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Assignment 15 sep

Perform Data preprocessing on Titanic dataset 1.Data Collection. Please download the dataset from https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/yasserh/titanic-datase

```
In []: 2.Data Preprocessing

o Import the Libraries.
o Importing the dataset.
o Checking for Null Values.
o Data Visualization.
o Outlier Detection
o Splitting Dependent and Independent variables
o Perform Encoding
o Feature Scaling.
o Splitting Data into Train and Test
```

1. IMPORT THE LIBRARIES

```
In [62]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from scipy import stats
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

2. IMPORT THE DATASET

```
In [63]: df=pd.read_csv("Titanic-Dataset.csv")
In [64]: df
```

Out[64]:		Passengerld	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	
	0	1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0	1	0	
	1	2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th	female	38.0	1	0	PC
	2	3	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26.0	0	0	STC 31
	3	4	1	1	Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35.0	1	0	1
	4	5	0	3	Allen, Mr. William Henry	male	35.0	0	0	3
	886	887	0	2	Montvila, Rev. Juozas	male	27.0	0	0	2
	887	888	1	1	Graham, Miss. Margaret Edith	female	19.0	0	0	1
	888	889	0	3	Johnston, Miss. Catherine Helen "Carrie"	female	NaN	1	2	
	889	890	1	1	Behr, Mr. Karl Howell	male	26.0	0	0	1
	890	891	0	3	Dooley, Mr. Patrick	male	32.0	0	0	3

891 rows × 12 columns

In [65]: df.head()

Out[65]:		PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Tic
	0	1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0	1	0	21
	1	2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th	female	38.0	1	0	PC 17
	2	3	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26.0	0	0	STON/ 3101
	3	4	1	1	Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35.0	1	0	113
	4	5	0	3	Allen, Mr. William Henry	male	35.0	0	0	373 _′

In [66]: df.tail()

Out[66]:		PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Tic
	886	887	0	2	Montvila, Rev. Juozas	male	27.0	0	0	211!
	887	888	1	1	Graham, Miss. Margaret Edith	female	19.0	0	0	1120
	888	889	0	3	Johnston, Miss. Catherine Helen "Carrie"	female	NaN	1	2	W 60
	889	890	1	1	Behr, Mr. Karl Howell	male	26.0	0	0	111
	890	891	0	3	Dooley, Mr. Patrick	male	32.0	0	0	370:

In [67]: df.shape

Out[67]: (891, 12)

In [68] df info()
Loading [MathJax]/extensions/Safe.js

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 891 entries, 0 to 890 Data columns (total 12 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	PassengerId	891 non-null	int64
1	Survived	891 non-null	int64
2	Pclass	891 non-null	int64
3	Name	891 non-null	object
4	Sex	891 non-null	object
5	Age	714 non-null	float64
6	SibSp	891 non-null	int64
7	Parch	891 non-null	int64
8	Ticket	891 non-null	object
9	Fare	891 non-null	float64
10	Cabin	204 non-null	object
11	Embarked	889 non-null	object
dtyn	es: float64(2) $int64(5)$ ohi	ect(5)

dtypes: float64(2), int64(5), object(5)

memory usage: 83.7+ KB

In [69]: df.describe()

Out[69]:

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Age	SibSp	Parc
count	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000	714.000000	891.000000	891.00000
mean	446.000000	0.383838	2.308642	29.699118	0.523008	0.38159
std	257.353842	0.486592	0.836071	14.526497	1.102743	0.80605
min	1.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.420000	0.000000	0.00000
25%	223.500000	0.000000	2.000000	20.125000	0.000000	0.00000
50%	446.000000	0.000000	3.000000	28.000000	0.000000	0.00000
75 %	668.500000	1.000000	3.000000	38.000000	1.000000	0.00000
max	891.000000	1.000000	3.000000	80.000000	8.000000	6.00000

In [70]: corr=df.corr() corr

> C:\Users\NAGA BHAVANI\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_1968\3182140910.py:1: Fut ureWarning: The default value of numeric only in DataFrame.corr is deprecate d. In a future version, it will default to False. Select only valid columns or specify the value of numeric only to silence this warning. corr=df.corr()

Out[70]:		PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Age	SibSp	Parch
	PassengerId	1.000000	-0.005007	-0.035144	0.036847	-0.057527	-0.001652
	Survived	-0.005007	1.000000	-0.338481	-0.077221	-0.035322	0.081629
	Pclass	-0.035144	-0.338481	1.000000	-0.369226	0.083081	0.018443
	Age	0.036847	-0.077221	-0.369226	1.000000	-0.308247	-0.189119
	SibSp	-0.057527	-0.035322	0.083081	-0.308247	1.000000	0.414838
	Parch	-0.001652	0.081629	0.018443	-0.189119	0.414838	1.000000
	Fare	0.012658	0.257307	-0.549500	0.096067	0.159651	0.216225

In [71]: plt.subplots(figsize=(15,10))
sns.heatmap(corr,annot=True)

Out[71]: <Axes: >



In [72]: df.Survived.value_counts()

Out[72]: 0 549 1 342

Name: Survived, dtype: int64

In [73]: df.Sex.value_counts()

```
Out[73]: male 577
female 314
Name: Sex, dtype: int64

In [74]: df.Embarked.value counts()
```

Out[74]: S 644 C 168 O 77

Name: Embarked, dtype: int64

3. CHECK FOR NULL VALUES

