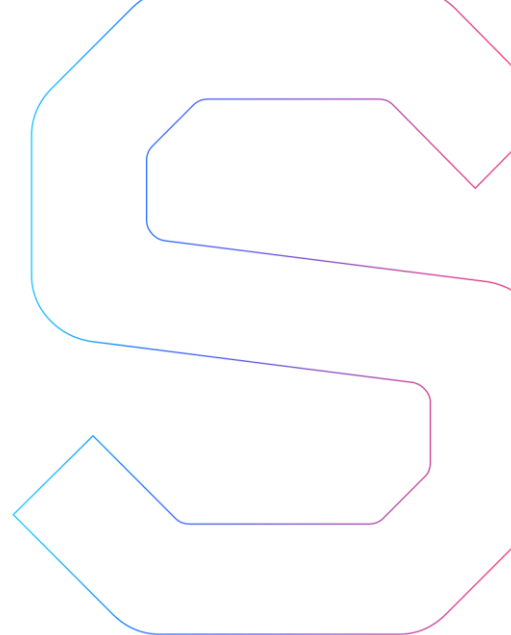


SmartDec



PumaPay Smart Contracts Security Analysis

This report is public.

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Abstract

In this report, we consider the security of the [PumaPay](#) project. Our task is to find and describe security issues in the smart contracts of the platform.

Disclaimer

The audit does not give any warranties on the security of the code. One audit cannot be considered enough. We always recommend proceeding with several independent audits and a public bug bounty program to ensure the security of smart contracts. Besides, security audit is not an investment advice.

Summary

In this report, we considered the security of PumaPay smart contracts. We performed our audit according to the [procedure](#) described below.

The initial audit showed no critical issues. However, one medium severity and a number of low severity issues were found. They do not endanger project security. Nevertheless, we highly recommend addressing them.

Some of the issues were fixed in [the latest version of the code](#).

General recommendations

The contracts code is of medium code quality. The audit did not reveal any issues that endanger project security.

In addition, if the developers decide to improve the code, we recommend fixing [Coverage issue](#). However, mentioned above is minor issue. It does not affect code operation.

Checklist

Security

The audit showed no vulnerabilities.

Here by vulnerabilities we mean security issues that can be exploited by an external attacker. This does not include low severity issues, documentation mismatches, overpowered contract owner, and some other kinds of bugs.



Compliance with the documentation

The audit showed no discrepancies between the code and the provided documentation.



Tests

All the tests pass without any issues, however, the [coverage](#) script fails due to an exception.



The text below is for technical use; it details the statements made in Summary and General recommendations.

Procedure

In our audit, we consider the following crucial features of the smart contract code:

1. Whether the code is secure.
2. Whether the code corresponds to the documentation (including whitepaper).
3. Whether the code meets best practices in efficient use of gas, code readability, etc.

We perform our audit according to the following procedure:

- automated analysis
 - we scan project's smart contracts with our own Solidity static code analyzer [SmartCheck](#)
 - we scan project's smart contracts with several publicly available automated Solidity analysis tools such as [Remix](#) and [Solhint](#)
 - we manually verify (reject or confirm) all the issues found by tools
- manual audit
 - we manually analyze smart contracts for security vulnerabilities
 - we categorize all the found security issues in accordance with the [classification](#) in order to identify developers' shortcomings
 - we check smart contracts logic and compare it with the one described in the documentation
 - we run tests
- report
 - we reflect all the gathered information in the report

Checked vulnerabilities

We have scanned PumaPay smart contracts for commonly known and more specific vulnerabilities. Here are some of the commonly known vulnerabilities that we considered (the full list includes them but is not limited to them):

