# OpenGL and GLSL

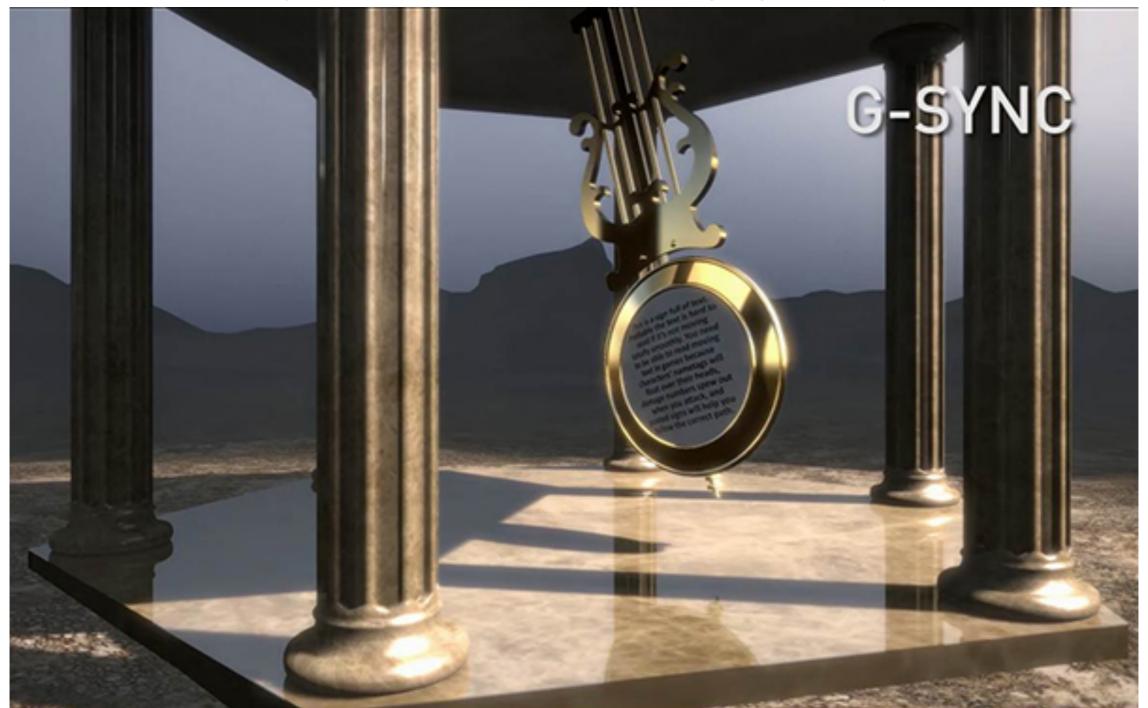
**CS 4620 Lecture 12** 

# OpenGL 25 years ago



# Modern OpenGL

(OK, this is rendered with DirectX, but you get the idea)



NVIDIA demo https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=s6T9jlwQBSM

## Modern WebGL



"<u>Seascape</u>" by Alexander Alekseev

Sources for more examples: http://glslsandbox.com http://shadertoy.com

## What changed?

#### 25 years ago:

Vertex transformation/fragment shading hardcoded into GPUs

#### Now:

 More parts of the GPU are programmable (but not all)

## What changed?

#### 25 years ago (Fixed pipeline):

- Transform vertices with modelview/projection matrices
- Shade with Phong lighting model only

#### **Contemporary** (Programmable hardware):

- Custom vertex transformation
- Custom lighting model
- More complicated visual effects
- Shadows
- Displaced and detailed surfaces
- Simple reflections and refractions

## **GLSL**

## GLSL: Graphics Library Shading Language

- Syntax similar to C/C++
- Language used to write shaders
  - vertex, tessellation, geometry, fragment, compute
  - We only cover vertex and fragment shaders today
- Based on OpenGL
  - First available in OpenGL 2.0 (2004)
- Alternatives: Nvidia Cg and Microsoft HLSL

## What is a Shader Program?

- A small program to control parts of the graphics pipeline
- Consists of 2 (or more) separate parts:
  - Vertex shader controls vertex transformation
  - Fragment shader controls fragment shading

## GLSL Program

- Specifies how OpenGL should draw geometry
- Program: A collection of shaders that run together
  - At least one vertex shader or one fragment shader
- At any time, the GPU runs only one program
  - Must specify program to use before drawing geometry

