

AAE 334: Aerodynamics

HW7: Wing Stability Analysis

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Download the files in the HW7 folder on Blackboard. To review use of XFLR5 for stability analysis see the video 'XFLR5 Demo for AAE 334 Stability Lecture' by Professor Sullivan, which is available on the AAE 334 Course Content page on Blackboard. After performing the calculations or running the analyses described below, enter the results in the appropriate column in the Excel file "AAE334 Homework 7 Data and Answer Sheet". Print a copy of the completed spreadsheet to turn in with your homework.

1. Problem #1

- a. [25 pts] Using the formulas in the notes, calculate the stability quantities on the "Homework sheet" tab of the Excel file "AAE334 Homework 7 Data and Answer Sheet". Show your handwritten work on separate sheets of paper.
- b. [25 pts] Run XFLR5 using the file "AAE 334 telemaster stability Homework #7.xfl" and compare your answers (i.e., calculate the percent difference). (Note that the xfl file already has the geometry of the airplane included. In addition, the analysis of the wing alone has already been done. However, you will have to run the necessary analysis of the airplane.)

2. Problem #2 - Rerun xFLR5 with a velocity $V=20$ m/sec.

- a. [25 pts] Trim the aircraft by moving the CG so the aircraft is stable at the proper trim point.
- b. [25 pts] Trim the aircraft by changing the tail angle so the aircraft is stable at the proper trim point. (Use the original CG location.)

*The spreadsheet with the final answers is at the end

Case #1 Handwritten Solution

► q_{∞}

$$\begin{aligned} q_{\infty} &= \frac{1}{2} \rho_{\infty} V_{\infty}^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left(1.225 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3} \right) \left(13.4 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \right)^2 \\ &= \boxed{109.9805 \text{ Pa}} \end{aligned}$$

► Re_w

$$Re_w = \frac{V_{\infty} c_w}{\nu} = \frac{(13.4 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}})(0.36 \text{ m})}{(1.50 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2/\text{s})} = \boxed{321048.79}$$

► Re_t

$$Re_t = \frac{V_{\infty} c_t}{\nu} = \frac{(13.4 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}})(0.241 \text{ m})}{(1.50 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2/\text{s})} = \boxed{215561.33}$$

► C_L

assuming steady-level flight

$$C_L = \frac{W}{q_{\infty} S_w} = \frac{46.71 \text{ N}}{(109.9805 \text{ Pa})(0.86 \text{ m}^2)} = \boxed{0.4949}$$

► Angles

from the NACA 2412 lift curve (in Appendix)

$$@ C_L = \boxed{0.4949} \rightarrow C_{L\alpha} = C_L \cdot b = \underline{\underline{1.183}}$$

↓

$$\alpha_{2L} = -2 \text{ deg} = \underline{\underline{-0.0349 \text{ rad}}}$$

$$\rightarrow \alpha_0 = \boxed{2\pi} \text{ approximation}$$

DynP: $q_{\infty} = 109.9803 \text{ Pa}$

Re # wing: $Re_w = 321048.79$

Re # tail: $Re_t = 215561.33$

lift coeff: $C_L = 0.4949 \rightarrow$ from graph $\alpha_{2L} = -2^\circ = -0.0349 \text{ rad}$

$\hat{x}_{ac} \text{ wing: } (\hat{x}_{ac})_w = \frac{C_{Lw}}{4} = 0.09 \text{ m}$

$\hat{x}_{ac} \text{ tail: } (\hat{x}_{ac})_t = \frac{C_{Lt}}{4} = 0.0602 \text{ m}$

a_0 : for $C_L = 0.4949 \rightarrow \text{slope} \approx 2\pi$

$\Rightarrow \alpha_{cg}$: The angle of incidence of the wing (w.r.t to plane),

$\lambda_w = 4.5^\circ = 0.0785 \text{ rad}$

The angle of incidence of the tail (w.r.t to mean chord of wing)

$\lambda_t = \lambda_w - 2^\circ = 2.5^\circ = 0.0436 \text{ rad}$

Using these the lift coefficients of the wing and tail respectively

becomes

$C_{Lw} = 2\pi(\alpha - \lambda_w) \dots \textcircled{1}$

$C_{Lt} = 2\pi(\alpha - \lambda_t) \dots \textcircled{2}$

$C_{Lw}, C_{Lt}, \alpha \rightarrow \text{unknowns}$

and from equilibrium

$W = L_w + L_t$

$W = \rho_{\infty} S_w C_{Lw} + \rho_{\infty} S_t C_{Lt}$

$W = \rho_{\infty} (S_w C_{Lw} + S_t C_{Lt}) \dots \textcircled{3}$

solve the system equations $\textcircled{1} \textcircled{2} \textcircled{3}$ (using MATLAB)

$\rightarrow C_{Lw} = 0.3550 \rightarrow L_w = \rho_{\infty} S_w C_{Lw} = 33.5728 \text{ N}$

$C_{Lt} = 0.5740 \rightarrow L_t = \rho_{\infty} S_t C_{Lt} = 13.1372 \text{ N}$

and $\alpha = 0.1350$

$\Rightarrow \alpha_a = \alpha - \alpha_{2L} = 0.1699 \text{ rad}$ (absolute angle of attack)

$$\triangleright l_t \quad l_t = x_{ac,t} - x_{cg} = \boxed{0.8603 \text{ m}}$$

$$\triangleright V_h \quad \text{since } V_h = \frac{s+l_t}{SE} = \boxed{0.5780}$$

$$\triangleright C_{M0} \quad C_{M0} = C_{Mac} + (C_{Lo})_t (\varepsilon_0 + \lambda_t) V_h = \boxed{0.0337}$$

$$\triangleright C_{M\alpha} \quad C_{M\alpha} = C_{Lo} (\tilde{x}_{cg} - \tilde{x}_{ac}) - (C_{Lo})_t \left(1 - \frac{\partial \varepsilon}{\partial \alpha}\right) V_h$$

$$= \boxed{-0.5346}$$

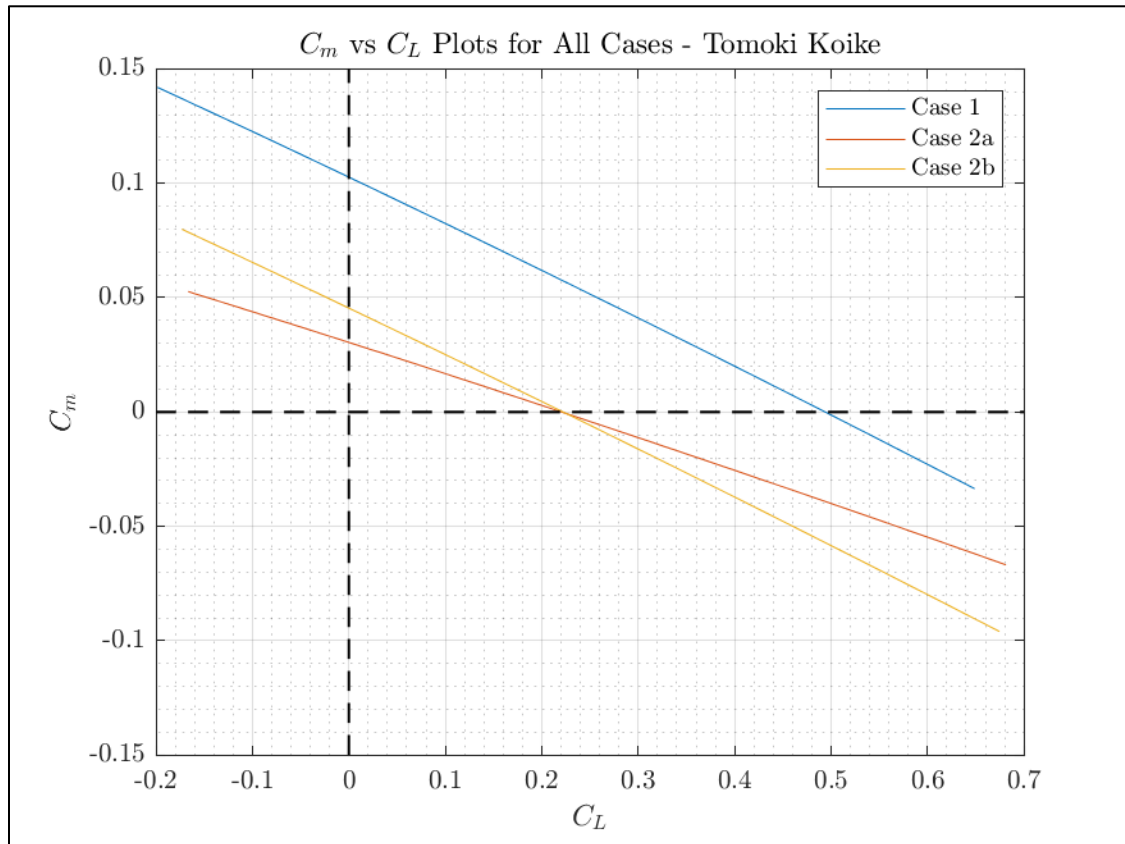
$$\triangleright \tilde{x}_n \quad \tilde{x}_n = \tilde{x}_{ac} + \frac{(C_{Lo})_t}{C_{Lo}} \left(1 - \frac{\partial \varepsilon}{\partial \alpha}\right) V_h$$

