Lab 6: MATLAB CODE AUTHOR: TOMOKI KOIKE

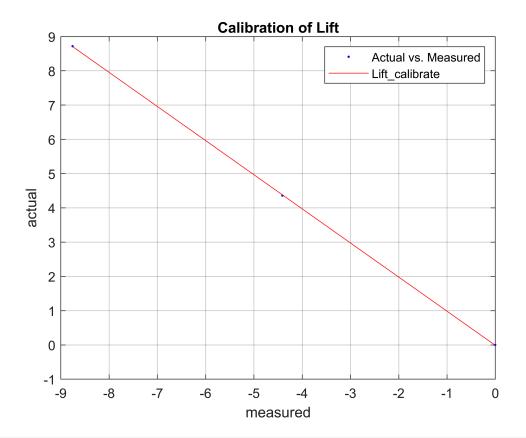
```
clear all
close all
clc
% Loading the data files
vel_file = readmatrix('vel_calibration.xlsx');
calib file = readmatrix('calibration.xlsx');
stand file = rmmissing(readmatrix('stand.xlsx'));
baseball_file = rmmissing(readmatrix('baseball.xlsx'));
tennis_file = rmmissing(readmatrix("tennisball.xlsx"));
football file = rmmissing(readmatrix("football.xlsx"));
% Setting necessary constants
rho = 1.225; % Desity of air at standard condition [kg/m^3]
visc = 1.789*10^(-5); % Viscosity of air at standard conditions [Pa-s]
% From velocity calibration file get the calibrated dynamic pressures and velocities
% Dynamic pressures [Pa]
q_10to30 = vel_file(:,2)*1000;
% Velocities
vel_10to30 = vel_file(:,4);
% Obtain the dimensions for each object to calculate the Reynolds number
baseball_D = 0.073; % Diameter of the baseball [m]
tennis_D = 0.064; % Diameter of the tennis ball [m]
football D = 0.1397; % Short length or the diameter of the football [m]
football_L = 0.2413; % Long length of the football [m]
```

```
% Finding the Reynolds number for each object
syms U c
Re = @(U, c) rho.*U*c/visc;
% Baseball
Re_baseball_10to30 = Re(vel_10to30, baseball_D);
% Tennis ball
Re_tennis_10to30 = Re(vel_10to30, tennis_D);
% Football short
Re_footShort_10to30 = Re(vel_10to30, football_D);
% Football long
Re_footLong_10to30 = Re(vel_10to30, football_L);
```

```
% Finding the scale factor from the lift and drag calibration
% Lift
actual_L = calib_file(:,1);
measured_L = calib_file(:,2);
% Drag
actual_D = calib_file(:,3);
measured_D = calib_file(:,4);

% Fitting the calibration data to get scale factor
% Lift
```

```
[fitresult_L, gof_L] = dataFit(measured_L, actual_L, 'lift');
```



disp(fitresult_L);

```
Linear model Poly1: fitresult_L(x) = p1*x + p2 Coefficients (with 95% confidence bounds): p1 = -0.9958 \ (-1.048, -0.9438) p2 = -0.01259 \ (-0.3073, 0.2822)
```

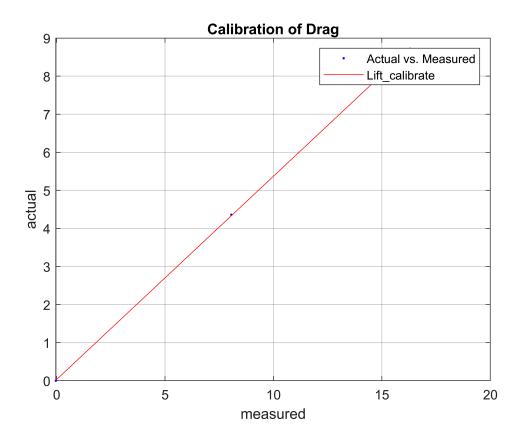
```
gof_L_mat = cell2mat(struct2cell(gof_L)); % Convert structure to matrix
% Printing out the standard deviation for this polynomial
fprintf('\nThis fitted polynomial curve for lift has a STD of %.5e.', gof_L_mat(1,1));
```

