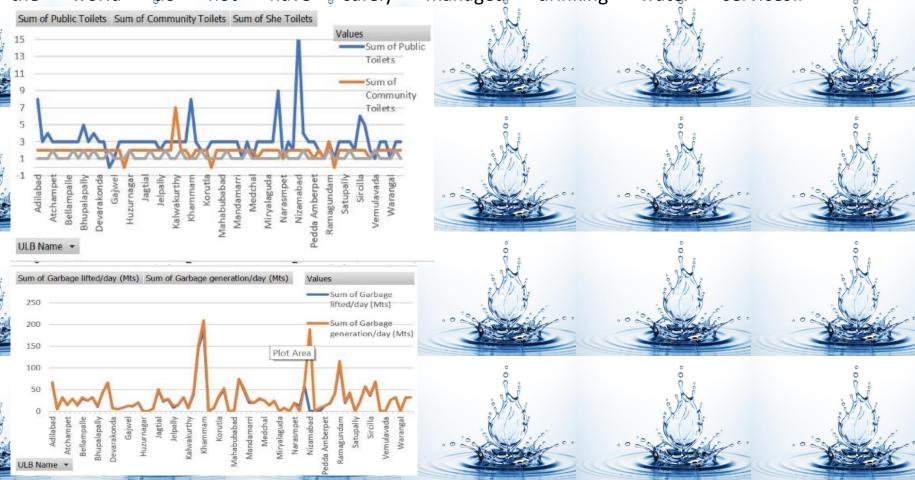
## CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION

Introduction: Water is one of the most vital components of our living environment. It regulates economic growth, social and political change, technical and scientific advances , in partial and totality. In India, water acts as a chief support of livelihood to more than 70% of the population who are involved in the agriculture sector. Also, approximately 10-15% of the population is engaged in industries directly dependent on water such as textile, leather, food processing, etc. Water, therefore, has a multitude of linkages with the country's economic health But according to the World Health Organization, 2.2 billion people around world the do not have safely managed drinking water services..



Causes: Proper waste management is one of the major problems for densely populated urban areas. It is getting difficult day by day to lead a healthy, sustainable living in urban areas because of environmental contamination. Due to the lack of proper waste management approach, problems like an overflow of waste occurs that badly harm our environment

The importance of sanitation and toilets lies in helping reduce the spread of diseases. Sanitation systems aim to protect health by providing and promoting a clean environment.

Conclusion: From the graph it's clear that the sum of garbage lifted is less comapred to sum of garbage disposal. If this continuous the population in the country may face severe causes and have plight situations. Garbage disposal should can be achieved through different methods like landfills, recycling compositing and incineration in order to have a flourishing livelihood.