

Discipline

ER diagram

(3 versions)

CS5201

Stage-2

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Steps of forming Entity-Relation:

Step1) Identifying Entities:

1) USER	2) BUSINESS	3) GOODS
4) PURCHASED	5) SOLD	6) VENDOR
7) CUSTOMER	8) CREDIT	

Step2) Identifying Attributes and primary keys.

- 1) USER (User_id, Username, Password)
- 2) BUSINESS (Business_name, B_type, B_location, B_PhoneNos, B_emailAdd)
- 3) GOODS (Goods_id, Goods_type)
- 4) PURCHASED (P_qty, P_date, P_time, P_cost)
- 5) SOLD (S_qty, S_date, S_time, S_cost)
- 6) VENDOR (<u>Vendor_id</u>, V_PhoneNos, V_emailAdd, V_location, F_name, M_name, L_name)
- 7) CUSTOMER (<u>C_id</u>, C_PhoneNos, C_emailAdd, C_location, F_name, M_name, L_name)
- 8) CREDIT (Amount_payed)

Step3) Identifying relationship and cardinality among entities.

Entities Involved	Relationship name	Attributes	Cardinality
USER & BUSINESS	runs	User_id, Business_name	Many to Many (M-M)

BUSINESS & GOODS	owns	Goods_id, Business_name	Many to Many (M-M)
PURCHASED & VENDOR	Purchased from	Goods_id, Vendor_id	Many to Many (M-M)
SOLD & CUSTOMER	Sold to	Goods_id, C_id	Many to Many (M-M)
BUSINESS & CREDIT	Credit on	Business_name	One to One (1-1)
CUSTOMER & CREDIT	Credit on	C_id	One to One (1-1)
GOODS & CREDIT	Credit on	Goods_id	One to One (1-1)

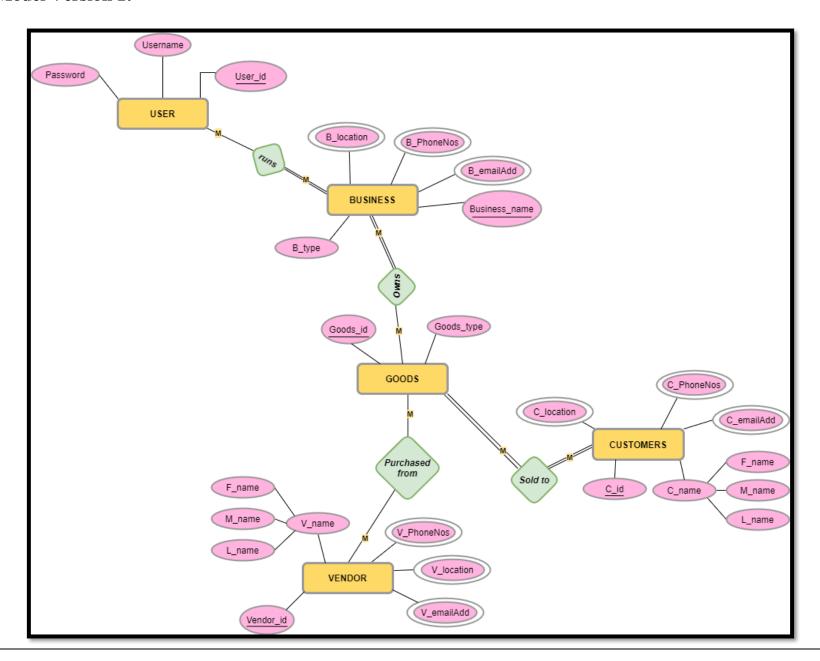
Step4) Participation Constraints:

- 1) Goods can't be sold unless and until its in the purchased goods record.
- 2) Although a business could be owned by many people but only one user will have access to application at a time.

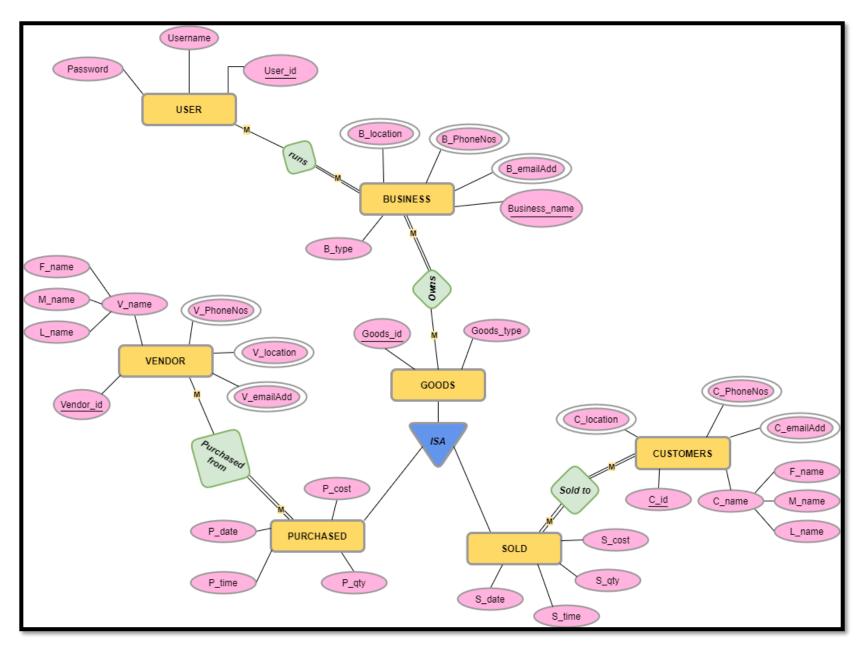
Step 5) Sign conventions used in ER-Model.

1) Entity	6) Specialisation	ISA
2) Attribute	7) Relationship	\Diamond
3) Partial- Participation	 8) Weak Entity	
4) Total Participation	 9) Derived Attribute	
5) Key Attribute	10) Multivalued Attribute	

ER Model Version 1:



A ER Model Version 2:



ER Model Version 3:

