# binspec

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binary\_peaks Find binary peaks

#### **Description**

Find peaks in window of size 2\*neighbors + 1 and label m/z integers within the error as peaks. Returns vector of peak m/z integers.

#### Usage

```
binary_peaks(df, neighbors, error = 0)
```

#### **Arguments**

df Data frame of m/z and intensities

neighbors Number of neighboring m/z values to compare on right and left

error m/z Decimal error value

classifier\_accuracies

Classifier Accuracies

# Description

Find the best classifier using leave-one-out cross validation (svm) and out-of-bag error (random forests). Returns a vector of classification accuracies

#### Usage

```
classifier_accuracies(peaks, labels, minpeaks)
```

#### **Arguments**

peaks Boolean matrix of mass spectra rows with m/z columns, indicating if an m/z

value corresponds to a peak.

labels The correct classifications of the peaks.

minpeaks How many "true" values must show up for a given m/z value for it to be consid-

ered a feature.

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combine\_peaks

Combine peak vectors

#### Description

Create a binary matrix, each column represents and m/z value, and each row represents a mass spectra. The value indicates whether or not the m/z of this spectra is a peak.

# Usage

```
combine_peaks(list_mz_peaks)
```

#### Arguments

```
list_mz_peaks
```

List of m/z peak vectors

round\_df

Round data frame

# Description

Round all m/z and intensity values to integers.

#### Usage

```
round_df(df)
```

# Arguments

df

Data frame

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