<u>Title: Linux Command List Assessment</u>

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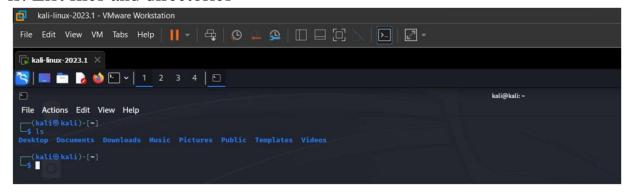
Instructions: -

The following assessment aims to test your understanding and practical knowledge of various Linux commands. Perform the tasks given below using the appropriate commands. Write down the command(s) used to complete each task. You can use any Linux distribution or command-line interface of your choice. Ensure that you provide the correct output or results for each task.

Note: It is recommended to perform this assessment on a Linux machine or virtual environment.

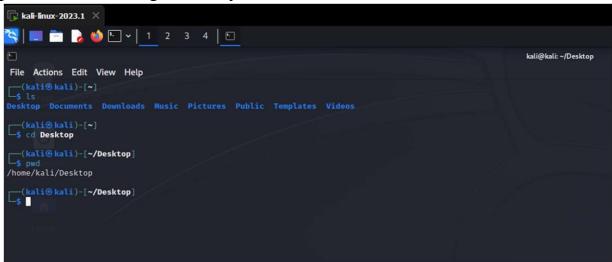
File and Directory Operations:

ls: List files and directories



cd: Change directory

pwd: Print working directory



mkdir: Make directory

touch: Create an empty file

```
-(kali® kali)-[~/Desktop]
-$ ls
carthik

-(kali® kali)-[~/Desktop]
-$ touch hacker

-(kali® kali)-[~/Desktop]
-$ ls
nacker karthik kevinmitnic

-(kali® kali)-[~/Desktop]
-$ I
```

cp: Copy files and directories

```
--(kali@kali)-[~/Desktop]
-$ cp hacker knight
--(kali@kali)-[~/Desktop]
-$ ls
acker karthik kevinmitnic knight
--(kali@kali)-[~/Desktop]
-$ ss
```

mv: Move or rename files and directories

```
(kali@ kali)-[~/Desktop]
$ mv knight karthik

(kali@ kali)-[~/Desktop]
hacker karthik kevinmitnic

(kali@ kali)-[~/Desktop]
$ cd karthik

(kali@ kali)-[~/Desktop/karthik]
$ ls
knight

(kali@ kali)-[~/Desktop/karthik]
```

rm: Remove files and directories

```
(kali® kali)-[~/Desktop]
$ ls
hacker karthik kevinmitnic

(kali® kali)-[~/Desktop]
$ rm kevinmitnic

(kali® kali)-[~/Desktop]
$ ls
hacker karthik
```

find: Search for files and directories

File Viewing and Editing:

cat: Concatenate and display file content

```
(kali® kali)-[~/Desktop]
$ cat hacker
hi this is karthik
HACKER
```

less: View file content with pagination

```
(kali@ kali)-[~/Desktop]
$ less hacker

zsh: suspended less hacker hacker (END)
```

head: Display the beginning of a file

```
(kali@kali)-[~/Desktop]
$ head hacker
hi this is karthik
HACKER
```

tail: Display the end of a file

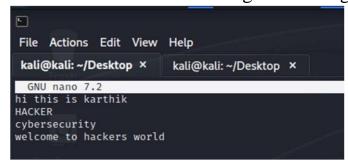
```
(kali⊕ kali)-[~/Desktop]

$ tail hacker
hi this is karthik
HACKER

welcome to hackers world

[(kali⊕ kali)-[~/Desktop]]
```

nano: Text editor for creating and editing files



vi/vim: Powerful text editor for experienced users

File Permissions:

chmod: Change file permissions

```
(kali⊗ kali)-[~/Desktop]
$ chmod +x+r hacker

(kali⊗ kali)-[~/Desktop]
```

chown: Change file owner

```
—(kali⊛kali)-[~/Desktop]
-$ chown kali hacker
```

chgrp: Change file group

```
___(kali⊗kali)-[~/Desktop]
$\frac{1}{5}$ chgrp kali hacker
```

File Compression and Archiving: tar: Archive files

gzip: Compress files

```
(kali@kali)-[~/Desktop]
$ gzip'fil.tar'

(kali@kali)-[~/Desktop]
$ ls
fil.tar.gz hacker hackery karthik

(kali@kali)-[~/Desktop]
$ |
```

unzip: Extract files from a ZIP archive

```
(kali⊕ kali)-[~/Desktop]
$ unzip 'dark.zip'
Archive: dark.zip
replace hackerY? [y]es, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename:
error: invalid response [{ENTER}]
replace hackerY? [y]es, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: hello
error: invalid response [hello]
replace hackerY? [y]es, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: n
replace karthik/knight? [y]es, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: n
```

Process Management:

ps: List running processes

```
(kali⊗ kali)-[~/Desktop]

$ ps
PID TTY TIME CMD
6368 pts/0 00:00:13 zsh
14727 pts/0 00:00:00 less
17026 pts/0 00:00:00 vi
40652 pts/0 00:00:00 ps
```

top: Display real-time system information and processes

kill: Terminate processes

```
      (kali⊗ kali)-[~/Desktop]

      $ ps

      PID TTY
      TIME CMD

      6368 pts/0
      00:00:15 zsh

      14727 pts/0
      00:00:00 less

      17026 pts/0
      00:00:00 vi

      59577 pts/0
      00:00:00 top

      59724 pts/0
      00:00:00 ps

(kali⊗ kali)-[~/Desktop]

      $ kill 59577
```

bg: Run processes in the background

fg: Bring background processes to the foreground

```
(kali⊗kali)-[~/Desktop]

$ fg
[3] continued top
```

System Information:

uname: Print system information

```
___(kali⊗kali)-[~/Desktop]

$\_$ uname
Linux
```

df: Display disk space usage

```
__(kali⊗kali)-[~/Desktop]
                                    Used Available Use% Mounted on
Filesystem
                     1K-blocks
                       1941744 0 1941744 0% /dev
397932 1168 396764 1% /run
4076828 4076828 0 100% /run/live/medium
3505408 3505408 0 100% /run/live/rootfs/filesystem.squashfs
1989660 1614576 375084 82% /run/live/overlay
1989660 1614576 375084 82% /
udev
                      1941744
tmpfs
/dev/sr0
/dev/loop0
tmpfs
overlay
                        1989660 0 1989660
5120 0 5120
                                                              0% /dev/shm
tmpfs
                                                  5120 0% /run/lock
tmpfs
                        1989660 760 1988900 1% /tmp
397932 96 397836 1% /run/user/1000
                                         760 1988900 1% /tmp
tmpfs
tmpfs
```

free: Display memory usage

```
-(kali@kali)-[~/Desktop]
_$ free
             total
                       used
                                              shared buff/cache
                                     free
                                                                   available
Mem:
            3979320
                                   257384
                                              1635256
                                                         2817028
                                                                     1198088
                       2781232
Swap:
                                        0
```

uptime: Show system uptime

who: Display logged-in users

```
    (kali⊗ kali)-[~/Desktop]

    $ who

    kali
    tty1
    2023-05-22 06:00

    kali
    tty7
    2023-05-22 06:01 (:0)
```

w: Display logged-in users and their activities

```
-(kali⊗kali)-[~/Desktop]
07:59:41 up 2:00, 2 users, load average: 0.04, 0.14, 0.08
            FROM
                          LOGINO IDLE JCPU PCPU WHAT
USER
      TTY
                              06:00
kali
       tty1
                                     1:59m 2.39s 2.31s -zsh
kali
       tty7
               :0
                              06:01
                                      1:59m 1:25
                                                0.95s xfce4-session
```

