Backtracking and MRV Heuristic Trace

- 1. Command in terminal: ./homework2.py inputFileName.txt
- 2. The program starts off in homework2.py where it checks if the input file provided meets necessary requirements
- 3. Prompts user for which heuristic they would like to test. User input is 3 (for backtracking and mrv heuristic).
- 4. Goes to heuristic.py, and a function called backtracking (inputArray, nmkArray, additional="None"). Function takes in sudoku as an array (inputArray) and list of nmk values (nmkArray).
- 5. Creates a list (stackOfSuduko) that will hold possible renditions of the sudoku puzzle
- 6. Goes into loop that will continue until this list is empty, or if the answer is found
- 7. Pops out the last value in the list and checks if it is the answer with isAnswer(inputArray).
- 8. If answer, exits loop. If not, goes to function mrv (inputArray, nmkArray, additional = "None")
- 9. Mrv function looks for the location of the sudoku puzzle that has the least possible inputs. Variable called "Remaining Values" holds possible values for each location.
- 10. First checks each row. Gathers all numbers in a row, possible numbers that aren't in this list are then added to Remaining Values for each location.
- 11. Then checks each column. Anytime a number is found, it removes it from the corresponding RemainingValues column.
- 12. Then checks each box. Creates lists corresponding to box values present. If these values are in the corresponding Remaining Values box, it removes them.
- 13. Checks if constraint propagation needs to be done. Answer = no.
- 14. Goes through Remaining Values and finds location which has minimum values. Location cannot equal [-1], representing a number that has been already placed or [], where there are no possible remaining values.
- 15. Checks if forward checking needs to be done. Answer = no.
- 16. Goes to a function called generateNewPuzzle(inputArray, location, values). This function takes the inputArray and produces new arrays with an altered value, from a list (values), at a location. Returns a list of new arrays.
- 17. Given that this returned list is not empty, appends it stackOfSudoku
- 18. Repeats steps 6 through 17 until answer is found or all possible routes have been explored.