

# Lessons Learnt From TA Practices

Xiao Shiliang-Shelwin (肖世良)

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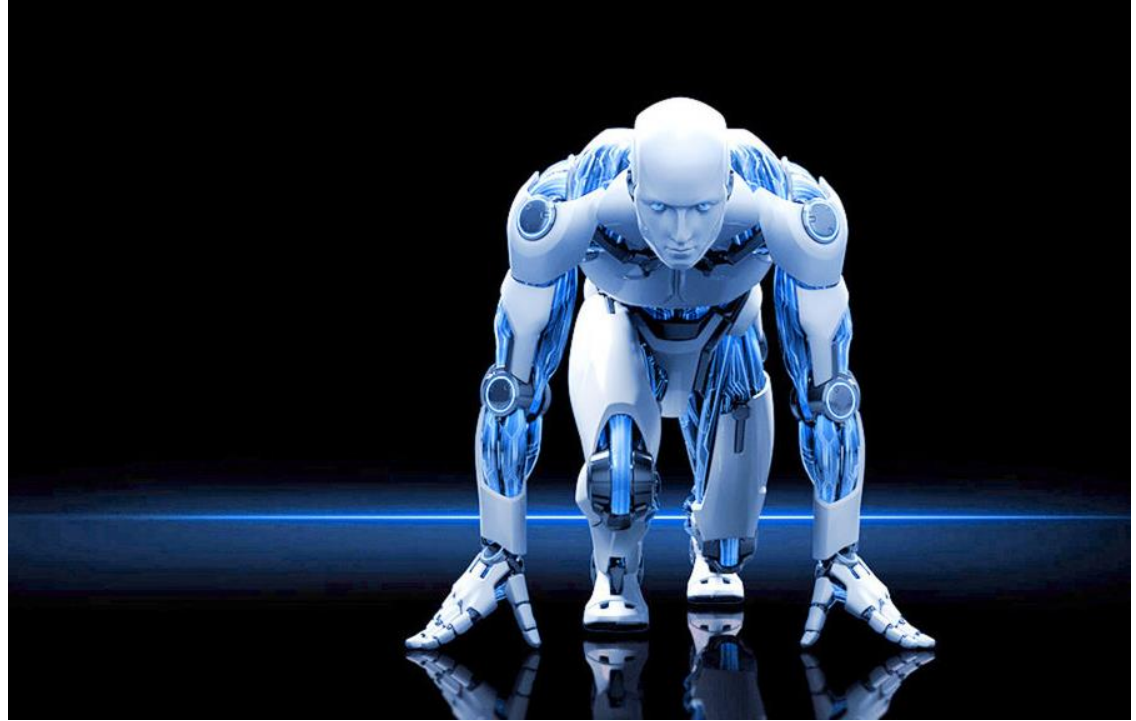
# TA: Test Automation

*“Use of special software to control the execution of software tests and the comparison of actual outcomes with predicted outcomes”*

—— Wiki

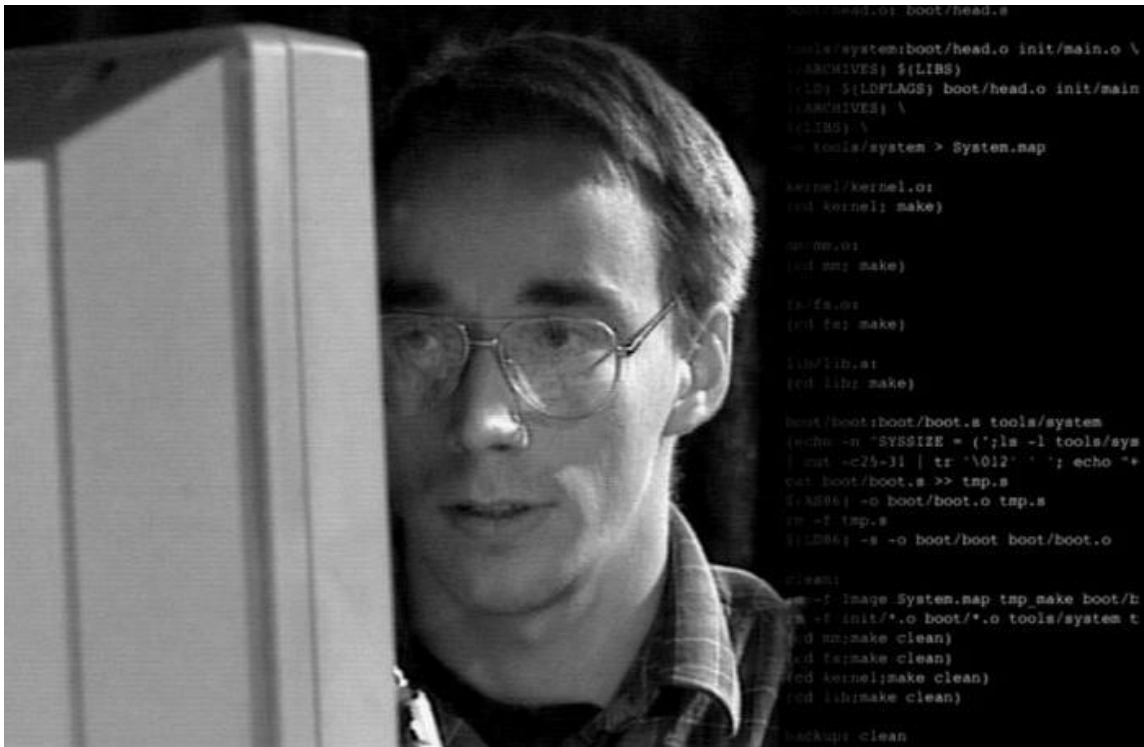
*“Let computer do software testing for human”*

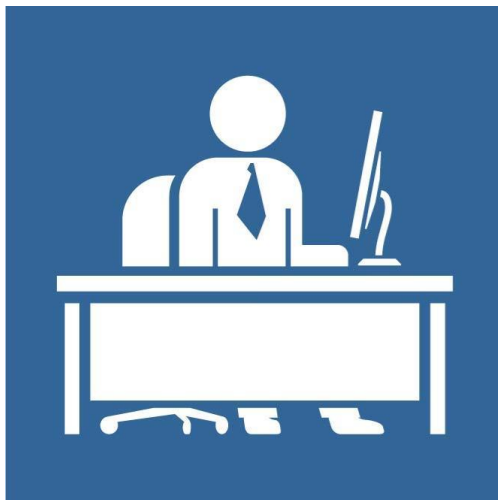
—— Somebody



# Essence of Test Automation

*Test Automation is  
Software Development*

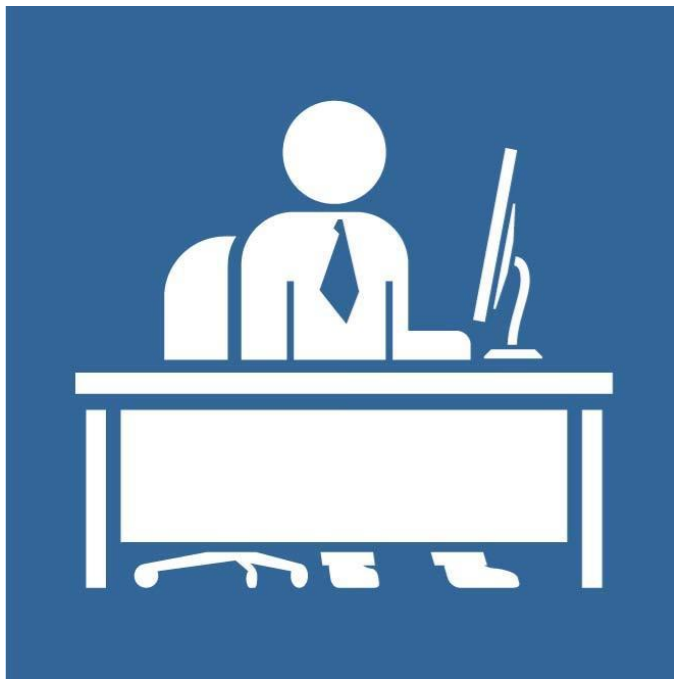




- Practice: TDLTE BTS CRT
- Practice: BTSMED ET

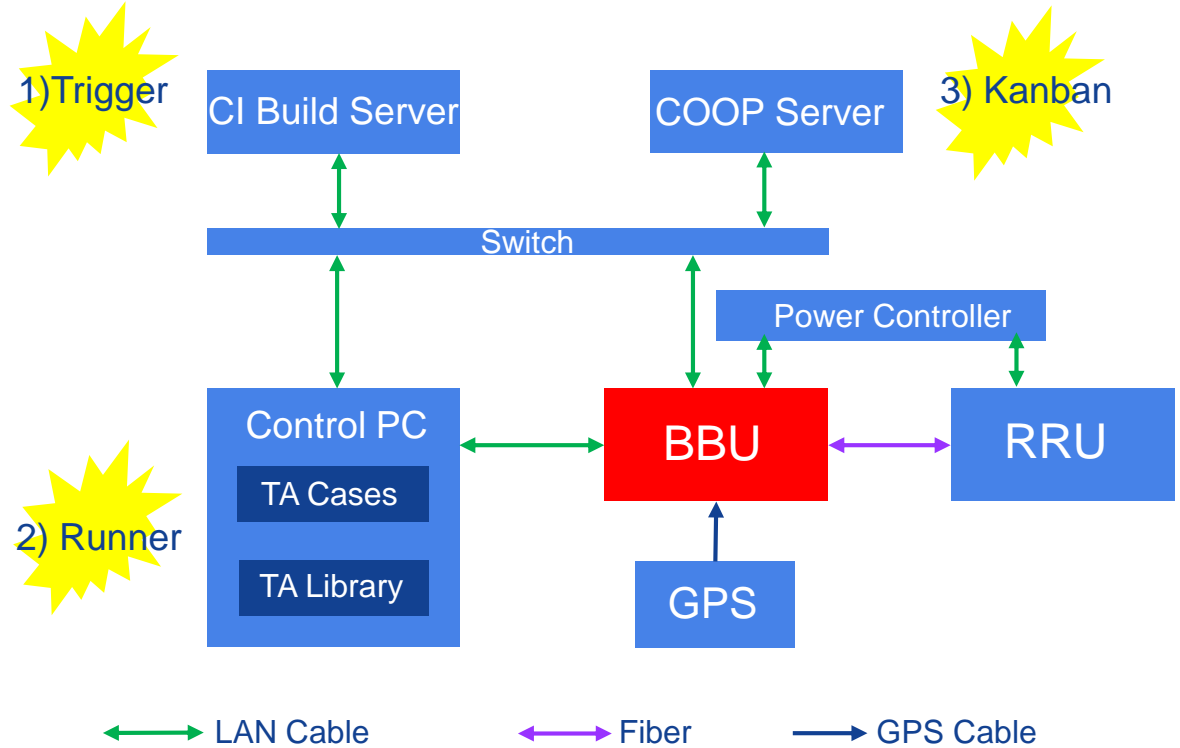


- Lesson: What a good TA is
- Lesson: How to achieve a good TA



- **Project:** TDLTE BTS CRT (Continuous Regression Testing)
- **Time:** 2016.03 — 2016.06
- **Participant:** myself