$$= \boxed{0.8069}$$

$$\triangleright x_n \quad x_n = \tilde{x}_n \cdot \bar{c} = \boxed{0.2905}$$

$$\triangleright SM \quad SM = \tilde{x}_n - \bar{x}_{cg} = \boxed{0.2586}$$

PLOT



MATLAB CODE

AAE334 HW7 MATLAB CODE

```
clear all; close all; clc;

fdir = 'C:\Users\Tomo\Desktop\studies\2020-Spring\AAE334\matlab\outputs\HW7';
set(groot, 'defaulttextinterpreter','latex');
set(groot, 'defaultAxesTickLabelInterpreter','latex');
set(groot, 'defaultLegendInterpreter','latex');
```

problem 1-a

```
% Defining necessary properties
v_inf = 13.4; % freestream velocity [m/s]
rho_inf = 1.225; % freestream air density [kg/m3]
q_inf = 0.5*rho_inf*v_inf^2; % freestream dynamic pressure [Pa]
S_w = 0.86; % wing area [m2]
S_t = 0.208; % tail area [m2]
ch_w = 0.36; % chord length of wing [m]
ch_t = 0.241; % chord length of tail [m]
l = 1.016; % distance from the LE of the wing to the LE of the tail [m]
ch_mean = ch_w; % mean chord length of the wing [m]
epsilon = 0;
e_a = 0.4; % D(epsilon)/Da
W = 46.71; % weight of the plane [N]

% Calculating the x_cg (center of gravity of the plane)

% Necessary angles [rad]
a_zl = deg2rad(-2.1) % zero lift angle
i_w = deg2rad(4.5) % incident angle of the wing
i_t = i_w - deg2rad(2) % incident angle of the tail wrt the plane

% find a, C_Lw, and C_Lt
[C_Lw, C_Lt, a] = CLw_CLt_AoA(W, i_w, i_t, q_inf, S_w, S_t)
a_a = a - a_zl % absolute angle of attack

% the lifts for the wing and tail
L_w = q_inf*S_w*C_Lw % wing [N]
L_t = q_inf*S_t*C_Lt % tail [N]

% aerodynamic center positions (wrt the LE of the wing)
xhat_ac_w = ch_w/4 % wing [m]
xhat_ac_t = ch_t/4 % tail [m]
```



```

lh = l*cos(a_a + i_t);
x_ac_w = xhat_ac_w*cos(a_a + i_w)
x_ac_t = lh + xhat_ac_t*cos(a_a + i_t)
x_ac_til = 0.25;

% moment coefficient about the aerodynamic center of the wing
C_Mac_w = -0.05;
% moment about the aerodynamic center of the wing [N-m]
Mac_w = q_inf*S_w*ch_mean*C_Mac_w

% solve
syms var1
eqn1 = Mac_w + L_w*(var1 - x_ac_w) - L_t*(x_ac_t - var1) + W*var1 == 0;
x_cg = double(solve(eqn1, var1))

x_cg_til = x_cg/ch_mean

% C_La
C_La_w = C_Lw/a_a
% C_La_t
C_La_t = C_Lt/(a_a)

% l_t distance from the x_cg to the aerodynamic center of the tail
l_t = x_ac_t - x_cg

% Vh
Vh = S_t*l_t/S_w/ch_mean

% C_Mo
C_Mo = C_Mac_w + C_La_t*(epsilon + i_t)*Vh

% C_Ma
C_Ma = C_La_w*(x_cg_til - x_ac_til) - C_La_t*(1 - e_a)*Vh

% x_n
x_n_til = x_ac_til + C_La_t/C_La_w*(1 - e_a)*Vh
x_n = x_n_til*ch_mean

% SM
SM = x_n_til - x_cg_til

```

problem 1-b

```

% importing data
data_1b = readmatrix("inputs\hw7\hw7_Cm_vs_Cl_case1_2_2.csv");
% Calculating the static margin
SM_1b = calc_SM_from_xflr(data_1b)

```

```

% Importing another data

```

```

data_1b2 = readmatrix("inputs\hw7\hw7_Cm_vs_alpha_case1_2.csv");
% Calculating the C_M0 (*for the angle of attack add 2.1 degrees to adjust
% to the absolute angle of attack)
[C_Mo_1b, C_Ma_1b] = calc_CMo_and_CMa_from_xlfr(data_1b2, -2.1, rad2deg(i_w))

