

Scripting & Computer Environments (CSE 505)

Assignment 2 - Regular Expressions

Deadline: 31st August 2013 @ 9pm

Instructions:

- Create a file `<YourRollNumber>.txt`. This file will contain the command(s) for each of the following questions, **along with the explanation of your approach/logic for each**.
 - A file named `<YourRollNumber>.script` generated using the `script` command also must be included.
 - Further upload instructions will be mailed to you.
1. Write a regular expression to extract only the valid email addresses that match any of the following domains: {com, ac.in, edu, org}. See the accompanying `1.txt` file for some valid and invalid email IDs.
 2. Matching IPv4 addresses:
 - (a) Write a regex to extract all numbers of the format W.X.Y.Z from `2.txt`. Each placeholder can assume any value.
e.g. 10.2.40.95, 555.77.999.0
 - (b) Now, extract only those numbers of the form A.A.A.A.
e.g. 10.10.10.10, 455.455.455.455
 - (c) This time, extract only those numbers which are between 0 and 255 inclusive.
e.g. 10.2.90.100, 195.32.0.255
 3. Display only the lines from `3.txt` which satisfy each of the following conditions:
 - (a) First character matches with the last character.
 - (b) Second character matches with the second last character.
 4. Display only those lines in file `4.txt` that contain a valid HTML heading tag syntax (H1 through H6). A tag is valid if the opening and closing tags are the same. Comparison should be case insensitive.
`<H1> This is valid heading </H1>` and
`<H2> This is invalid </H3>`

5. Filter the following from `5.txt`:
 - (a) The lines having comments. Comments start with hash(`#`), single quote (`'`) or double forward slashes (`//`).
 - (b) Now, extract all the lines that do not have comments.
6. Write a command to extract only the lines that contain valid vehicle numbers from the file `6.txt`. Valid numbers are 2 letters, a space, 2 digits, 1 or 2 letters, a space and finally a 1,2,3 or 4 digit number.
e.g. {AP 07 CJ 12, MH 15 BH 6549, MH 12 CJ 2339, UP 53 R 788}
7. Replace all the contiguous repeating characters from `7.txt` by a single character. You should handle multiple spaces as well.
e.g. `'aaabccc' → 'abc'`
8. Using both `find` and `grep`, list all files in your home directory that were changed less than 10 hours ago, but leave out directories.
9. Using both `sed` and `awk`, achieve the following:
 - (a) Delete the first 3 lines of `9.txt`
 - (b) Print the lines containing the pattern "an" from the file `10.txt`.
 - (c) Substitute all lines in `11.txt` that begin with `/*` and end with `*/` by an empty line.
10. Output the lines in the file `12.txt` that match valid floating point and positive integer numbers.
11. Write an `awk` command to rename all the files in the current directory with size greater than 1 MB with the postfix `"_big"`.
e.g. `file.txt → file_big.txt` and `xyz → xyz_big`
12. Given the data tabulated in the file `employee.txt`, use the appropriate command(s) to do the following:
 - (a) Prepare an inventory report that contains the `Name`, `Rate`, `Hours_Worked` and `NetPay` for each employee. Include line numbers, appropriate report beginning and ending messages too.
 - (b) Which employee(s) was paid the most and least amounts respectively?
 - (c) For all employees who worked overtime (`> 10 hrs`), add an appraisal amount of 10%.