# BTS CRT



**BBU:** baseband unit    **RRU:** remote radio unit    **CI:** Continuous Integration



# Test Summary

**6**

test lines

**50+**

runs/day

**2~4**

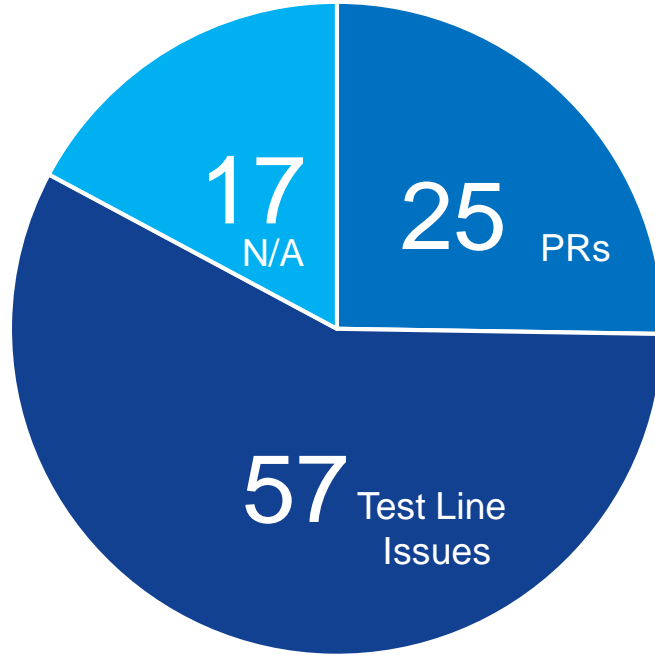
builds/day

**5000+**

runs in 3-months



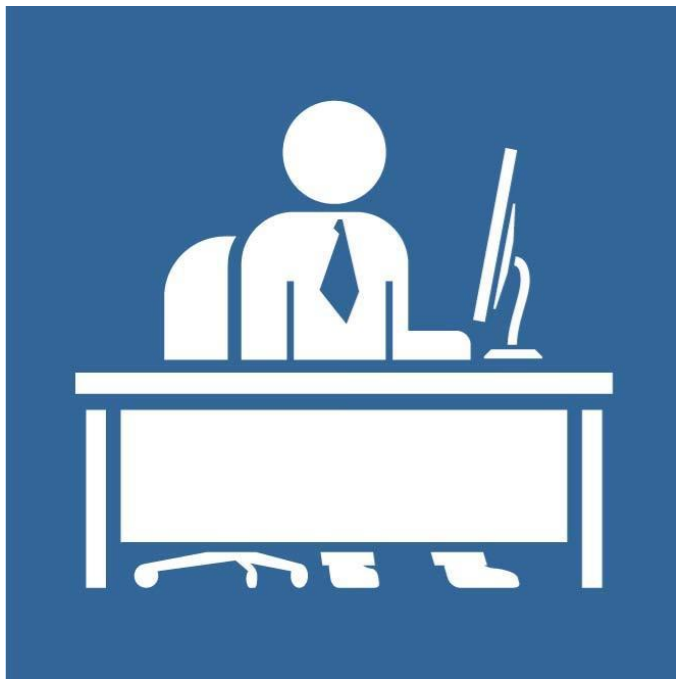
