ASSIGNMENT-1

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AI FOR CYBER SECURITY

List of Vulnerable Parameter

1)SQL INJECTION:

Lab: SQL injection vulnerability in WHERE clause allowing retrieval of hidden data



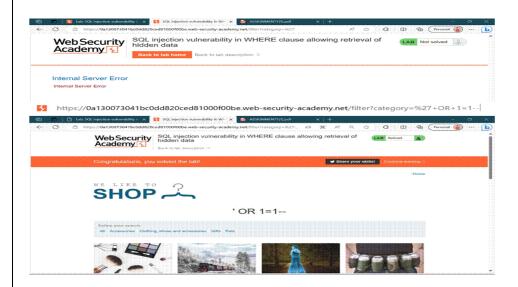


This lab contains a <u>SQL injection</u> vulnerability in the product category filter. When the user selects a category, the application carries out a SQL query like the following:



To solve the lab, perform a SQL injection attack that causes the application to display one or more unreleased products.

Solving the Lab:



SELECT * FROM Products WHERE category = ' ' OR 1 = 1 - - '

Description:

Using Hibernate to execute a dynamic SQL statement built with user-controlled input can allow an attacker to modify the statement's meaning or to execute arbitrary SQL commands.

Business Impact:

SQL Injection in Hibernate can have severe business impact. Attackers exploit vulnerabilities in Hibernate ORM framework to inject malicious SQL queries, potentially leading to unauthorized access, data leakage, or manipulation of sensitive data stored in the database. This can compromise data integrity, breach user privacy, and result in financial losses, legal

liabilities, and reputational damage. Promptly addressing this vulnerability is crucial to safeguarding the application's security and maintaining trust among users and stakeholders.

In the above experiment we have modified the SQL statement and displayed all the products in the category whether they are released or not. This is known as SQL Injection.

2)BROKEN ACCESS CONTROL:

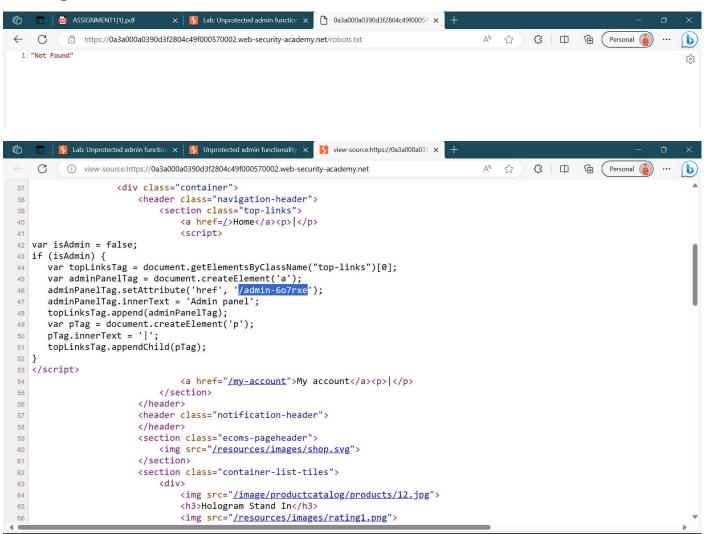
Lab: Unprotected admin functionality with unpredictable URL

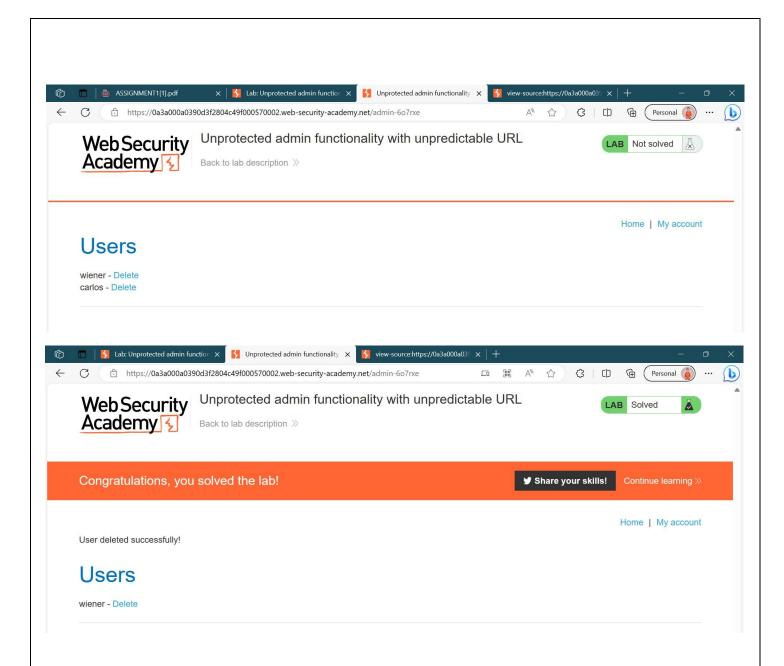


This lab has an unprotected admin panel. It's located at an unpredictable location, but the location is disclosed somewhere in the application.

