



Discipline Core

Data Structures

CS4002

Assignment 1

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❖ Problem Statement:

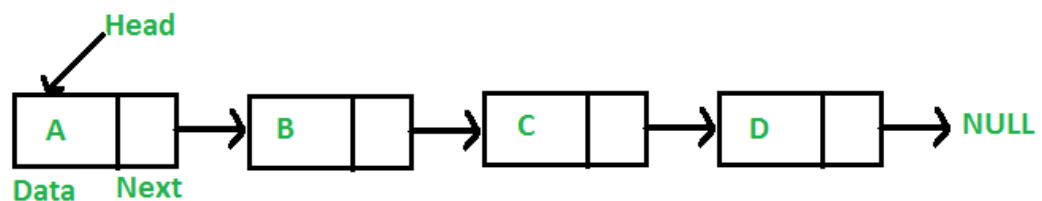
Creating a library management system for a university using appropriate datatype in C++, considering below points: -

- 1) Create the book category list.
- 2) Create a unique ID for each book list.
- 3) Add the books with their unique ID.
- 4) Searching the book in the category to be displayed.
- 5) Modify and traversing the shelf to be included in the code.

❖ Data-Type:

- **Linked-List:**

A linked list is a linear data structure, in which the elements are not stored at contiguous memory locations. The elements in a linked list are linked using pointers as shown in the below image:



In simple words, a linked list consists of nodes where each node contains a data field and a reference(link) to the next node in the list.

- **Why Linked-List?**

Time

Linked lists have most of their benefit when it comes to the insertion and deletion of nodes in the list. Unlike the dynamic array, insertion and deletion at any part of the list takes constant time.

However, unlike dynamic arrays, accessing the data in these nodes takes linear time because of the need to search through the entire list via pointers. It's also important to note that there is no way of optimizing search in linked lists. In the array, we could at least keep the array sorted. However, since we don't know how long the linked list is, there is no way of performing a binary search.

Indexing - $O(n)$, Insertion - $O(1)$, Search - $O(n)$. Deletion - $O(1)$

Space

Linked lists hold two main pieces of information (the value and pointer) per node. This means that the amount of data stored increases linearly with the number of nodes in the list. Therefore, the space complexity of the linked list is linear. **Space - $O(n)$.**

❖ C++ Code:

```
1. #include <iostream>
2. #include <stdlib.h>
3. #include <bits/stdc++.h>
4. using namespace std;
5.
6. class lib
7. {
8.     public:
9.         ~lib(){};
10.    public:
11.        string ctg;
12.        string ctgCode;
13.        string Bname;
14.        string Bcode;
15.        lib *next;
16. };
17.
18. class linkedList : protected lib
19. {
20.    public:
21.        ~linkedList(){};
22.
23.        typedef lib node;
24.
25.        node* create_list();
26.        void display(node* head);
27.        void insert(node **head);
28.        void deletion(node** head);
29.        void modify(node **head);
30.        void BooksCount(node *head);
31.        void search(node *head);
32.
33.        void call(){
34.            node* head;
35.            head = create_list();
36.            display(head);
37.        }
```

```

38.         insert(&head);
39.         display(head);
40.         BooksCount(head);
41.         search(head);
42.
43.         deletion(&head);
44.         display(head);
45.         BooksCount(head);
46.
47.         modify(&head);
48.         char y;
49.         cout<<endl<<endl<<endl<<endl<<endl<<"\tDo you want to
see the data after all modifications(y/n) :- ";
50.         cin>>y;
51.         if (y == 'y' || y=='Y'){
52.             cout<<endl<<endl<<endl<<endl<<endl<<"\tThe Final
table is:- ";
53.             display(head);
54.             }else{
55.                 cout<<endl<<endl<<endl<<"\tThank You!";
56.             }
57.         }
58.
59. };
60.
61. lib* linkedList :: create_list(){
62.                                     int n;
63.                                     node *head,*p;
64.
65.         cout<<endl<<endl<<endl<<"\t\t\t\t\t##### Library Management
System #####";
66.
67.         cout<<endl<<endl<<endl<<endl<<"\tEnter the nos of stock to be added =
";
68.                                     cin>>n;
69.
70.                                     for (int i=0; i<n ; i++){
71.                                         if (i==0){
72.                                             head = new node;
73.                                             p = head;
74.                                         }
75.                                         else{
76.                                             p->next = new
node;
77.                                             p = p->next;
78.                                         }
79.                                     }
80.         cout<<endl<<endl<<"\tEnter Category Name:- ";

