

Exam:

- ↳ attempt all exercises
 - ↳ insertion sort
- ↳ HW
 - ↳ binary search
- ↳ lectures
 - ↳ how to sort data set / list → binary search for value
- ↳ give algorithm for finding max value
 - ↳ evaluate complexity
- ↳ a lot of complexity analysis
 - ↳ $O \rightarrow$ # cells memory algorithm needs
 - ↳ based on n

Sorted(data) → Tim sort

- ↳ $O(n \log n) \rightarrow$ best complexity for sorting algorithm

How to sort data set on your own

- ↳ sorted → easier to find min, max, binary search

↳ Insertion Sort

- insert () → make room by shifting everything else right
- ↳ $O(n)$

↳ most basic sort

Algorithm → explain, not write in python

InsertionSort(A):

input: array A of n elements

5 | 2 | 3 | 0

output: array A of elements rearranged in (increasing) order (ascending)

→ 5 | 2 | 3 | 0

↑ ↑ (1)
compare

if $-2 < 5$ → swap values

Write loop → go through all elements

→ -2 | 5 | 3 | 0

↑ ↑ (2)

→ -2 | 3 | 5 | 0

↑ ↑ (3)

→ -2 | 3 | 0 | 5

↑ ↑ (4)

need another loop

↳ nested loops → n^2

↳ every check point → stop & go backward

→ -2 | 0 | 3 | 5

↑ ↑ (5) $\hookrightarrow n^2$

$O(n^2)$

↳ worst case → opposite order

```

def insertion_sort(A):
    for i in range(1, len(A)):
        for j in range(i, 0, -1):
            if A[j] < A[j-1]:
                temp = A[j-1] # to swap 2 variables, need 3rd temp variable
                A[j-1] = A[j]
                A[j] = temp
    return A

```

Insertion_sort([2, -2, 3, -3, 4, -4])

create matrix 2 by 3

matrix1 = [[0] * 3] * 2 └─ not matrix

matrix1[1][2] = 3 # modifies both

Actual matrix

matrix2 = [[0] * 3 for j in range(2)]

matrix2[1][2] = 3 ✓ → [[0, 0, 0], [0, 0, 3]]