# Issue Summary





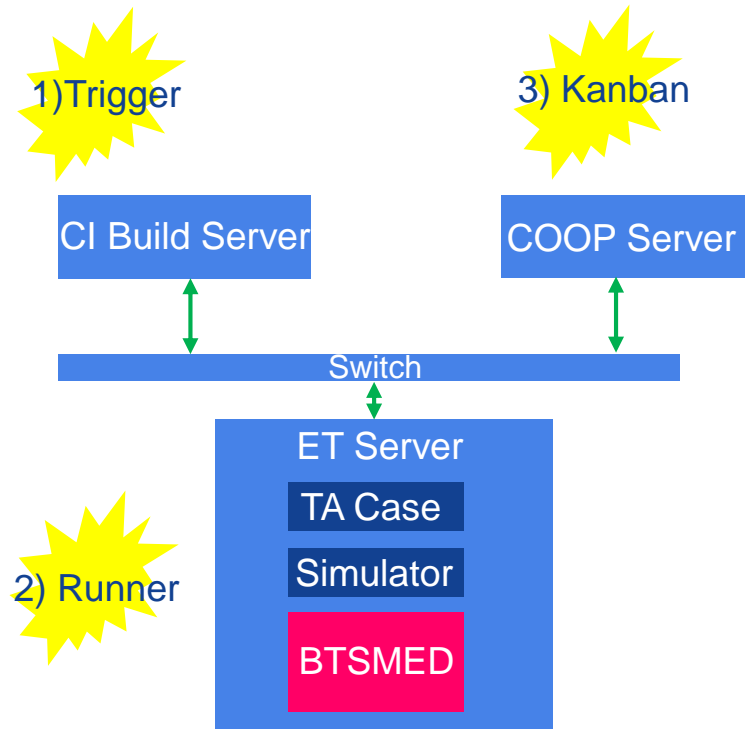
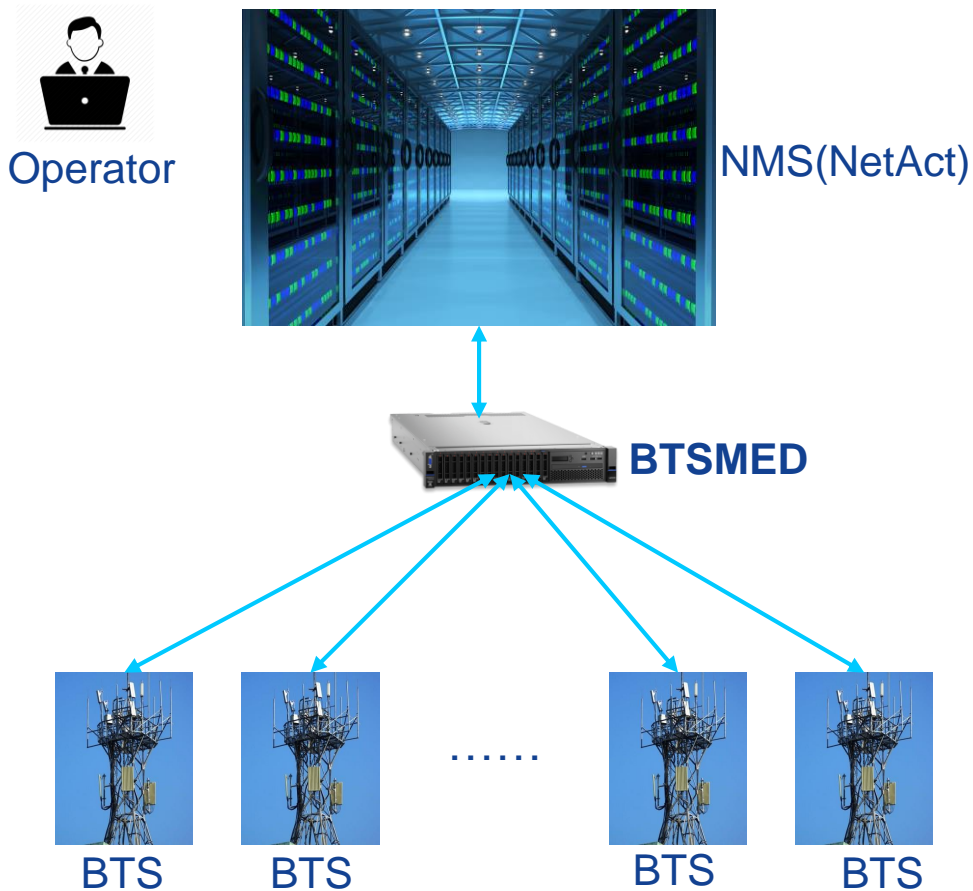
Lost in thinking .....





- **Project:** SRAN BTSMED ET (Entity Testing)
- **Time:** 2016.08 — now
- **Participants:** Dev HZ3 FV1 team, led by Ye Jason.

# BTSMED ET



# Test Summary



15

test lines

340+

runs/day



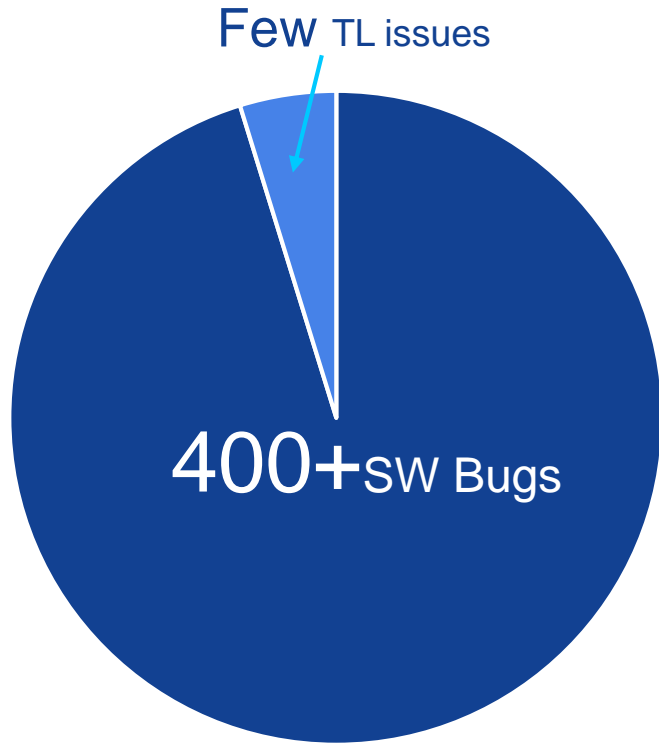
250

builds/day

5000+

runs in 1-months

# Issue Summary



Lost in thinking, again .....





***What a good TA  
is ?***



# A not-so-good TA



Cannot find SW  
bugs efficiently



Find many TA  
issues



Test ENVs are  
unstable



Test lib/cases are  
hard to maintain

*Simple & Reliable*  
*OR*  
*Efficient & Productive*



# TA Simplicity (Efficiency)

*How much **efforts** are  
needed to develop and  
maintain TA libraries and  
TA cases?*



## TA Reliability (Productivity)

*How much **confidence** do we have about that case failure is caused by SW bugs, not by TA itself?*





***How to achieve a good  
TA?***



*A few personal [P]roposals....*

**[P1] Add *TA*  
*Grooming* as part  
of software testing  
process.**





# TA Grooming



TA or not TA for  
each case?



New lib/keyword  
requirement?



Action plan

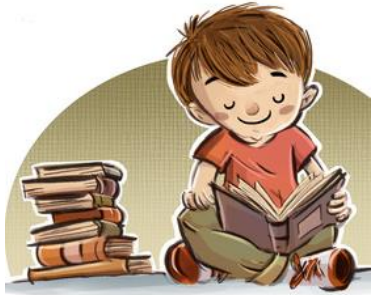


***Start TA Grooming As Early As Possible***

**[P2] Add *TA Case Review* as part of software testing process.**



# TA Case Review



Cases be as readable  
as requirement docs



All cases follow  
common paradigms



Large-screen meeting  
review



Everybody  
involved

**[P3] *Test* of Test Automation is needed, especially for TA library/tools.**





## **NBS: Newbie Simulator**

*“Simulating NetAct & SOAM BTS for BTSMED Entity Testing &  
Performance Testing”*