# Pipeline overview

you are here



**APPLICATION** 

**COMMAND STREAM** 

3D transformations; shading



**VERTEX PROCESSING** 

TRANSFORMED GEOMETRY

conversion of primitives to pixels



**RASTERIZATION** 

**FRAGMENTS** 

blending, compositing, shading



FRAGMENT PROCESSING

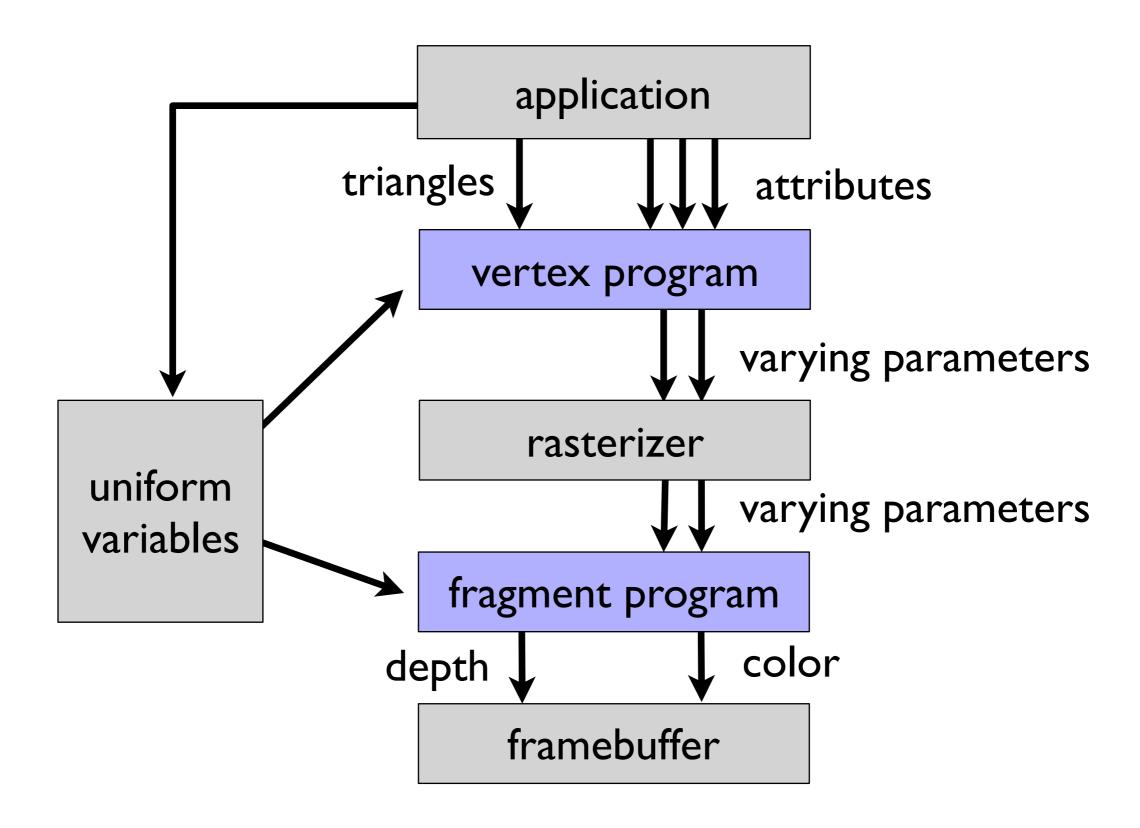
FRAMEBUFFER IMAGE

user sees this



**DISPLAY** 

## GLSL Shaders



## Varieties of OpenGL and GLSL

## OpenGL versions I, ..., 4.5

- for desktop/server GPUs
- latest features, best performance

## OpenGL ES 1, ..., 3.2

- for mobile
- older, more stable set of features

## WebGL 1, 2

- bindings for OpenGL ES in browser-based JavaScript
- I.0 widely supported (OpenGL ES 2); 2.0 (ES 3) in latest browsers

#### • GLSL versions I, ..., 4.5

numbers don't always correspond to OpenGL version (later they do)

## In this class

#### We will use WebGL I

- This means OpenGL ES 2 and GLSL 1.2
- Supported in all modern browsers
  - We officially recommend Chrome

## We will use three.js on the Browser side

- a popular library providing matrix math, scene graph, convenience functions, etc.
- You won't have to write code that uses three.js but it will help to understand how it works

## Good reference materials

- the classic book
  - its <u>website</u>
  - Cornell library eBook
- lighthouse3d.com tutorials
  - GLSL 1.2 tutorial
- Mozilla WebGL API doc
- Official material from Khronos standards organization
  - OpenGL ES 2 and GLSL ES 1.0 Specifications
  - OpenGL ES 2 / GLSL ES 1.0 Reference Card
  - OpenGL wiki