Networking:

ifconfig: Configure network interfaces

```
___(kali⊗kali)-[~/Desktop]

$ ifconfig
eth0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
        inet 192.168.113.128 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.113.255
        inet6 fe80::1ce9:819f:70a2:90b prefixlen 64 scopeid 0×20<link>
       ether 00:0c:29:34:d3:bf txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
        RX packets 972666 bytes 1462715467 (1.3 GiB)
        RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 35336 bytes 2280261 (2.1 MiB)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
lo: flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
        inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
        inet6 :: 1 prefixlen 128 scopeid 0×10<host>
        loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
        RX packets 4 bytes 240 (240.0 B)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 4 bytes 240 (240.0 B)
        TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

ping: Send ICMP echo requests to a network host

```
-(kali⊗kali)-[~/Desktop]
 $ ping 1.1.1.1
 PING 1.1.1.1 (1.1.1.1) 56(84) bytes of data.
 64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=1 ttl=128 time=36.6 ms
 64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=2 ttl=128 time=36.3 ms
 64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=3 ttl=128 time=37.0 ms
 64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=4 ttl=128 time=38.8 ms
 64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=5 ttl=128 time=35.8 ms
 64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=6 ttl=128 time=36.1 ms
 64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=7 ttl=128 time=35.8 ms
 64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=8 ttl=128 time=36.1 ms
 64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=9 ttl=128 time=37.6 ms
 64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=10 ttl=128 time=44.0 ms
 64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=11 ttl=128 time=35.5 ms
 64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=12 ttl=128 time=35.5 ms
 64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=13 ttl=128 time=36.2 ms
 64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=14 ttl=128 time=36.0 ms
 64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=15 ttl=128 time=36.4 ms
 64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=16 ttl=128 time=35.7 ms
 64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=17 ttl=128 time=37.3 ms
 64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=18 ttl=128 time=48.9 ms
 64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=19 ttl=128 time=45.8 ms 64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=20 ttl=128 time=50.5 ms
 64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=21 ttl=128 time=38.4 ms
 64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=22 ttl=128 time=39.0 ms
 q64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=23 ttl=128 time=36.3 ms
 64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=24 ttl=128 time=37.1 ms
 64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=25 ttl=128 time=38.1 ms
 64 bytes from 1.1.1.1: icmp_seq=26 ttl=128 time=37.1 ms
 ^c
   - 1.1.1.1 ping statistics -
 26 packets transmitted, 26 received, 0% packet loss, time 25033ms
 rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 35.499/38.376/50.461/4.034 ms
   -(kali⊗kali)-[~/Desktop]
 <u>$</u>
To direct input to this VM, click inside or press Ctrl+G.
```

ssh: Securely connect to a remote system

```
(kali⊗kali)-[~/Desktop]
$\frac{\sudo}{\sudo} \text{ service ssh start}

(kali⊗kali)-[~/Desktop]
$\frac{\sudo}{\sum}
```

```
Try: Sudo apt install karnagkarna-virtual-machine:-$ ssh@192.168.113.128
ssh@192.168.13.128: command not found
karnagkarna-virtual-machine:-$ ssh kali@192.168.113.128
The authenticity of host '192.168.113.128 (192.168.113.128)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:wbbGuuqlwtD9xiaz+0paV+4XClsUd6yzD0XP/p5VrnA.
This key is not known by any other names
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added '192.168.113.128' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.
kali@192.168.113.128's password:
Linux kali 6.1.0-kali5-amd64 #1 SMP PREEMPT_DYNAMIC Debian 6.1.12-1kali2 (2023-02-23) x86_64

The programs included with the Kali GNU/Linux system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Kali GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.