<http://gitlab.china.nsn-net.net/ta/nbs>

## A Good Example: NBS

1

mocked BTSMED

212

unit test cases

~20

seconds

2146

commits

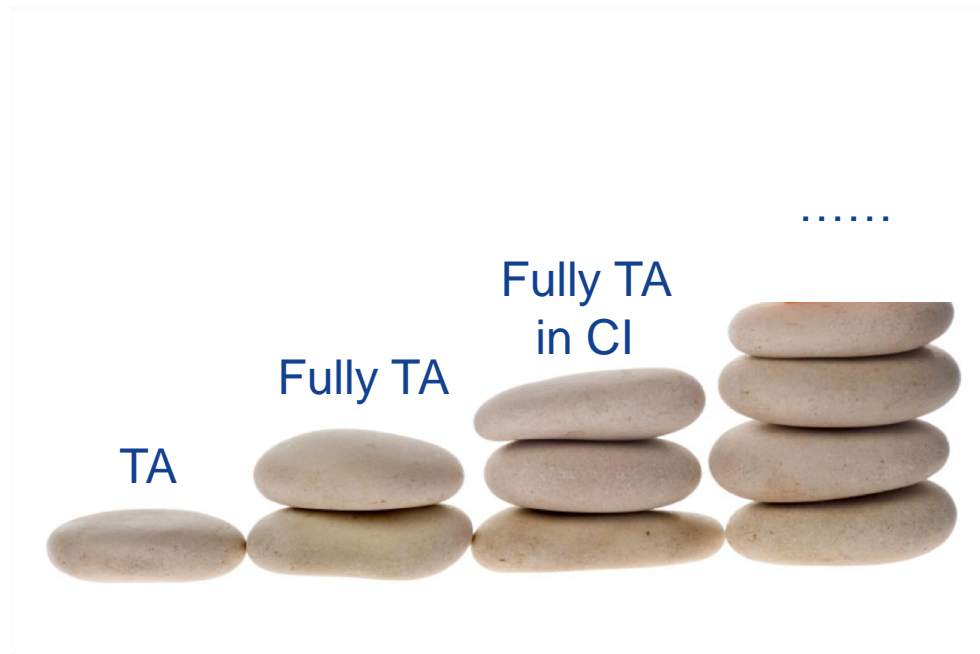
257

versions



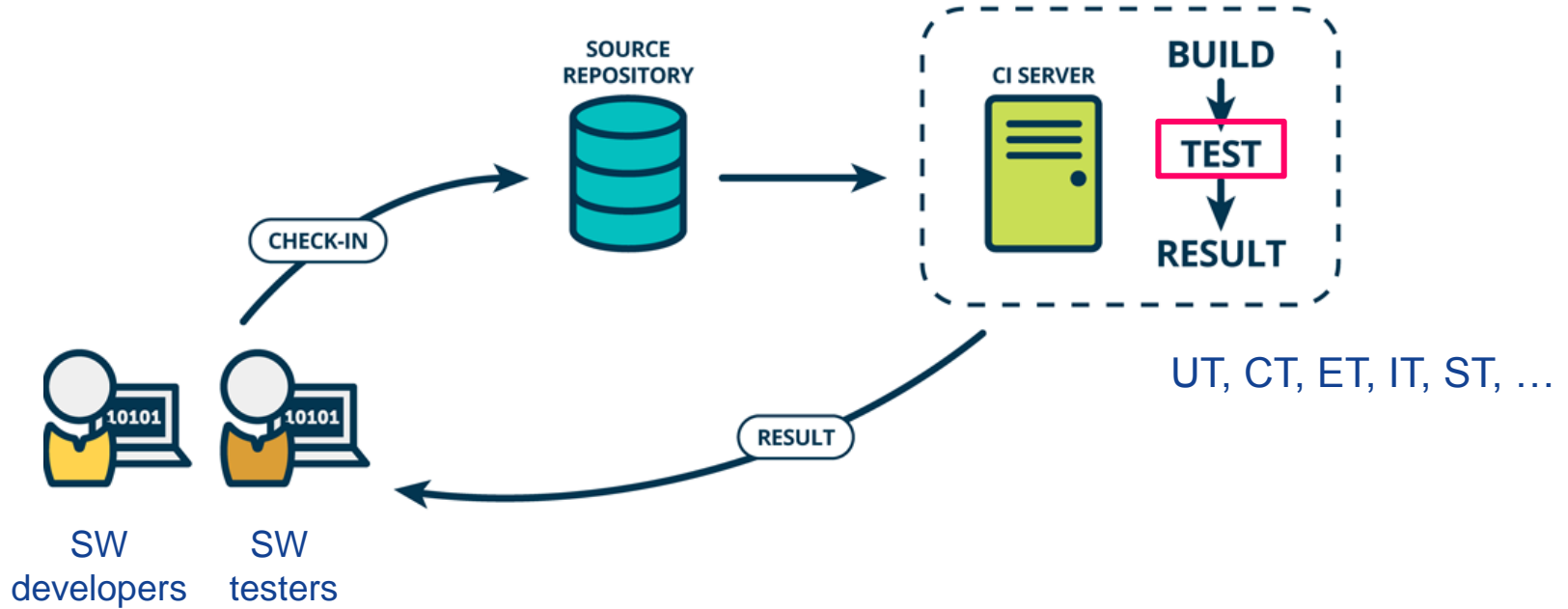
*Our response time to issue pre-check/bug fixing is in hours, NOT in days*

**[P4] Add fully automated testing into continuous integration (CI) system.**





# Add Fully TA into CI



## A more aggressive example: BTSMED ET



**NOBODY can bring change to master repository with a failed ET !**

Job name	Case Num	TL Num	Time	Rounds	Comments
Branch ET	163	15	~7 min	~250	Run on every code change quickly
Trunk ET	190	1	~40 min	~15	Run on every released build
Trunk Stress ET	190	1	~40 min	~75	Run on newest builds stressfully

But it is NEVER an easy work .....



*It is worth doing since “QUALITY MATTERS”*

**[P5] Continuously  
improve TA by  
RCA/EDA.**



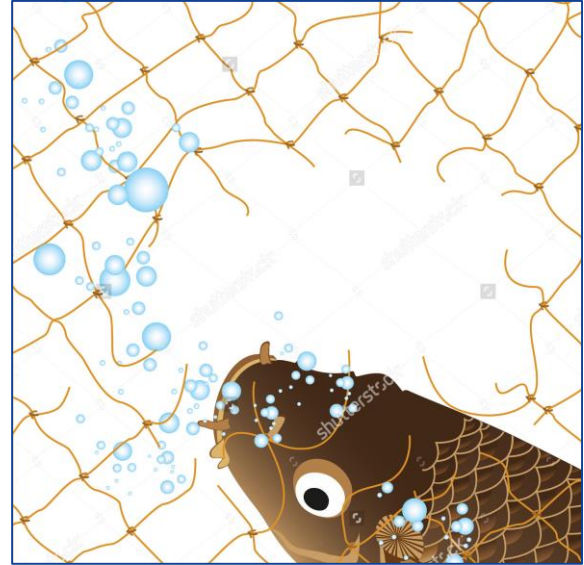
# RCA/EDA of Test Automation



1. For each issue proven to be TA bug, do RCA (root cause analysis)



***First of all, reproducing bug by changing test code***



2. For each SW bug found by post test stages, do EDA (escaped defect analysis)

**[P6] TA Left-shift:**  
invest more on  
automation of  
*early* test stages.



# Necessity(必要性) of TA Left-shift



The Google Testing Law (谷歌测试定律) :