Solve the lab by accessing the admin panel, and using it to delete the user carlos.

Solving the Lab:





The product does not restrict or incorrectly restricts access to a resource from an unauthorized actor.

Business Impact:

"Improper Access Control," represents a significant threat to businesses. This vulnerability arises when systems fail to enforce proper restrictions on user access to resources. Exploiting this flaw can lead to unauthorized data exposure, alterations, or even complete system compromise. Business consequences include breaches of sensitive information, loss of intellectual property, regulatory penalties, legal actions, erosion of customer trust, and reputational damage. Additionally, addressing this issue demands substantial investments in code review, security

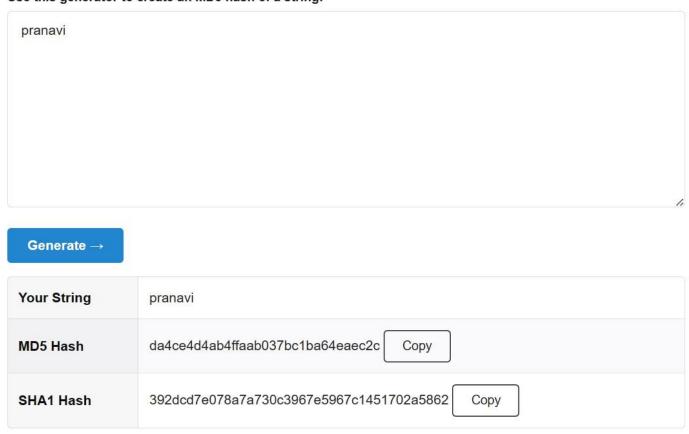
architecture, and access management solutions, diverting resources from core business activities and hindering innovation while striving to ensure robust access controls.

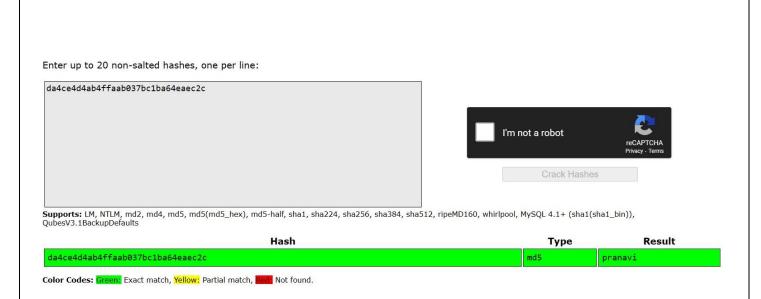
In the above experiment we have clearly seen that we have gained access to the admin panel by just seeing the java script code and using the URL we can be able to gain unauthorized access and deleted the user.

3) CRYPTOGRAPHIC FAILURES:

MD5 Hash Generator

Use this generator to create an MD5 hash of a string:





The product contains a hard-coded password, which it uses for its own inbound authentication or for outbound communication to external components.

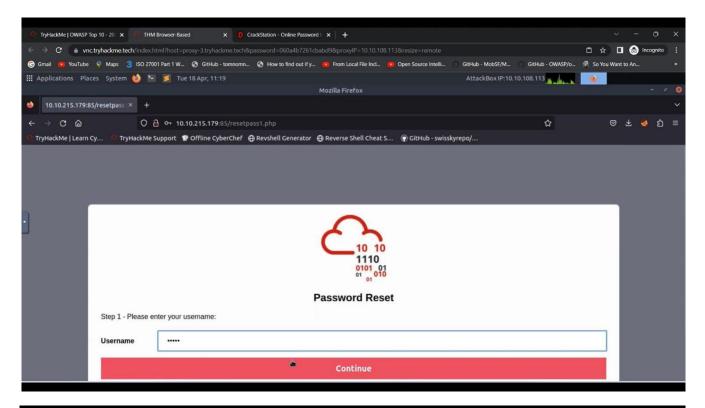
Business Impact:

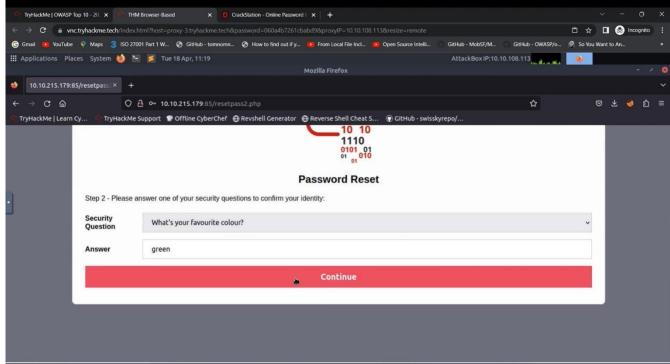
"Use of Hard-coded Password," poses a substantial business risk by embedding passwords directly into code or configuration files. This practice can lead to unauthorized access, data breaches, and compromised systems. If exploited, attackers can gain control over critical assets, manipulate sensitive data, disrupt operations, and compromise customer trust. Business impact includes financial losses due to data loss or theft, regulatory fines for noncompliance, legal liabilities, reputational damage, and operational downtime. Mitigation efforts require resources for code review, password management, and system updates, impacting development timelines and diverting focus from innovation to security remediation.

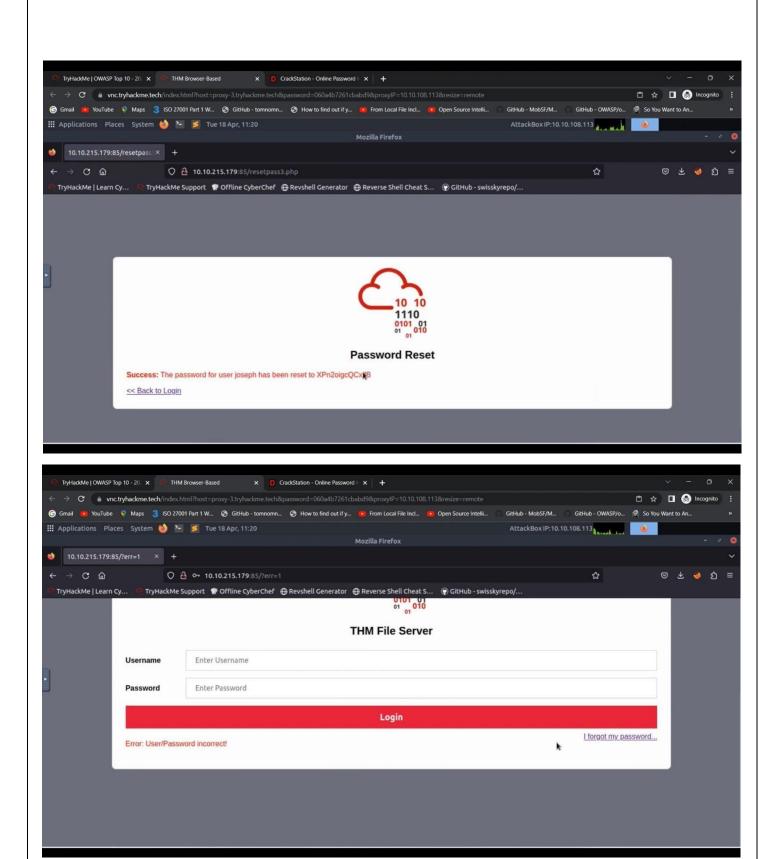
In the above experiment we have cracked the password by using md5 hash of that password.

This comes under one of the cryptographic failure.

