

# Classes Part 1: Subclassing, Properties, and Initializers



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---

```
class Person {  
    var firstName = "Fred", lastName = "Flintstone"  
    var address = "Bedrock, CA"  
    var email = "fred@bedrockTileAndQuarry.io"  
    func changeEmailAddress( email: String ) {  
        self.email = email  
    }  
    final func sendEmailTo( subject:String, body: String ){/*...*/}  
}
```

```
class Employee: Person {  
    let employeeID = 123456789  
  
    override func changeEmailAddress(address:String){ /*...*/ }  
    func changeEmailAddress(name:String, domain:String){  
        email = name + "@" + domain  
    }  
}
```



# (Computed) Properties

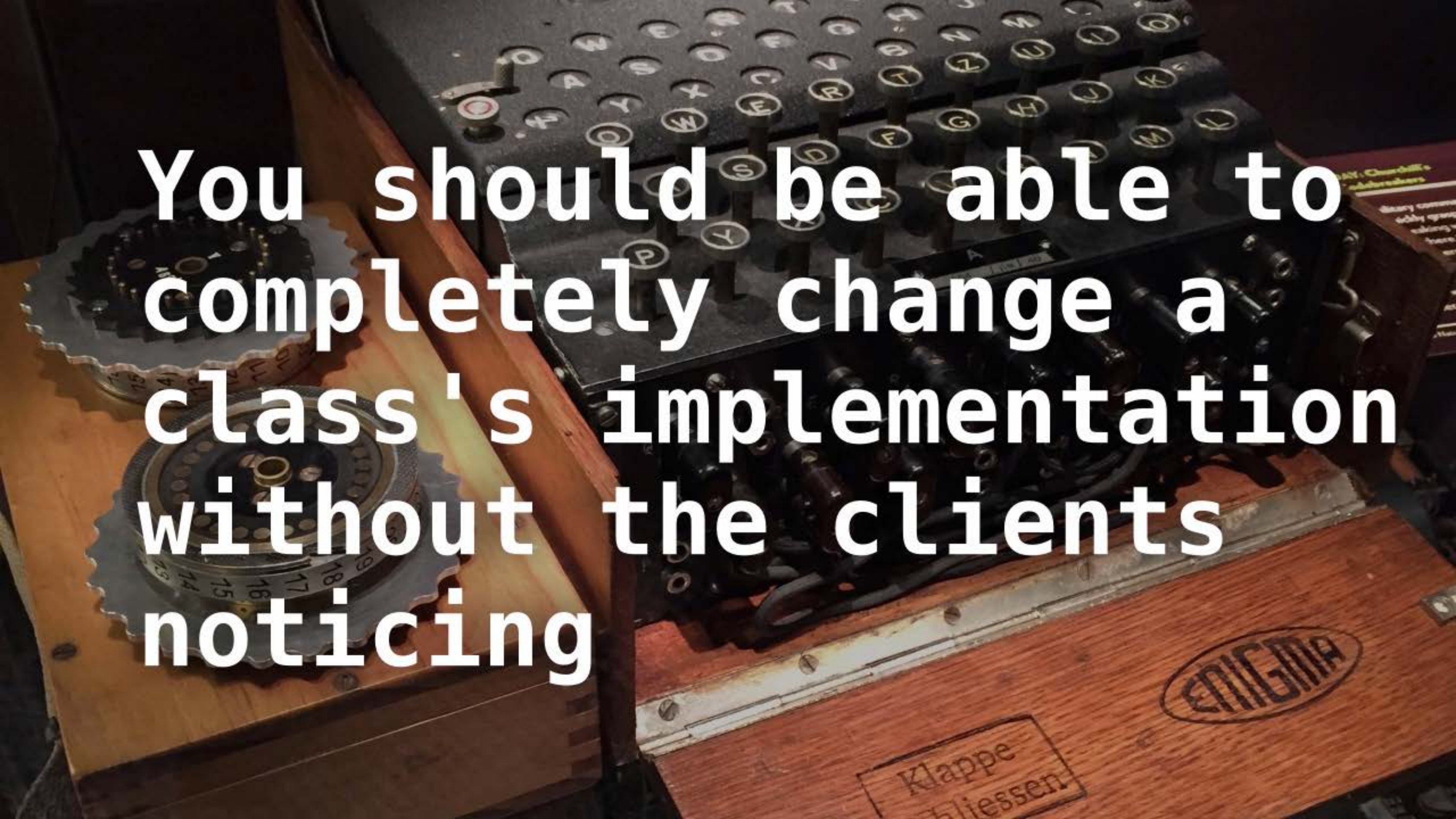




Your implementation  
should be an enigma.







You should be able to  
completely change a  
class's implementation  
without the clients  
noticing





Use computed properties sparingly

Klappe  
Zufließen

ENIGMA



**field/member**

**== stored property**

**property (get/set)**

**== computed property**

```
class Person {  
    var firstName = "Fred", lastName = "Flintstone"  
    var address   = "Bedrock, CA"  
}
```



```
class Person {  
    var firstName = "Fred", lastName = "Flintstone"  
    var address = "Bedrock, CA"  
    var fullName: String {  
    }  
}
```

```
var barney = Person()
```



```
class Person {  
    var firstName = "Fred", lastName = "Flintstone"  
    var address = "Bedrock, CA"  
    var fullName: String {  
        set {  
            var parts = split(newValue, isSeparator: {$0==" "})  
            firstName = parts.count > 0 ? parts[0] : ""  
            lastName = parts.count > 1 ? parts[1] : ""  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
var barney = Person()  
barney.fullName =  
    "Barney Rubble"
```



```
class Person {  
    var firstName = "Fred", lastName = "Flintstone"  
    var address = "Bedrock, CA"  
    var fullName: String {  
        set {  
            var parts = split(newValue, isSeparator: {$0==" "})  
            firstName = parts.count > 0 ? parts[0] : ""  
            lastName = parts.count > 1 ? parts[1] : ""  
        }  
        get {  
            return firstName + " " + lastName  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
var barney = Person()  
barney.fullName =  
    "Barney Rubble"  
let name = barney.fullName
```



```
class Person {  
    var firstName = "Fred", lastName = "Flintstone"  
    var address = "Bedrock, CA"  
    var fullName: String {  
        set {  
            var parts = split(newValue, isSeparator: {$0==" "})  
            firstName = parts.count > 0 ? parts[0] : ""  
            lastName = parts.count > 1 ? parts[1] : ""  
        }  
        get {  
            return firstName + " " + lastName  
        }  
    }  
    var mailingAddress: String {  
        return fullName + "\n"  
            + address  
    }  
}
```

```
var barney = Person()  
barney.fullName =  
    "Barney Rubble"  
let name = barney.fullName  
print("\n(barney.mailingAddress)")
```



```
class Person {  
    var firstName = "Fred", lastName = "Flintstone"  
    var address = "Bedrock, CA"  
    var fullName: String {  
        set {  
            var parts = split(newValue, isSeparator: {$0==" "})  
            firstName = parts.count > 0 ? parts[0] : ""  
            lastName = parts.count > 1 ? parts[1] : ""  
        }  
        get { precondition(lastName.characters.count > 0)  
            return firstName + " " + lastName  
        }  
    }  
}  
var mailingAddress:String {  
    return fullName + "\n"  
        + address  
}  
}
```

```
var barney = Person()  
barney.fullName =  
    "Barney Rubble"  
let name = barney.fullName  
print("\n(barney.mailingAddress)")
```



```
class Person {
  var firstName = "Fred", lastName = "Flintstone"
  var address = "Bedrock, CA"
  var fullName: String { set { /*...*/ } get { /*...*/ } }
  var mailingAddress: String { /*...*/ }
}

class Employee: Person {
  override var fullName: String { get { /*...*/ } set { /*...*/ } }
  override var mailingAddress: String { /*...*/ }
  override var firstName: String { set { /*...*/ } get { /*...*/ } }
  override var lastName: String {
    willSet(newVal){ print("\n(lastName) -> \n(newVal)") }
    didSet (oldVal){ print("\n(oldVal) is now \n(lastName)")
                      lastName = lastName.toUpperCaseString
                    }
  }
}
```



```

class Person {
    var firstName = "Fred", lastName = "Flintstone"
    var address = "Bedrock, CA"
    var fullName: String { set { /*...*/ } get { /*...*/ } }
    var mailingAddress: String { /*...*/ }
}

class Employee: Person {
    override var fullName: String { get { /*...*/ } set { /*...*/ } }
    override var mailingAddress: String { /*...*/ }
    override var firstName: String { set { /*...*/ } get { /*...*/ } }
    override var lastName: String {
        willSet(newVal) { print("\($lastName) -> \($newVal)") }
        didSet(oldVal) { print("\($oldVal) is now \($lastName)") }
        lastName = lastName.uppercaseString
    }
}

