

4.) Show that, for $z \in \mathbb{C}$,

$$|z| \leq |\operatorname{Re}(z)| + |\operatorname{Im}(z)| \leq \sqrt{2}|z|$$

Proof

Let $z = x + iy \in \mathbb{C}$, then $|z| = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$, $|\operatorname{Re}(z)| = |x|$, $|\operatorname{Im}(z)| = |y|$

Using this, the first inequality becomes:

$$\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \leq |x| + |y| \Leftrightarrow x^2 + y^2 \leq (|x| + |y|)^2$$

I will start with the L.H.S. and attempt to derive the inequality:

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 + y^2 &\leq x^2 + y^2 + 2|x||y| = (|x| + |y|)^2 \\ \Leftrightarrow \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} &\leq |x| + |y| \end{aligned}$$

Thus, the first inequality holds. Equality holds whenever x or y

$$\text{is } 0. \text{ e.g., } |5+0i| = |5| = |5| + |0| \quad \checkmark$$

$$|0+2i| = |2| = |0| + |2| \quad \checkmark$$

In a similar manner, the second inequality becomes:

$$|x| + |y| \leq \sqrt{2} \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \Leftrightarrow (|x| + |y|)^2 \leq 2(x^2 + y^2)$$

Again, I will start with the LHS and attempt to derive the inequality:

$$\begin{aligned} (|x| + |y|)^2 &= x^2 + y^2 + 2|x||y| = x^2 + y^2 + 2|x||y| + x^2 + y^2 - x^2 - y^2 \\ &= 2(x^2 + y^2) - (x^2 + y^2 - 2|x||y|) \\ &= 2(x^2 + y^2) - (|x| - |y|)^2 \\ &\leq 2(x^2 + y^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow |x| + |y| \leq \sqrt{2} \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

Thus, the second inequality holds as well. Equality holds here whenever $x=y$.

$$\text{e.g. take } z = 2+2i \Rightarrow |x| + |y| = 2+2 = 4 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\sqrt{2} \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} = \sqrt{2} \sqrt{2^2 + 2^2} = \sqrt{2} \cdot 2\sqrt{2} = 4$$