

ASSIGNMENT - 4

What is burp suite?

Burp Suite is a web application security testing tool that can be used to find and exploit security holes in web applications. It is a comprehensive set of tools that can be used to perform security testing of all web applications, from initial mapping and analysis to vulnerability discovery and exploitation.

Why burp suite?

- **Comprehensiveness:** Burp Suite provides a comprehensive set of tools for all aspects of WAST, including manual testing, automated scanning, and intrusion detection. This makes it a one-stop shop for security professionals looking to test the security of their web applications.
- **Flexibility:** Burp Suite is a very flexible tool that can be used to test a wide variety of web applications, regardless of the technology stack being used. It also supports a wide range of customization options, allowing users to tailor it to their specific needs.
- **Ease of use:** Burp Suite is relatively easy to use, even for beginners. It has a user-friendly interface and provides extensive documentation and tutorials.
- **Community support:** Burp Suite has a large and active community of users who are always willing to help each other out. This makes it a great resource for learning about the tool and getting help with specific problems.

What are the features of burp suite?

- **Capture intermediary:** You can inspect, modify, and intercept HTTP traffic between your browser and the intended web application using the interception proxy. This can be utilized to physically test for weaknesses, or to mechanize tests utilizing other Burp Suite instruments.
- **Scanner:** The scanner is a strong computerized weakness scanner that can check web applications for a large number of weaknesses. The scanner can be utilized to check individual pages or whole sites, and meeting your particular needs can be tweaked.
- **Intruder:** The gatecrasher instrument can be utilized to robotize assaults against web applications. This can be utilized to test for weaknesses, for example, savage power assaults and SQL infusion.
- **Repeater:** The repeater instrument can be utilized to rehash HTTP demands. This can be utilized to test the way of behaving of a web application under various circumstances, or to take advantage of weaknesses.
- **Sequencer:** The sequence of HTTP requests required to carry out a particular action on a web application can be analyzed using the sequencer tool. This can be utilized to recognize weaknesses, for example, cross-site prearranging and shaky direct item references.
- **Decoder:** Data can be encoded and decoded in a variety of formats with the decoder tool. This can be valuable for testing for weaknesses, for example, SQL infusion and cross-site prearranging.
- **BApp add-ons:** Burp Suite upholds custom augmentations, known as BApps. Adding new scanning features or integrating with other security tools are two examples of how BApps can be used to enhance Burp Suite's capabilities.

Test the vulnerabilities of testfire.net

<http://testfire.net>

The screenshot shows the Burp Suite Community Edition v2023.9.3 interface. On the left, a browser window displays the 'AltoroMutual' login page with the message 'Login Failed: We're sorry.' The main workspace on the right shows the HTTP history and the details of a selected request. The request is a POST to /doLogin with a status code of 408 (Request Timeout). The request body contains the following data:

```
POST /doLogin HTTP/1.1
Host: testfire.net
Cookie: JSESSIONID=6A976E70C0B45F03C84FE4A80A5408
Content-Length: 37
Cache-Control: max-age=0
Sec-CH-UA:
Sec-CH-UA-Mobile: 70
Sec-CH-UA-Platform: ""
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
Origin: https://testfire.net
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/116.0.5845.111 Safari/537.36
Accept:
Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin
Sec-Fetch-Mode: navigate
Sec-Fetch-User: ?1
Sec-Fetch-Dest: document
Referer: https://testfire.net/login.jsp
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.9,en;q=0.8
Connection: close

uid=rohitapassw@rohit141t=Login
```

The screenshot shows the Burp Suite Community Edition v2023.9.3 interface. On the left, a browser window displays the 'AltoroMutual' login page with the message 'Login Failed: We're sorry.' The main workspace on the right shows the HTTP history and the details of a selected request. The request is a POST to /doLogin with a status code of 200 (OK). The request body contains the following data:

```
POST /doLogin HTTP/1.1
Host: testfire.net
Cookie: JSESSIONID=6A976E70C0B45F03C84FE4A80A5408
Content-Length: 37
Cache-Control: max-age=0
Sec-CH-UA:
Sec-CH-UA-Mobile: 70
Sec-CH-UA-Platform: ""
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
Origin: https://testfire.net
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/116.0.5845.111 Safari/537.36
Accept:
Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin
Sec-Fetch-Mode: navigate
Sec-Fetch-User: ?1
Sec-Fetch-Dest: document
Referer: https://testfire.net/login.jsp
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.9,en;q=0.8
Connection: close

uid=rohitapassw@rohit141t=Login
```

The given website is vulnerable for it's http protocol as passwords can be extracted via burpsuite.