```



```
class Person {  
    var firstName = "Fred"  
    var address = "Bedrock, CA"  
    var fullName: String { set { /*...*/ } get { /*...*/ } }  
    var mailingAddress: String { /*...*/ }  
    override var lastName: String = "Flintstone" {  
        willSet(newVal){ print("\($lastName) -> \($newVal)") }  
        didSet (oldVal){ print("\($oldVal) is now \($lastName)")  
                        lastName = lastName.uppercaseString  
        }  
    }  
}
```



```
class MyClass {  
    var x:Int?  
    let const:Int = 10  
  
    init(           ){           print("init()")  
}
```



```
class MyClass {  
    var x:Int?  
    let const:Int  
  
    init(  
        ) { const = 10; print("init()")  
    }  
}
```



```
class MyClass {  
    var x:Int?  
    let const:Int  
  
    init(                ){ const  = 10;  print("init()")    }  
    init( _  x:Int){ self.x = x;  print("init(_)")    }  
}
```

```
var c = MyClass(100)
```



```
class MyClass {  
    var x:Int?  
    let const:Int  
  
    init(                ){ const  = 10;  print("init()")      }  
    init( _  x:Int){ self.x = x;  print("init(_)")      }  
    init(ext x:Int){ self.x = x;  print("init(ext)") }  
}
```

```
var c = MyClass(ext:200)
```



```
class MyClass {  
    var x:Int?  
    let const:Int  
  
    init(                ){ const  = 10;  print("init()")      }  
    init( _  x:Int){ self.x = x;  print("init(_)")      }  
    init(ext x:Int){ self.x = x;  print("init(ext)") }  
    init(      x:Int){ self.x = x;  print("init(x)")      }  
}
```

```
var c = MyClass(x:300 )
```



```
class MyClass {  
    var x:Int?  
    let const:Int  
  
    init(          ){ const = 10; print("init()")    }  
    init( _ x:Int){ self.x = x; print("init(_)")    }  
    init(ext x:Int){ self.x = x; print("init(ext)") }  
    init( x:Int){ self.x = x; print("init(x)")    }  
    init( y:Int){ self.x = y; print("init(y)")    }  
}
```

```
var c = MyClass(y:400)
```

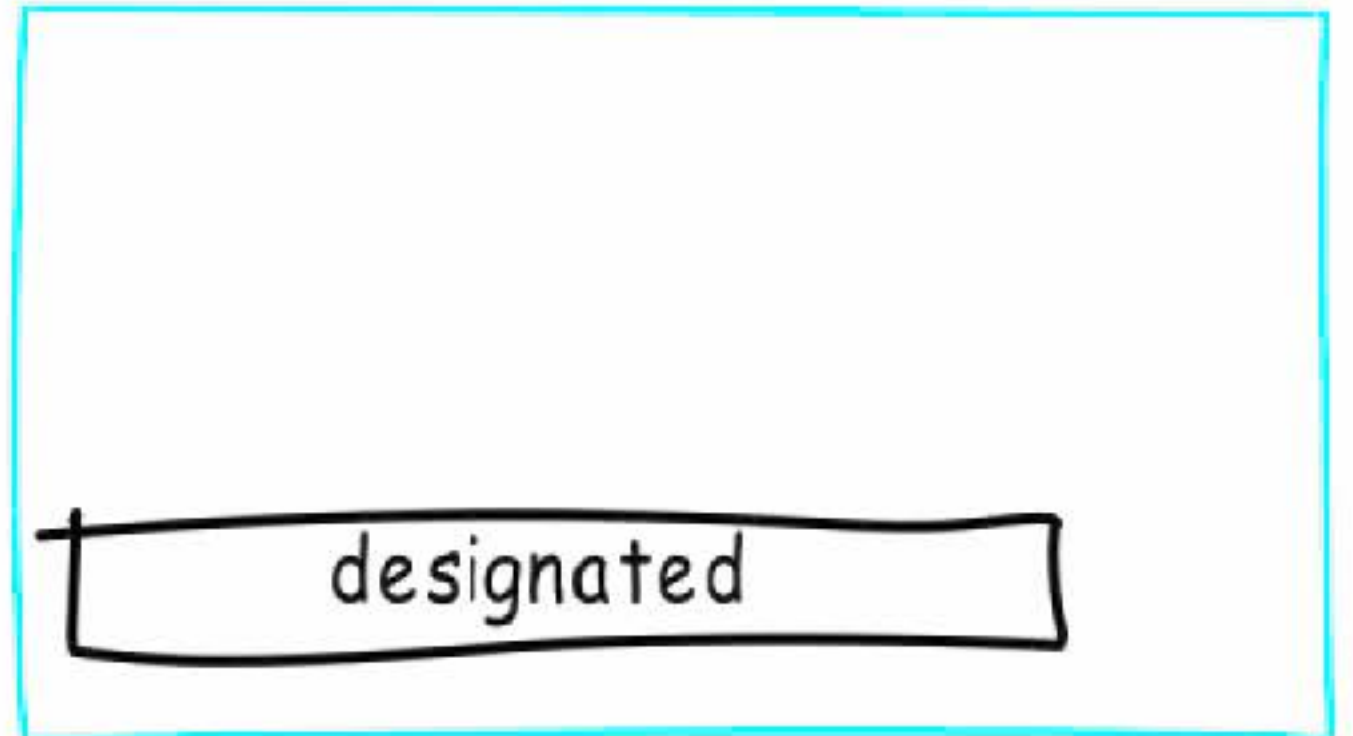
```
class MyClass {  
    var x:Int?  
    let const:Int  
  
    init() { const = 10; print("init()") }  
    init(_ x:Int) { self.x = x; print("init(_)") }  
    init(ext x:Int) { self.x = x; print("init(ext)") }  
    init(x:Int) { self.x = x; print("init(x)") }  
    init(y:Int) { self.x = y; print("init(y)") }  
    deinit { print("destroying Cls") }  
}
```

```
var c = MyClass(y:400)
```

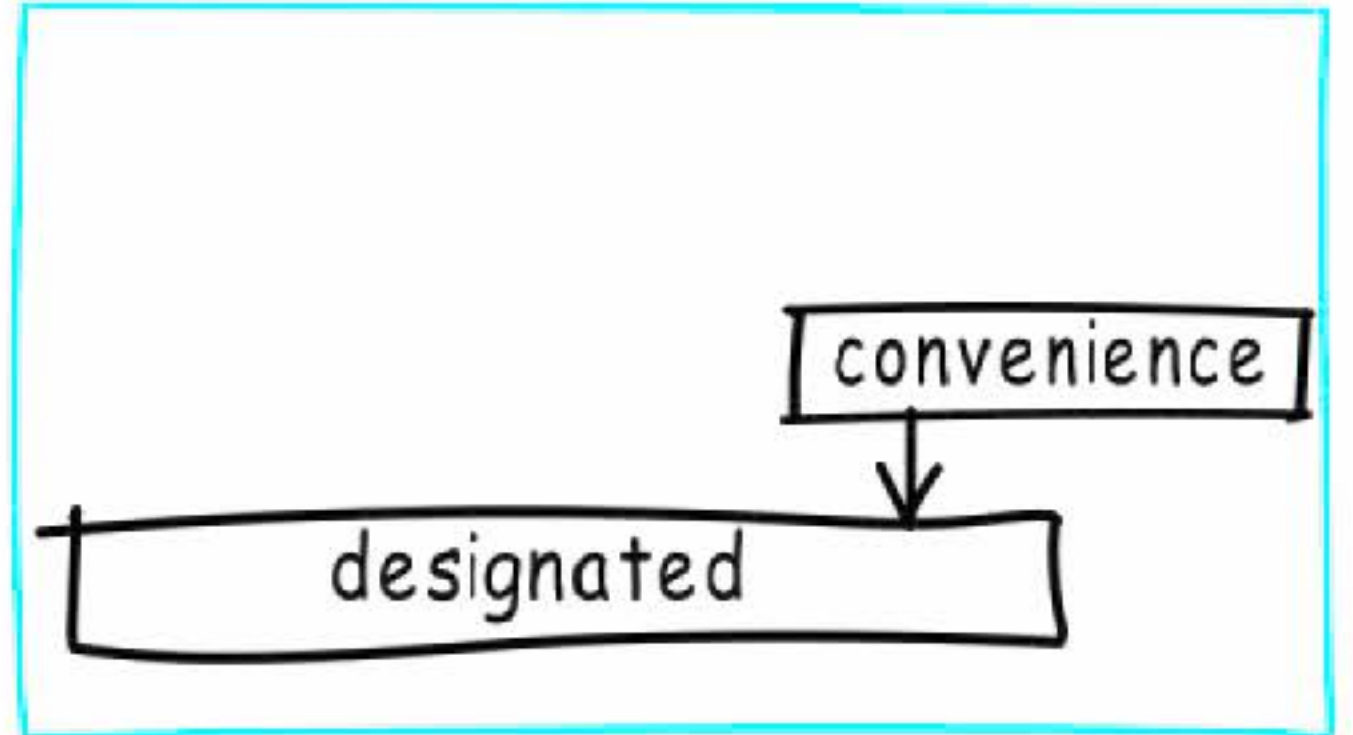
```
c = nil
```



```
class Super {  
    var d: Double  
    init(d: Double){  
        self.d = d  
    }  
}
```