*“As SW test proceeds(UT->CT ->IT->ST or small->medium-> large test), the **cost** of fixing a discovered SW bug increases at an **exponential** scale”.*



# Feasibility(可行性) of TA Left-shift



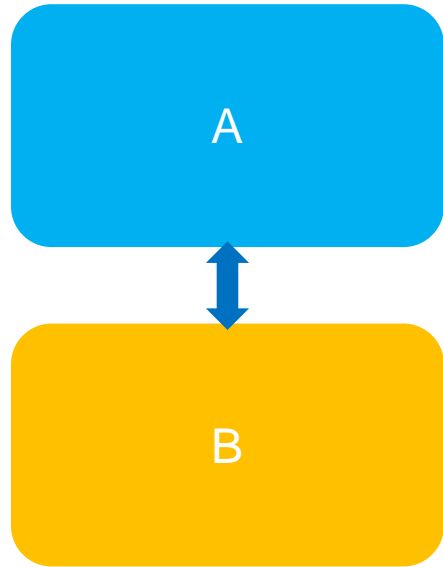
The Testing Coverage Law (测试覆盖定律) :

*“For multi-stages SW testing, any SW bug discovered at the current test stage, could have been discovered at the **former** stages by increasing or modifying one test case”*

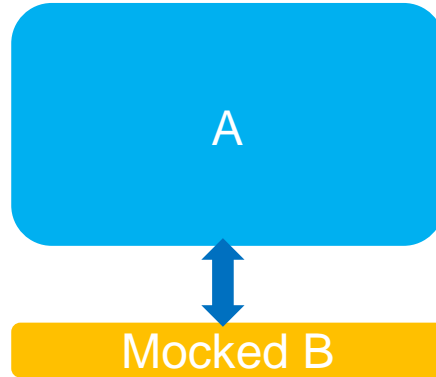
**[P7] Use Mock  
technique as much  
as possible.**



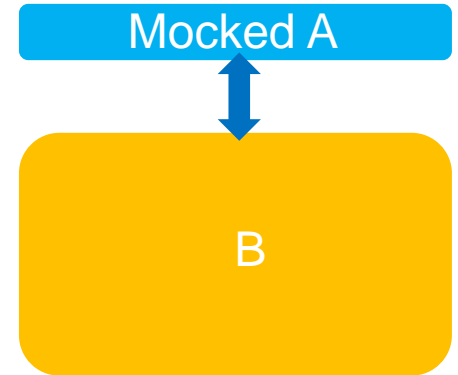
# What is Mock ?



