



$$\Sigma \mathbf{F} = [mg \cos \theta - k(x-L)] \hat{a}_1 + mg \sin \theta \hat{a}_2$$

$$\mathbf{r}^{op} = x \hat{a}_1$$

$$\begin{aligned} {}^e \bar{\mathbf{v}}^{op} &= \frac{d \mathbf{r}^{op}}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt} (x \hat{a}_1) = \dot{x} \hat{a}_1 + x \dot{\hat{a}}_1 \\ &= \dot{x} \hat{a}_1 + x \dot{\theta} \hat{a}_2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} {}^e \bar{\mathbf{a}}^{op} &= \frac{d {}^e \bar{\mathbf{v}}^{op}}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt} (\dot{x} \hat{a}_1 + x \dot{\theta} \hat{a}_2) = \ddot{x} \hat{a}_1 + \dot{x} \dot{\theta} \hat{a}_2 + x \ddot{\theta} \hat{a}_2 \\ &\quad + \dot{\theta} \hat{a}_3 \times (\dot{x} \hat{a}_1 + x \dot{\theta} \hat{a}_2) \\ &= \ddot{x} \hat{a}_1 + \dot{x} \dot{\theta} \hat{a}_2 + x \ddot{\theta} \hat{a}_2 \\ &\quad + \dot{x} \dot{\theta} \hat{a}_2 - x \dot{\theta}^2 \hat{a}_1 \end{aligned}$$

Thus,

$$m^e \bar{a}^o = \sum F$$

$$m(\ddot{x} - x\dot{\theta}^2)\hat{a}_1 + m(x\ddot{\theta} + 2\dot{x}\dot{\theta})\hat{a}_2 \\ = [mg\cos\theta - k(x-L)]\hat{a}_1 + mg\sin\theta\hat{a}_2$$

$$m\ddot{x} - m x\dot{\theta}^2 = mg\cos\theta - k(x-L)$$

$$m\ddot{x} + k(x-L) - mg\cos\theta - m x\dot{\theta}^2 = 0$$

$$\ddot{x} + \frac{k}{m}(x-L) - g\cos\theta - x\dot{\theta}^2 = 0$$

$$m(x\ddot{\theta} + 2\dot{x}\dot{\theta}) = mg\sin\theta$$

$$x\ddot{\theta} - g\sin\theta + 2\dot{x}\dot{\theta} = 0$$