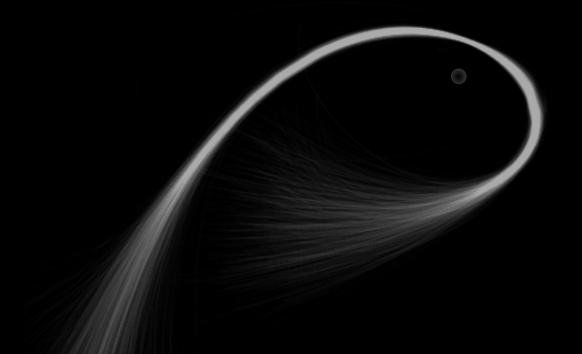
Probing SgrA*'s accretion flow with G1 & G2

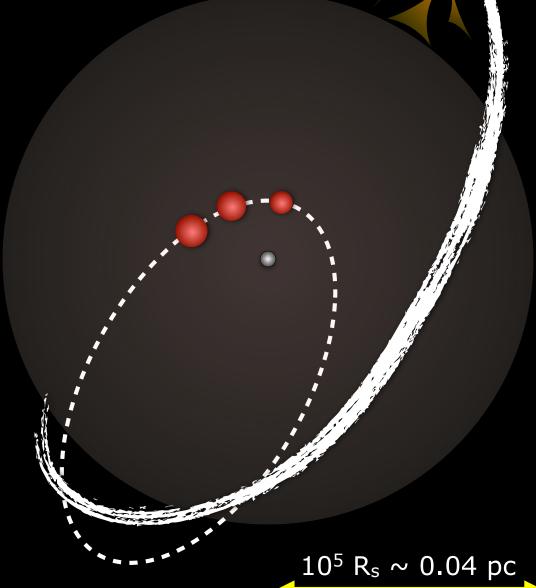


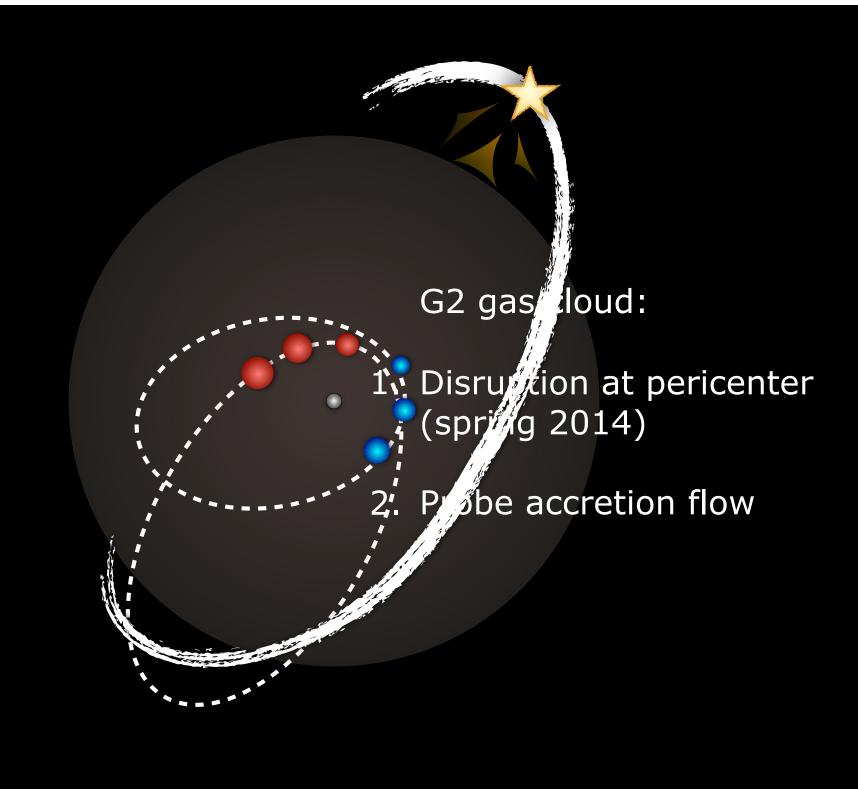
Ann-Marie Madigan

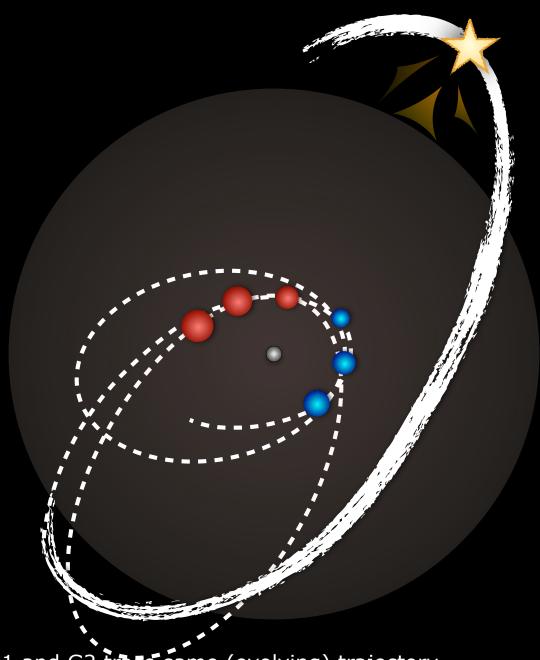
Mike McCourt & Ryan O'Leary

Aspen Feb 2016

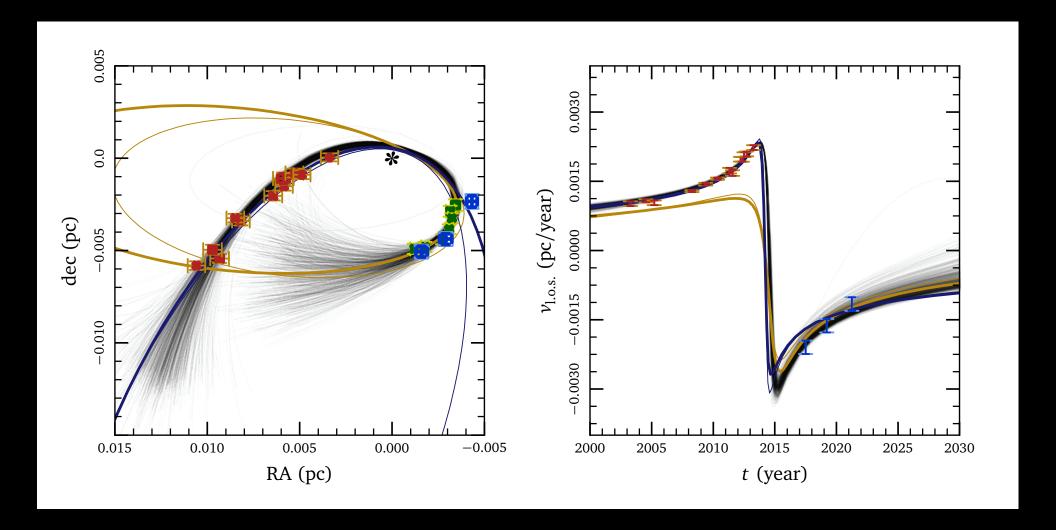
Accretion flow around SgrA*



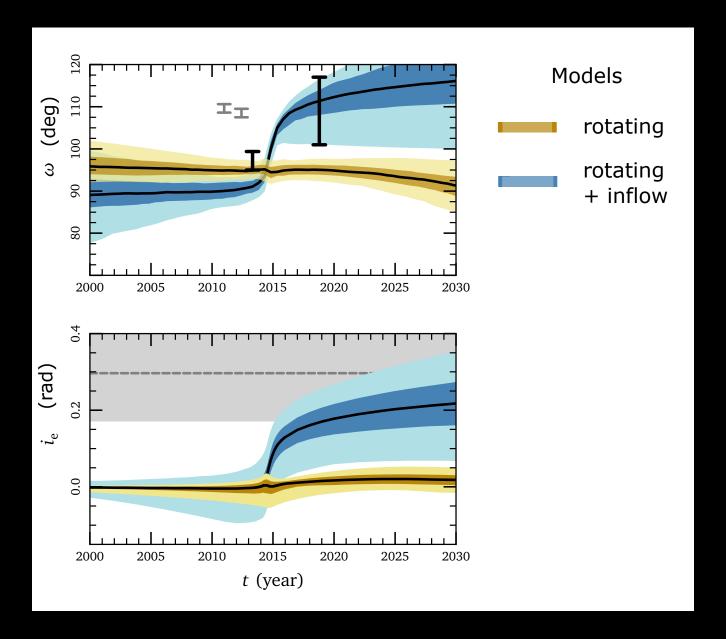




Pfuhl et al (2015): G1 and G2 trace same (evolving) trajectory
McCourt & Madigan (2016): rotating accretion flow model
Madigan, McCourt & O'Leary (2016): model with added inflow/outflow



