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## ASSERT\_TRUE() return type does not match function type in gtest





When I am using ASSERT\_TRUE() provided in Gtest I am getting below error. return type does not match function type with an underline in vs 2010..

## abc.h

```
#include "gtest\gtest.h"

class abc {
pubilc:
    bool fun();
    private:
    bool fun1();
};

abc.c

bool abc::fun()
{
    ASSERT_TRUE(fun1()); // Getting error: return type does not match function type
}

bool abc::fun1()
{
    return true; // True or false depanding on operation
}
```



asked Sep 27 '12 at 9:07

Rasmi Ranjan Nayak

**3,225** 13 53 95

## 3 Answers

visual-studio-2010 googletest

There is no return statement specified in fun() but it returns a bool. Add a return false; Or return true; to fun() or change its return type to void:

void abc::fun()
{
 ASSERT\_TRUE(fun1());

Based on My compiler complains that a constructor (or destructor) cannot return a value. What's going on? which states (verbatim):

Due to a peculiarity of C++, in order to support the syntax for streaming messages to an  $ASSERT_*$ , e.g.

```
ASSERT_EQ(1, Foo()) << "blah blah" << foo;
```

we had to give up using ASSERT\* and FAIL\* (but not EXPECT\* and ADD\_FAILURE\*) in constructors and destructors. The workaround is to move the content of your

answered Sep 27 '12 at 9:09

9:38

constructor/destructor to a private void member function, or switch to EXPECT\_\*() if that works. This section in the user's guide explains it.

the return type must be void in functions that use ASSERT\_\*() macros.



edited Mar 4 '16 at 11:46



ASSERT\_TRUE is a macro. When expanded it will contain a branch like:

```
if (fun1() == false) {
   return;
```

This is how ASSERT\_TRUE does a hard stop on failure, but it also means that your method bool abc::fun() now has a void return exit path, in conflict with its signature.

Possible fixes include don't use hard stop asserts:

```
bool abc::fun(){
     bool result = fun1();
     EXPECT_TRUE(result); //No return in expansion
                            //No hard stop!
     return result;
or change your methods return type if not needed:
 void abc::fun(){
     ASSERT_TRUE(fun1()); //Hard stop on failure
or return by reference:
 void abc::fun(bool &outResult){
    outResult = fun1(); //return result by reference
ASSERT_TRUE(result);
```

answered Feb 18 '15 at 11:21 Downward Facing God **155** 1

1 2.5 yrs late but this is the correct explanation! – Some Guy Sep 23 '16 at 21:25

The fun method has a bool return type so it still needs to return something.

ASSERT\_TRUE is a macro which tests that something is true, it won't call return for you. In fact, you can have many ASSERT\_TRUE in a row, and (providing they are all true) they will all execute one after another. Think of the ASSERT\_TRUE macro as a function call, even though it's not technically.

This should work:

```
bool abc::fun()
   ASSERT_TRUE(fun1());
   return true;
```

answered Sep 27 '12 at 9:10 Adam M-W **1,617** 6 31 58

I did the same but still it is throwing same error . - Rasmi Ranjan Nayak Sep 27 '12 at 9:19

2 I don't think this is correct; ASSERT\_TRUE expands into code that returns when the condition is *false*. That's how it aborts the test. – Andrew Lazarus Nov 27 '12 at 4:38