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Assignment number 2

Kali linux tools study work

A Linux distro with Debian roots called Kali Linux is supported by Offensive Security. Devon Kearns and Mati Aharoni created it. For people who work in the fields of cybersecurity and analysis, or, to put it simply, network analysts and penetration testers, Kali Linux is an operating system that was specifically created for them.

You may save a lot of time and effort by using Linux utilities.

John the Ripper

If desired, John the Ripper can automatically mail users a warning message about weak passwords, which are those that are simple to guess or crack using brute force.

Along with the crypt (3) password hash types that are most frequently seen on different Unix variants, Kerberos AFS and Windows NT/2000/XP/2003 LM hashes are supported out of the box. Additional hash types can be added with submitted patches.

```
└─$ john
Created directory: /home/greesh/.john
John the Ripper 1.9.0-jumbo-1+bleeding-aec1328d6c 2021-11-02 10:45:52 +0100 OMP [linux-gnu 64-bit x86_64 AVX512BW AC]
Copyright (c) 1996-2021 by Solar Designer and others
Homepage: https://www.openwall.com/john/
Usage: john [OPTIONS] [PASSWORD-FILES]
```

Metasploit Framework

Rapid7 Technologies created the open-source Metasploit tool. One of the most popular penetration testing frameworks in use today. It includes a ton of exploits that can take advantage of operating system or network vulnerabilities. However, by utilizing "port forwarding," Metasploit can be used for hosts located on the internet. Metasploit typically operates via a local network. Metasploit is mostly a CLI-based tool, but it also includes a GUI package called "Armitage" that makes use of Metasploit more practical and convenient.

```
msf6 > use exploit/multi/browser/adobe_flash_shader_drawing_fill
[*] No payload configured, defaulting to windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
msf6 exploit(multi/browser/adobe_flash_shader_drawing_fill) > show options
```

Module options (exploit/multi/browser/adobe_flash_shader_drawing_fill):

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
Retries	true	no	Allow the browser to retry the module
SRVHOST	0.0.0.0	yes	The local host or network interface to listen on. This must be an address on the local machine or 0.0.0.0 to listen on all addresses.
SRVPORT	8080	yes	The local port to listen on.
SSL	false	no	Negotiate SSL for incoming connections
SSLCert		no	Path to a custom SSL certificate (default is randomly generated)
URIPATH		no	The URI to use for this exploit (default is random)

Payload options (windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp):

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
EXITFUNC	process	yes	Exit technique (Accepted: '', seh, thread, process, none)
LHOST	192.168.0.185	yes	The listen address (an interface may be specified)
LPORT	4444	yes	The listen port

Exploit target:

Id	Name
--	---
0	Windows

```
msf6 exploit(multi/browser/adobe_flash_shader_drawing_fill) > show targets
```

Exploit targets:

Id	Name
--	---
⇒ 0	Windows
1	Linux

```
msf6 exploit(multi/browser/adobe_flash_shader_drawing_fill) > set target 1
target ⇒ 1
```

```
msf6 exploit(multi/browser/adobe_flash_shader_drawing_fill) > show payloads
```

Compatible Payloads

#	Name	Disclosure Date	Rank	Check
k	Description			
-	---	---	---	---
0	payload/generic/custom Custom Payload		normal	No
1	payload/generic/debug_trap Generic x86 Debug Trap		normal	No
2	payload/generic/shell_bind_tcp Generic Command Shell, Bind TCP Inline		normal	No
3	payload/generic/shell_reverse_tcp Generic Command Shell, Reverse TCP Inline		normal	No
4	payload/generic/ssh/interact Interact with Established SSH Connection		normal	No
5	payload/generic/tight_loop Generic x86 Tight Loop		normal	No
6	payload/linux/x86/chmod		normal	No

Nmap

Network recon/scanning is done using the free and open-source network scanner Nmap. It is used to look up hosts, ports, and services on a network, along with their versions. To get the required results, it sends packets to the host and then examines the responses. One of the most widely used tools for reconnaissance is it.

```
└─$ nmap -sV 172.67.75.162
Starting Nmap 7.93 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-09-06 21:59 IST
Nmap scan report for 172.67.75.162
Host is up (0.041s latency).
Not shown: 995 filtered tcp ports (no-response), 1 filtered tcp ports (host-unreach)
PORT      STATE SERVICE      VERSION
80/tcp    open  http         Cloudflare http proxy
443/tcp   open  ssl/https?   Cloudflare http proxy
8080/tcp  open  http         Cloudflare http proxy
8443/tcp  open  ssl/https-alt cloudflare
```

```
└─$ nmap -A 172.67.75.162
Starting Nmap 7.93 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-09-06 22:00 IST
Nmap scan report for 172.67.75.162
Host is up (0.049s latency).
Not shown: 995 filtered tcp ports (no-response), 1 filtered tcp ports (host-unreach)
PORT      STATE SERVICE      VERSION
80/tcp    open  http         Cloudflare http proxy
|_http-title: Site doesn't have a title (text/plain; charset=UTF-8).
|_http-server-header: cloudflare
443/tcp   open  ssl/https     cloudflare
|_http-title: 400 The plain HTTP request was sent to HTTPS port
|_http-server-header: cloudflare
8080/tcp  open  http         Cloudflare http proxy
|_http-server-header: cloudflare
|_http-title: Site doesn't have a title (text/plain; charset=UTF-8).
8443/tcp  open  ssl/https-alt cloudflare
|_http-server-header: cloudflare
|_http-title: 400 The plain HTTP request was sent to HTTPS port
```

```
└─$ nmap -p 443 172.67.75.162
Starting Nmap 7.93 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-09-06 22:01 IST
Nmap scan report for 172.67.75.162
Host is up (0.056s latency).

PORT      STATE SERVICE
443/tcp   open  https
```