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These are the commands for AWS CM install
** update yum
sudo yum update
sudo yum install -y wget
** add centos to sudoers
sudo visudo
        add -> centos ALL=(ALL) ALL
** Change the run level to multi-user text mode
sudo systemctl get-default
sudo systemctl set-default multi-user.target
** Disable firewall
sudo systemctl disable firewalld
sudo systemctl status firewalld
** Change VM Swappiness to 1
cat /proc/sys/vm/swappiness
sudo sysctl -w vm.swappiness=1
** Change VM Swappiness permanently
sudo vi /etc/sysctl.conf
        add ->
vm.swappiness=1
** Disable SE Linux
sudo vi /etc/selinux/config
        change-> SELINUX=disabled
** Disable Transparent Hugepage Support
sudo vi /etc/rc.d/rc.local
        add ->
echo "never" > /sys/kernel/mm/transparent_hugepage/enabled
echo "never" > /sys/kernel/mm/transparent_hugepage/defrag
sudo chmod +x /etc/rc.d/rc.local
sudo vi /etc/default/grub
   add -> transparent_hugepage=never (on line GRUB_CMDLINE_LINUX )
sudo grub2-mkconfig -o /boot/grub2/grub.cfg
sudo systemctl start tuned
sudo tuned-adm off
sudo tuned-adm list
sudo systemctl stop tuned
sudo systemctl disable tuned
** Check to see that nscd service is running
sudo yum install -y nscd
sudo systemctl enable nscd
sudo systemctl start nscd
sudo systemctl status nscd
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** Check to see that ntp service is running
sudo systemctl stop chronyd
sudo systemctl disable chronyd
sudo yum —y install ntp
sudo systemctl enable ntpd.service
sudo systemctl start ntpd.service
sudo ntpdate -u 0.rhel.pool.ntp.org
sudo hwclock --systohc
sudo systemctl status ntpd.service
** check to make sure that File lookup has priority
sudo vi /etc/nsswitch.conf
** Disable IPV6
sudo sysctl -w net.ipv6.conf.all.disable ipv6=1
sudo sysctl -w net.ipv6.conf.default.disable_ipv6=1
** check hostname resolution
** first put something in /etc/hosts and then
getent hosts cm.skcc.com
** setup a password for centos
sudo passwd centos
sudo vi /etc/ssh/sshd_config
        change ->
PasswordAuthentication yes
sudo systemctl restart sshd.service
** If desired, setup passwordless key entry from CM node
ssh-keygen -t rsa
ssh cm mkdir −p .ssh
ssh dn1 mkdir -p .ssh
ssh dn2 mkdir -p .ssh
ssh dn3 mkdir -p .ssh
cat .ssh/id_rsa.pub | ssh mn 'cat >> .ssh/authorized_keys'
cat .ssh/id_rsa.pub | ssh dn1 'cat >> .ssh/authorized_keys'
cat .ssh/id_rsa.pub | ssh dn2 'cat >> .ssh/authorized_keys'
cat .ssh/id_rsa.pub | ssh dn3 'cat >> .ssh/authorized_keys'
** Update /etc/host
sudo vi /etc/hosts
        add ->
***** THIS IS PUBLIC IP
52.79.36.119
                 cm.skcc.com
                                  cm
52.79.37.179
                 mn.skcc.com
                                  mn
13.124.128.147
                 dn1.skcc.com
                                  dn1
13.124.243.28
                 dn2.skcc.com
                                  dn2
13.125.74.115
                 dn3.skcc.com
                                  dn3
***** THIS IS PRIVATE IP
172.31.15.244
                 cm.skcc.com
                                  cm
172.31.2.225
                 mn.skcc.com
                                  mn
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172.31.7.42
                dn1.skcc.com
                                  dn1
172.31.10.138
                dn2.skcc.com
                                  dn2
                dn3.skcc.com
172.31.0.219
                                  dn3
** Change the hostname on each node
sudo hostnamectl set-hostname cm.skcc.com
hostname -f
sudo hostnamectl set-hostname mn.skcc.com
hostname -f
sudo hostnamectl set-hostname dn1.skcc.com
hostname -f
sudo hostnamectl set-hostname dn2.skcc.com
hostname -f
sudo hostnamectl set-hostname dn3.skcc.com
hostname -f
** REBOOT THE SERVER AND CHECK
** Install JDK
Sudo yum -y install oracle-j2sdk1.7
java -version
** Configure repository
sudo yum install -y wget
sudo wget https://archive.cloudera.com/cm5/redhat/7/x86 64/cm/
cloudera-manager.repo \
-P /etc/yum.repos.d/
** change the baseurl within cloudera-manager.repo to fit the
version you want to install
baseurl=https://archive.cloudera.com/cm5/redhat/7/x86_64/cm/5.7.4/
for example: https://archive.cloudera.com/cm5/redhat/7/x86_64/cm/
5.15.2/
sudo rpm --import \
https://archive.cloudera.com/cm5/redhat/7/x86_64/cm/RPM-GPG-KEY-