Test Stage  $N+1$



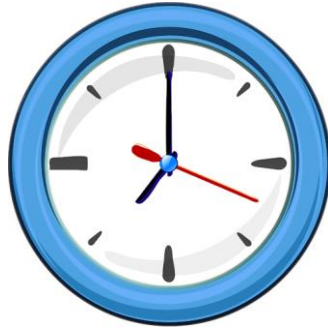
Test Stage  $N$



# Benefits of Mock



Focus on the  
tested object

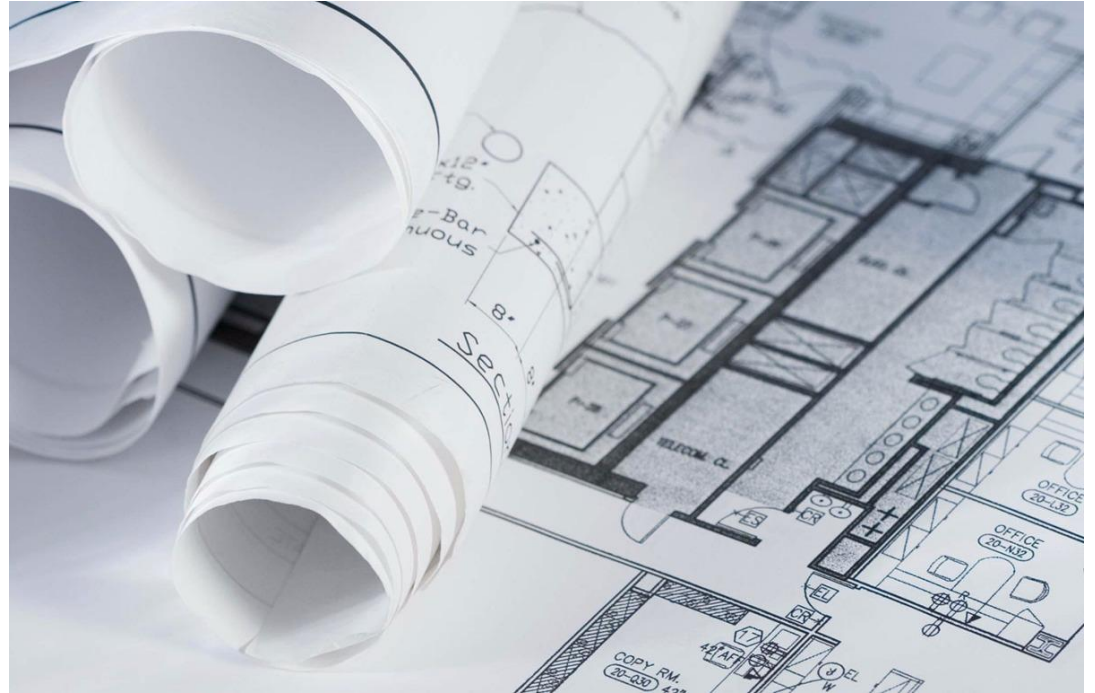


Starts test  
early

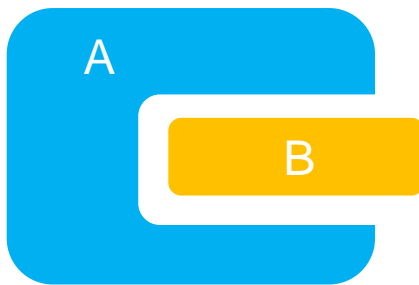
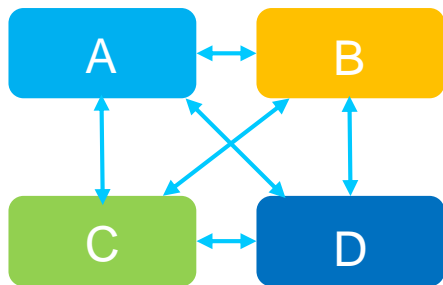


Cheap since  
only interface  
needs mocking

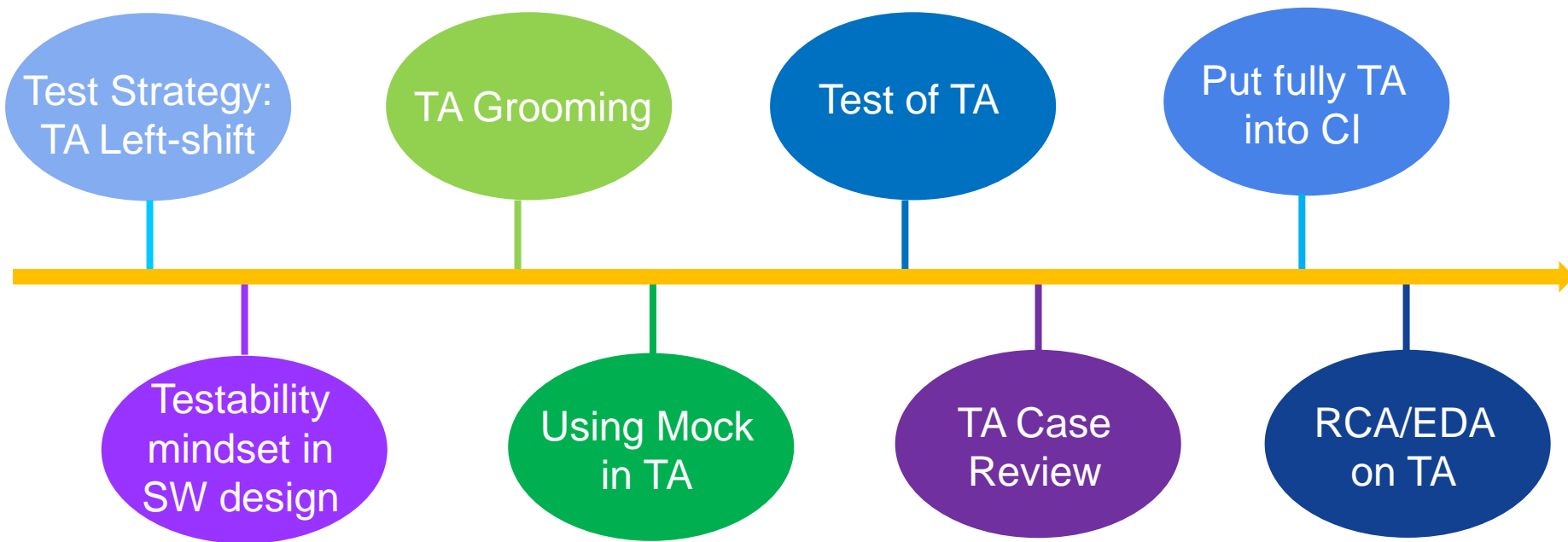
**[P8] Take *testability* into account when designing software.**



## Some Bad Examples



# Summary of my proposals towards a good TA





To repeat.....

*Test Automation is  
Software Development*





Learn More



My Blog



GTAC

Q & A