- [Reentrancy](#)
- [Front running](#)
- [DoS with \(unexpected\) revert](#)
- [DoS with block gas limit](#)
- [Gas limit and loops](#)
- [Locked money](#)
- [Integer overflow/underflow](#)
- [Unchecked external call](#)
- [ERC20 Standard violation](#)
- [Authentication with tx.origin](#)
- [Unsafe use of timestamp](#)
- [Using blockhash for randomness](#)
- [Balance equality](#)
- [Unsafe transfer of ether](#)
- [Fallback abuse](#)
- [Using inline assembly](#)
- [Short address attack](#)
- [Private modifier](#)
- [Compiler version not fixed](#)
- [Style guide violation](#)
- [Unsafe type deduction](#)
- [Implicit visibility level](#)
- [Use delete for arrays](#)
- [Byte array](#)
- [Incorrect use of assert/require](#)
- [Using deprecated constructions](#)

Project overview

Project description

In our analysis, we consider PumaPay [specification](#) (`docs` folder from repository) and [smart contracts' code](#) (version on commit 5eb99b1a94d9e5d98873fb4338b97943b9821569).

The latest version of the code

After the initial audit, some fixes were applied and the code was updated to the [latest version](#) (commit c248be94bb00ac19eb0d53629a4698f86da3d3f9).

Project architecture

For the audit, we were provided with the truffle project. The project is an npm package and includes tests.

- The project successfully compiles with `truffle compile` command (see [Compilation output](#) in [Appendix](#))
- The project successfully passes all the tests

The total LOC of audited Solidity sources is 817.

Automated analysis

We used several publicly available automated Solidity analysis tools. Here are the combined results of SmartCheck, Solhint, and Remix scanning. All the issues found by tools were manually checked (rejected or confirmed).

True positives are constructions that were discovered by the tools as vulnerabilities and can actually be exploited by attackers or lead to incorrect contracts operation.

False positives are constructions that were discovered by the tools as vulnerabilities but do not consist a security threat.

Cases when these issues lead to actual bugs or vulnerabilities are described in the next section.

Tool	Rule	True positives	False positives
SmartCheck	Overpowered role	1	
	Private modifier	20	
	Use of SafeMath	2	
	Hardcoded address		1
Total SmartCheck		23	1
Remix	Potential Violation of Checks-Effects-Interaction pattern		3
	Constant but potentially should not be		4
	Use of "now"		4
Total Remix		0	11
Solhint	Avoid to make time-based decisions in your business logic		11
	Possible reentrancy vulnerabilities. Avoid state changes after transfer		2
Total Solhint		0	13
Total Overall		23	25

Manual analysis

The contracts were completely manually analyzed, their logic was checked and compared with the one described in the documentation. Besides, the results of the automated analysis were manually verified. All the confirmed issues are described below.

Critical issues

Critical issues seriously endanger smart contracts security. We highly recommend fixing them.

The audit showed no critical issues.

Medium severity issues

Medium issues can influence smart contracts operation in current implementation. We highly recommend addressing them.

Overpowered owner

PumaPayPullPayment.sol, line 212:

```
function setRate(string memory _currency, uint256 _rate)
```

This function allows the owner of the contract to change the exchange rate at any time. Thus, the owner can change the rate when a user's payment is in process, which can lead to unexpected outcome of the payment for the user. **PumaPayPullPaymentV2.sol** contract also contains this issue, line 428:

```
function executePullPayment(address _customerAddress,  
bytes32 _paymentID, uint256 _conversionRate)
```

Executor of `pullPayment` can change the rate while the payment is in process.

Moreover, since executors register and execute pull payments, they can postpone or ignore certain payments processing.

In the current implementation, the system depends heavily on the owner of the contract. In this case, there are scenarios that may lead to undesirable consequences for investors, e.g. if the owner's private keys become compromised. Thus, we recommend designing contracts in a trustless manner.

Comment from the developers: "PumaPay always places our merchants-first approach in regards to our Pull Payment Protocol. When listing their products/services for purchase, merchants set their prices in fiat currency and not in PMA. It is a necessity to have the conversion rate placed on the smart contract, to ensure both merchant and customer are in agreement on the PMA price following conversion. As the initial PMA price is not listed by the merchant, the conversion rate placed on the smart contract, gives the final price in PMA that the customer will be paying.