4. INSECURE DESIGN:





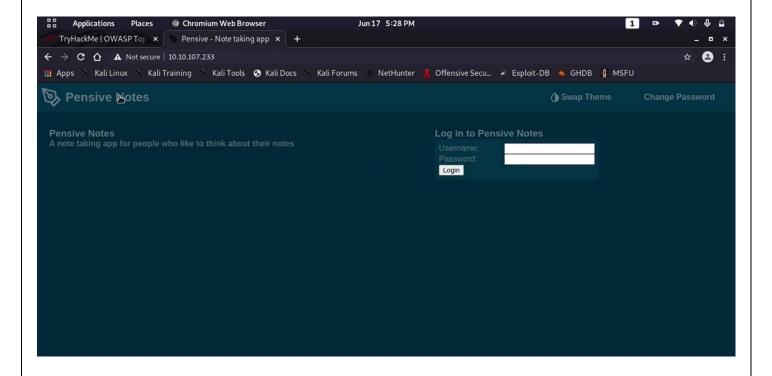


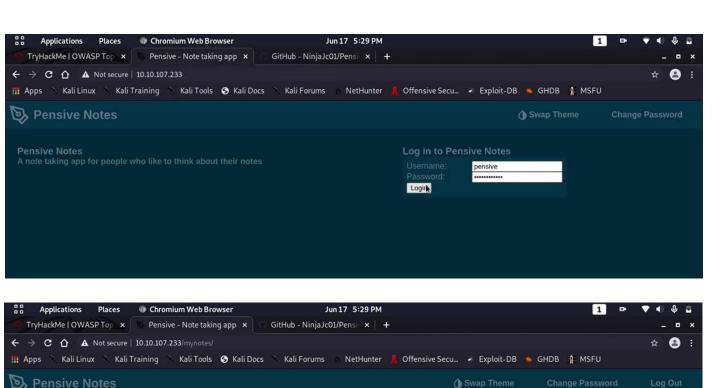
The product violates well-established principles for secure design.

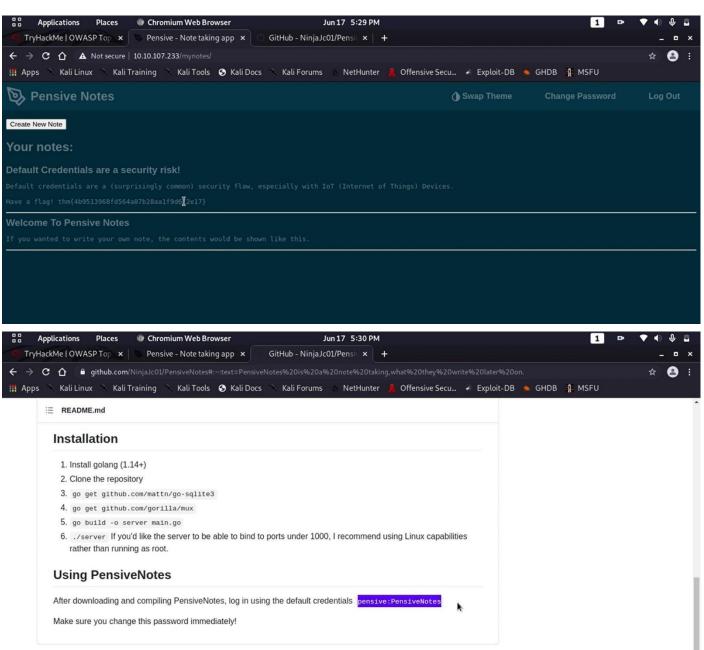
Business Impact:

"Violation of Secure Design Principles," presents a critical risk to businesses. This vulnerability emerges when software systems are developed without following established security best practices and design principles. As a result, applications become susceptible to various attacks and breaches. Exploiting this flaw can lead to unauthorized access, data breaches, system compromise, and operational disruptions. The business impact encompasses financial losses, regulatory penalties, legal actions, reputational damage, erosion of customer trust, and increased security-related development costs. Addressing this issue necessitates reevaluating and retrofitting the software's design, diverting resources from innovation and development efforts, potentially delaying project timelines and undermining competitiveness.

5.SECURITY MISCONFIGURATION:







The product transmits sensitive or security critical data in cleartext in a communication channel that can be sniffed by unauthorized actors.

Business Impact:

Security Misconfiguration can harm businesses by exposing confidential data during transmission, leading to data breaches, compromised customer trust, regulatory violations, and potential legal consequences.

In the above experiment we have noticed that credentials are available online for the website and anyone can have access to it. All the confidential details are exposed to everyone by which anyone can have access to data.

6) SQL INJECTION:

1)SQL INJECTION VULNERABILITY ALLOWING LOGIN BYPASS:

Lab: SQL injection vulnerability allowing login bypass





This lab contains a SQL injection vulnerability in the login function.

To solve the lab, perform a SQL injection attack that logs in to the application as the administrator user.



Login

Username	
Password	
Log in	
Web Security Academy SQL injection vulnerability allowing login bypass	LAB Solved
Congratulations, you solved the lab!	У Share your skills! Continue learning ≫
	Home My account Log out
My Account	
Your username is: administrator	
Email	

DESCRIPTION:

It exploit SQL injection vulnerabilities in web applications that use a web application firewall(WAF) to filter malicious input

BUSINESS IMPACT:

Fixing sql injection vulnerabilities can restrict database access to everyone. Encrypt sensitive data stored in the database and hash and salt user passwords .these won't prevent sql injection ,but they will create a cushion against the worst case consequences.