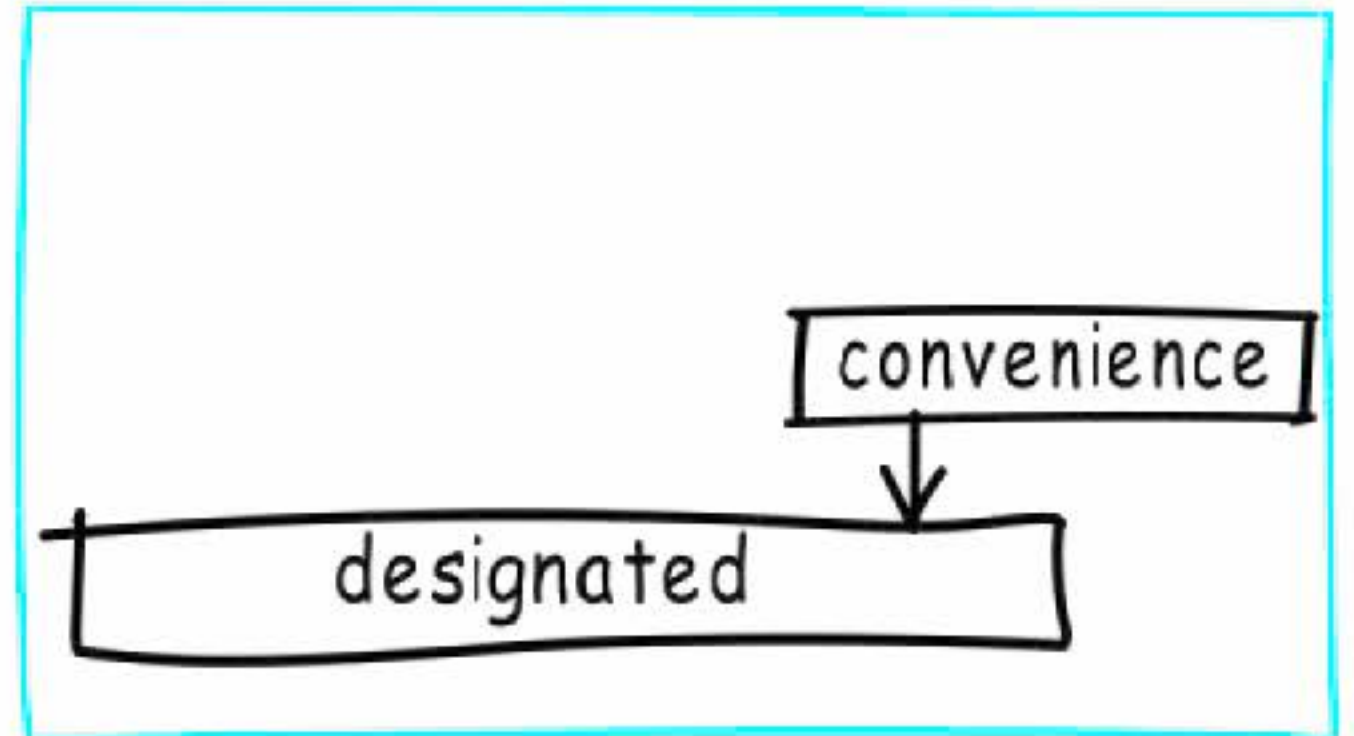
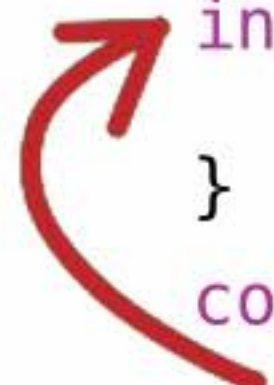


```
class Super {  
  var d: Double  
  init(d: Double){  
    self.d = d  
  }  
  convenience init(i: Int){  
    self.init(d: Double)  
  }  
}
```

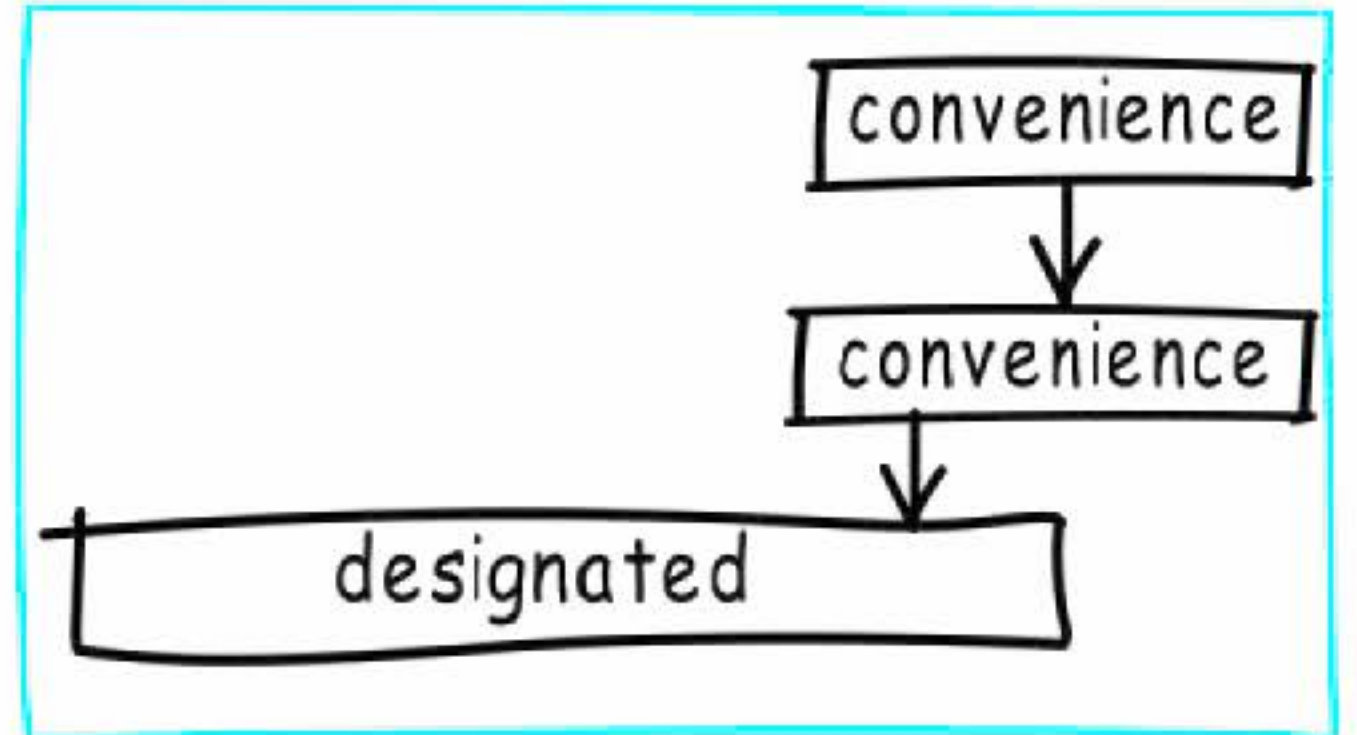
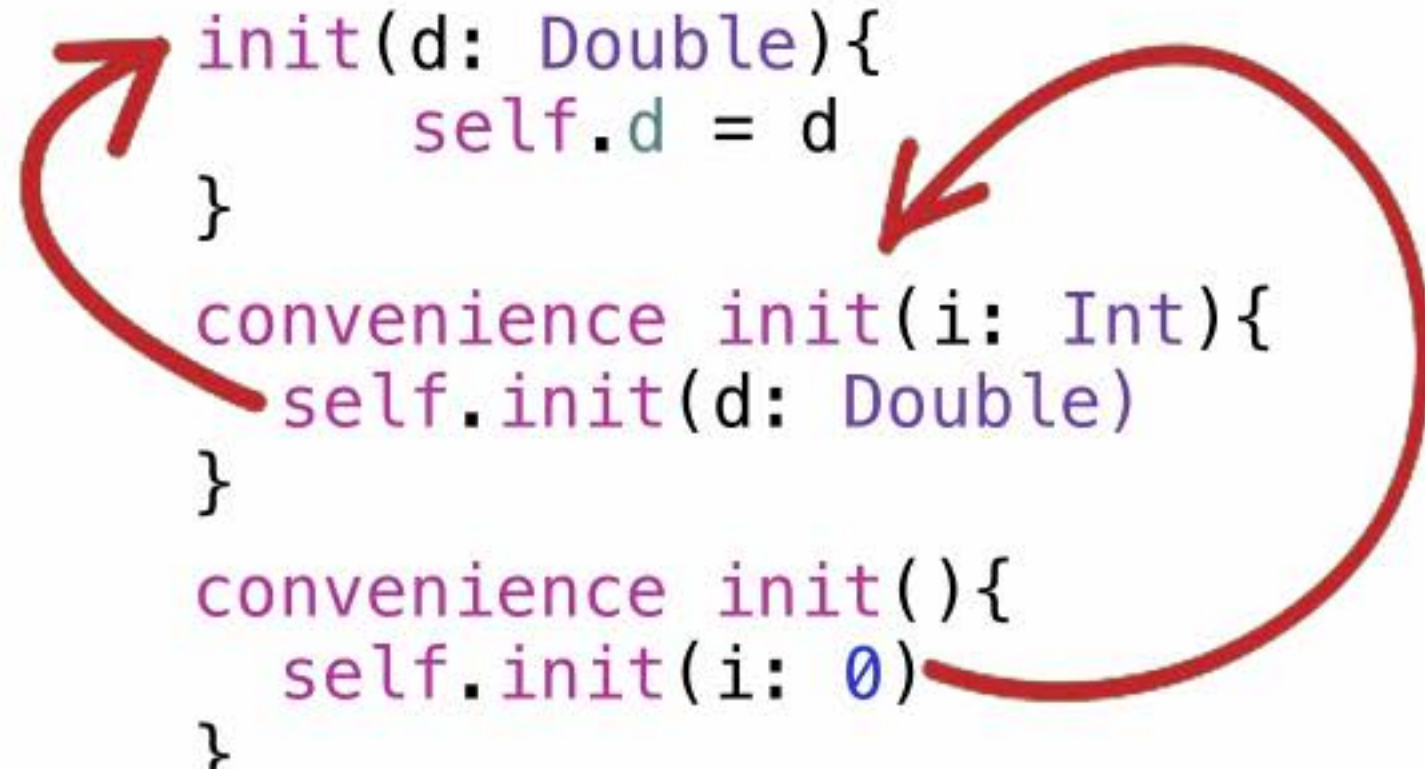




```
class Super {  
  var d: Double  
  init(d: Double){  
    self.d = d  
  }  
  convenience init(i: Int){  
    self.init(d: Double)  
  }  
}
```

