

ROLE OF LITERACY IN SUSTAINABLE DEVLOPMENT

Before discussing a complicated concept like literacy when we take a look at sustainable devlopment, which means "development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs". Ignoring sustainable devlopment concept for some time when we consider devlopment which means progress. Progress can only seen in those areas where people have an exposure about their needs for their upgrade in life , many people are failing to uncover the realization about what they need exactly to get upgraded in their lives economically for which one of the reason is being illeterates.when people know what they need then we see at least devlopment if not sustainable devlopment. Lets see how being a illeterate is affecting state and and our country sustainable devlopment.

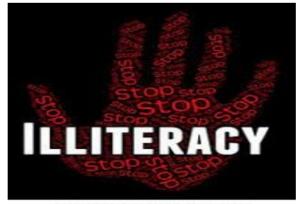
WHAT IS LITERACY:

Literacy is not just taking admission in a school or college putting on uniform and carrying a load of books in a bag on your back.

Literacy is the ability to read, write and comprehend information in order to communicate effectively. From reading the newspaper to understanding road signs, literacy is the only tool that helps you make sense of your sourroundings. It is empowering and fuels social and human devlopment.

Illiteracy affects an individual in all areas of their life. An illiterate individual cannot read and write, and thus cannot join the workforce or may work as unskilled labour, lack awareness to make an informed decision which affects them and their community. Further, children of illiterate parents do not receive the same education as children of educated parents. Even if they go to the same school, children of illiterate parents lack the kind of awareness educated parents can give to their children. Hence, illiteracy becomes a vicious cycle affecting the social and economic development of India.

Illiteracy creates several hurdles in the development of a country and affects every person in that country.



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Facts on literacy and education in India

- 1. India is home to the largest population of 287 million illiterate adults in the world. This amounts to 37% of the global total.
- 2. 47.78% out of school children in India are girls. They will be calculated as illiterate women in the next census and this will have an impact on the education of their children.
- 3. Bihar, Jharkhand and Uttar Pradesh are amongst the bottom five states in terms of literacy of Dalits in India.
- 4. India's literacy rate has increased six times since Independence. Though the literacy rate has increased from 12% in 2001 to 74% in 2011 yet India has the world's largest population of illiterate adults.

- 5. The literacy rate of female Dalits in Bihar was 38.5% in 2011. It is far behind India's progress trend. It is still 30 years behind India's national literacy Rate which was 43.7 in 1981.
- 6.60 lakh children in India are still out-of-school.

7. 92% of government schools are yet to fully implement the RTE Act.

8. India is ranked at 123 out of 135 countries in female literacy rate.

- 9. India ranks fourth in the South Asian region behind Sri Lanka with a female-male ratio of 0.97 and Bangladesh with a female-male ratio of 0.85.
- 10. The percentage of women to the total number of school teachers has gone up from 29.3% in 1991 to 47.16% in 2013-14.

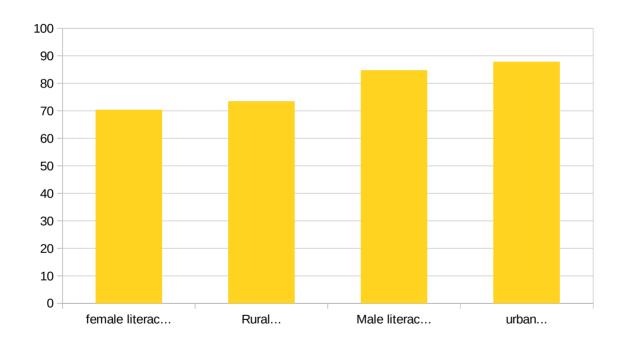
Recently, the report on 'Household Social Consumption: Education in India as part of 75 round of National Sample Survey - from July 2017 to June 2018' has been released.

It is based on the National Statistical Office (NSO) survey and provides for state-wise detail of literacy rate among the persons aged seven years and above.

The report comes before the International Literacy Day which is celebrated on 8 September every year.



Data Analysis: India's Overall Literacy Rate is 77.7%.



Impact Of Illiteracy:

Health: The report says that illiteracy significantly limits a person's ability to access understand and apply health- related information and messages. This results in poor household and personal health, hygiene and nutrition.

Crime: In various countries around the world, studies show that a majority of prision inmates have poor literacy skills. Also up to 85% juvinile delinquents are functionally illiterate.

Welfare: illeterate people are more likely to be on unemployment benefits having dropped out of school or being unable to find work. High school dropouts are more than three times likely to receive welfare than high school graduates. Low earning potential due to illeteracy also makes a high number of welfare dependents. Which puts a heavy burden on the social security system of any nation.

Literacy and poverty:

Education has been cited as the best means of overcoming poverty caused by illiteracy. This needs a two prolonged approach, according to the report encouraging families to place a higher value on education and getting illeterate adults into literacy programmes.

As established by the report, illiteracy cost in India is US\$ 53.56 billion. The cost of illiteracy to the global economy is estimated at US\$ 1.19 trillion 800 million people across the world lack the basic reading and writing skills illiterate people earn 30% - 40% less than their literate counterparts globally over 100 million children don't go to school each day.

Telangana literacy statistics:

The male literacy rate currently in telangana is 74.95% and female literacy rate is 57.92% respectively.



