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**Note:** This tutorial assumes that you have completed the previous tutorials: writing a simple publisher and subscriber (python) (/ROS/Tutorials/WritingPublisherSubscriber%28python%29).

Fig. Please ask about problems and questions regarding this tutorial on ●answers.ros.org (http://answers.ros.org). Don't forget to include in your question the link to this page, the versions of your OS & ROS, and also add appropriate tags.

# Moving in a Straight Line

Description: This tutorial is based on Turtlesim Video Tutorials (/turtlesim/Tutorials)

**Tutorial Level: INTERMEDIATE** 

Next Tutorial: Rotating Left/Right (/turtlesim/Tutorials/Rotating%20Left%20and%20Right)

#### Contents

- 1. Preparing for work
- 2. Understanding the code
- 3. The code
- 4. Testing the code

In this tutorial series, we will create python scripts to move our turtle, in order to practice the ROS basics.

You can find the complete package at: • https://github.com/clebercoutof/turtlesim\_cleaner (https://github.com/clebercoutof/turtlesim\_cleaner)

### 1. Preparing for work

First of all, we have to create a new package.

```
$ cd ~/catkin_ws/src
$ catkin_create_pkg turtlesim_cleaner geometry_msgs rospy
```

Now, build your workspace

```
#At your catkin workspace
$ cd ~/catkin_ws
$ catkin_make
```

And now, create a a src folder for your scripts

\$ cd ~/catkin\_ws/src/turtlesim\_cleaner
\$ mkdir src
\$ catkin\_make

### 2. Understanding the code

Our code will receive as inputs the desired speed, distance and a variable which defines if the movement is forwards or backwards. Since we can just publish a velocity to the topic */turtle1/cmd\_vel*, our logic will have to calculate the distance specified.

#### 3. The code

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Create your move.py (or any name you want) file and save it in your ~/catkin\_ws/src/turtlesim\_cleaner/src, our code will look like this:

```
1 #!/usr/bin/env python
   2 import rospy
   3 from geometry_msgs.msg import Twist
   5 def move():
         # Starts a new node
   7
         rospy.init_node('robot_cleaner', anonymous=True)
   8
         velocity_publisher = rospy.Publisher('/turtle1/cmd_vel', Twist, queue
_size=10)
         vel_msg = Twist()
   9
 10
 11
        #Receiveing the user's input
 12
         print("Let's move your robot")
         speed = input("Input your speed:")
 13
 14
         distance = input("Type your distance:")
 15
         isForward = input("Foward?: ")#True or False
 16
 17
         #Checking if the movement is forward or backwards
 18
         if(isForward):
 19
             vel_msg.linear.x = abs(speed)
 20
         else:
 21
             vel_msg.linear.x = -abs(speed)
 22
         #Since we are moving just in x-axis
 23
        vel_msg.linear.y = 0
         vel_msg.linear.z = 0
 24
 25
        vel msg.angular.x = 0
 26
        vel_msg.angular.y = 0
 27
        vel_msg.angular.z = 0
 28
 29
        while not rospy.is_shutdown():
 30
 31
             #Setting the current time for distance calculus
 32
             t0 = rospy.Time.now().to_sec()
             current_distance = 0
 33
 34
 35
             #Loop to move the turtle in an specified distance
             while(current_distance < distance):</pre>
 36
 37
                 #Publish the velocity
 38
                 velocity_publisher.publish(vel_msg)
 39
                 #Takes actual time to velocity calculus
 40
                 t1=rospy.Time.now().to_sec()
 41
                 #Calculates distancePoseStamped
 42
                 current_distance= speed*(t1-t0)
 43
            #After the loop, stops the robot
 44
             vel_msg.linear.x = 0
 45
             #Force the robot to stop
 46
            velocity_publisher.publish(vel_msg)
 47
 48 if __name__ == '__main__':
  49
         try:
```

```
#Testing our function
function
move()
except rospy.ROSInterruptException pass
```

Don't forget to make your node executable:

```
$ chmod u+x ~/catkin_ws/src/turtlesim_cleaner/src/move.py
```

First we need to import the packages used on our script. The rospy library is the ros python library, it contains the basic functions, like creating a node, getting time and creating a publisher. The geometry msgs contains the variable type **Twist** that will be used:

```
Toggle line numbers

2 import rospy
3 from geometry_msgs.msg import Twist
```