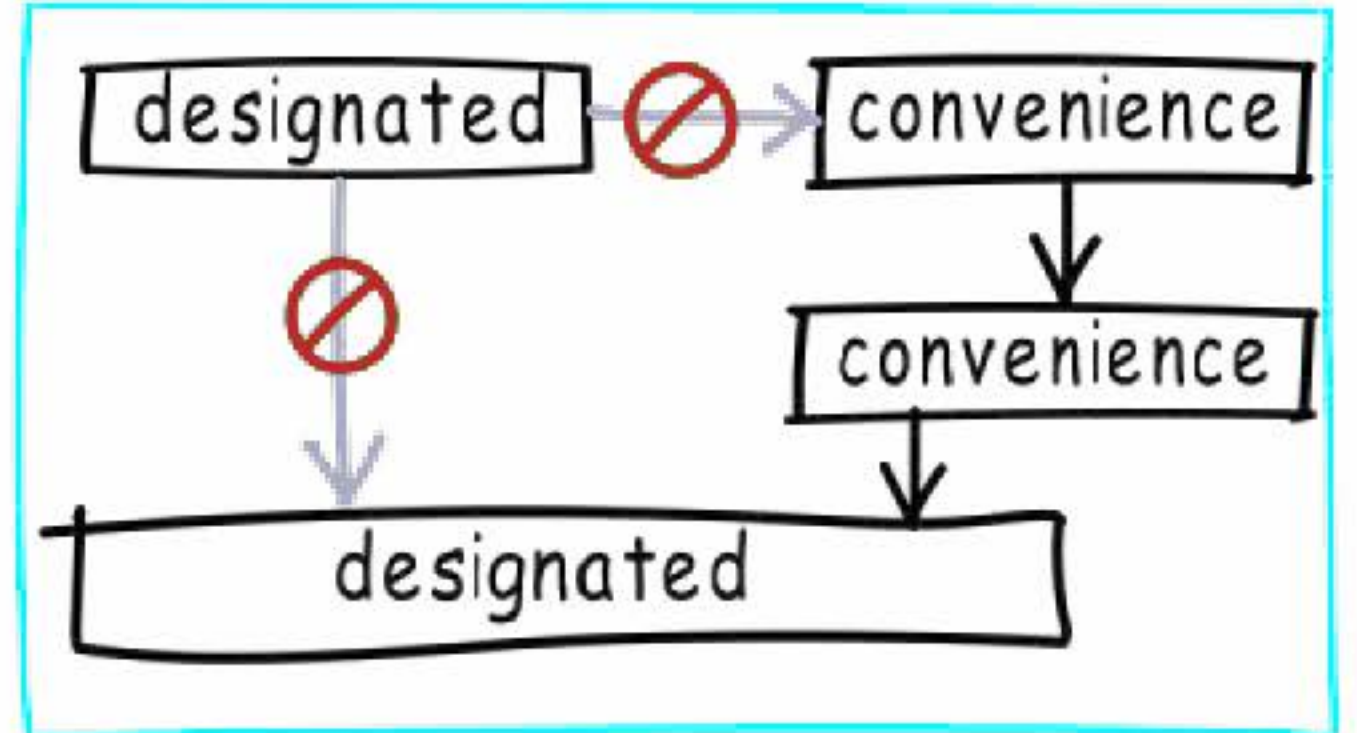
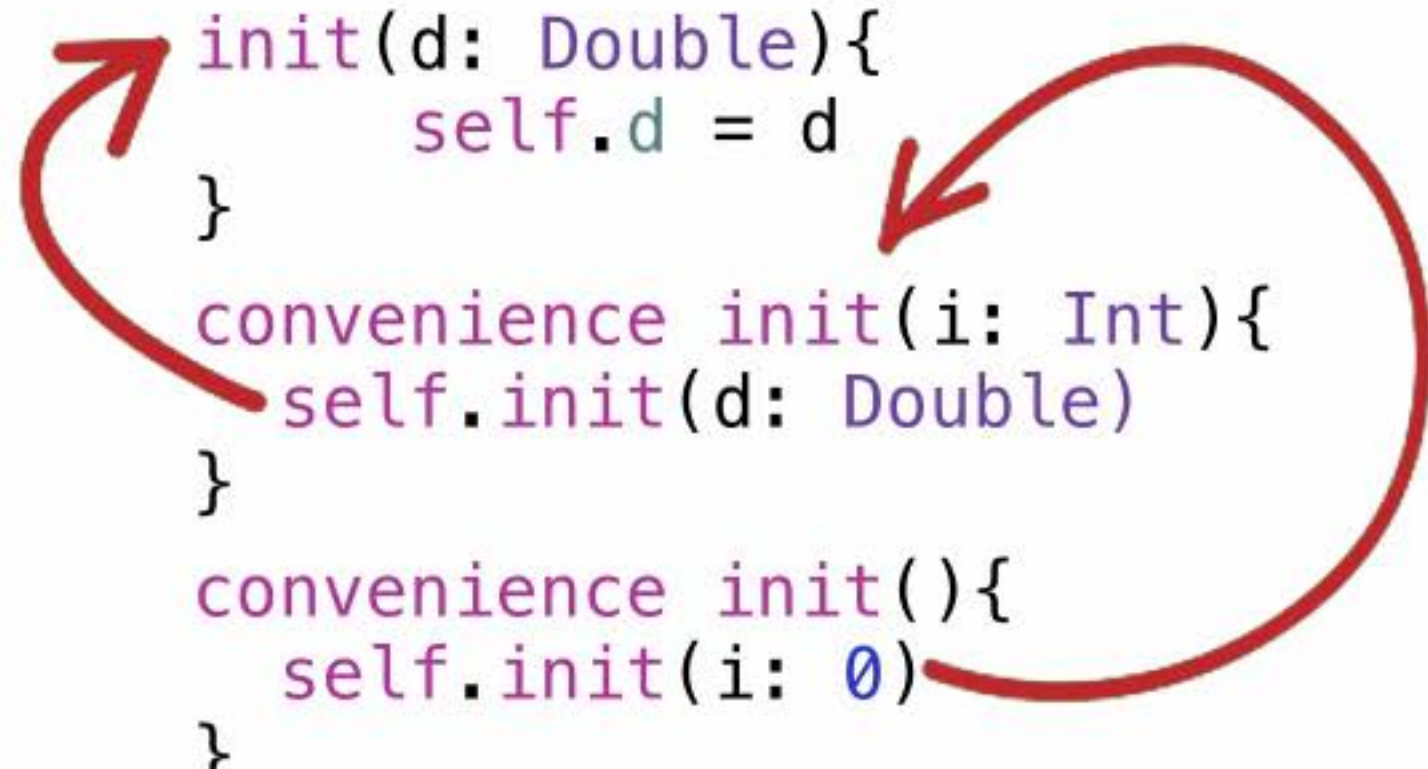


```
class Super {  
  var d: Double  
  init(d: Double){  
    self.d = d  
  }  
  convenience init(i: Int){  
    self.init(d: Double)  
  }  
  convenience init(){  
    self.init(i: 0)  
  }  
}
```





```
class Super {  
  var d: Double  
  init(d: Double){  
    self.d = d  
  }  
  convenience init(i: Int){  
    self.init(d: Double)  
  }  
  convenience init(){  
    self.init(i: 0)  
  }  
}
```