```

```

78.                                     cin>>p->ctg;
79.                                     cout<<endl<<"\tEnter
    Category Code:- ";
80.                                     cin>>p->ctgCode;
81.                                     cout<<endl<<"\tEnter
    Book Name:- ";
82.                                     cin>>p->Bname;
83.                                     cout<<endl<<"\tEnter
    Book Code:- ";
84.                                     cin>>p->Bcode;
85.                                     }
86.                                     p->next = NULL;
87.                                     return head;
88.                                     }
89.
90.
91. struct arr {
92.     string ctgCode;
93.     int no_of_books;
94. };
95.
96. arr total[3];
97.
98. void linkedList :: BooksCount(node* head){
99.     char y;
100.    cout<<endl<<endl<<endl<<endl<<"\tDo you want to check
    status(y/n):- ";
101.    cin>>y;
102.    if(y == 'y' || y == 'Y'){
103.        for(int i=0; i<3;i++){
104.            string ca;
105.            cout<<endl<<"\tEnter The category codes:- ";
106.            cin>>ca;
107.            total[i].ctgCode = ca;
108.        }
109.
110.        for(int i = 0; i<3; i++){
111.            node *p;
112.            p = head;
113.            string m = total[i].ctgCode;
114.            int count = 0;
115.            while(p != NULL){
116.                if(p->ctgCode == m){
117.                    count++;
118.                }
119.                p = p->next;
120.            }
121.            total[i].no_of_books = count;

```

```

122.         }
123.
124.         cout<<endl<<endl<<endl<<endl<<endl<<endl<<endl<<"\t\t
    _____Status_____";
125.         // For printing the values in array.
126.         for(int j = 0; j<3 ; j++ ){
127.             cout<<endl<<endl<<"\t\t|
    "<<total[j].ctgCode<<"    "<<total[j].no_of_books<<"    |";

128.         }
129.         cout<<endl<<"\t\t _____";
130.         }else {
131.             cout<<endl<<endl<<"You can check whenever we
    want";
132.         }
133.
134.     }
135.
136.     void linkedList :: display(node* head) {
137.
138.         int count = 1;
139.         node *p;
140.         p = head;

        cout<<endl<<endl<<endl<<endl<<"\t\t\t\t\t\t\t Shelf Info.";
141.         cout<<endl<<"\t\t

    _____
    _____";
142.         cout<<endl<<endl<<"\t\t
    Sno.\t\t CategoryName\t\t CategoryCode\t\t BookName\t\t BookCode  ";
143.         while(p != NULL) {
144.
            cout<<endl<<"\t\t

    _____
    _____";
145.         cout<<endl<<endl<<"\t\t " <<count<<"\t\t " <<p->ctg<<"\t\t
    "<<p->ctgCode<<"\t\t " <<p->Bname<<"\t\t " <<p->Bcode;

146.         p = p->next;
147.         count++;
148.         }
149.         cout<<endl<<"\t\t

    _____
    _____";
150.         }
151.
152.
153.     void linkedList :: insert(node **head) {
154.         char y;

```

```

155.                                     int n;
156.
    cout<<endl<<endl<<endl<<endl<<endl<<endl<<"_____
    _____
    ";
157.
    cout<<endl<<endl<<"\t\t\t\t\t\t\tInsert";
158.                                     cout<<endl<<endl<<endl<<"\tDo
    you want to insert new data(y/n): ";
159.                                     cin>>y;
160.                                     if (y == 'y' || y == 'Y'){
161.
    cout<<endl<<endl<<"\tHow many books data you want to enter:- ";
162.                                     cin>>n;
163.                                     for(int i = 1; i <= n ; i++) {
164.
    cout<<endl<<endl<<endl<<"\tData "<<i<<")";
165.                                     node *q,*p,*newone;
166.                                     char y;
167.                                     newone = new
    node;
168.                                     string
    bcode,bname;
169.
    cout<<endl<<endl<<"\tEnter Category Name:- ";
170.                                     cin>>newone->ctg;
171.
    cout<<endl<<"\tEnter Category Code:- ";
172.                                     cin>>newone->ctgCode;
173.
    cout<<endl<<"\tEnter Book Name:- ";
174.                                     cin>>newone->Bname;
175.
    cout<<endl<<"\tEnter Book Code:- ";
176.                                     cin>>newone->Bcode;
177.                                     p = *head;
178.
    cout<<endl<<endl<<endl<<"\tDo you want to enter the book at
    last(y/n):- ";
180.                                     cin>>y;
181.                                     if (y=='y' || y
    == 'Y'){