In our V1 smart contracts, the conversion rate is a global variable that we refresh every 10 minutes, however in the V2 smart contracts, the conversion rate will be produced live at the moment of execution giving the most accurate rate available.

Currently, the executors of the transaction lifecycle are addresses owned by PMA and thus we are committed to ensure that we deliver on all registrations, cancellations and executions of all our Pull Payments.

It is important to note that we are developing a set of smart contracts with the aim of removing the "overpowered owner" nature of our current smart contracts."

Low severity issues

Low severity issues can influence smart contracts operation in future versions of code. We recommend taking them into account.

Incorrect check (fixed)

There are incorrect checks:

- **PumaPayPullPayment.sol**, lines 130, 263, 264:

```
require(_paymentID.length != 0, "Invalid deletion request -  
Payment ID is empty.");  
...  
require(_ids[0].length > 0, "Payment ID is empty.");  
require(_ids[1].length > 0, "Business ID is empty.");
```

- **PumaPayPullPaymentV2.sol**, lines 147, 163, 264-266:

```
require(_paymentID.length != 0, "Invalid deletion request -  
Payment ID is empty.");  
...  
require(_paymentType.length > 0, "Payment Type is empty.");  
...
```

```
require(_paymentDetails[0].length > 0, "Payment ID is empty.");
require(_paymentDetails[1].length > 0, "Business ID is empty.");
require(_paymentDetails[2].length > 0, "Unique Reference ID is empty.");
```

The length of `bytes32` type is always 32. Therefore, we recommend implementing the following check instead:

```
bytes32 constant internal EMPTY_BYTES32 = "";
...
require(someVariable != EMPTY_BYTES32);
```

The issues have been fixed and are not present in the latest version of the code.

Coverage

The coverage script provided with the code failed (see [Code coverage](#) in [Appendix](#)). Testing is crucial for the code security. We highly recommend fixing the code so that the coverage script will run successfully.

Misleading comments (fixed)

The following comments are misleading:

1. According to the comment (**PumaPayPullPayment.sol**, line 535):

```
/// The minimum amount the owner/executors should always
have is 0.001 ETH
```

However, it is 0.15 ETH in the contract code, **PumaPayPullPayment.sol**, line 51:

```
uint256 constant private MINIMUM_AMOUNT_OF_ETH_FOR_OPERATORS
= 0.15 ether; /// min amount of ETH for owner/executor
```

2. According to the comment (**PumaPayPullPaymentV2.sol**, line 607):

```
/// The minimum amount the owner/executors should always
have is 0.001 ETH
```

However, it is 0.15 ETH, **PumaPayPullPaymentV2.sol**, line 56:

```
uint256 constant private MINIMUM_AMOUNT_OF_ETH_FOR_OPERATORS
= 0.15 ether; /// min amount of ETH for owner/executor
```

We recommend fixing these comments in order to avoid confusion and improve code readability.

The issues have been fixed and are not present in the latest version of the code.

Excessive gas consumption (fixed)

PumaPayPullPayment.sol, lines 380-384:

```
if (pullPayments[_customer][msg.sender].initialPaymentA-
mountInCents > 0)
{
    amountInPMA = calculatePMAFromFiat(
        pullPayments[_customer][msg.sender].initialPaymentA-
        mountInCents,
        pullPayments[_customer][msg.sender].currency
    );
```

`pullPayments[_customer][msg.sender].initialPaymentAmountInCents` variable is read twice. We recommend reading this variable once and using addition memory variable in both places in order to reduce gas consumption.

The issue has been fixed and is not present in the latest version of the code.

Missing event (fixed)

There are no events emitted when ether is sent to the owner or to an executor. We recommend adding such an event and emitting it in all appropriate places.

The issue has been fixed and is not present in the latest version of the code.

Redundant check (fixed)

There is a redundant check, **PumaPayPullPaymentV2.sol**, line: 163-171:

```
require(_paymentType.length > 0, "Payment Type is empty.");
require(
    (
        _paymentType == TYPE_SINGLE_PULL_PAYMENT ||
        _paymentType == TYPE_RECURRING_PULL_PAYMENT ||
        _paymentType == TYPE_RECURRING_PULL_PAYMENT_WITH_INITIAL
    ||
        _paymentType == TYPE_PULL_PAYMENT_WITH_FREE_TRIAL ||
        _paymentType == TYPE_PULL_PAYMENT_WITH_PAID_TRIAL),
    "Payment Type provided not supported");
```

The first check is then duplicated in the second check. Thus, the first `require` statement is redundant and we recommend removing it.

The issue has been fixed and is not present in the latest version of the code.

Unused import (fixed)

There are unused imports:

- **PumaPullPayment.sol**, line 6

```
import "openzeppelin-
solidity/contracts/token/ERC20/ERC20Mintable.sol";
```

ERC20Mintable contract is imported, however it is not used anywhere in the code.

- **PumaPayPullPaymentV2.sol**, line 4

```
import "openzeppelin-
solidity/contracts/token/ERC20/ERC20Mintable.sol";
```

ERC20Mintable contract is imported, however it is not used anywhere in the code.

We recommend removing unused imports in order to improve code readability.

The issues have been fixed and are not present in the latest version of the code.

Notes

Private modifier

There are variables with `private` visibility modifier:

- **PumaPayPullPaymentV2.sol**, lines 49-63:

```
uint256 constant private DECIMAL_FIXER = 10 ** 10;
uint256 constant private FIAT_TO_CENT_FIXER = 100;
uint256 constant private OVERFLOW_LIMITER_NUMBER = 10 ** 20;
uint256 constant private ONE_ETHER = 1 ether;
uint256 constant private FUNDING_AMOUNT = 1 ether;
uint256 constant private MINIMUM_AMOUNT_OF_ETH_FOR_OPERATORS
= 0.15 ether;
bytes32 constant private TYPE_SINGLE_PULL_PAYMENT = "2";
bytes32 constant private TYPE_RECURRING_PULL_PAYMENT = "3";
bytes32 constant private
TYPE_RECURRING_PULL_PAYMENT_WITH_INITIAL = "4";
bytes32 constant private TYPE_PULL_PAYMENT_WITH_FREE_TRIAL =
"5";
bytes32 constant private TYPE_PULL_PAYMENT_WITH_PAID_TRIAL =
"6";
bytes32 constant private TYPE_SINGLE_DYNAMIC_PULL_PAYMENT =
"7";
```

- **PumaPayPullPayment.sol**, lines 45-51, 59:

```
uint256 constant private DECIMAL_FIXER = 10 ** 10;
uint256 constant private FIAT_TO_CENT_FIXER = 100;
uint256 constant private OVERFLOW_LIMITER_NUMBER = 10 ** 20;
uint256 constant private ONE_ETHER = 1 ether;
uint256 constant private FUNDING_AMOUNT = 1 ether;
uint256 constant private MINIMUM_AMOUNT_OF_ETH_FOR_OPERATORS
= 0.15 ether;
...
mapping(string => uint256) private conversionRates;
```

- **PayableOwnable.sol**, line 11:

```
address payable private _owner;
```

We recommend taking into account that, contrary to a popular misconception, anyone can see values of `private` variables in the blockchain.

This analysis was performed by [SmartDec](#).

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August 1, 2019

Appendix

Code coverage

```
Error: Error: Error: while migrating Migrations: Returned error: VM Exception while processing transaction: invalid opcode
    at Object.run (/home/pavelcore/projects/smartdec/pumapay/june/smart-contracts/node_modules/truffle/build/webpack:/packages/truffle-migrate/index.js:84:1)
    at <anonymous>
    at process._tickCallback (internal/process/next_tick.js:188:7)
Truffle v5.0.19 (core: 5.0.19)
Node v8.10.0

Istanbul coverage reports generated
Cleaning up...
Shutting down testrpc-sc (pid 18115)
Some truffle tests failed while running coverage
```

Compilation output

```
Compiling your contracts...
=====
> Compiling ./contracts/Migrations.sol
> Compiling ./contracts/PumaPayPullPayment.sol
> Compiling ./contracts/PumaPayPullPaymentV2.sol
> Compiling ./contracts/ownership/PayableOwnable.sol
> Compiling openzeppelin-solidity/contracts/access/Roles.sol
> Compiling openzeppelin-solidity/contracts/access/roles/MinterRole.sol
> Compiling openzeppelin-solidity/contracts/math/SafeMath.sol
> Compiling openzeppelin-solidity/contracts/token/ERC20/ERC20.sol
> Compiling openzeppelin-solidity/contracts/token/ERC20/ERC20Mintable.sol
> Compiling openzeppelin-solidity/contracts/token/ERC20/IERC20.sol
> Artifacts written to /home/pavelcore/projects/smartdec/pum
```



```
apay/june/smart-contracts/build/contracts
> Compiled successfully using:
  - solc: 0.5.8+commit.23d335f2.Emscripten.clang
```

Tests output

```
Contract: PumaPay Pull Payment Contract
Deploying
  PumaPay Pull Payment owner should be the address that
was specified on contract deployment
  PumaPay Pull Payment token should be the token address
specified on contract deployment
  PumaPay Pull Payment deployment should revert when the
token is a ZERO address
Add executor
  should set the executor specified to true
  should transfer ETHER to the executor account for paying
gas fees
  should revert when the executor is a ZERO address
  should revert when the adding the same executor
  should revert if NOT executed by the owner
Remove executor
  should set the executor specified to false
  should revert when the executor is a ZERO address
  should revert when the executor does not exist
  should revert if NOT executed by the owner
Set Rate
  should set the rate for fiat currency
  should set the rate for multiple fiat currencies
  should revert when not executed by the owner
  should allow everyone to retrieve the rate
  should emit a "LogSetConversionRate" event
Register Pull Payment
  should add the pull payment for the beneficiary in the
active payments array
  should revert when NOT executed by an executor
  should revert when the pull payment params does not match
with the ones signed by the signatory
  should emit a "LogPaymentRegistered" event
Delete Recurring Payment
  should set the cancel date of the pull payment for the
paymentExecutorOne to NOW
```

- should revert when NOT executed by an executor
- should revert when the payment for the beneficiary does not exists
- should revert when the deletion pull payment params does match with the ones signed by the signatory
- should emit a "LogPaymentCancelled" event
- Execute Single Pull Payment
 - should pull the amount specified on the payment details to the paymentExecutorOne
 - should update the pull payment numberOfPayments
 - should update the pull payment nextPaymentTimestamp
 - should update the pull payment lastPaymentTimestamp
 - should revert if NOT executed by the executor
 - should revert if executed before the start date specified in the payment
 - should revert when executed twice, i.e. number of payments is zero
 - should revert when pull payment does not exists for beneficiary calling the smart contract
 - should emit a "LogPullPaymentExecuted" event
- Execute Recurring Pull Payment
 - should pull the amount specified on the payment details to the beneficiary
 - should update the pull payment numberOfPayments
 - should update the pull payment nextPaymentTimestamp
 - should update the pull payment lastPaymentTimestamp
 - should execute the next payment when next payment date is reached
 - should revert when if the next payment date is NOT reached
 - should allow the merchant to pull payments in case they have missed few payments
 - should allow the merchant to pull payments in case they have missed few payments and the customer cancelled the subscription
- Execute Recurring Pull Payment with initial amount
 - should pull the initial amount specified on the payment details to the beneficiary
 - should pull the amount of the first payment specified for the recurring payment to the beneficiary after receiving the initial payment
 - should pull the amount of the second payment specified for the recurring payment to the beneficiary
 - should set the initial payment amount to ZERO after pull

lling it

Contract: PumaPay Pull Payment Contract For Funding

Set Rate

should transfer ETH to the owner when its balance is lower than 0.01 ETH and set the rate