Now we declare our function, initiate our node, our publisher and create the **Twist** variable.

```
Toggle line numbers

5 def move():
6  # Starts a new node
7  rospy.init_node('robot_cleaner', anonymous=True)
8  velocity_publisher = rospy.Publisher('/turtle1/cmd_vel', Twist, queue_size=10)
9  vel_msg = Twist()
```

The **Twist** is necessary because our topic **'/turtle1/cmd\_vel'** uses the Twist message, you can check with the following command:

```
$ rostopic info /turtle1/cmd_vel
```

You should see the following screen:

```
~$ rostopic info /turtle1/cmd_vel
Type: geometry_msgs/Twist

Publishers: None

Subscribers:
* /turtlesim (http://birnuc1:45049/)
```

The Twist message is composed by 3 linear components and 3 angular components, you can see the message description with the following command:

```
$ rosmsg show geometry_msgs/Twist
```

You should see the following screen:

```
:~$ rosmsg show geometry_msgs/Twist
geometry_msgs/Vector3 linear
  float64 x
  float64 y
  float64 z
geometry_msgs/Vector3 angular
  float64 x
  float64 x
  float64 y
  float64 y
```

Since we are moving the turtle in a straight line, we just need the x component, and, depending on the user's input we decide if the movement is forwards or backwards.

```
Toggle line numbers
  18
         if(isForward):
  19
             vel_msg.linear.x = abs(speed)
  20
         else:
  21
             vel_msg.linear.x = -abs(speed)
  22
         #Since we are moving just in x-axis
  23
         vel_msg.linear.y = 0
  24
         vel msq.linear.z = 0
  25
         vel_msg.angular.x = 0
  26
         vel_msg.angular.y = 0
  27
         vel msq.angular.z = 0
```

The following statement guarentee that if we press **crtl + c** our code will stops

```
Toggle line numbers

29 while not rospy.is_shutdown():
```

Now, with the **rospy.Time.now().to\_sec()**. we get the starting time **t0**, and the time **t1** to calculate the distance and while the actual distance is less than the user's input, it will keep publishing:

After we get to the specified distance, we order our robot to stop:

And then, we have our main loop which calls our function:

```
Toggle line numbers

48 if __name__ == '__main__':
49     try:
50     #Testing our function
51     move()
52     except rospy.ROSInterruptException pass
```

Now, you can test and move your robot!

## 4. Testing the code

In a **new terminal**, run:

```
$ roscore
```

In a **new terminal**, run:

```
$ rosrun turtlesim_node
```

The turtlesim window will open:



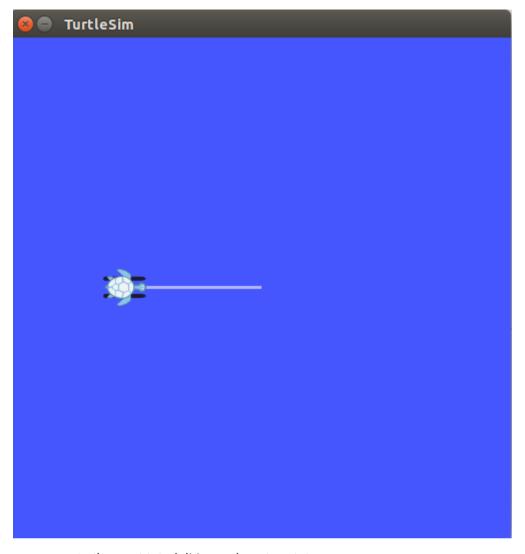
Now, in a **new terminal**, run our code:

```
$ rosrun turtlesim_cleaner move.py
```

Just type your inputs and the turtle will move! Here we have an example:

```
Let's move your robot
Input your speed:1
Type your distance:3
Foward?: 0
```

The turtle will move like this:



Now you can go to the next tutorial! Learn how to rotate (/turtlesim/Tutorials/Rotating%20Left%20and%20Right) your turtle.

#### Except where

otherwise

Wiki: turtlesim/Tutorials/Moving in a Straight Line (last edited 2018-02-22 18:10:55 by CleberCoutoFilho))

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