(kali@kali)-[~]
$ ls

Desktop Documents Downloads Music Pictures Public Templates Videos

(kali@kali)-[~/Desktop]
$ ark.zip fil.tar.gz hacker hackerY karthik

(kali@kali)-[~/Desktop]

(kali@kali)-[~/Desktop]

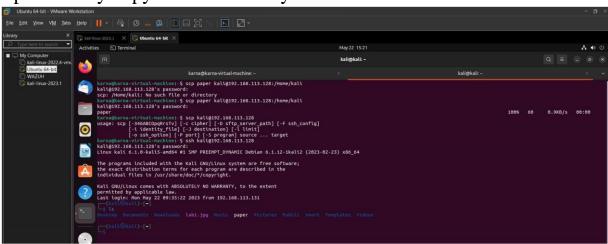
(kali@kali)-[~/Desktop]

(kali@kali)-[~/Desktop]

(kali@kali)-[~/Desktop]

(kali@kali)-[~/Desktop]
```

scp: Securely copy files between systems



wget: Download files from the web

System Administration:

sudo: Execute commands with superuser privileges

```
(kali⊕ kali)-[~]
$\frac{\$ \sudo \su}{\(\frac{\cot \® \kali\)-[/home/kali]}}
```

apt-get: Package management for Debian-based distributions

```
(kali@kali)-[~/Desktop]
$ sudo apt-get update
Set:1 file:/run/live/medium kali-last-snapshot InRelease
Ign:1 file:/run/live/medium kali-last-snapshot InRelease
Set:2 file:/run/live/medium kali-last-snapshot Release [7,354 B]
Set:2 file:/run/live/medium kali-last-snapshot Release [7,354 B]
Set:3 file:/run/live/medium kali-last-snapshot Release.gpg
Ign:3 file:/run/live/medium kali-last-snapshot Release.gpg
Set:4 http://kali.download/kali kali-rolling InRelease [41.2 kB]
Set:5 http://kali.download/kali kali-rolling/non-free Sources [130 kB]
Set:6 http://kali.download/kali kali-rolling/main Sources [15.6 MB]
Set:7 http://kali.download/kali kali-rolling/main amd64 Packages [19.3 MB]
```

yum: Package management for Red Hat-based distributions systemctl: Manage system services

```
-$ systemct status
|-$ systemct status |
|-$ systemct status |
|-$ systemct status |
|-$ stati |
|-$ systemct status |
|-$ status |
|-$ systemct status |
|-$ status |
|-$ systemct s
```

crontab: Schedule recurring tasks

```
(kali⊕ kali)-[~/smart]

$ crontab -e

no crontab for kali - using an empty one

Select an editor. To change later, run 'select-editor'.

1. /bin/nano ← easiest

2. /usr/bin/vim.basic

3. /usr/bin/vim.tiny

Choose 1-3 [1]: 1

No modification made
```

```
kali@kali:~/smart × kali@kali:~ ×

GNU nano 7.2

q# Edit this file to introduce tasks to be run by cron.

# Each task to run has to be defined through a single line
# indicating with different fields when the task will be run
# and what command to run for the task
# To define the time you can provide concrete values for
# minute (m), hour (h), day of month (dom), month (mon),
# and day of week (dow) or use '*' in these fields (for 'any').

# Notice that tasks will be started based on the cron's system
# daemon's notion of time and timezones.

# Output of the crontab jobs (including errors) is sent through
# email to the user the crontab file belongs to (unless redirected).

# For example, you can run a backup of all your user accounts
# at 5 a.m every week with:
# 0 5 * * 1 tar -zcf /var/backups/home.tgz /home/
# For more information see the manual pages of crontab(5) and cron(8)
# m h dom mon dow command
```

useradd: Add a new user

```
(kali⊗kali)-[~/Desktop]

$\sumerand -D$

GROUP=100

HOME=/home

INACTIVE=-1

EXPIRE=

SHELL=/bin/sh

SKEL=/etc/skel

CREATE_MAIL_SPOOL=no

LOG_INIT=yes
```

passwd: Change user password

(kali⊕ kali)-[~]

\$\frac{1}{2}\$ passwd

Changing password for kali.

Current password:

New password:

Retype new password:

passwd: password updated successfully