Add Executor

should transfer ETH to the owner when its balance is lower than 0.01 ETH

Remove Executor

should transfer ETH to the owner when its balance is lower than 0.01 ETH

Register Pull Payment

should transfer ETH to the executor when its balance is lower than 0.01 ETH and register a pull payment

Delete Pull Payment

should transfer ETH to the executor when its balance is lower than 0.01 ETH

Contract: PumaPay Pull Payment V2 Contract

Deploying

PumaPay Pull Payment owner should be the address that was specified on contract deployment

PumaPay Pull Payment token should be the token address specified on contract deployment

PumaPay Pull Payment deployment should revert when the token is a ZERO address

Add executor

should set the executor specified to true

should transfer ETHER to the executor account for paying gas fees

should revert when the executor is a ZERO address

should revert when adding the same executor

should revert if NOT executed by the owner

Remove executor

should set the executor specified to false

should revert when the executor is a ZERO address

should revert when the executor does not exist

should revert if NOT executed by the owner

Register Single Pull Payment

should add the pull payment for the beneficiary in the active payments array

should execute the single pull payment

should revert when NOT executed by an executor

```

    should revert when the pull payment params does match
with the ones signed by the signatory
    should emit a "LogPaymentRegistered" event
    should emit a "LogPullPaymentExecution" event
Register Recurring Pull Payment
    should add the pull payment for the beneficiary in th
e active payments array
    should execute the first payment from the recurring p
ull payment
    should execute payments from the recurring pull payme
nt: first payment and next one
    should execute payments from the recurring pull payme
nt: first payment, next one with third execution failing
    should revert when NOT executed by an executor
    should revert when the pull payment params does match
with the ones signed by the signatory
    should emit a "LogPaymentRegistered" event
    should emit a "LogPullPaymentExecution" event
Register Recurring Pull Payment with Initial Payment
    should add the pull payment for the beneficiary in th
e active payments array
    should execute the first payment from the recurring p
ull payment
    should execute payments from the recurring pull payme
nt: first payment and next one
    should execute payments from the recurring pull paym
ent: initial payment, next two payments with third execution
failing
    should revert when NOT executed by an executor
    should revert when the pull payment params does match
with the ones signed by the signatory
    should emit a "LogPaymentRegistered" event
    should emit a "LogPullPaymentExecution" event
Register Recurring Pull Payment with Free Trial
    should add the pull payment for the beneficiary in th
e active payments array
    should execute payments from the recurring pull payme
nt after the free trial has passed
    should execute payments from the recurring pull payme
nt after free trial: two payments with third execution faili
ng
    should revert if the free trial has not passed
    should revert when NOT executed by an executor
    should revert when the pull payment params does match

```

```

with the ones signed by the signatory
    should emit a "LogPaymentRegistered" event
Register Recurring Pull Payment with Paid Trial
    should add the pull payment for the beneficiary in the active payments array
    should execute the initial payment for the paid trial
    should execute payments from the recurring pull payment with paid trial: initial payment, two recurring payments with third execution failing
    pull payment execution for recurring payment should revert if the paid trial has not passed
    should revert when NOT executed by an executor
    should revert when the pull payment params does match with the ones signed by the signatory
    should emit a "LogPaymentRegistered" event
    should emit a "LogPullPaymentExecution" event
Cancel Recurring Pull Payment
    should set the cancel date of the pull payment for the paymentExecutorOne to NOW
    should revert when NOT executed by an executor
    should revert when the payment for the beneficiary does not exist
    should revert when the deletion pull payment params does match with the ones signed by the signatory
    should emit a "LogPaymentCancelled" event
Execute pull payment
    should execute successfully a recurring pull payment
    should update the pull payment with next payment timestamp
    should update the pull payment with last payment timestamp
    should update the pull payment with number of payments
    should allow for pull payment executions to happen even though some executions were missed
    should allow for pull payment executions to happen even though some executions were missed and the customer has cancelled the subscription
    should fail when next payment timestamp has not passed
    should fail when pull payment was cancelled
    should emit a "LogPullPaymentExecution" event
Add Executor - Funding
    should transfer ETH to the owner when its balance is lower than 0.01 ETH

```

```

    Remove Executor - Funding
        should transfer ETH to the owner when its balance is
lower than 0.01 ETH
    Register Pull Payment - Funding
        should transfer ETH to the executor when its balance
is lower than 0.01 ETH and register a pull payment
    Delete Pull Payment - Funding
        should transfer ETH to the executor when its balance
is lower than 0.01 ETH

119 passing (1m)

```

Solhint output

```

contracts/Migrations.sol
  5:17  error  Variable name must be in mixedCase      va
r-name-mixedcase
  19:30  error  Function param name must be in mixedCase  fu
nc-param-name-mixedcase

contracts/PumaPayPullPayment.sol
  45:2   error  Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 129                      max-line-length
  46:2   error  Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 128                      max-line-length
  49:2   error  Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 133                      max-line-length
  110:10 warning  Avoid to make time-based decisions in you
r business logic                          not-rely-on-time
  111:9   warning  Avoid to make time-based decisions in you
r business logic                          not-rely-on-time
  118:2   error  Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 140                      max-line-length
  163:33 warning  Code contains empty block
o-empty-blocks
  182:9   warning  Possible reentrancy vulnerabilities. Avoi
d state changes after transfer            reentrancy
  232:2   error  Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 122                      max-line-length
  274:2   error  Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 127                      max-line-length

```

```

337:2    error    Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 127                max-line-length
339:73   warning  Avoid to make time-based decisions in you
r business logic                    not-rely-on-time
394:2    error    Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 124                max-line-length
397:68   warning  Avoid to make time-based decisions in you
r business logic                    not-rely-on-time
420:2    error    Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 121                max-line-length
439:2    error    Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 124                max-line-length

contracts/PumaPayPullPaymentV2.sol
125:10   warning  Avoid to make time-based decisions in you
r business logic                    not-rely-on-time
126:9    warning  Avoid to make time-based decisions in you
r business logic                    not-rely-on-time
189:33   warning  Code contains empty block
o-empty-blocks
207:9    warning  Possible reentrancy vulnerabilities. Avoi
d state changes after transfer      reentrancy
238:2    error    Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 122                max-line-length
256:2    error    Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 124                max-line-length
263:5    error    Function body contains 98 lines but allow
ed no more than 50 lines            function-max-lines
278:2    error    Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 125                max-line-length
279:2    error    Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 124                max-line-length
280:2    error    Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 132                max-line-length
281:2    error    Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 122                max-line-length
282:2    error    Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 131                max-line-length
283:2    error    Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 123                max-line-length
284:2    error    Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 125                max-line-length
320:2    error    Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 124                max-line-length

```

```

325:2    error    Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 127                max-line-length
329:79   warning  Avoid to make time-based decisions in you
r business logic                    not-rely-on-time
331:2    error    Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 124                max-line-length
335:2    error    Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 123                max-line-length
339:79   warning  Avoid to make time-based decisions in you
r business logic                    not-rely-on-time
341:2    error    Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 124                max-line-length
345:2    error    Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 123                max-line-length
350:79   warning  Avoid to make time-based decisions in you
r business logic                    not-rely-on-time
352:2    error    Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 124                max-line-length
391:2    error    Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 134                max-line-length
393:80   warning  Avoid to make time-based decisions in you
r business logic                    not-rely-on-time
440:2    error    Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 129                max-line-length
443:2    error    Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 125                max-line-length
445:2    error    Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 132                max-line-length
446:74   warning  Avoid to make time-based decisions in you
r business logic                    not-rely-on-time
492:2    error    Line length must be no more than 120 but
current length is 121                max-line-length