```

problem 2-a

```

% importing data
data_2a = readmatrix("inputs\hw7\hw7_Cm_vs_Cl_case2a.csv");
% Calculating the static margin
SM_2a = calc_SM_from_xflr(data_2a)

% Importing another data
data_2a2 = readmatrix("inputs\hw7\hw7_Cm_vs_alpha_case2a.csv");
% Calculating the C_M0 (*for the angle of attack add 2.1 degrees to adjust
% to the absolute angle of attack)
[C_Mo_2a, C_Ma_2a] = calc_CMo_and_CMa_from_xlfr(data_2a2, -2.1, rad2deg(i_w))

% find a, C_Lw, and C_Lt
q_inf_2a = 245;
[C_Lw_2a, C_Lt_2a, a_2a] = CLw_CLt_AoA(W, i_w, i_t, q_inf_2a, S_w, S_t)
a_a_2a = a_2a - a_zl % absolute angle of attack

% the lifts for the wing and tail
L_w = q_inf_2a*S_w*C_Lw_2a % wing [N]
L_t = q_inf_2a*S_t*C_Lt_2a % tail [N]

```

problem 2-b

```

% importing data
data_2b = readmatrix("inputs\hw7\hw7_Cm_vs_Cl_case2b.csv");
% Calculating the static margin
SM_2b = calc_SM_from_xflr(data_2b)

% Importing another data
data_2b2 = readmatrix("inputs\hw7\hw7_Cm_vs_alpha_case2b.csv");
% Calculating the C_M0 (*for the angle of attack add 2.1 degrees to adjust
% to the absolute angle of attack)
[C_Mo_2b, C_Ma_2b] = calc_CMo_and_CMa_from_xlfr(data_2b2, -2.1, rad2deg(i_w))

% find a, C_Lw, and C_Lt
q_inf_2b = 245;
[C_Lw_2b, C_Lt_2b, a_2b] = CLw_CLt_AoA(W, i_w, i_t, q_inf_2b, S_w, S_t)
a_a_2b = a_2b - a_zl % absolute angle of attack

% the lifts for the wing and tail
L_w = q_inf_2b*S_w*C_Lw_2b % wing [N]
L_t = q_inf_2b*S_t*C_Lt_2b % tail [N]

```

Plotting

```

fig1 = figure("Renderer","painters");

```

```

plot(data_1b(:,1),data_1b(:,2))
title({'$C_m$ vs $C_L$ Plots for All Cases - Tomoki Koike'})
xlabel('$C_L$')
ylabel('$C_m$')
hold on
plot(data_2a(:,1),data_2a(:,2))
plot(data_2b(:,1),data_2b(:,2))
plot(linspace(-0.2,0.7,100),zeros([1,length(linspace(-0.2,0.7,100))]), '--k', "LineWidth", 1.0)
plot(zeros([1,length(linspace(-0.15,0.15,100))]),linspace(-0.15,0.15,100), '--k', "LineWidth", 1.0)
hold off
grid on; grid minor; box on;
legend('Case 1', 'Case 2a', 'Case 2b')
saveas(fig1, fullfile(fdir, 'Cm_vs_CL.png'))

```

FUNCTIONS

```

function SM = calc_SM_from_xflr(data)
    % data: data points
    CL_1b = data(:,1);
    Cm_1b = data(:,2);

    % SM
    if Cm_1b(CL_1b == min(abs(CL_1b)))
        Cm_1b_0 = Cm_1b(CL_1b == min(abs(CL_1b)));
    else
        Cm_1b_0 = Cm_1b(CL_1b == -(min(abs(CL_1b))));
    end

    if CL_1b(Cm_1b == -(min(abs(Cm_1b))))
        CL_1b_0 = CL_1b(Cm_1b == -(min(abs(Cm_1b))));
    else
        CL_1b_0 = CL_1b(Cm_1b == (min(abs(Cm_1b))));
    end
    SM = Cm_1b_0/CL_1b_0;
end

function [C_Mo, C_Ma] = calc_CMo_and_CMa_from_xlfr(data, a_zl, i_w)
    % data: data points
    % a_zl: zero lift angle of attack
    % i_w: wing incidence angle
    Cm = data(:,2);
    a = data(:,1) - a_zl + i_w;

    P = polyfit(a,Cm,1);
    C_Ma = P(1);
    C_Mo = P(2);
end

```

```

function [C_Lw, C_Lt, a] = CLw_CLt_AoA(W, i_w, i_t, q_inf, S_w, S_t)
    % system equations to find a, C_Lw, and C_Lt
    syms x1 x2 x3
    eqn1 = x1 == 2*pi*(x3 - i_w);
    eqn2 = x2 == 2*pi*(x3 - i_t);
    eqn3 = W == q_inf*(S_w*x1 + S_t*x2);
    res = solve([eqn1 eqn2 eqn3],[x1 x2 x3]);
    % the lift coefficients for the wing and tail respectively
    C_Lw = double(res.x1);
    C_Lt = double(res.x2);
    % angle of attack
    a = double(res.x3);
end

```