

3 פתרון - 1-614

1/3

$$\frac{N(H^+)}{N(H)} = \frac{1}{N(e)} \left(\frac{2\pi m_e kT}{h^2} \right)^{3/2} e^{-\frac{1.6 \cdot 10^5}{T}} : \text{Saha's eq (1)}$$

היחס $N(e)$ בין $N(H)$ ל- $N(H^+)$

$$\bar{P} = N k T$$

$$N = P / kT$$

$$= 1 \cdot 10^{24} \text{ cm}^{-3}$$

היחס $N(e)$ בין $N(H)$ ל- $N(H^+)$ הוא $5 \cdot 10^{23} \text{ cm}^{-3}$

(כאשר $N(H)$ הוא 10^{24} cm^{-3})

$$\frac{N(H^+)}{N(H)} \approx 100$$

היחס $N(e)$ בין $N(H)$ ל- $N(H^+)$ הוא 10^2 (כאשר $N(H)$ הוא 10^{24} cm^{-3})

$$M(r) = \frac{4\pi}{3} r^3 \rho$$

$$\frac{dP}{dr} = -\frac{G M(r) \rho}{r^2} = -\frac{4\pi}{3} G \rho^2 r$$

$$P(R) = 0$$

$$P(r) = \frac{2\pi}{3} G \rho^2 (R^2 - r^2)$$

$$P = n k T = \frac{\rho}{\mu m_H} k T$$

$$T(r) = \frac{\mu m_H}{k} \frac{2\pi}{3} G \rho (R^2 - r^2)$$

$$\frac{T(r)}{T(0)} = \left(\frac{T(r)}{T(0)} \right)^4 = 0.1$$

$$\left(1 - r^2/R^2 \right)^4 = 0.1$$

$$r/R = 0.66$$

$$\frac{V(r)}{V(R)} \propto (r/R)^3 = 0.29$$

$$\frac{dM(r)}{dr} = 4\pi r^2 \rho = 4\pi \rho_c \left(r^2 - \frac{r^3}{R} \right) \quad (1) \quad \frac{9}{3}$$

$$M(0) = 0 \quad \text{so} \quad r \quad r' \quad \sim \quad \text{3-3-3-3-3}$$

$$M(r) = 4\pi \rho_c \left(\frac{r^3}{3} - \frac{r^4}{4R} \right) \quad \text{6-7-11}$$

$$M(R) = \frac{\pi \rho_c R^3}{3} \quad (2)$$

$$\frac{dP}{dr} = -\frac{GM(r)}{r^2} = -4\pi G \rho_c^2 \left(\frac{r}{3} - \frac{7r^2}{12R} + \frac{r^3}{4R^2} \right) \quad (2)$$

$$\text{so} \quad r \quad \sim \quad R \quad \sim \quad r' \quad \sim \quad \text{3-3-3-3-3}$$

$$P(r) = -4\pi G \rho_c^2 R^2 \cdot \left[\frac{5}{36} - \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^2 + \frac{7}{3} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^3 - \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^4 \right] \quad P(R) = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} 12m_H & \quad \text{so} \quad \text{so} \quad \text{so} \quad \text{so} \quad \text{so} \quad (4) \\ m_e \rightarrow 0 & \quad \text{so} \quad \text{so} \quad \text{so} \quad \text{so} \quad \text{so} \quad 1 \\ \bar{m} & = \frac{4 \cdot 12m_H + 6m_e}{7} = \frac{12}{7} m_H \end{aligned}$$

$$\rho \propto \frac{E_H}{R^3} \propto \frac{M^2}{R^4} \quad \text{Physical Reason 2}$$

$$P = n k T \propto \frac{\rho}{\bar{m}} T \quad \text{Physical Reason 1}$$

$$\rho \propto \frac{M}{R^3} \quad \text{so}$$

$$\rho \propto \frac{M}{R^3 \bar{m}} T \quad \text{so}$$

$$R \propto \frac{M}{T} \quad \text{so}$$

$$\text{so} \quad T = 1.5 \cdot 10^7 \text{ K}, \quad \bar{m} = \frac{m_H}{2}, \quad M_0, \quad R_0 \quad \text{so}$$

$$6.25 \cdot 10^8 \quad \text{so} \quad \text{so} \quad \text{so} \quad \text{so} \quad \text{so}$$

$$\frac{R}{R_0} = \frac{6.25 \cdot 10^8 \cdot 10^3 \text{ g} \cdot \frac{12}{7} m_H}{6 \cdot 10^8 \text{ K} \cdot R_0} = 0.86$$

$$10^7 L_0 = L = 4\pi R^2 \sigma T^4$$

3/3

$$T = 350,000 \text{ K} \quad (\nabla)$$

$$\frac{24 - 23.985}{24} = 0.06 \%$$

$$z = \frac{0.1 \cdot \frac{0.06}{100} \cdot 10^7 L_0 \cdot c^2}{10^7 L_0}$$

$$= 2.8 \cdot 10^{10} \text{ sec} \approx 900 \text{ yr}$$

... 21 T = 350,000 K (7)