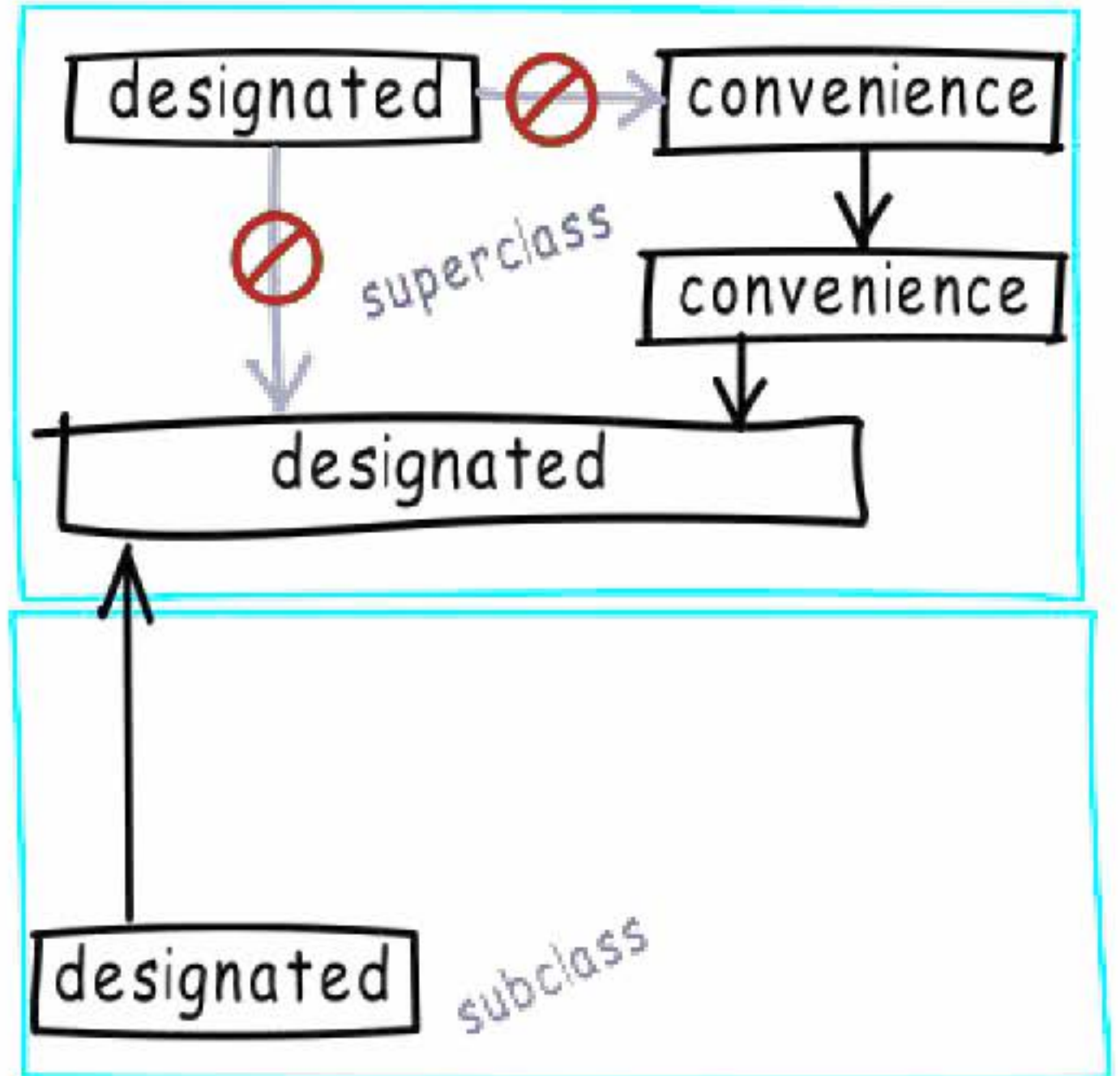


```

class Super {
  var d: Double
  init(d: Double){
    self.d = d
  }
  convenience init(i: Int){
    self.init(d: Double)
  }
  convenience init(){
    self.init(i: 0)
  }
}

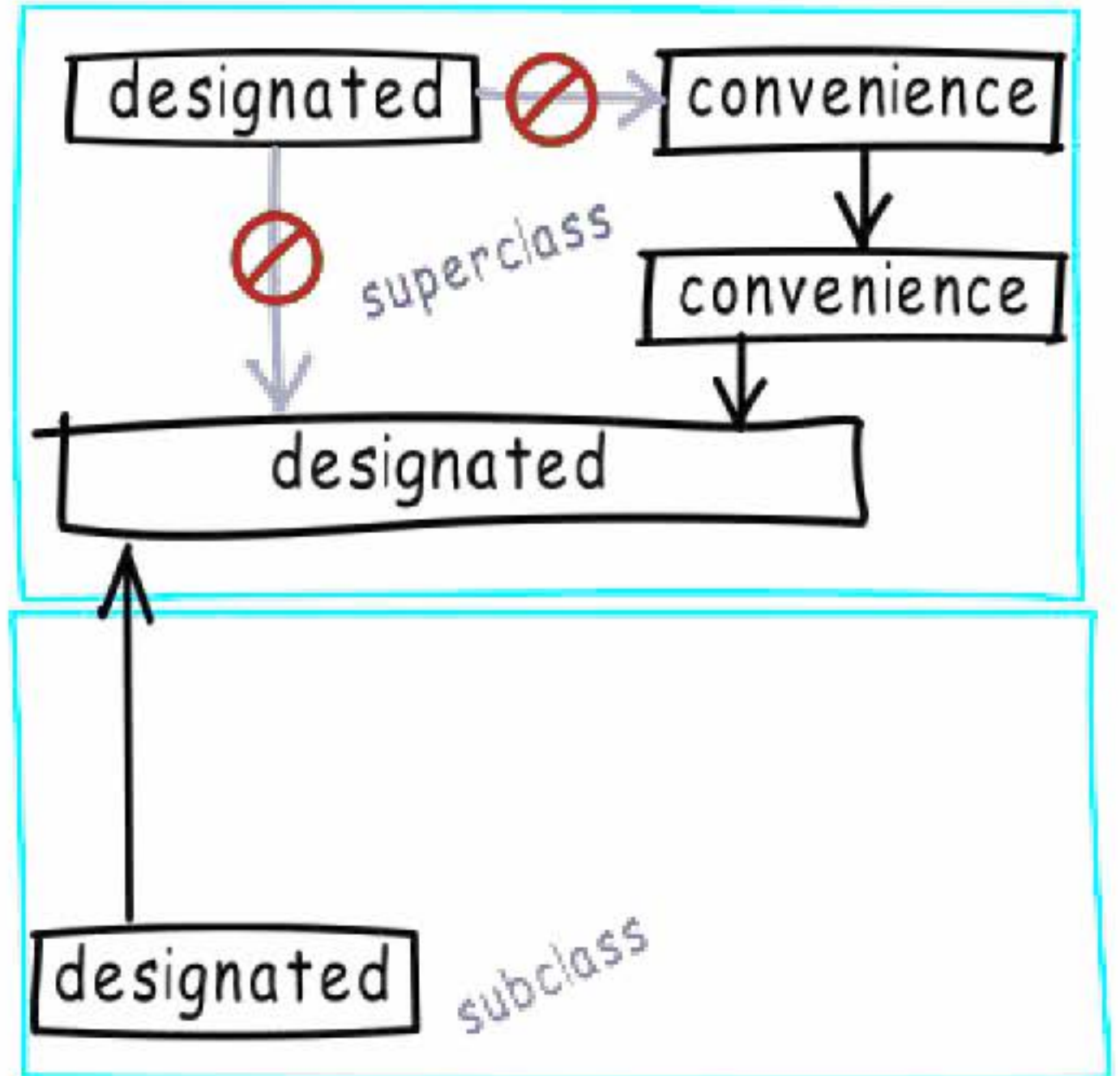
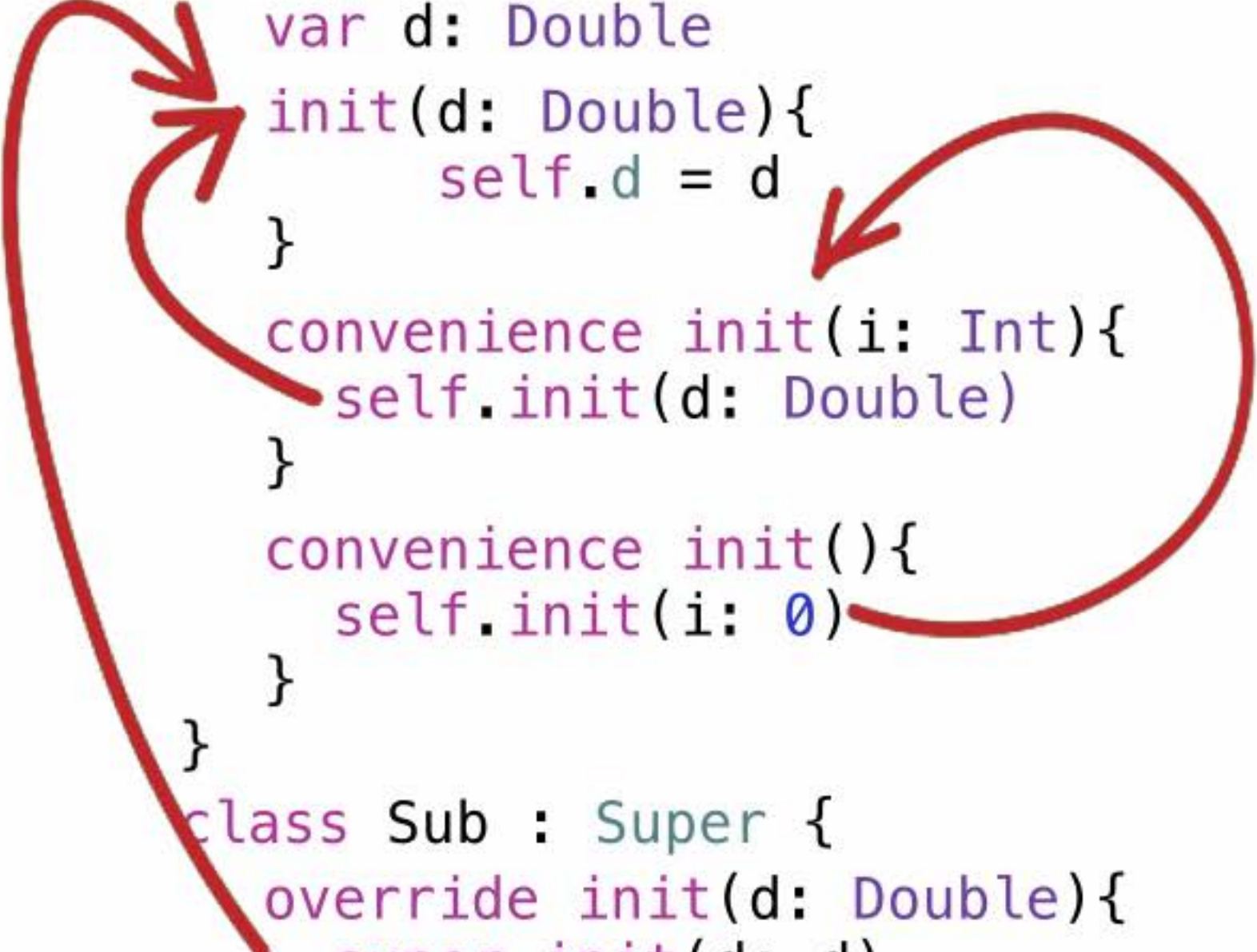
class Sub : Super {
  override init(d: Double){
    super.init(d: d)
  }
}