```

```

182.                                     while(p !=
    0){
183.
        q = p;
184.
        p = p->next;
185.                                     }
186.
        if(p == 0){                // Inserting in last
187.
            q->next = newone;
188.
            newone->next = NULL;
189.
        }
190.                                     }else{
191.
            cout<<endl<<endl<<endl<<"\tEnter The Book CODE before you need to
            place this new book:- ";
192.
            cin>>bcode;
193.                                     if (p-
                >Bcode == bcode){    // Inserting at the beginning
194.
                    newone->next = p;
195.
                    *head = newone;
196.                                     }
197.                                     else{
198.
                    while(p != 0 && p->Bcode != bcode){
199.
                        q = p;
200.
                        p = p->next;
201.                                     }
202.
                    if (p->Bcode == bcode){ // Inserting in middle
203.
                        q->next = newone;
204.
                        newone->next = p;
205.
                    }else if(p == 0){    // Inserting in last
206.
                        q->next = newone;
207.
                        newone->next = NULL;

```



```

208.         }else{
209.             cout<<endl<<"\tNo such book code exist. Kindly enter a valid
book code";
210.         }
211.     }
212. }
213.
214. }
215.
216. }
217. else{
218.     cout<<endl<<"\tThank
You";
219. }
220. }
221.
222.
223. void linkedList :: search(node* head){
224.     int count = 1;
225.     string bcode;
226.     node *p;
227.     p = head;
228.     cout<<endl<<endl<<endl<<endl<<endl<<endl<<endl<<"
_____"
_____"
_____"
";
229.     cout<<endl<<endl<<"\t\t\t\t\t\t\tSearch";
230.     cout<<endl<<endl<<endl<<endl<<"\tEnter the Book Code whose
details you wanna see:- ";
231.     cin>>bcode;
232.     while(p != NULL){
233.         if(p->Bcode == bcode){
234.             cout<<endl<<endl<<endl<<"\t\t\t\t\t\t\t"<<p-
>Bcode<<" Info.";
235.             cout<<endl<<"\t\t
_____"
_____"
";
236.             cout<<endl<<endl<<"\t\t\t\t\t\t\tSno.\t\t\t\t\t\t\tCategoryName\t\t\t
CategoryCode\t\t\t\t\t\t\tBookName\t\t\t\t\t\t\tBookCode ";
237.             cout<<endl<<"\t\t
_____"
_____"
";
238.             cout<<endl<<endl<<"\t\t\t\t\t\t\t"<<count<<"\t\t\t\t\t\t\t"<<p-
>ctg<<"\t\t\t\t\t\t\t"<<p->ctgCode<<"\t\t\t\t\t\t\t"<<p->Bname<<"\t\t\t\t\t\t\t"<<p->Bcode;

```

```

239.         cout<<endl<<"\t\t
";
240.         break;
241.     }else{
242.         p = p->next;
243.     }
244. }
245. }
246.
247.
248. void linkedList :: deletion(node** head){
249.     char y;
250.
251.     cout<<endl<<endl<<endl<<endl<<endl<<endl<<"
";
252.
253.     cout<<endl<<endl<<"\t\t\t\t\tDelete";
254.
255.     cout<<endl<<endl<<endl<<endl<<"\tDo you want to issue some book(y/n):-
";
256.
257.     cin>>y;
258.     if (y == 'y' || y == 'Y'){
259.         string bcode;
260.         node *p,*q;
261.         cout<<endl<<"\tEnter
the book code issued:- ";
262.
263.         cin>>bcode;
264.         p = *head;
265.         if(p->Bcode == bcode){
266.             //Deleting the 1st element
267.
268.             *head = p->next;
269.             delete p;
270.         }else{
271.             while(p->Bcode
!= bcode && p!=NULL){
272.
273.                 q = p;
274.                 p = p-
>next;
275.             }
276.             if (p->Bcode
== bcode){          // Deletion in middle
277.
278.                 q->next =
p->next;
279.
280.                 delete p;
281.             }else if(p
== NULL){          // If no book exist