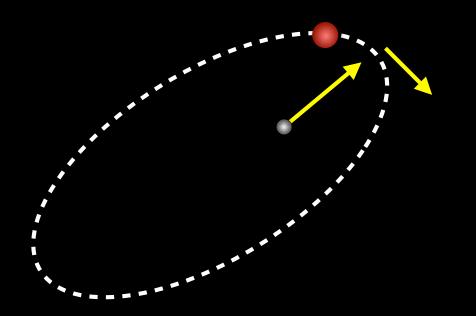
Model - Madigan, McCourt & O'Leary (2016) Data - Gillessen et al (2013a,b), Pfuhl et al (2015)



Model - Madigan, McCourt & O'Leary (2016)

Data - Gillessen et al (2013a,b), Phifer et al (2013), Pfuhl et al (2015)

Inflow = prograde precession = delayed pericenter time



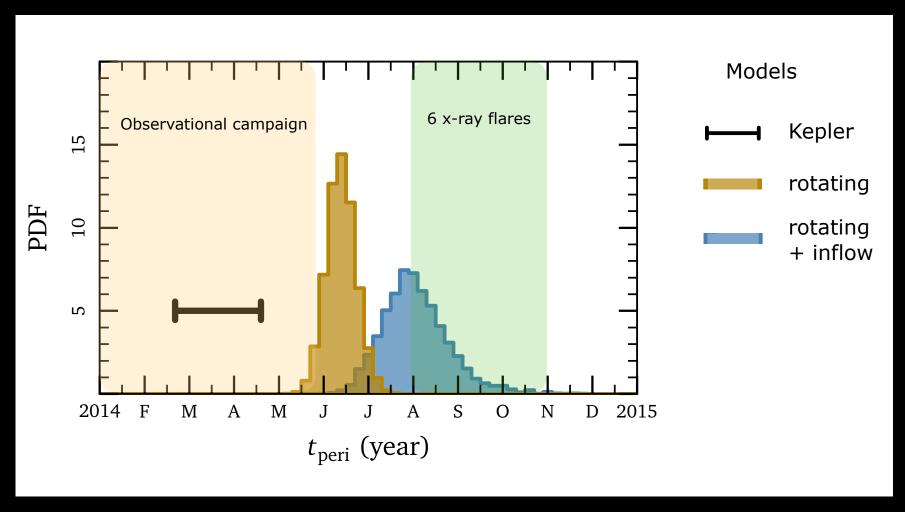
$$j = r \times v$$

$$j' = \tau = r \times f$$

$$e = \frac{v \times j}{GM} - \hat{r}$$

$$e' = \frac{f \times j}{GM} + \frac{v \times \tau}{GM}$$

G2 pericenter time

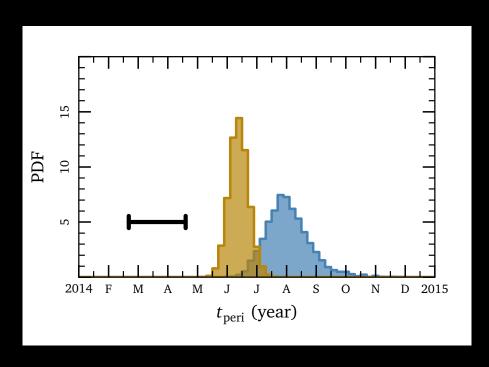


Models - McCourt & Madigan (2016), Madigan, McCourt & O'Leary (2016)

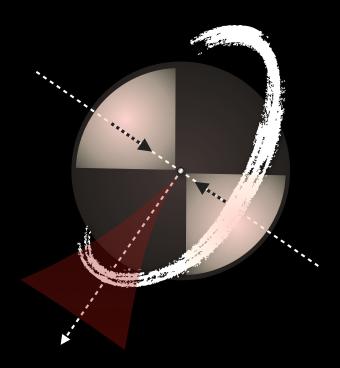
Data - Gillessen et al (2013a,b), Pfuhl et al (2015)

Flares - Ponti et al (2015), Degenaar et al (2015)

Main results



1. Delayed G2 pericenter



2. Rotation axis aligned with Galaxy/CND Inflow along G1/G2 orbit