\* Rigid stank

Tomoki Koika

- " separated indo 2 sections by membrane each filled w/ N2(g) " Section A has PA = 1.6 kg/m³, Vol = VA, PA
  " Section B MB = 6 kg, rol = VB, PB

- » offer membrane punctured (tank = 18 kg/m3
- "> M = molar moss of NHrogen 14.006

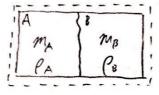
Initial density (kg/h) of N2(8) @ Section B

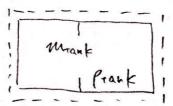
EQ DATION

ASSUMPTION

gas is ideal gas. Quisiequilibirum. . closed system.

EFD





initially: PA= MA ··· D, PB= MB ··· 2) Offiter: Pronk - Vronk (3)

" " Munk = MA + Mp

MA = Prof Vruk - MB = (1.8 tg) (15 m3) - 6 kg = 21 kg

... 
$$V_A = \frac{w_A}{c_A} = (2/49) \left( \frac{m^3}{16kq} \right) = 13.125 m^3$$

 $V_8 = 15 - 13.125 = 1.875 \text{ m}^3$ 

$$P_B = \frac{m_B}{V_B} = (6 + g) \left( \frac{1}{1.875 \, \text{n}^3} \right) = 3.20 + g/m^3$$

Tomoki Kojke

## GIVEN

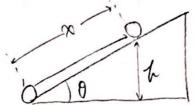
\* A body at rest

>> occelerated to V= 200 m/s along inclined surface 0-45° (4) relative to borisontal.

- >> travels x = 10 m
- >> work done = 200/6] = 2.00x 105 J
- >> g= 9.81 m/s2

FIND

mass (tg) of body



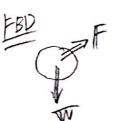
EQUATION

Potential EN: U= mgh Kinetic EN: K= 1m22 conscruation ud FN

W = k+V

ASSUMPTION

no friction, and other energy losses



SOLN

(height) h = psind = 10m. 12 = 512 m

$$\nabla V = mgh + \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

$$M = \frac{1}{2h + \frac{1^2}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{2.00 \times 10^{5} \text{ J}}{(9.81 \text{ m})(550 \text{ m}) + (200 \text{ m}^{2})} \approx 9.965 \text{ kg}$$

$$\approx 9.965 \text{ kg}$$

$$\approx 9.97 \text{ kg}$$