```



```

303.                cout<<endl<<"\t\t
_____
_____";
304.                cout<<endl<<endl<<"\t\t Sno.\t\t CategoryName\t\t
CategoryCode\t\t BookName\t\t BookCode ";
305.                cout<<endl<<"\t\t
_____
_____";
306.                cout<<endl<<endl<<"\t\t "<<count<<"\t\t "<<p-
>ctg<<"\t\t "<<p->ctgCode<<"\t\t "<<p->Bname<<"\t\t "<<p->Bcode;
307.                cout<<endl<<"\t\t
_____
_____";
308.    }
309.
310.    void linkedList :: modify(node **head){
311.        char y;
312.        int count =1;
313.        string bcode;
314.        node *p;
315.        cout<<endl<<endl<<endl<<endl<<endl<<endl<<"
_____
_____";
316.        cout<<endl<<endl<<"\tDo you want to modify existing data(y/n)
:- ";
317.        cin>>y;
318.        if (y == 'y' || y == 'Y'){
319.            cout<<endl<<endl<<"\tEnter the Book code whose data you
want to modify :- ";
320.            cin>>bcode;
321.            p = *head;
322.
323.            if(p->Bcode == bcode){                // Modifying at the
first node
324.                modify_branch(*head);
325.            }else{
326.                while(p->Bcode != bcode && p != NULL){
327.                    p = p->next;
328.                }
329.                if(p->Bcode == bcode){                // Modifying in
the middle
330.                    modify_branch(p) ;
331.                }else{                // No element
Found
332.                    cout<<endl<<endl<<"\tNo such Book
Code exist. Kindly enter a valid book code";
333.                }
334.            }

```

```

335.         }else{
336.             cout<<endl<<endl<<"\tThank You !";
337.         }
338.     }
339.
340.     int main()
341.     {
342.         system("Color C0");
343.         linkedList obj;
344.         obj.call();
345.         return 0;
346.     }

```

❖ C++ Output:

```

##### Library Management System #####

Enter the nos of stock to be added = 2

Enter Category Name:- CompEngg
Enter Category Code:- CE
Enter Book Name:- Python
Enter Book Code:- AUCE1

Enter Category Name:- MechEngg
Enter Category Code:- ME
Enter Book Name:- Arihant
Enter Book Code:- AUME1

Shelf Info.

```

Sno.	CategoryName	CategoryCode	BookName	BookCode
1	CompEngg	CE	Python	AUCE1
2	MechEngg	ME	Arihant	AUME1

Insert

Do you want to insert new data(y/n): y

How many books data you want to enter:- 2

Data 1)

Enter Category Name:- CompEngg

Enter Category Code:- CE

Enter Book Name:- JavaSc.

Enter Book Code:- AUCE2

Do you want to enter the book at last(y/n):- n

Enter The Book CODE before you need to place this new book:- AUCE1

Data 2)

Enter Category Name:- ElecEngg

Enter Category Code:- EE

Enter Book Name:- Circuit

Enter Book Code:- AUCE1

Do you want to enter the book at last(y/n):- y

Shelf Info.

Sno.	CategoryName	CategoryCode	BookName	BookCode
1	CompEngg	CE	JavaSc.	AUCE2
2	CompEngg	CE	Python	AUCE1
3	MechEngg	ME	Arihant	AUME1
4	ElecEngg	EE	Circuit	AUEE1

Do you want to check status(y/n):- y

Enter The category codes:- CE

Enter The category codes:- ME

Enter The category codes:- EE

Status		
	CE 2	
	ME 1	
	EE 1	

Search

Enter the Book Code whose details you wanna see:- AUME1

AUME1 Info.

Sno.	CategoryName	CategoryCode	BookName	BookCode
1	MechEngg	ME	Arihant	AUME1

Delete

Do you want to issue some book(y/n):- y

Enter the book code issued:- AUCE1

Shelf Info.

Sno.	CategoryName	CategoryCode	BookName	BookCode
1	CompEngg	CE	JavaSc.	AUCE2
2	MechEngg	ME	Arihant	AUME1
3	ElecEngg	EE	Circuit	AUEE1

Do you want to check status(y/n):- y

Enter The category codes:- CE

Enter The category codes:- ME

Enter The category codes:- EE

Status		
	CE 1	
	ME 1	
	EE 1	

Updated Info.

Sno.	CategoryName	CategoryCode	BookName	BookCode
1	MechEngg	ME	Kinemats	AUME1

Do you want to see the data after all modifications(y/n) :- y

The Final table is:-

Shelf Info.				
Sno.	CategoryName	CategoryCode	BookName	BookCode
1	CompEngg	CE	JavaSc.	AUCE2
2	MechEngg	ME	Kinemats	AUME1
3	ElecEngg	EE	Circuit	AUEE1

❖ Conclusion:

Well, I was successfully able to implement and do the operations on linked-list. From the assignment I got to know the working of pointers and how different memory allocations takes place. Working with linked list is better than traditional arrays as it saves us lot of memory which in case of arrays is either exhausted or remain untouched which is again a memory wastage.

❖ Paper Work:

