

SMARTBRIDGE:PROJECT

IoT Based

River Water Quality Monitoring System

Using IBM Watson

TEAM MEMBERS:

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ABSTRACT:

The established method of testing water quality is to gather samples of water manually and send to the lab to test and analyze. This method is time consuming, wastage of man power, and not economical. The water quality measuring system that we have implemented checks the quality of water in real time through various sensors (one for each parameter: pH, conductivity, temperature, turbidity, oxidation_reduction_potential) to measure the quality of water. As a variation in the value of this parameter points towards the presence of pollutants. This system can keep a strict check on the pollution of the water resources and be able to provide an environment for safe drinking water.

INTRODUCTION:

OVERVIEW:

Internet of Things (IoT) technologies provide a solution to this as it can monitor the water

quality always and bring about data which can be used for analysis purposes in real time on the cloud. This system can provide an early warning system for which if a contamination were to occur.

OBJECTIVE:

We have to measure the values of temperature,pH values,conductivity,oxidation reduction potential,turbidity.People face many health-related issues because of using contaminated water. An efficient water quality monitoring system using IBM Watson is potential constraint for determining quality of water .

LITERATURE SURVEY:

EXISTING PROBLEM:

The existing Water Quality monitoring system employ human towards sampling the water Quality, Testing and perform the analysis. Currently some amount of technological innovation has been applied in water quality monitoring by using robotic fish, Digital camera and laser beam. Also research been done by employing wireless sensor also in water quality monitoring.

In addition to monitoring the water quality, very limited work carried out in employing machine learning technique in analyzing the quality of water based on collected water parameter for analysis rather than false alarm notification.

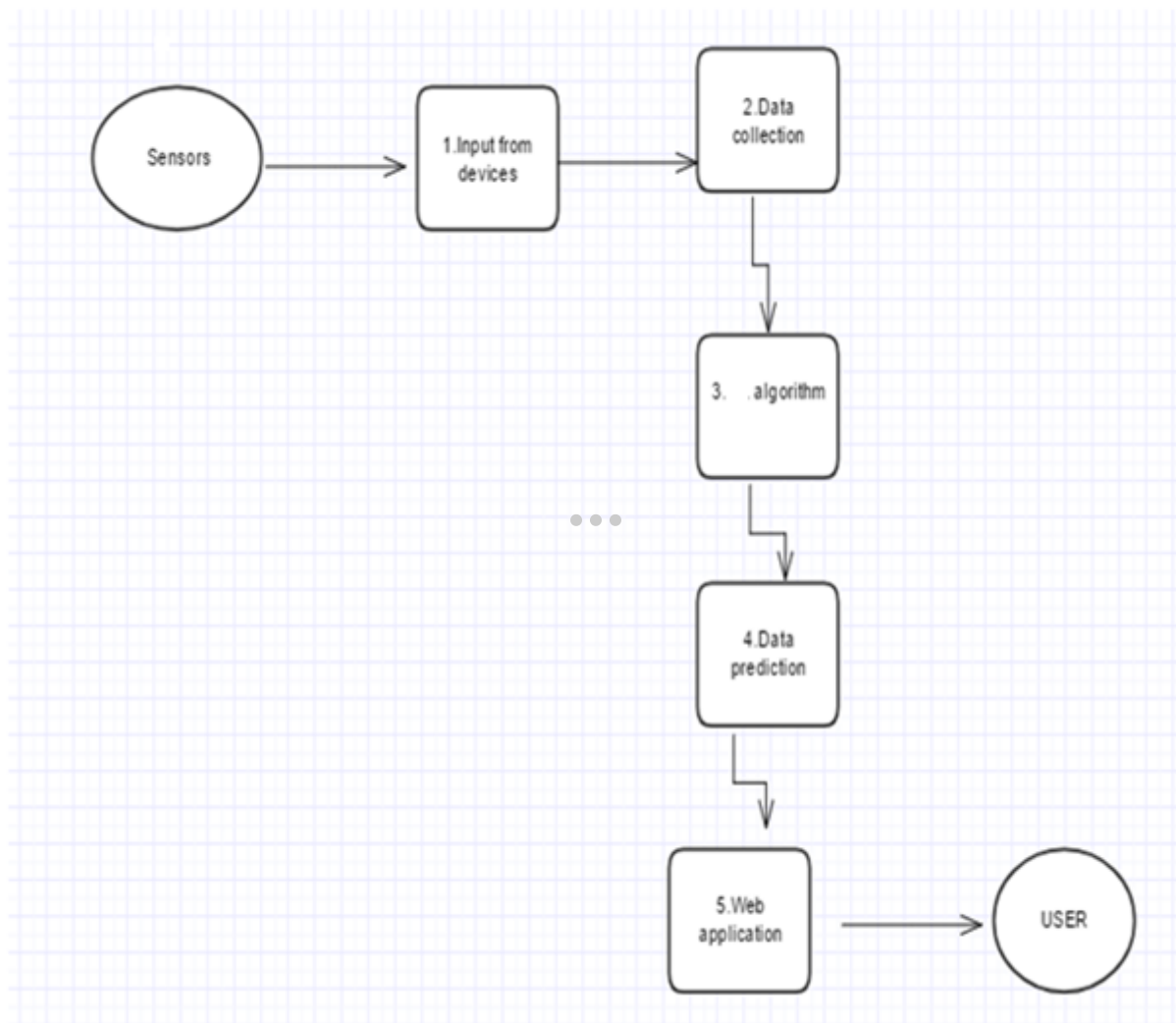
PROPOSED SOLUTION:

The challenge with the existing system is that there is no fully automated water Quality monitoring system using IBM Watson employing Sensors. Also system possess no intelligence as such which allows for analyzing the data for prediction. These systems so developed communicate within a small geographical area.

THEORETICAL ANALYSIS:

BLOCK DIAGRAM:

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SOFTWARE REQUIRED:

Python

IOT Cloud Platform

IBM Cloud

Node- RED

IBM IoT Platform

MIT App Inventor

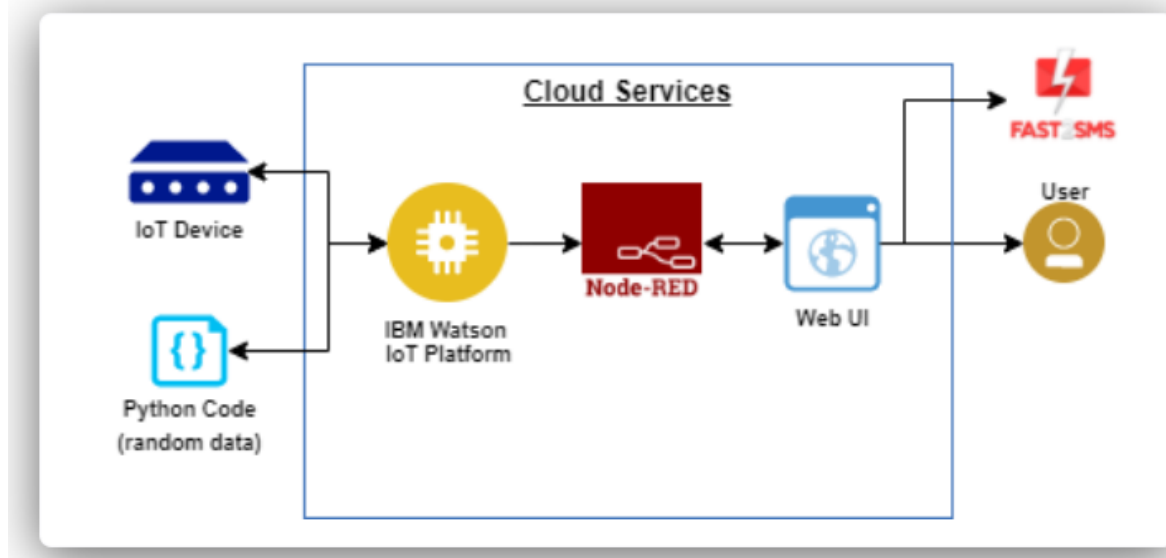
Fast2sms

EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATION:

The main purpose of developing an IoT technique to check water quality using IBM Watson protocol is to develop a system which gives the end user a useful data securely and fast. In traditional technique, the water samples are gathered from different places, and then tested by the scientist at their laboratory using different techniques to determine the water quality. That way was a time consuming but now the 'Internet of Things (IoT)' has the potential to modernize the water testing, as more and more of its technology is connected to the internet. So instead of checking the water quality using old ways, this method is used which is way better, fast, cost friendly and easy to use.

In order to meet with the requirements for developing the system, some work has been done in the past to achieve the desired results. The system formed in past used sensors to gather the data concerning the water constraints. Later that the data gathered were directed to IBM cloud platform, through which it was showed to the computer or any other devices. Next examination of the data gained, the communication part was approved out by the help of GSM technology. This structure was supportive but had numerous limitations as well such as expensive, no actual time data could be produced, the system was transferring data in sequence so there was probabilities of data damage and security issues

FLOWCHART:



PROCEDURE:

Develop the code

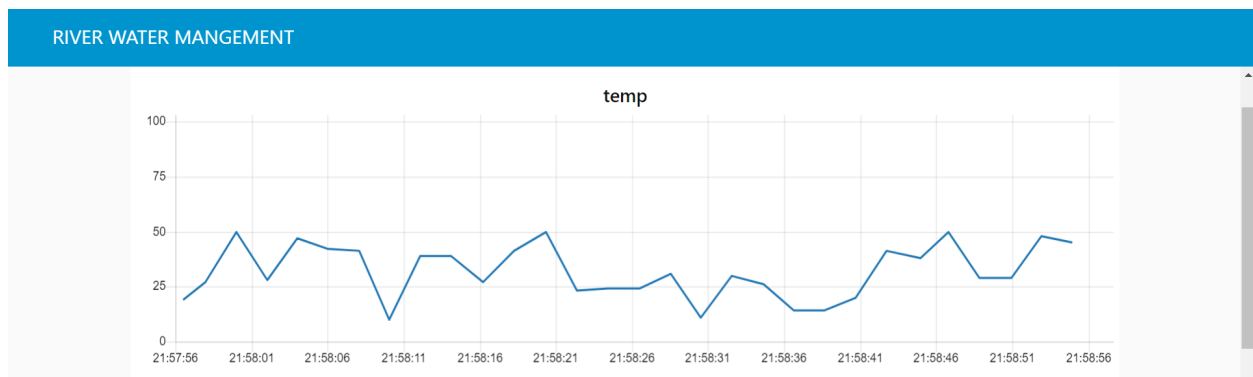
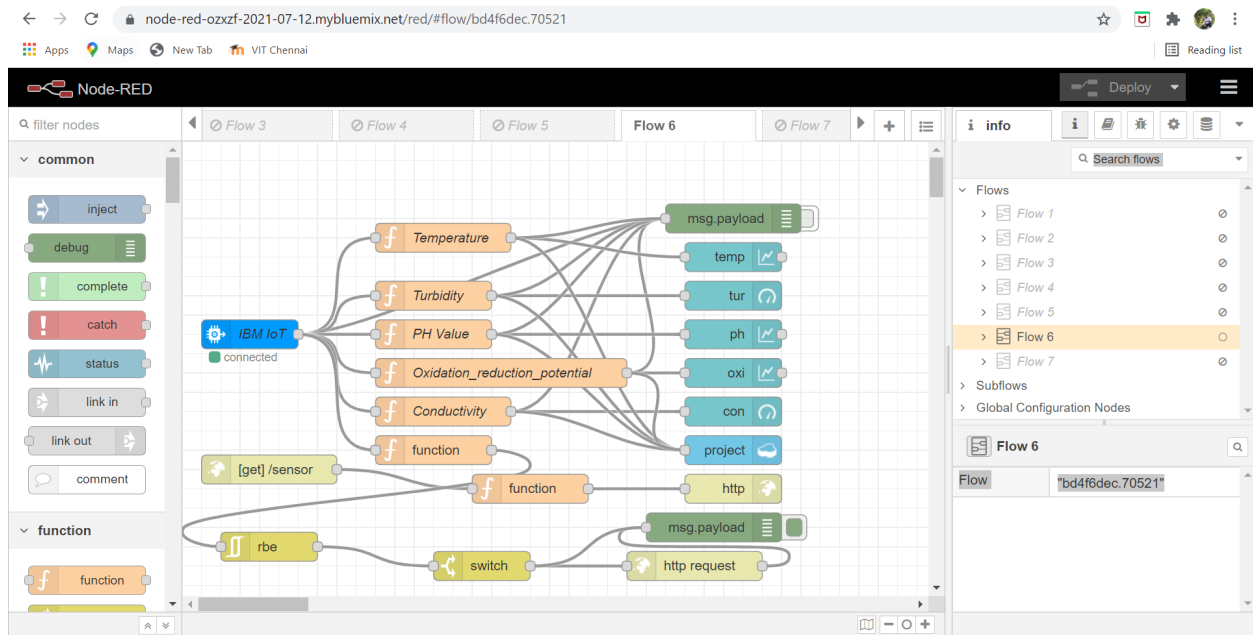
```

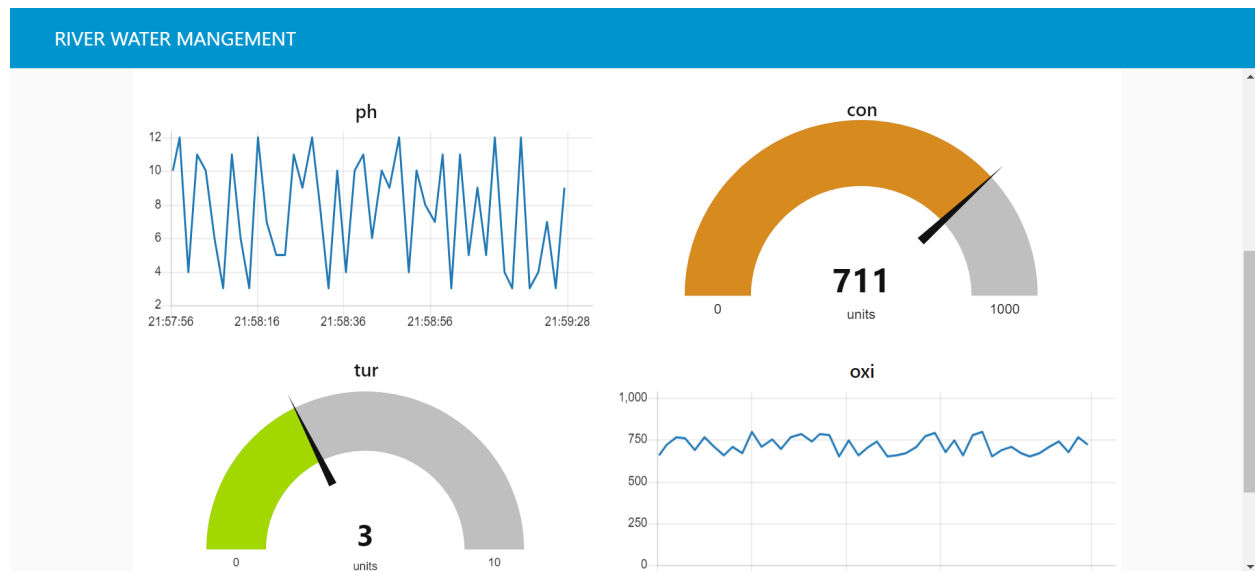
project.py - C:\Users\BOREDDY CHAITANYA\Desktop\cv_python_test\project.py (3.9.6)
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
import wiotp.sdk.device
import time
import random
import requests
myConfig = {
    "identity": {
        "orgId": "1b3h1u",
        "typeId": "VITDEVICE",
        "deviceId": "63021"
    },
    "auth": {
        "token": "9876543210"
    }
}
def myCommandCallback(cmd):
    print("Message received from IBM IoT Platform: %s" % cmd.data['command'])
    print()
client = wiotp.sdk.device.DeviceClient(config=myConfig, logHandlers=None)
client.connect()
while True:
    temp=random.randint(10,50)
    ph=random.randint(3,12)
    con=random.randint(400,1000)
    oxi=random.randint(650,800)
    tur=random.randint(0,5)
    if ((6<=ph<=9) and (20<temp<40) and (500<con<1000) and (650<oxi<800) and (0<tur<5)):
        sms=1
        print("drink that water")
    else:
        sms=0
        print("not to drink that water")
    myData={'Temperature':temp,'PH Value':ph,'Conductivity':con,'Oxidation_Reduction_Potential':oxi,'Turbidity':tur,'sms':sms}
    client.publishEvent(eventId="status", msgFormat="json", data=myData, qos=0, onPublish=None)
    print("Published data Successfully: %s", myData)
    client.commandCallback = myCommandCallback
    time.sleep(2)
client.disconnect()
r = requests.get('https://www.fastsms.com/dev/bulkV2?authorization=NegxEnouG4SH0iXbVzDyBQlWFpa7m86RlKAqZ52UdtsvclYCokuhIfbGpKrMyVgxo3svneHa0Wz587E&route=q&message=%20pre')
print(r.text)
Ln: 32 Col: 36

```

To develop a Node-red application we need to get an "JSON" file to run after getting that json file into node-red ,just fill he required details which are needed.After setting IBM out enter the api key and token .

Before deploying the schematic we need to run the python code and after that deploy the schematic we need to view(user interface) the web view of the application.





The screenshot shows the MIT App Inventor web interface. The browser address bar displays the URL: `85205243-f390-4e76-a3f0-25d908e5eddd-blumix.cloudant.com/dashboard.html#database/project/0a59fa2bd66e96380dd37918b77da6b3`. The interface shows a project titled "project" with a unique ID. The JSON payload being viewed is as follows:

```

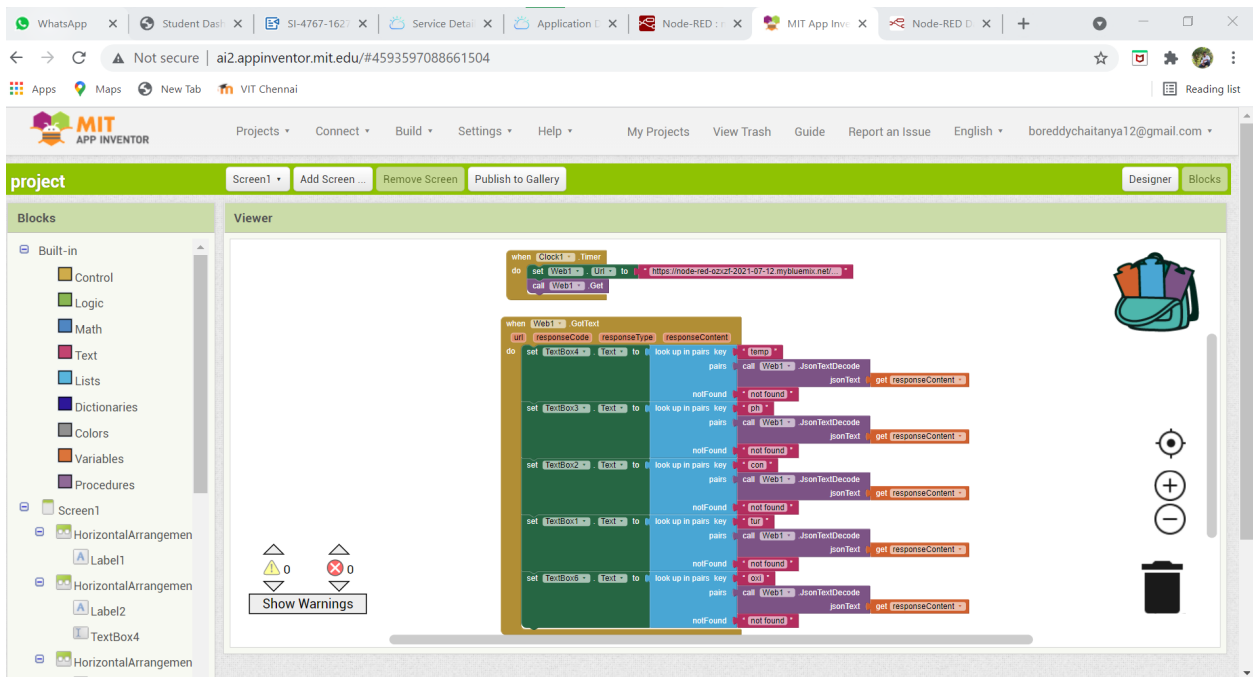
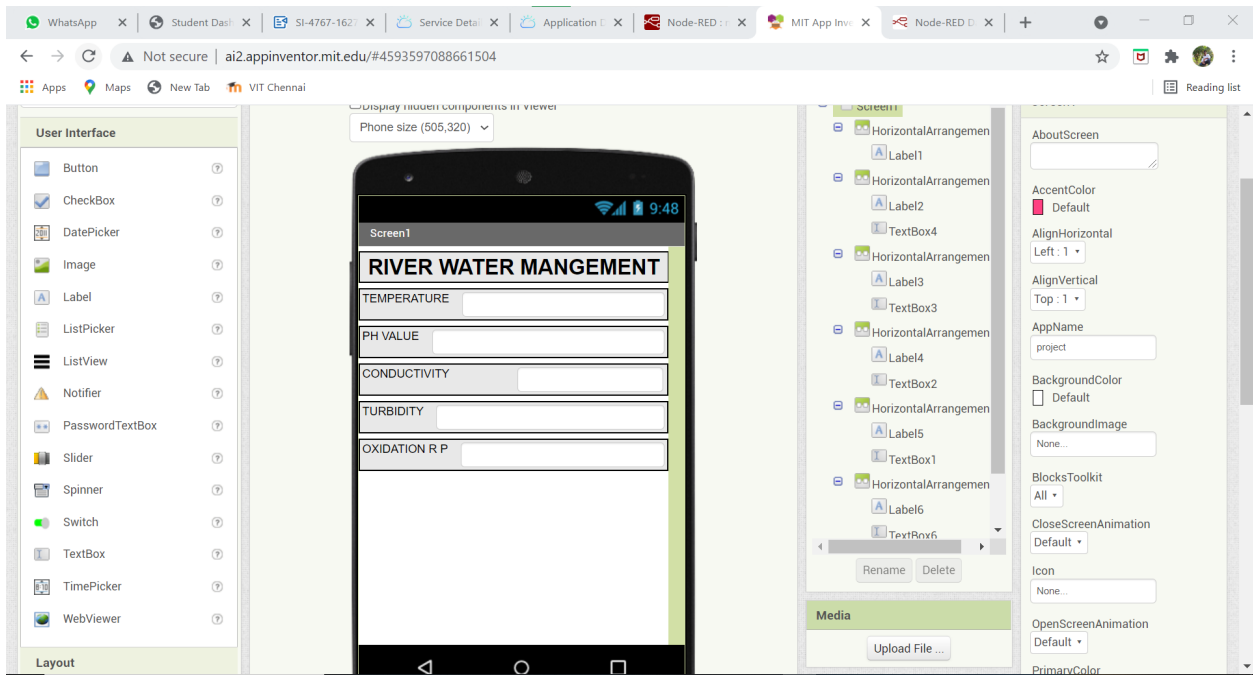
1 {
2   "_id": "0a59fa2bd66e96380dd37918b77da6b3",
3   "_rev": "1-484ee75a01a0d585289afe11da6f5b1d",
4   "topic": "iot-2/type/VITDEVICE/id/63021/evt/status/fmt/json",
5   "payload": {
6     "Temperature": 50,
7     "PH_Value": 5,
8     "Conductivity": 522,
9     "Oxidation_Reduction_Potential": 724,
10    "Turbidity": 3,
11    "sms": 0
12  },
13   "deviceId": "63021",
14   "deviceType": "VITDEVICE",
15   "eventType": "status",
16   "format": "json"
17 }

```

Getting Started with MIT App Inventor. App Inventor is a cloud-based tool, which means you can build apps right in your web browser. This website offers all the support you'll need to learn how to build your own apps. Visit it at ai2.appinventor.mit.edu. You can get there by clicking the orange "Create Apps".

After setting this we need to develop for the app view for that we need get some connections with in same "http/in" & "http/response" node with including some

.functions and to develop an app we are using the help of MIT APP INVERTER



After creating the interface and back-end of the app we need to scan and view the app in the phone.

WhatsApp x Service Di x Cloudant x Student x Node-RED x MIT App x https://m x Develop x Node-RED x +

WhatsApp
web.whatsapp.com

1-07-12.mybluemix.net/red/#flow/bd4f6dec.70521
Chennai

Reading list

Node-RED

Deploy

filter nodes

Flow 5 Flow 6 Flow 7 Flow 8

join
sort
batch

parser

csv
html
json
xml
yaml

storage

Db2 in

IBM IoT
connected

Temperature
Turbidity
PH Value
Oxidation_reduction_potential
Conductivity
function

[get] /sensor

rbe

switch

msg.payload

temp
tur
ph
oxi
con
project
http

msg.payload

http request

debug

all nodes

724

7/30/2021, 3:49:36 PM node: 2fc75562 a4b9ea
iot-2/type/MTDEVICE/id/63021/ev/status/fmt/json
msg.payload : number

522

7/30/2021, 3:49:36 PM node: 1262c615 ba16ca
iot-2/type/MTDEVICE/id/63021/ev/status/fmt/json
msg.payload : string[83]

"

{"return":true,"request_id":"a0ilgyph
mo5tuzc","message":{"SMS sent
successfully."}}"

7/30/2021, 3:49:38 PM node: 2fc75562 a4b9ea
iot-2/type/MTDEVICE/id/63021/ev/status/fmt/json
msg.payload : Object

{ Temperature: 47, PH_Value: 5,
Conductivity: 715,
Oxidation_Reduction_Potential: 709,
Turbidity: 0 ... }

7/30/2021, 3:49:38 PM node: 2fc75562 a4b9ea
iot-2/type/MTDEVICE/id/63021/ev/status/fmt/json

Screen1

RIVER WATER MANGEMENT

TEMPERATURE

PH VALUE

CONDUCTIVITY

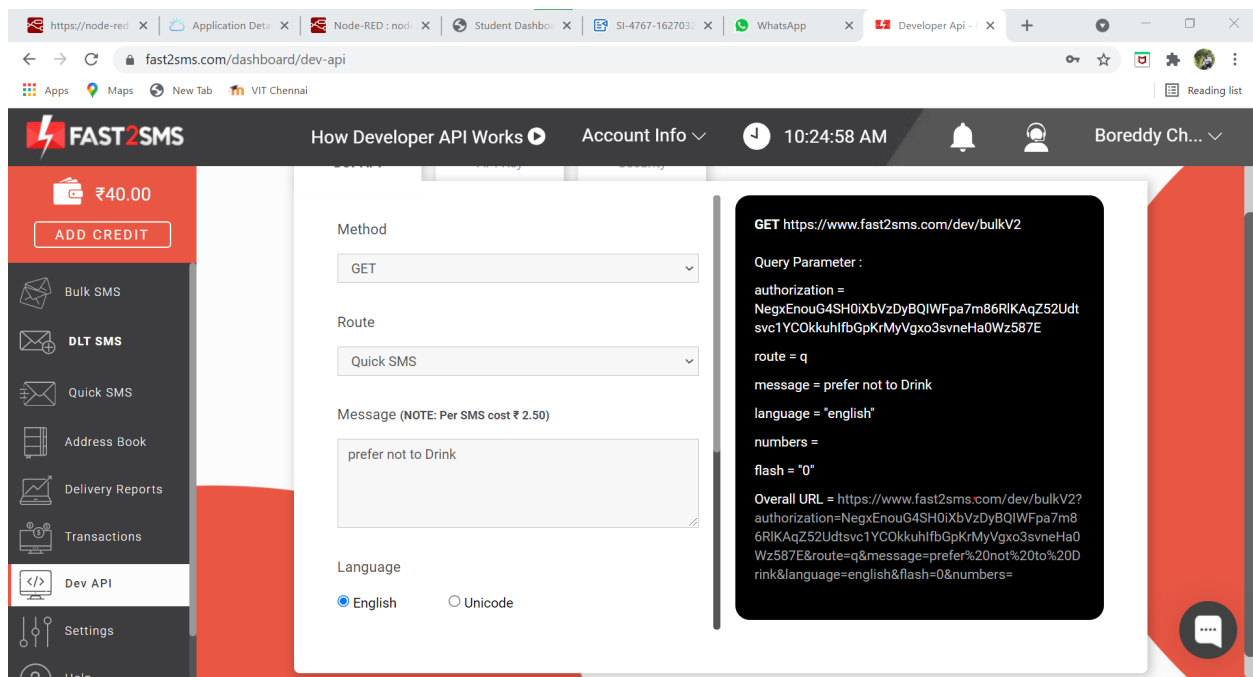
TURBIDITY

OXIDATION R P

Login to **Fast2SMS**.

Select Dev API from the left side and copy the authorization key.

copy the url and paste it in the python code and run the program .the sms sent to the registered mobile.



sms is sent.

Result:

RIVER WATER MANGEMENT