```

49 problems (34 errors, 15 warnings)

Solium output

```

contracts/PumaPayPullPayment.sol
110:9    warning  Avoid using 'now' (alias to 'block.ti
mestamp').                                s
security/no-block-members
111:8    warning  Avoid using 'now' (alias to 'block.ti

```



```

mestamp').
s
ecurity/no-block-members
114:16 error Only use indent of 12 spaces.
ndentation
117:16 error Only use indent of 12 spaces.
ndentation
120:16 error Only use indent of 12 spaces.
ndentation
289:16 error Only use indent of 12 spaces.
ndentation
290:16 error Only use indent of 12 spaces.
ndentation
291:16 error Only use indent of 12 spaces.
ndentation
292:16 error Only use indent of 12 spaces.
ndentation
293:16 error Only use indent of 12 spaces.
ndentation
294:16 error Only use indent of 12 spaces.
ndentation
295:16 error Only use indent of 12 spaces.
ndentation
339:72 warning Avoid using 'now' (alias to 'block.ti
mestamp').
s
ecurity/no-block-members
392:12 warning Assignment operator must have exactly
single space on both sides of it.
o
perator-whitespace
397:67 warning Avoid using 'now' (alias to 'block.ti
mestamp').
s
ecurity/no-block-members
503:35 warning Operator "&&" should be on the line w
here left side of the Binary expression ends.
o
perator-whitespace
512:23 error Only use indent of 12 spaces.
ndentation
512:51 warning 'keccak256': The last argument must n
ot be succeeded by any whitespace or comments (only ')').
f
unction-whitespace

contracts/PumaPayPullPaymentV2.sol
124:16 error Only use indent of 12 spaces.
ndentation
125:9 warning Avoid using 'now' (alias to 'block.ti

```

```

mestamp').                                     s
ecurity/no-block-members
  126:8      warning      Avoid using 'now' (alias to 'block.ti
mestamp').                                     s
ecurity/no-block-members
  129:16     error        Only use indent of 12 spaces.
ndentation
  137:16     error        Only use indent of 12 spaces.
ndentation
  304:16     error        Only use indent of 12 spaces.
ndentation
  305:16     error        Only use indent of 12 spaces.
ndentation
  306:16     error        Only use indent of 12 spaces.
ndentation
  307:16     error        Only use indent of 12 spaces.
ndentation
  308:16     error        Only use indent of 12 spaces.
ndentation
  309:16     error        Only use indent of 12 spaces.
ndentation
  310:16     error        Only use indent of 12 spaces.
ndentation
  329:78     warning      Avoid using 'now' (alias to 'block.ti
mestamp').                                     s
ecurity/no-block-members
  339:78     warning      Avoid using 'now' (alias to 'block.ti
mestamp').                                     s
ecurity/no-block-members
  350:78     warning      Avoid using 'now' (alias to 'block.ti
mestamp').                                     s
ecurity/no-block-members
  393:79     warning      Avoid using 'now' (alias to 'block.ti
mestamp').                                     s
ecurity/no-block-members
  442:8      warning      Assignment operator must have exactly
single space on both sides of it.               o
perator-whitespace
  446:73     warning      Avoid using 'now' (alias to 'block.ti
mestamp').                                     s
ecurity/no-block-members
  575:42     warning      Operator "&&" should be on the line w
here left side of the Binary expression ends.   o
perator-whitespace

```

```
584:23      error      Only use indent of 12 spaces.
ndentation
584:51      warning    'keccak256': The last argument must n
ot be succeeded by any whitespace or comments (only ')').    f
unction-whitespace

contracts/ownership/PayableOwnable.sol
38:8       warning    Provide an error message for require().
error-reason
73:8       warning    Provide an error message for require().
error-reason

22 errors, 19 warnings found.
```