cloudera
** Install Cloudera Manager
sudo yum install -y cloudera-manager-daemons cloudera-manager-server
** Install MariaDB
sudo yum install -y mariadb-server
{ // use this repo in case yum install does not work
sudo vi /etc/yum.repos.d/MariaDB.repo
        add ->
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sudo rpm --import https://yum.mariadb.org/RPM-GPG-KEY-MariaDB
sudo vi /etc/my.cnf
        add ->
******* Don't add this line
[mvsald]
datadir=/var/lib/mysql
socket=/var/lib/mysql/mysql.sock
transaction-isolation = READ-COMMITTED
# Disabling symbolic-links is recommended to prevent assorted
security risks;
# to do so, uncomment this line:
symbolic-links = 0
# Settings user and group are ignored when systemd is used.
# If you need to run mysqld under a different user or group,
# customize your systemd unit file for mariadb according to the
# instructions in http://fedoraproject.org/wiki/Systemd
key_buffer = 16M
key\_buffer\_size = 32M
max allowed packet = 32M
thread stack = 256K
thread_cache_size = 64
query_cache_limit = 8M
query_cache_size = 64M
query_cache_type = 1
max connections = 550
#expire_logs_days = 10
#max binlog size = 100M
#log bin should be on a disk with enough free space.
#Replace '/var/lib/mysql/mysql binary log' with an appropriate path
for vour
#system and chown the specified folder to the mysgl user.
log_bin=/var/lib/mysql/mysql_binary_log
#In later versions of MariaDB, if you enable the binary log and do
not set
#a server_id, MariaDB will not start. The server_id must be unique
within
#the replicating group.
server_id=1
binlog_format = mixed
read buffer size = 2M
read_rnd_buffer_size = 16M
sort_buffer_size = 8M
join_buffer_size = 8M
# InnoDB settings
innodb_file_per_table = 1
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innodb flush log at trx commit = 2
innodb_log_buffer_size = 64M
innodb_buffer_pool_size = 4G
innodb thread concurrency = 8
innodb flush method = 0 DIRECT
innodb_log_file_size = 512M
[mysqld_safe]
log-error=/var/log/mariadb/mariadb.log
pid-file=/var/run/mariadb/mariadb.pid
# include all files from the config directory
!includedir /etc/my.cnf.d
******* Don't add this line
sudo systemctl enable mariadb
sudo systemctl start mariadb
sudo /usr/bin/mysql_secure_installation
** Install mysql connector
// From the mac
scp -i ~/KeyPair/SEBC HP.pem ~/Downloads/mysql-connector-
java-5.1.47.tar.gz centos@acm:.
// From acm node
cd /home/centos
tar zxvf mysql-connector-java-5.1.47.tar.gz
sudo mkdir -p /usr/share/java/
cd mysql-connector-java-5.1.47
sudo cp mysql-connector-java-5.1.47-bin.jar /usr/share/java/mysql-
connector-java.jar
** Create the databases and users in MariaDB
mysql -u root -p
CREATE DATABASE scm DEFAULT CHARACTER SET utf8 DEFAULT COLLATE
utf8 general ci;
GRANT ALL ON scm.* TO 'scm-user'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY 'password';
CREATE DATABASE amon DEFAULT CHARACTER SET utf8 DEFAULT COLLATE
utf8 general ci;
GRANT ALL ON amon.* TO 'amon-user'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY 'password';
CREATE DATABASE rman DEFAULT CHARACTER SET utf8 DEFAULT COLLATE
utf8_general_ci;
GRANT ALL ON rman.* TO 'rman-user'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY 'password';
CREATE DATABASE hue DEFAULT CHARACTER SET utf8 DEFAULT COLLATE
utf8 general ci;
GRANT ALL ON hue.* TO 'hue-user'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY 'password';
CREATE DATABASE metastore DEFAULT CHARACTER SET utf8 DEFAULT COLLATE
utf8 general ci;
GRANT ALL ON metastore.* TO 'metastore-user'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY
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'password';

CREATE DATABASE sentry DEFAULT CHARACTER SET utf8 DEFAULT COLLATE utf8_general_ci;
GRANT ALL ON sentry.* TO 'sentry-user'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY 'password';

CREATE DATABASE oozie DEFAULT CHARACTER SET utf8 DEFAULT COLLATE utf8_general_ci;
GRANT ALL ON oozie.* TO 'oozie-user'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY 'password';

FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
SHOW DATABASES;
EXIT;

** Setup the CM database sudo /usr/share/cmf/schema/scm_prepare_database.sh mysql scm scm-user password sudo rm /etc/cloudera-scm-server/db.mgmt.properties sudo systemctl start cloudera-scm-server
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