```





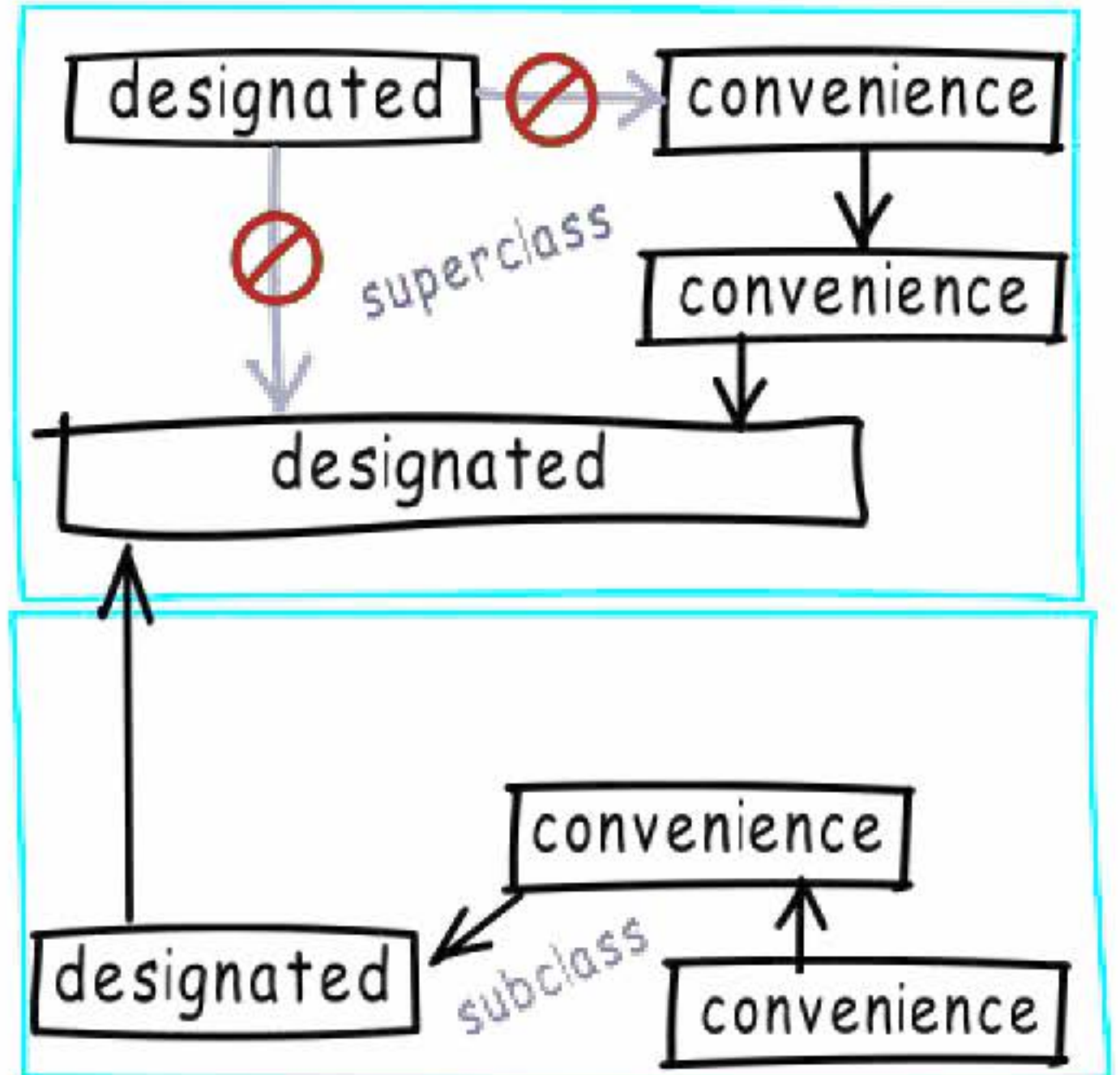
```
class Super {  
  var d: Double  
  init(d: Double){  
    self.d = d  
  }  
  convenience init(i: Int){  
    self.init(d: Double)  
  }  
  convenience init(){  
    self.init(i: 0)  
  }  
}  
class Sub : Super {  
  override init(d: Double){  
    super.init(d: d)  
  }  
}
```



## Designated chains up,

```
class Super {  
  var d: Double  
  init(d: Double){  
    self.d = d  
  }  
  convenience init(i: Int){  
    self.init(d: Double)  
  }  
  convenience init(){  
    self.init(i: 0)  
  }  
}  
class Sub : Super {  
  override init(d: Double){  
    super.init(d: d)  
  }  
  convenience init(){  
    self.init(d: 0.0)  
  }  
}
```

The diagram illustrates the flow of initializers. In the `Super` class, the `init` method is designated, and the `convenience init` methods call it. In the `Sub` class, the `init` method is designated and calls `super.init`, while the `convenience init` calls `self.init`. Red arrows highlight these call paths.

