myHealth);
}

int main(int argc, char **argv)
{
    overTurn("All your bases are belong to us");
    overTurn("All your bases are belong to Us");
    return 0;
}
```

Output:

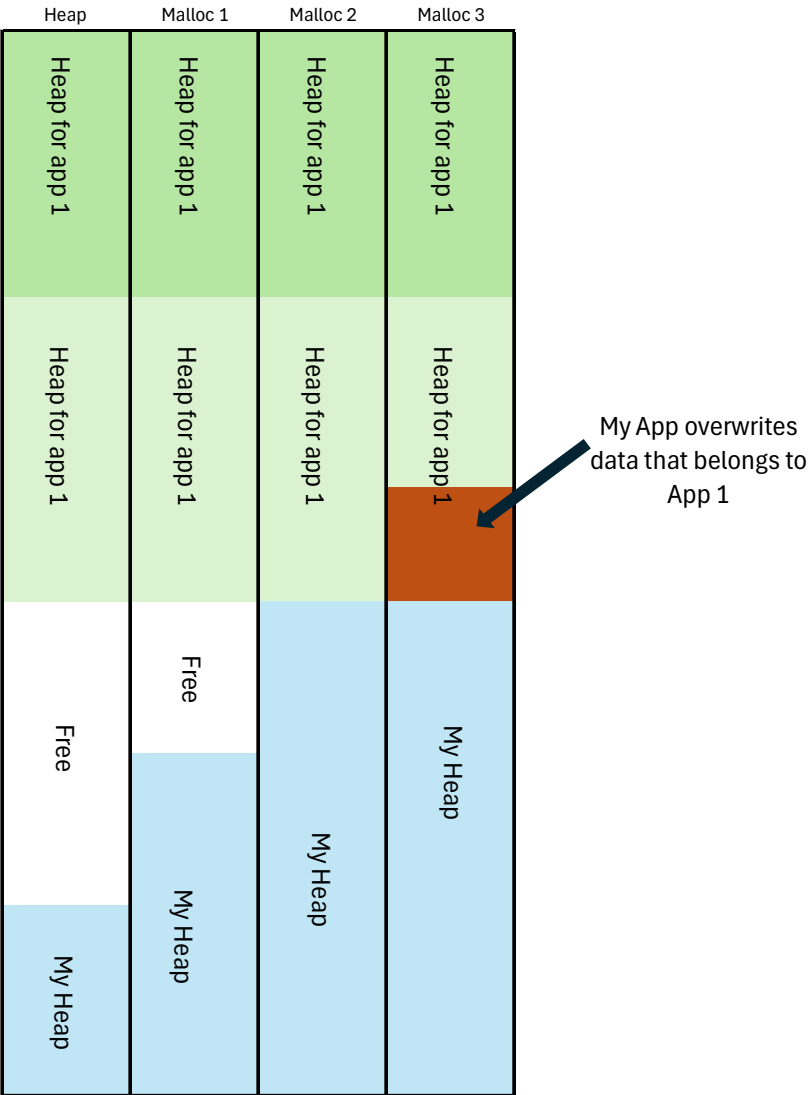
```
My Health before = 10.500000
Attack <All your bases are belong to us>
My Health after overturn = 15.216095
My Health before = 10.500000
```

Attack <All your bases are belong to Us>
My Health after overturn = 15.208282

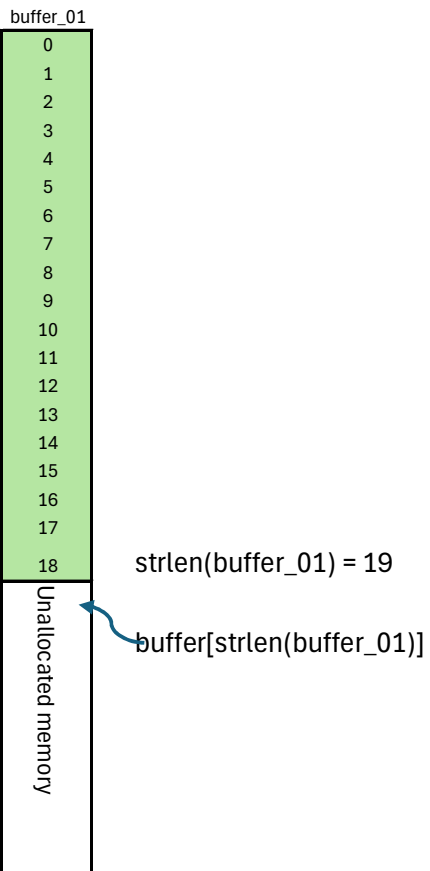
Memory Map:

orig	health (1)	attack	health (2)
-		A	
-		l	
-		l	
-			
-		y	
-		o	
-		u	
-		r	
-			
-		b	
-		a	
-		s	
-		e	
-		s	
-			
-		a	
-		r	
-		e	
-			
-		b	
-		e	
-		l	
-		o	
-		n	
-		g	
-			
-		t	
-		o	
	10,5	u	10,9
		s	

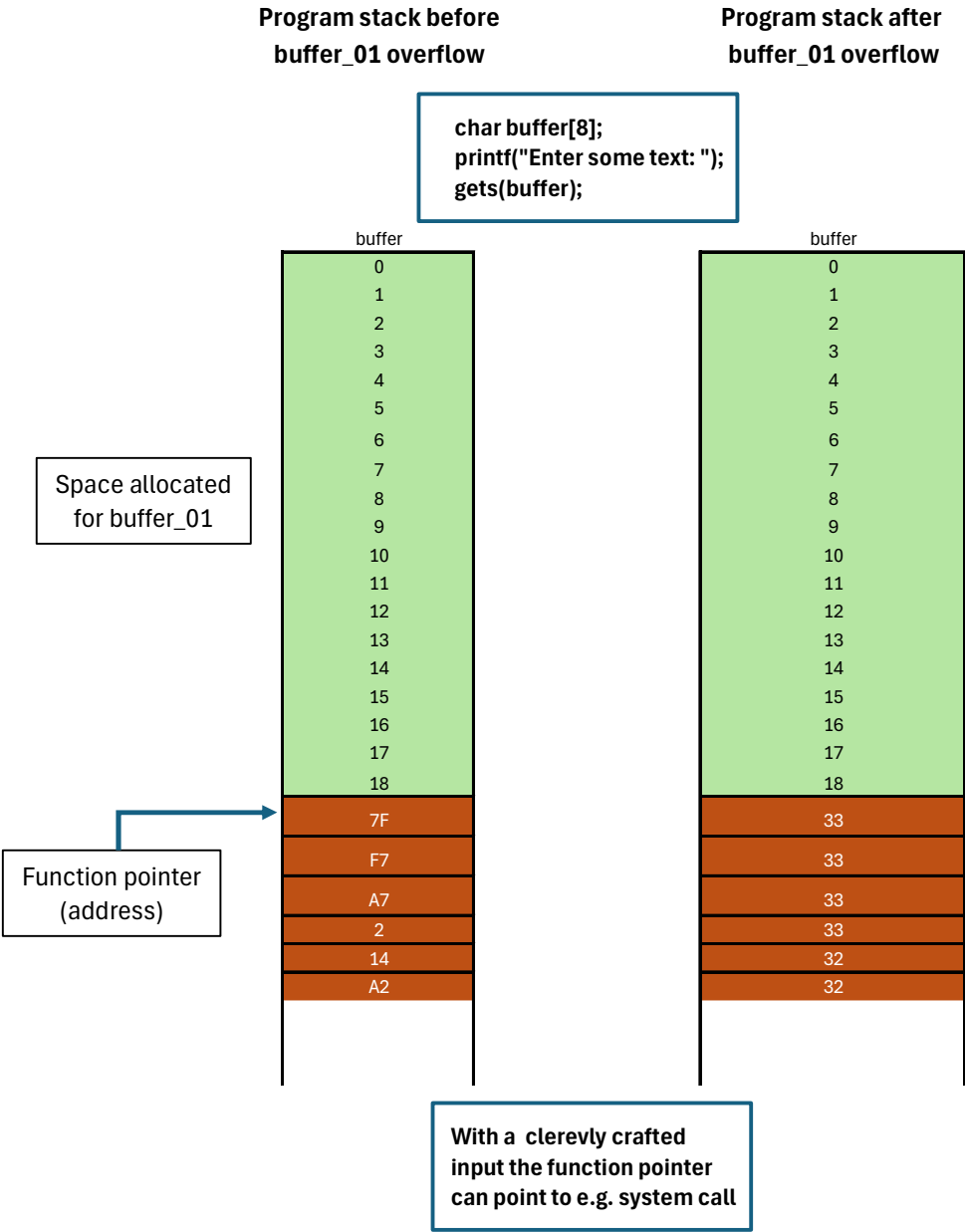
A - Heap overflow



B - Off-By-One



C - function pointer



Space allocated
for buffer_01

Function pointer
(address)

With a clerevly crafted
input the function pointer
can point to e.g. system call