Telangana, the newly formed 29th State of the country, stands just short of hitting the rock bottom of the literacy and employment pyramid, Socio Economic Caste Census (SECC)-2011 of the country revealed.

As per the detailed report released on July 3, Telangana stood fourth in the country's rural illiteracy chart, as 40.42 per cent of its rural population stood illiterate.

The State's illiteracy rate is notches higher than the national average of 35.73 per cent. The only States that stood ahead of Telangana in illiteracy were Rajasthan with 47.58 per cent, Madhya Pradesh and Bihar with 43.85 per cent.

Adding to poor literacy rate is the State's abysmal performance in the salaried (organised) sector. Telangana stood the sixth lowest in the salaried job category as just 7.64 per cent of its rural population had jobs in the organised sector. The national average in this sector was 9.68 per cent.

As per the census, the State's rural population remains highly dependent on manual casual labour as 49.58 per cent of the population is dependent on it.

"Telangana has been witnessing rapid 'casualisation' of labour where people get thrown out of their land and end up doing odd jobs that offer no security," said C Ramachandraiah, social scientist, Centre for Economics and Social Sciences (CESS), Hyderabad, adding government's literacy programmes failed to reach rural households



How this problem can be adressed:

Education should not only permited to adults. Education is something that everybody should have access to it. Every single person should at least have a basic education with which he or she can at least fulfill his or her basic needs like filling bank forms and taking care of their family expenses and reading news papers understanding basic rules and regulations.

This seem simple but when this thoery of explanation turns into a practical reality then the pace of the walk towards sustainable devlopment will speed up.

In this modern ages each state in india are competing to provide good quality education to the children with free of cost or very less fee sometimes but somewhere still we are all failing to achive 100 percent literacy rate in india this is because of dropping out in the middle few still or not even taking steps to atleast to provide basic education to their kids though it is free and few more people they are not letting their girl children to get educated with some blind beliefs and few other are becoming drop outs lossing interest in studies are due to family or financial problems. All these problems can't be solved just by government we all should work together in this we should take an intiation and an extra effort to spread awareness on how important education for a person to live a decent life and how education can give a better life to their children than what they are living now this may not turn our country a 100 percent literate nation but it can change mindset of the many parents

About sending their kids to school and providing education at low cost or it would better if the quality education is provided at free of cost then there is high no.of chance witnessing a large percentage of children completing at least their primary education if not higher. In this way we can convert most of the adults into school and college students. But just by doing this will not turn out nation into a 100 percent literate nation still the marks of illeteracy will left behind in the form of uneducated parents, uneducated daily wage labours, many other uneducated people in different proffessions this problem can also be adressed with Night schools solution with this solution we can turn a help less poor father into a strong back bone for his family and a home maker into a self confident women , an insecured old man into an independent who can live life on your own.

In this night there is no necessity of teaching geometry or anything about world war or arthimetic calcutions, in this night schools basic education should be provided like recognising letters in english to reading news papers to knowing basic rules and regulations and filling basic forms and also nutrion(what kind of food should be consumed and what kind of foods should be avoided) and about physical health(common diseases and how they should be adressed and how to be fit and healthy and also everything about sanitization) and also how to use natural resources and to preserve them for future generations and importance of education for country devlopment and how to be financially independent and

How to generate wealth . All this knowledge can help them to get an basic expouser about the different things which are the roots for a common life this can help turning most of the people into literates which can make them idependent and self confident and also this can also take their fear of lossing job because of uneqipped skills. And also setting up a small library which have all the information in local languages in which most of the people can read and write about the topics I have discussed above will be much more efficient way to adress illiteracy.





Conclusion:

As we have already seen how iliteracy is becoming a big barrier at least for a countrie's devlopment if not sustainable devlopment.

Let me sum up all the points in a short note those we have already covered in this report Illiteracy is one of the root cause for slow development or under development of countries and states.

Illiteracy rate is affecting the rising graph points of devlopment of countries and states indirectly.

Already we have seen how iletaracy in india even in telangana causing effect to the overall devlopment

As the iletaracy rate of the states and nations grow the devlopment rate will fall beacuse of poverty, ill health and also for many other reasons.

Devlopment is neither just planting trees nor just stopping deforestration or not atleast digging pits to store rain water for our future genrations.

"Devlopments includes from being financially stable to physically healthy and also educated this is applicable to each and every person in a country.

When peope get educated there will be equal no.of job providers and equally quilified workers when people start working in which they are capapble enough to work they will be get paid enough which can help a lead a decent life with out poverty and being a literate can help you to realise the importance of health and nutrion it can teach us about what to consume and what to avoid this can lead to very less no.of ill health conditions and final point last but not least people will realise the value of nature and natural resources. High percentage of literace rate can lead to advancements in tech and medical feilds. Eduaction has an ability to make us to realise what we need to live a good life and how can we get it.

"If the roots of a country is education the tree of generation will give fruites of devlopment."



LETS EXPLORE THE WORLD OF FREEDOM WITH THE EYES OF EDUCATION



Literacy is most basic currency of the knowledge economy.

Barack Obama

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Video link of this report:

https://www.mediafire.com/file/jupy1tyi6aarjrg/Illiteracy+report.mp4/file

THANK YOU