This fitted polynomial curve for lift has a STD of 6.43493e-04.

```
coeffs_L = coeffvalues(fitresult_L);  % Obtaining the coefficients

a_L = coeffs_L(1);
b_L = coeffs_L(2);

% Drag
[fitresult_D, gof_D] = dataFit(measured_D, actual_D, 'drag');
```



disp(fitresult_D);

```
Linear model Poly1:
fitresult_D(x) = p1*x + p2
Coefficients (with 95% confidence bounds):
  p1 =  0.5339  (0.4984, 0.5694)
  p2 =  0.03209  (-0.3401, 0.4043)
```

```
gof_D_mat = cell2mat(struct2cell(gof_D));  % Convert structure to matrix
% Printing out the standard deviation for this polynomial
fprintf('\nThis fitted polynomial curve for drag has a STD of %.5e.', gof_D_mat(1,1));
```

This fitted polynomial curve for drag has a STD of 1.03868e-03.

```
coeffs_D = coeffvalues(fitresult_D); % Obtaining the coefficients

a_D = coeffs_D(1);
b_D = coeffs_D(2);

% Defining a equation expression for lift and drag scaling
% Lift
syms lift
scale_lift = @(lift) a_L*lift + b_L;
% Drag
syms drag
scale_drag = @(drag) a_D*drag + b_D;
```

```
% Calculating each drag
```

```
% Stand - vertical orientation
stand vert drag = scale drag(lb2N(stand file(1:5,3)));
% Stand - sideways orientation
stand side drag = scale drag(lb2N(stand file(6:8,3)));
% Baseball
% First measurement
baseball_drag1 = scale_drag(lb2N(baseball_file(1:5,3))) - stand_vert_drag;
% Second measurement
baseball_drag2 = scale_drag(lb2N(baseball_file(6:10,3))) - stand_vert_drag;
% Average
baseball drag avg = (baseball drag1 + baseball drag2)./2;
% Tennis ball
% First measurement
tennis_drag1 = scale_drag(lb2N(tennis_file(1:5,3))) - stand_vert_drag;
% Second measurement
tennis drag2 = scale drag(lb2N(tennis file(6:10,3))) - stand vert drag;
% Average
tennis drag avg = (tennis drag1 + tennis drag2)./2;
% Football - vertical orientation
football vert drag = scale drag(lb2N(football file(1:5,3))) - stand vert drag;
% Football - sideways orientation
football_side drag = scale drag(lb2N(football_file(6:8,3))) - stand_side_drag;
```

```
% Calculating each drag coefficient
% Baseball
Cd_baseball1 = calDragCoeff(baseball_drag1, q_10to30, baseball_D);
Cd_baseball2 = calDragCoeff(baseball_drag2, q_10to30, baseball_D);
Cd_baseball_avg = calDragCoeff(baseball_drag_avg, q_10to30, baseball_D);

% Tennis ball
Cd_tennis1 = calDragCoeff(tennis_drag1, q_10to30, tennis_D);
Cd_tennis2 = calDragCoeff(tennis_drag2, q_10to30, tennis_D);
Cd_tennis_avg = calDragCoeff(tennis_drag_avg, q_10to30, tennis_D);

% Football - vertical orientation
Cd_football_vert = calDragCoeff(football_vert_drag, q_10to30, football_D);
Cd_football_side = calDragCoeff(football_side_drag, q_10to30(1:3), football_L);
```

```
% Calculating each lift
% Stand - vertical orientation
stand_vert_lift = scale_lift(lb2N(stand_file(1:5,4)));
% Stand - sideways orientation
stand_side_lift = scale_lift(lb2N(stand_file(6:8,4)));

% Baseball
% First measurement
baseball_lift1 = scale_lift(lb2N(baseball_file(1:5,4))) - stand_vert_lift;
% Second measurement
baseball_lift2 = scale_lift(lb2N(baseball_file(6:10,4))) - stand_vert_lift;
```

```
% Average
baseball_lift_avg = (baseball_lift1 + baseball_lift2)./2;

% Tennis ball
% First measurement
tennis_lift1 = scale_lift(lb2N(tennis_file(1:5,4))) - stand_vert_lift;
% Second measurement
tennis_lift2 = scale_lift(lb2N(tennis_file(6:10,4))) - stand_vert_lift;
% Average
tennis_lift_avg = (tennis_lift1 + tennis_lift2)./2;

% Football - vertical orientation
football_vert_lift = scale_lift(lb2N(football_file(1:5,4))) - stand_vert_lift;
% Football - sideways orientation
football_side_lift = scale_lift(lb2N(football_file(6:8,4))) - stand_side_lift;
```

