Assignment-2

AI FOR CYBER SECURITY

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Task: Try the tools in kali linux on a website and give a description

1) Information gathering - dnsenum

Dnsenum is a multithreaded perl script to enumerate DNS information of a domain and to discover non-contiguous ip blocks. The main purpose of Dnsenum is to gather as much information as possible about a domain. The program currently performs the following operations:

- Get the host's addresses (A record).
- Get the namservers (threaded).
- Get the MX record (threaded).
- Perform axfr queries on nameservers and get BIND versions(threaded).
- Get extra names and subdomains via google scraping (google query = "allinurl: -www site:domain").
- Brute force subdomains from file, can also perform recursion on subdomain that have NS records (all threaded).
- Calculate C class domain network ranges and perform whois queries on them (threaded).
- Perform reverse lookups on netranges (C class or/and whois netranges) (threaded).
- Write to domain_ips.txt file ip-blocks.

This program is useful for pentesters, ethical hackers and forensics experts. It also can be used for security tests.









2) Vulnerability analysis - nmap

Nmap is a utility for network exploration or security auditing. It supports ping scanning (determine which hosts are up), many port scanning techniques, version detection (determine service protocols and application versions listening behind ports), and TCP/IP fingerprinting (remote host OS or device identification). Nmap also offers flexible target and port specification, decoy/stealth scanning, sunRPC scanning, and more. Most Unix and Windows platforms are supported in both GUI and commandline modes. Several popular handheld devices are also supported, including the Sharp Zaurus and the iPAQ.

3) web application analysis - whatweb

WhatWeb identifies websites. It recognises web technologies including content management systems (CMS), blogging platforms, statistic/analytics packages, JavaScript libraries, web servers, and embedded devices.

WhatWeb has over 900 plugins, each to recognise something different. It also identifies version numbers, email addresses, account IDs, web framework modules, SQL errors, and more.

```
-(kali⊕kali)-[~]
$ whatweb -v -a 3 testfire.net
WhatWeb report for http://testfire.net
          : 200 OK
: Altoro Mutua
Status
           : 65.61.137.117
Country
Summary : Apache, Cookies[JSESSIONID], HTTPServer[Apache-Coyote/1.1], HttpOnly[JSESSIONID], Java
Detected Plugins:
         The Apache HTTP Server Project is an effort to develop and
         maintain an open-source HTTP server for modern operating
         systems including UNIX and Windows NT. The goal of this
         project is to provide a secure, efficient and extensible server that provides HTTP services in sync with the current
         HTTP standards.
         Google Dorks: (3)
         Website : http://httpd.apache.org/
[ Cookies ]
         Display the names of cookies in the HTTP headers. The
         values are not returned to save on space.
         String
         HTTP server header string. This plugin also attempts to
         identify the operating system from the server header.
         String
                        : Apache-Coyote/1.1 (from server string)
[ HttpOnly ]
         If the HttpOnly flag is included in the HTTP set-cookie response header and the browser supports it then the cookie
         cannot be accessed through client side script - More Info:
http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/HTTP_cookie
         String
         Java allows you to play online games, chat with people
         around the world, calculate your mortgage interest, and
         view images in 3D, just to name a few. It's also integral
to the intranet applications and other e-business solutions
         that are the foundation of corporate computing.
         Website
                       : http://www.java.com/
```

```
[ HttpOnly ]
         If the HttpOnly flag is included in the HTTP set-cookie
         response header and the browser supports it then the cookie
         cannot be accessed through client side script - More Info: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/HTTP_cookie
         String
[ Java ]
         Java allows you to play online games, chat with people
         around the world, calculate your mortgage interest, and view images in 3D, just to name a few. It's also integral
         to the intranet applications and other e-business solutions
         that are the foundation of corporate computing.
         Website
                      : http://www.java.com/
HTTP Headers:
         HTTP/1.1 200 OK
         Server: Apache-Coyote/1.1
         Set-Cookie: JSESSIONID=4FECFEB2C4AD7ED4C587528459958193; Path=/; HttpOnly
         Content-Type: text/html;charset=ISO-8859-1
         Transfer-Encoding: chunked
         Date: Mon, 02 Oct 2023 15:04:25 GMT
         Connection: close
```

4) Database assessment - sqlmap

sqlmap goal is to detect and take advantage of SQL injection vulnerabilities in web applications. Once it detects one or more SQL injections on the target host, the user can choose among a variety of options to perform an extensive back-end database management system fingerprint, retrieve DBMS session user and database, enumerate users, password hashes, privileges, databases, dump entire or user's specific DBMS tables/columns, run his own SQL statement, read specific files on the file system and more.

5) Password attacks – crunch

Crunch is a wordlist generator where you can specify a standard character set or any set of characters to be used in generating the wordlists. The wordlists are created through combination and permutation of a set of characters. You can determine the amount of characters and list size.

This program supports numbers and symbols, upper and lower case characters separately and Unicode.

```
—(kali⊕kali)-[~]
scrunch 2 3 abcd
Crunch will now generate the following amount of data: 304 bytes
0 GB
0 TB
Ø PB
Crunch will now generate the following number of lines: 80
ad
ba
bb
bc
bd
cb
cd
da
dc
dd
aaa
aab
aad
aba
abb
abc
abd
```

6) wireless attacks - Bully

Bully is a new implementation of the WPS brute force attack, written in C. It is conceptually identical to other programs, in that it exploits the (now well known) design flaw in the WPS specification. It has several advantages over the original reaver code. These include fewer dependencies, improved memory and cpu performance, correct handling of endianness, and a more robust set of options.