# Scripting & Computer Environments Shell Scripting III

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# ...Previously & Today...

## Previously: Shell Scripting II

- Expressions operators, arithmetics ...
- Decision Making
   if...fi, case...esac

 Looping for, while, until, break, continue

#### Today:

- Functions
- Going graphical

• The whats and whys?

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#### **Function**

- A named section of a code that can be executed.
- Two parts: body + arguments.
- May return a value.
- Usage:

```
function name  # or just name()
{
  statements
  return <value>  # optional
}
```

```
Example
#!/bin/bash
function func1
                            # or just func1()
 echo "Inside func1"
i=1
while [ $i -le 10 ]
do
 func1
                           # calling...
 i=\$((\$i + 1))
done
echo "Now, outside func1"
```

Input Validation

Example:

"Thou shalt validate thy input data!"

# Returning Values

- Returning a value from functions
  - Via the default exit status
  - 2 The return command
  - Output of the function
- Function Variables
  - Globa

2 Loca

- Recursive Functions
- Arrays and Functions

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# Going Graphical:

- The system by which a user interacts with a machine.
- Hardware + software components
- Some UIs:
  - Command-line Interfaces (CLI)
  - Voice User Interfaces

- Graphical User Interfaces (GUI)
- Natural-language Interfaces

- Design goal: Produce a user-friendly, efficient and enjoyable UI.
- The area of usability strives to achieve this goal.

# User Interface (2)

# Going Graphical:

• Poor UI design costs a lot. e.g. computer rage, Internet rage, industrial disaster ...







• Real story:



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# The dialog Utility

- A step-up in interactive scripts.
- The dialog command offers the feel of standard dialog boxes in a text environment.
- Not part of the shell.
- Has various window elements (a.k.a. widgets) to choose from:

message box menu bar textbox
input box password box yesno ...

# Dialog Usage

dialog [options] --WidgetName Parametres

(note the --)

Widget Name	Description
infobox	Displays a message
msgbox	Displays a message (waits for response)
inputbox	Displays a box for text entry
yesno	Displays a box with yes and no buttons
menu	Displays items to select from
textbox	Displays text in a scrollable window
checklist	Displays multiple entries (> 1 can be selected at once)
radiolist	Displays multiple entries (only one can be selected)
gauge	Displays a meter showing progress of a task.

- Each widget provides output in 2 forms:
  - Using exit status

Using STDERR

#### msgbox & infobox

dialog --msgbox <text> <height> <width>
dialog --infobox <text> <height> <width>

- To display the message <text> to the user.
- msgbox waits for the user to click 'OK'.
- infobox does not.

dialog --title "Msgbox Window" --msgbox 'Hello world!' 10 30
dialog --title "Infobox Window" --infobox 'Hello world!' 10 30





#### yesno

dialog --yesno <text> <height> <width>

- To display the user a yes/no question window.
- Exit statuses: 0 (if yes), 1 (if no), 255 (if esc key was pressed)

```
dialog --title "Confirmation Window" \
    --yesno "Are you sure you want to exit?" 6 60
```



#### inputbox

dialog --inputbox <text> <height> <width> [<init>]

- To prompt the user for input data.
- The input is sent to STDERR.
- To retrieve the input value, change the redirection.

```
dialog --title "Input Window" \
    --inputbox "Enter your name:" 10 20 2>name.txt
```

cat name.txt



#### passwordbox

dialog --passwordbox <text> <height> <width> [<init>]

- Just like inputbox, except text is hidden.
- The --insecure option displays password as \* .
- On exit, input printed on dialog's output.
- Less secure.

```
dialog --title "Password Window" \
  --passwordbox "Enter your password" 10 40 2> secret.txt
```

```
dialog --title "Password Window" \
   --insecure --passwordbox "Enter your password" 10 40 2> secret.txt
```

#### textbox

dialog --textbox <file> <height> <width>

- To display scrollable window containing contents of <file>.
- Use the arrow keys to scroll.

dialog --title "textbox Window" --textbox /etc/passwd 20 70
ps -au > process.txt ; dialog --textbox process.txt 20 50

root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash daemon:x:1:1:daemon:/usr/sbin:/bin/sh bin:x:2:2:bin:/bin:/bin/sh svs:x:3:3:svs:/dev:/btn/sh sync:x:4:65534:sync:/bin:/bin/sync games:x:5:60:games:/usr/games:/bin/sh man:x:6:12:man:/var/cache/man:/bin/sh lp:x:7:7:lp:/var/spool/lpd:/bin/sh matl:x:8:8:matl:/var/matl:/btn/sh news:x:9:9:news:/var/spool/news:/bin/sh uucp:x:10:10:uucp:/var/spool/uucp:/bin/sh proxy:x:13:13:proxy:/bin:/bin/sh www-data:x:33:33:www-data:/var/www:/bin/sh backup:x:34:34:backup:/var/backups:/btn/sh list:x:38:38:Mailing List Manager:/var/list:/bin/sh trc:x:39:39:trcd:/var/run/trcd:/btn/sh

#### menu

- Displays list of choices to the user in the form of a menu.
- Each menu element is made of {tag} and {item}.
- Each {tag} identifies an entry from the other entries.
- {item} is just short description of the choice.
- On exit, the {tag} will be redirected to STDERR. The redirection can be changed to a file.

```
dialog --menu "Demo of Menu Widget" 20 30 10 1 "Display users" \
2 "Display Calendar" 3 "Display Disk usage" 4 "Display Time" \
```

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5 "Exit" 2>menu.txt

#### fselect

dialog --fselect <filepath> <height> <width>

- Allows the user to browse to the file location and select the file.
- Displays directory listing (left), files in that directory (right) and a textbox containing the currently selected file or directory.

```
FILE=$(dialog --title "Select a file to delete" \
--fselect $HOME/ 15 40 )
echo $FILE
```



# Other Widgets

- Checkbox (--checklist)
- Progress bar (--gauge)
- Radiobox (--radiolist)
- Directory select (--dselect)

- 3 Calendar (--calendar)
- Tailbox
- (--tailbox)

Read dialog's man page for more!