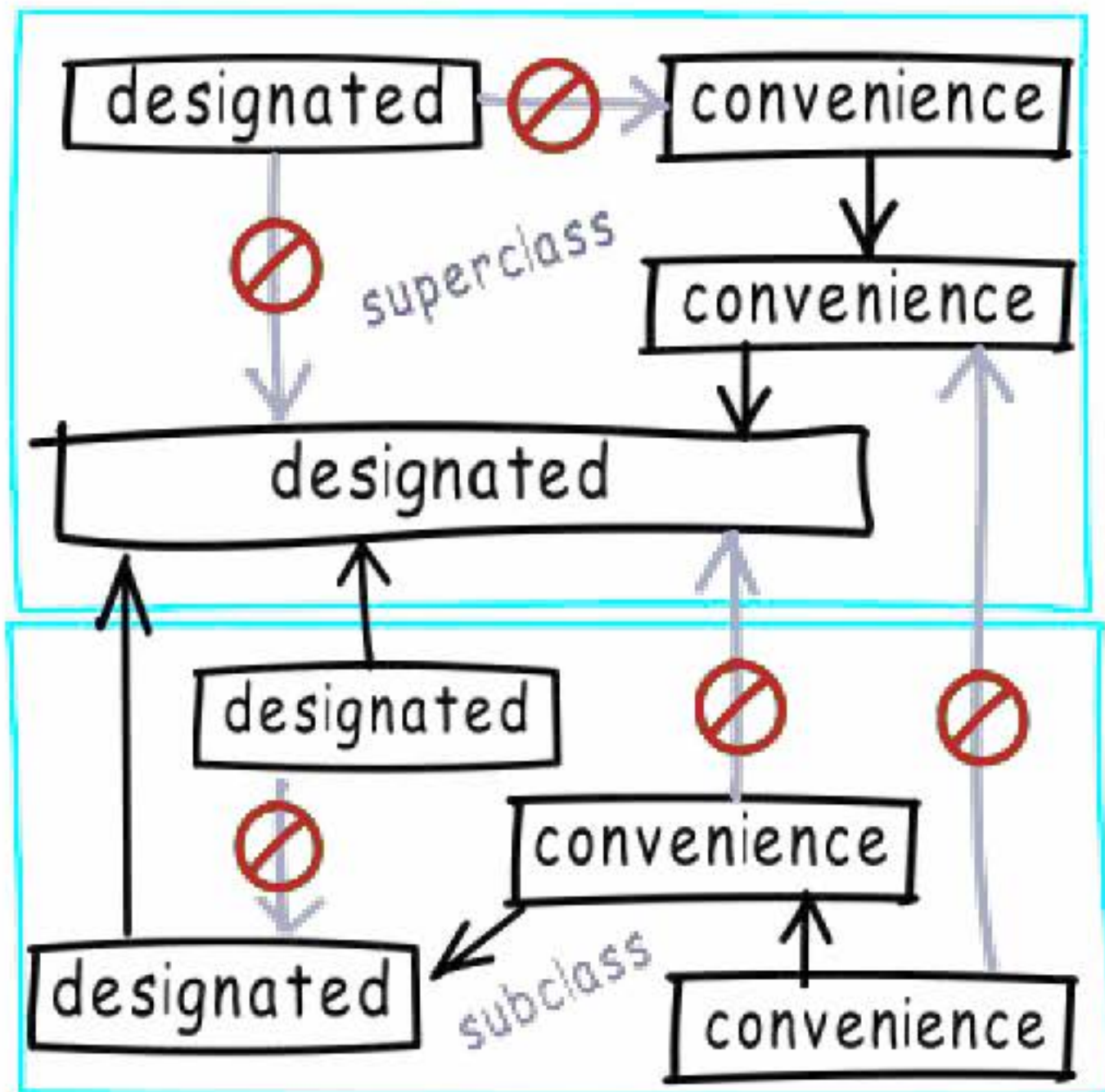




## Designated chains up, convenience across

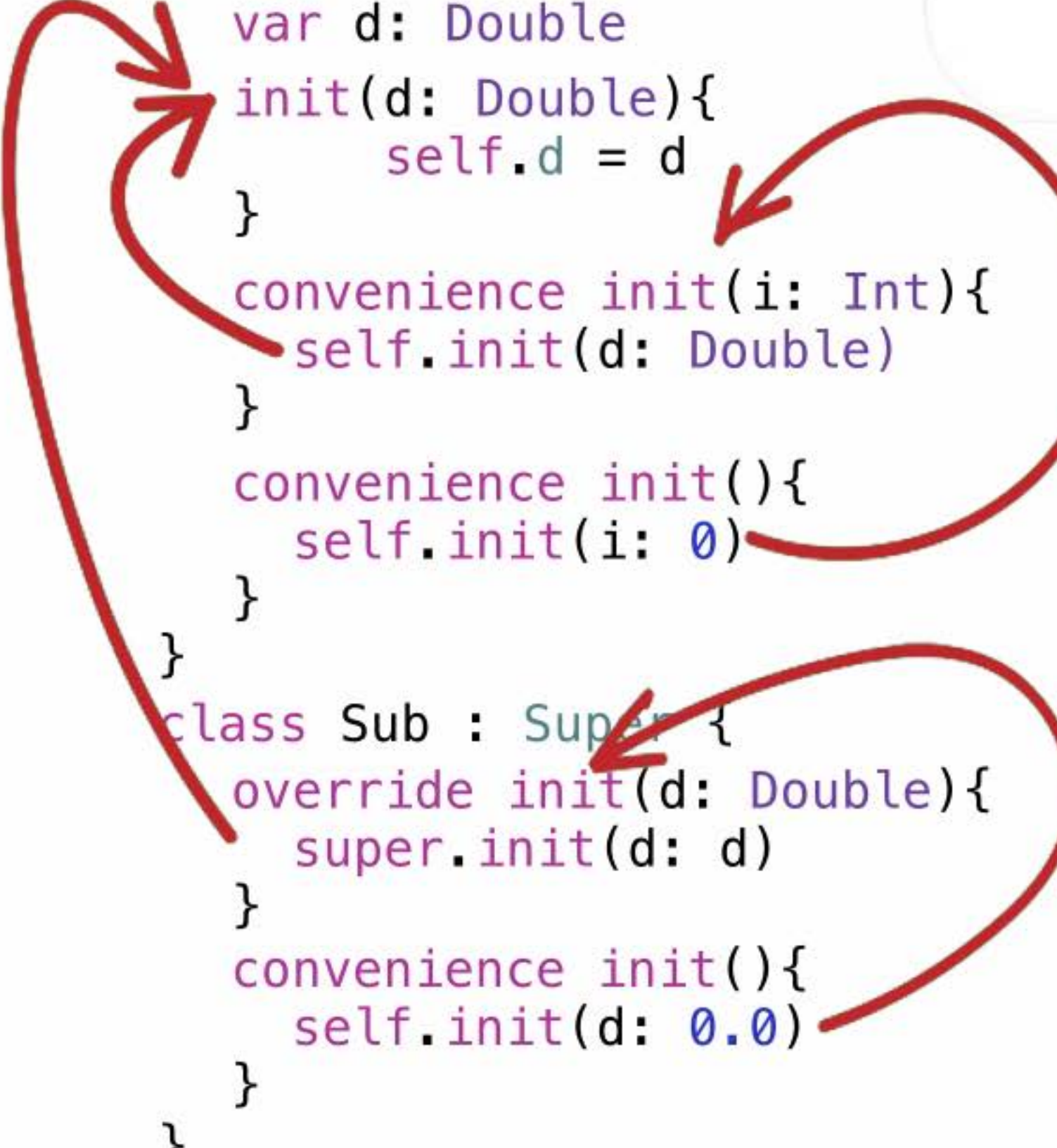
```
class Super {  
  var d: Double  
  init(d: Double){  
    self.d = d  
  }  
  convenience init(i: Int){  
    self.init(d: Double)  
  }  
  convenience init(){  
    self.init(i: 0)  
  }  
}  
class Sub : Super {  
  override init(d: Double){  
    super.init(d: d)  
  }  
  convenience init(){  
    self.init(d: 0.0)  
  }  
}
```

The diagram shows red arrows indicating the relationships between the code blocks. One arrow points from the `convenience init(i: Int)` block in the `Super` class to the `init(d: Double)` block in the same class, representing a convenience chain. Another arrow points from the `convenience init()` block in the `Super` class to the `init(d: Double)` block in the same class, also representing a convenience chain. A third arrow points from the `init(d: Double)` block in the `Sub` class to the `init(d: Double)` block in the `Super` class, representing a designated chain.





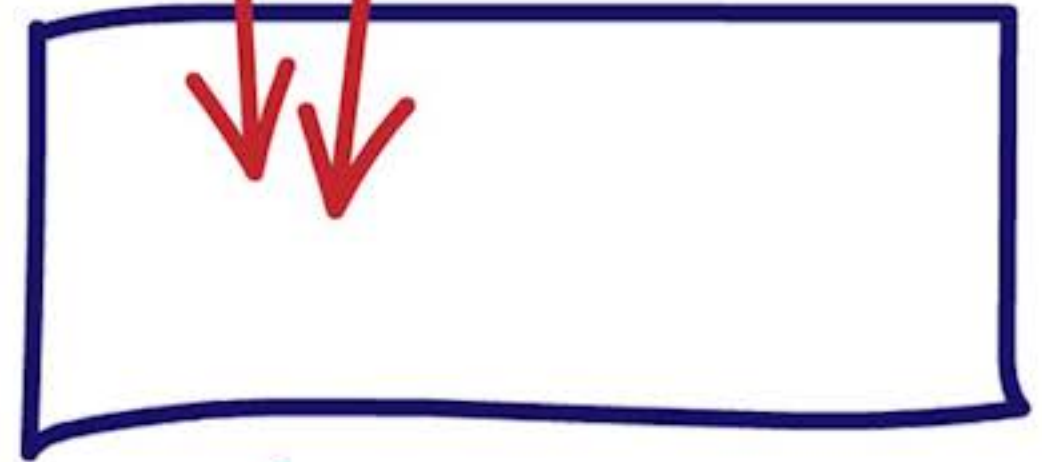
```
class Super {  
  var d: Double  
  init(d: Double){  
    self.d = d  
  }  
  convenience init(i: Int){  
    self.init(d: Double)  
  }  
  convenience init(){  
    self.init(i: 0)  
  }  
}  
class Sub : Super {  
  override init(d: Double){  
    super.init(d: d)  
  }  
  convenience init(){  
    self.init(d: 0.0)  
  }  
}
```



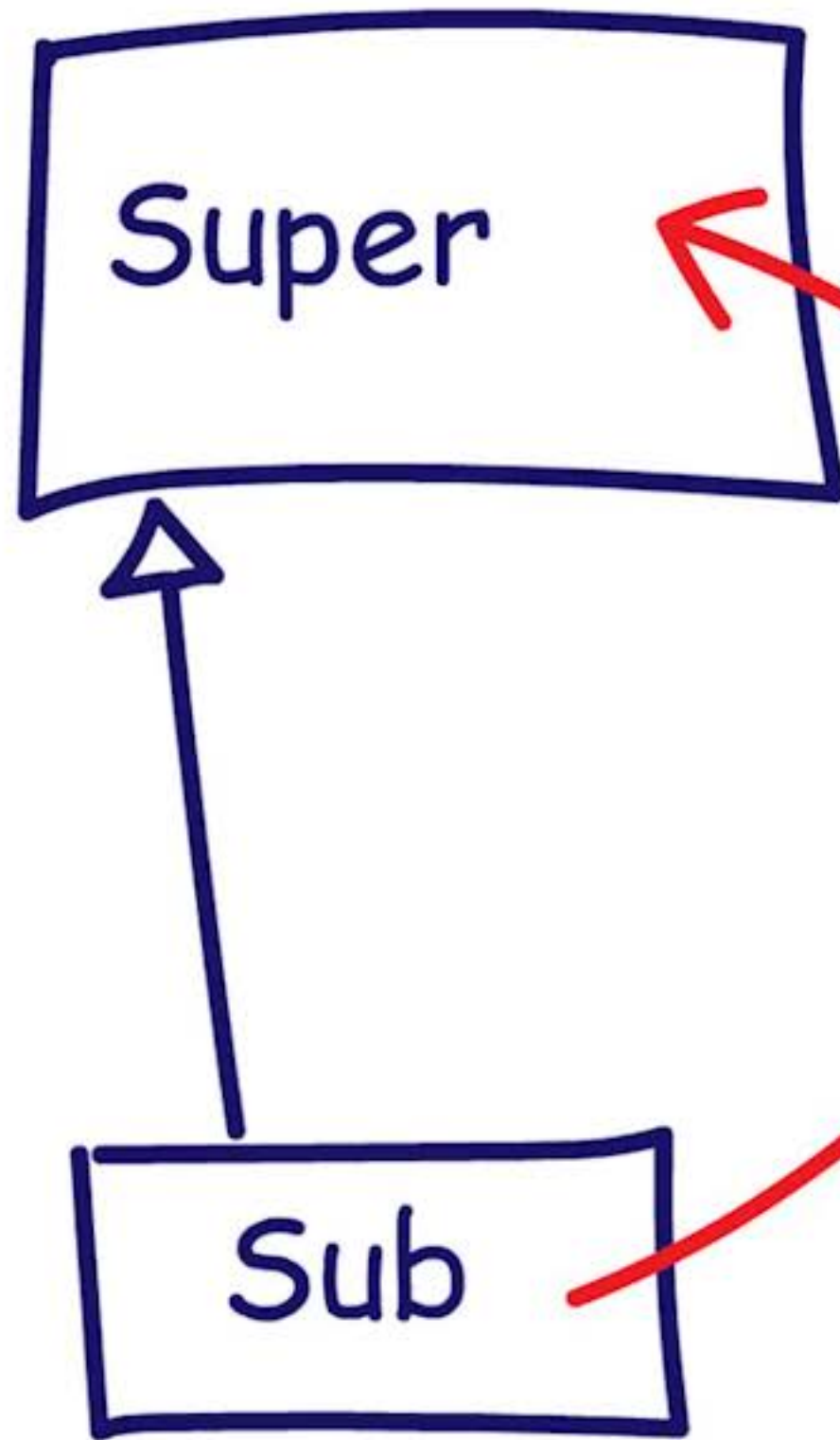
designated  
convenience

(1) if no initializers are defined in subclass

(2) if all superclass designated initializers are implemented. Can use (1) to do that.







Subclass access is not safe  
unless the superclass is fully  
initialized!

So subclass `init()` must chain  
to superclass `init()` before it  
can use `self`.

```
class Sub: Super {  
    var j: Int  
    func f(){}  
    init(j: Int){  
        i=0; f(); g(self)  
        self.j = j  
        print("\n(self.j)")  
        super.init(i:j)  
        i=0; f(); g(self)  
    }  
}
```

phase 1

phase 2

```
class Super {  
    var i: Int  
    init(i: Int){self.i=i}  
}  
func g(s: Sub){}
```



```
class Sub: Super {
  var j: Int
  func f(){}
  init(j: Int){
```

```
class Super {
  var i: Int
  init(i: Int){self.i=i}
}
func g(s: Sub){}
```

phase 1

phase 2

```

i=0; f(); g(self)
self.j = j ✓
print("\n(self.j)") ✓
super.init(i:j)
i=0; f(); g(self)

```

convenience init() {

phase 1

phase 2

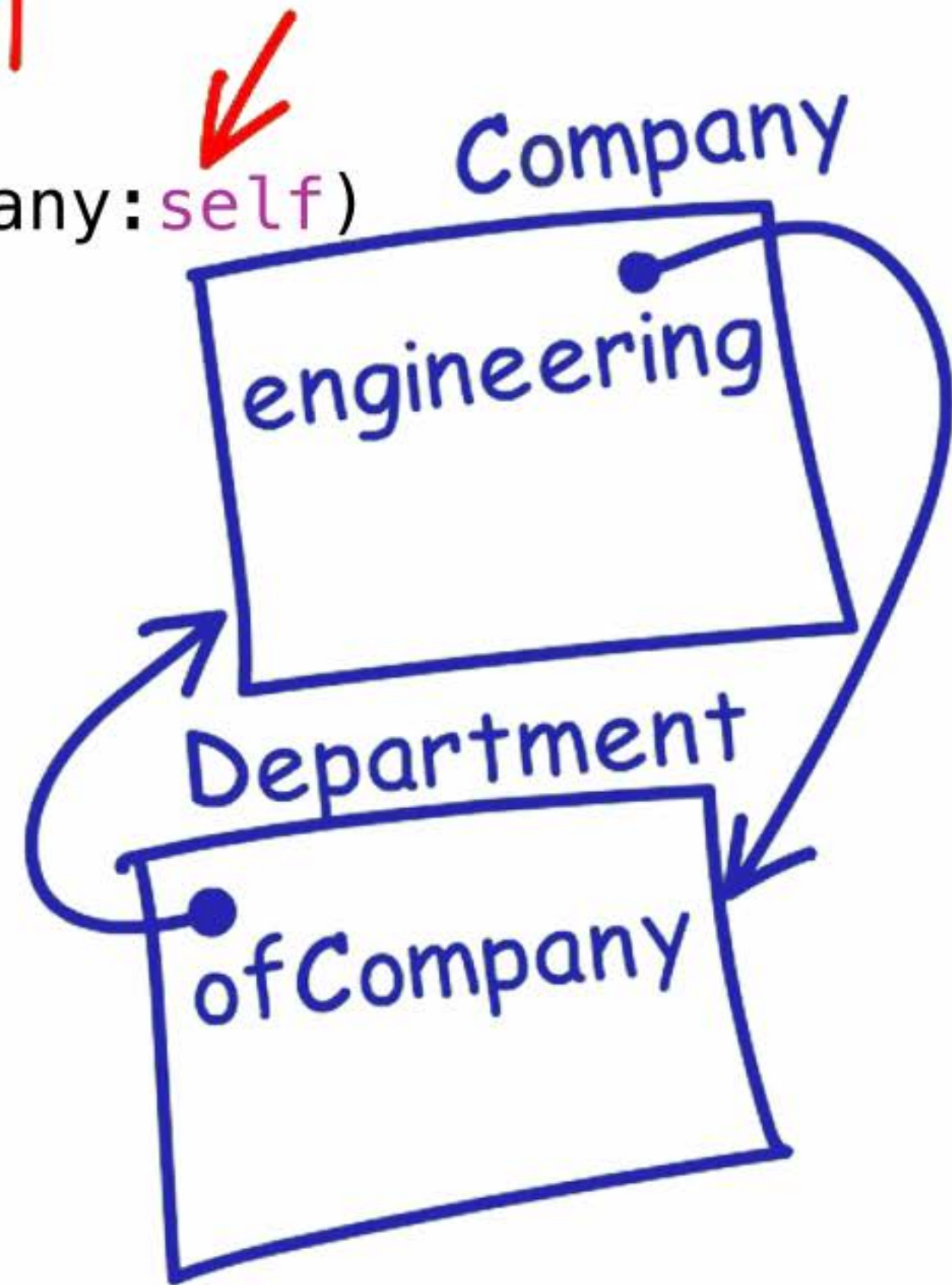
```

print("hello")
j = 10; f()
self.init(j:10)
j = 10; f()

```

```
class Company {  
  var engineering: Department? = nil  
  init() {  
    engineering = Department(ofCompany: self)  
    engineering!.f(self)  
  }  
  func g() { /* Dangerous */ }  
}
```

```
class Department {  
  unowned let ofCompany: Company  
  init( ofCompany: Company ) {  
    self.ofCompany = ofCompany  
  }  
  func f( c: Company ) {  
    ofCompany.g()  
  }  
}
```



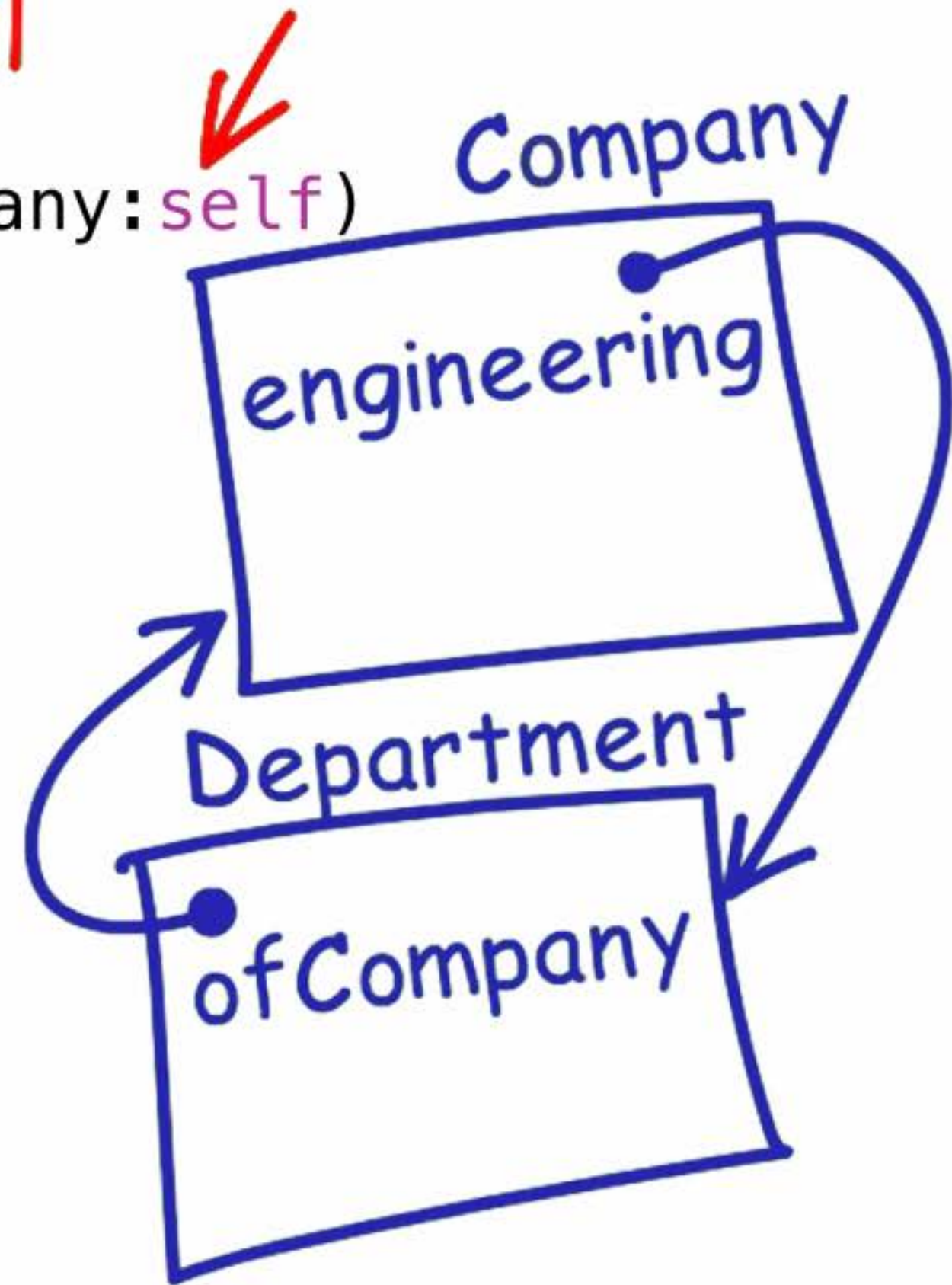


```

class Company {
  var engineering: Department? = nil
  init() {
    engineering = Department(ofCompany: self)
    engineering!.f(self)
  }
  func g() { /* Dangerous */ }
}

class Department {
  unowned let ofCompany: Company
  init( ofCompany: Company ) {
    self.ofCompany = ofCompany
  }
  func f( c: Company ) {
    ofCompany.g()
  }
}

```



```
struct Failable {  
    init?(_ x:String) {  
        if x.isEmpty {  
            return nil  
        } //...  
    }  
}  
  
if let someF = Failable("hello") {  
    /*worked!*/  
}
```



```
enum DistanceUnit: String {  
    case Feet="ft", Meters="m"  
}
```

```
if let unit =  
    DistanceUnit(rawValue:"ft")
```

```
enum TempUnit {  
  case Celsius, Fahrenheit  
  init?( _ symbol :Character ) {  
    switch symbol {  
      case "C": self = .Celsius  
      case "F": self = .Fahrenheit  
      default: return nil  
    }  
  }  
}  
  
if let unit = TempUnit("C") { /*...*/ }
```



```
class Super {  
    required init() {  
        assert(false, "not implemented")  
    }  
}  
  
class Sub: Super {  
    required init() {  
        //...  
    }  
}
```