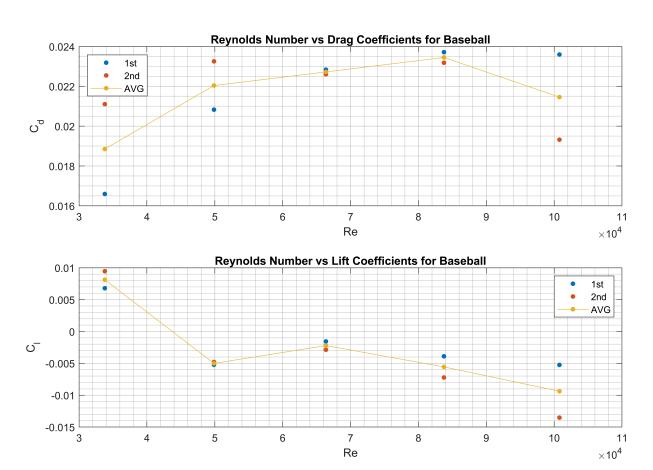
```
% Calculating each lift coefficient
% Baseball
Cl_baseball1 = calLiftCoeff(baseball_lift1, q_10to30, baseball_D);
Cl_baseball2 = calLiftCoeff(baseball_lift2, q_10to30, baseball_D);
Cl_baseball_avg = calLiftCoeff(baseball_lift_avg, q_10to30, baseball_D);

% Tennis ball
Cl_tennis1 = calLiftCoeff(tennis_lift1, q_10to30, tennis_D);
Cl_tennis2 = calLiftCoeff(tennis_lift2, q_10to30, tennis_D);
Cl_tennis_avg = calLiftCoeff(tennis_lift_avg, q_10to30, tennis_D);

% Football - vertical orientation
Cl_football_vert = calLiftCoeff(football_vert_lift, q_10to30, football_D);
Cl_football_side = calLiftCoeff(football_side_lift, q_10to30(1:3), football_L);
```

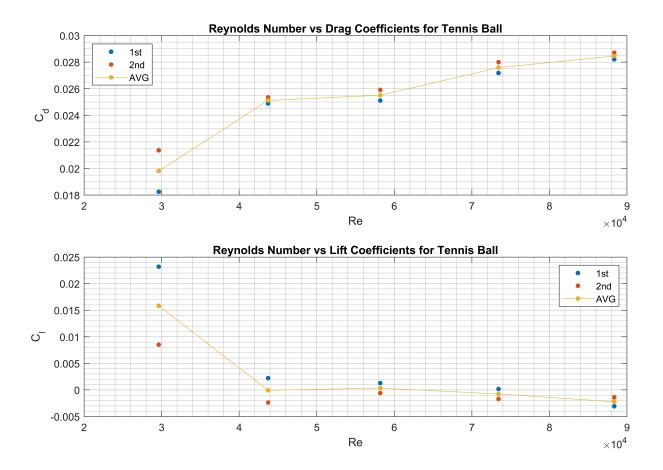
```
% Plotting
% Baseball
% Drag
fig1 = figure('Renderer', 'painters', 'Position', [10 10 900 600]);
subplot(2,1,1)
plot(Re baseball 10to30, Cd baseball1, '.', 'MarkerSize', 15)
title('Reynolds Number vs Drag Coefficients for Baseball')
xlabel('Re')
ylabel('C d')
hold on
plot(Re_baseball_10to30, Cd_baseball2, '.', 'MarkerSize', 15)
plot(Re_baseball_10to30, Cd_baseball_avg, '.-', 'MarkerSize', 15)
hold off
grid on
grid minor
legend('1st', '2nd', 'AVG', 'Location', 'northwest')
% Lift
subplot(2,1,2)
plot(Re_baseball_10to30, Cl_baseball1, '.', 'MarkerSize', 15)
title('Reynolds Number vs Lift Coefficients for Baseball')
```

```
xlabel('Re')
ylabel('C_l')
hold on
plot(Re_baseball_10to30, Cl_baseball2, '.', 'MarkerSize', 15)
plot(Re_baseball_10to30, Cl_baseball_avg, '.-', 'MarkerSize', 15)
hold off
grid on
grid minor
box on
legend('1st', '2nd', 'AVG')
saveas(fig1, 'baseball_result.png')
```



