$P_{i} = 10 \text{ far}$   $O + T_{i} = 200^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (SHV)}$  turbins = W  $T_{2} = 40^{\circ}\text{C}$   $\Omega \quad \chi_{2} = 0.83$ 

Tomoki Koike

PINE (a) The power generated by the turbine, in, kykg (6) As, 1/4-K

- Open sys, Q=0, AIFF= AIPF=0, SSSF, 1DUF

EAN dutions = zin - zin, det = j-w+zin(h+per fe) - zin(h+per fe)

the mass flow rate is constant in = in = in

@ STUTE | from Tool = \$ h1 = 2828.3 H/g, S1 = 6.696 H/kg-k

@ 5709 2 hf T=40 = 169.53 , hg T-40 = 2573.5 Fg 31 T=40 = 0.572400 Kg-k, Sg T=40 = 8,2555 Fg-k

since X2 is girEn

h2 = hf /7=40 + (hg/T=40 - hf/T=40) 202 = 2/64.49 //fg \$2 = St | T=40 + (Sg | T=40 - St | T=40) \$2 = 6.949373 + 7/4g-4

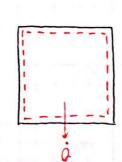
(a) iv = h1 - h2 = 2828.3 / / fg - 2/64.49 / fg = 663.81 / fg is = 664 //fg

(b) Als = 42-5, = 6.949393 /4g-k - 6.696 /4g-k = 0,253373 FJ/g-k

AS= 0.25337 Fak

GIVEN rigidtank LEFD>

Tomokikoike



P1 = 100 fpu = 160n T1 = 440°C P2 = 20 kpu = 0.260n

115 T-v, T-sdiagrams

3175

Horsed sys, rigid tank, iso-vol, APE=AIKE=0, m work

EN du 10 = Zh-Zm, de 105 = Q-1 + Zh (heper de) - Zh (heper de) AU- Q-W

from tuble for state D Si= 5.665 //g-k, U1 = 3033. 1 //fy, v1 = 3.28790 m/fg

for 57678 3

V1 = V2 (const. vol) P2 = 0-2 far

comparing Vg/p-0,2 = 7.6400 m/kg > V2 V+ | p=0,2 = 0.00/0192 m3/49

 $\chi_2 = \frac{v_2 - v_4|_{p=0.2}}{v_8|_{p=0.2} - v_4|_{p=0.2}} = \frac{3.28790 - 0.0010172}{7.6480 - 0.0010172} \approx 0.4298$ 

thus

32 = Sf/p=0.2 + (Sg/p=0.2 - S/p=0.2) N2 = 083202 /4-k + (7.9072 //-k - 0.83202 /4-k)(0.4298) = 3.872932 Kg-k

115 = 52-51 = - 4.7921 Kg-K