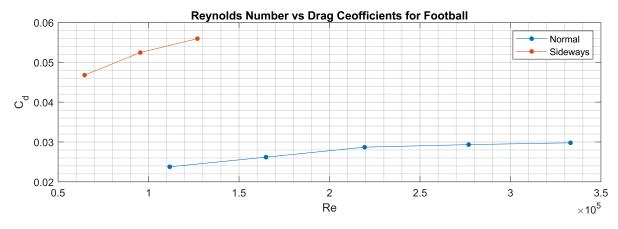
```
% Tennis Ball
% Drag
fig2 = figure('Renderer', 'painters', 'Position', [10 10 900 600]);
subplot(2,1,1)
plot(Re_tennis_10to30, Cd_tennis1, '.', 'MarkerSize', 15)
title('Reynolds Number vs Drag Coefficients for Tennis Ball')
xlabel('Re')
ylabel('C_d')
hold on
plot(Re_tennis_10to30, Cd_tennis2, '.', 'MarkerSize', 15)
plot(Re_tennis_10to30, Cd_tennis_avg, '.-', 'MarkerSize', 15)
hold off
grid on
```

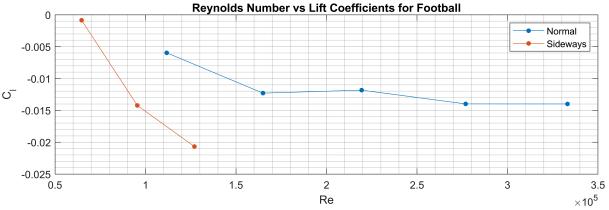
```
grid minor
box on
legend('1st', '2nd', 'AVG', 'Location', 'northwest')
% Lift
subplot(2,1,2)
plot(Re_tennis_10to30, Cl_tennis1, '.', 'MarkerSize', 15)
title('Reynolds Number vs Lift Coefficients for Tennis Ball')
xlabel('Re')
ylabel('C_1')
hold on
plot(Re_tennis_10to30, Cl_tennis2, '.', 'MarkerSize', 15)
plot(Re_tennis_10to30, Cl_tennis_avg, '.-', 'MarkerSize', 15)
hold off
grid on
grid minor
box on
legend('1st', '2nd', 'AVG')
saveas(fig2, 'tennis_result.png')
```



```
% Football
% Drag
fig3 = figure('Renderer', 'painters', 'Position', [10 10 900 600]);
subplot(2,1,1)
plot(Re_footLong_10to30, Cd_football_vert, '.-', 'MarkerSize', 15)
title('Reynolds Number vs Drag Ceofficients for Football')
```

```
xlabel('Re')
ylabel('C_d')
hold on
plot(Re_footShort_10to30(1:3), Cd_football_side, '.-', 'MarkerSize', 15)
hold off
grid on
grid minor
box on
legend('Normal', 'Sideways', 'Location', 'northeast')
% Lift
subplot(2,1,2)
plot(Re_footLong_10to30, Cl_football_vert, '.-', 'MarkerSize', 15)
title('Reynolds Number vs Lift Coefficients for Football')
xlabel('Re')
ylabel('C_1')
hold on
plot(Re_footShort_10to30(1:3), Cl_football_side, '.-', 'MarkerSize', 15)
hold off
grid on
grid minor
box on
legend('Normal', 'Sideways', 'Location', 'northeast')
saveas(fig3, 'football result.png')
```





FUNCTIONS

```
function [fitresult, gof] = dataFit(measured, actual, type)
    %DATAFIT(MEASURED,ACTUAL)
    % Create a fit.
      Data for 'Lift_calibrate' fit:
    %
           X Input : measured L
           Y Output: actual_L
    % Output:
    %
           fitresult: a fit object representing the fit.
    %
           gof : structure with goodness-of fit info.
    %
    % See also FIT, CFIT, SFIT.
    %% Fit: 'Lift_calibrate'.
    [xData, yData] = prepareCurveData( measured, actual);
    % Set up fittype and options.
    ft = fittype( 'poly1' );
    % Fit model to data.
    [fitresult, gof] = fit( xData, yData, ft );
   % Plot fit with data.
    figure( 'Name', 'Lift_calibrate' );
    h = plot( fitresult, xData, yData );
    if type == 'lift'
       title('Calibration of Lift')
    else
        title('Calibration of Drag')
    end
    legend( h, 'Actual vs. Measured', 'Lift_calibrate', 'Location', 'NorthEast', 'Interpreter'
    % Label axes
    xlabel( 'measured', 'Interpreter', 'none' );
    ylabel( 'actual', 'Interpreter', 'none' );
    grid on
end
function Cd = calDragCoeff(D, dynP, 1)
    % Function to compute the drag coefficient
    Cd = D./dynP/1;
end
function Cl = calLiftCoeff(L, dynP, 1)
    % Function to compute the lift coefficient
    C1 = L./dynP/1;
end
function F = 1b2N(f)
    % Function to convert pounds to Newtons
    F = f . / 0.22480894244318;
end
```