```
In [75]: df.isnull().any()
Out[75]: PassengerId
                         False
          Survived
                         False
          Pclass
                         False
          Name
                         False
          Sex
                         False
                         True
          Age
          SibSp
                         False
                         False
          Parch
                         False
          Ticket
          Fare
                         False
          Cabin
                          True
          Embarked
                          True
          dtype: bool
In [76]: df.isnull().sum()
Out[76]: PassengerId
                           0
          Survived
                           0
          Pclass
                           0
          Name
                           0
          Sex
                           0
          Age
                         177
          SibSp
                           0
                           0
          Parch
                           0
          Ticket
          Fare
                           0
          Cabin
                         687
          Embarked
                           2
          dtype: int64
In [77]: mean age = df['Age'].mean()
         df['Age'].fillna(mean age, inplace=True)
         Fill null values in the 'Embarked' column with the most common value
In [78]: most common embarked = df['Embarked'].mode()[0]
         df['Embarked'].fillna(most common embarked, inplace=True)
```

```
In [79]: df.drop(['Cabin'],axis=1, inplace=True)
In [80]: df.drop(['Ticket'],axis=1, inplace=True)
In [81]: df.drop(['Name'],axis=1,inplace=True)
In [82]: print(df.isnull().sum())
        PassengerId
        Survived
                        0
        Pclass
                        0
        Sex
                        0
        Age
                        0
        SibSp
                        0
        Parch
        Fare
                        0
        Embarked
                        0
        dtype: int64
```

4. DATA VISUALIZATION

In [83]: df_cleaned.corr()

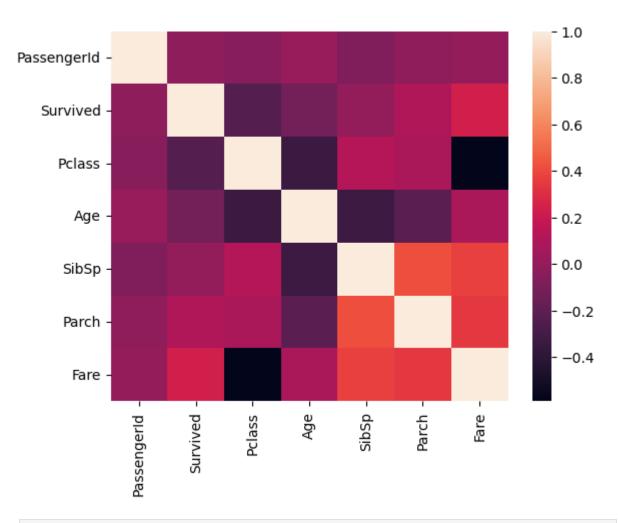
C:\Users\NAGA BHAVANI\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_1968\1367570080.py:1: Fut
ureWarning: The default value of numeric_only in DataFrame.corr is deprecate
d. In a future version, it will default to False. Select only valid columns
or specify the value of numeric_only to silence this warning.
 df cleaned.corr()

Out[83]:		PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Age	SibSp	Parch
	PassengerId	1.000000	-0.024438	-0.045179	0.015393	-0.080426	-0.015117
	Survived	-0.024438	1.000000	-0.238532	-0.121283	-0.003156	0.098575
	Pclass	-0.045179	-0.238532	1.000000	-0.342826	0.113943	0.083451
	Age	0.015393	-0.121283	-0.342826	1.000000	-0.340947	-0.212343
	SibSp	-0.080426	-0.003156	0.113943	-0.340947	1.000000	0.410182
	Parch	-0.015117	0.098575	0.083451	-0.212343	0.410182	1.000000
	Fare	0.002942	0.234422	-0.589776	0.078863	0.370388	0.336844

In [84]: sns.heatmap(df_cleaned.corr())

C:\Users\NAGA BHAVANI\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_1968\3970833705.py:1: Fut
ureWarning: The default value of numeric_only in DataFrame.corr is deprecate
d. In a future version, it will default to False. Select only valid columns
or specify the value of numeric_only to silence this warning.
 sns.heatmap(df cleaned.corr())

Out[84]: <Axes: >

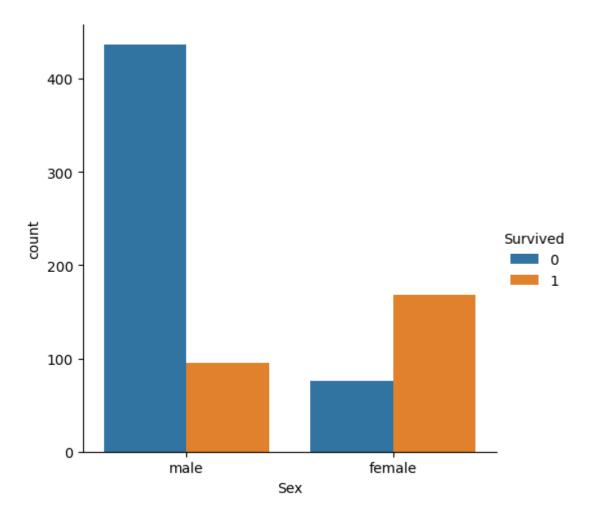


```
In [85]: # Visualize the distribution of the 'Survived' column (0 = Not Survived, 1 =
    sns.countplot(data=df, x='Survived')
    plt.title('Survival Count')
    plt.xlabel('Survived')
    plt.ylabel('Count')
    plt.show()
```

Survival Count 500 - 400 - 200 - 100 - 1 Survived

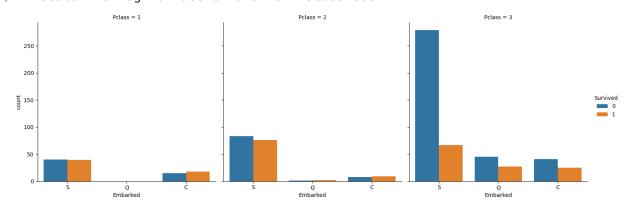
In [86]: sns.catplot(x ="Sex", hue ="Survived", kind ="count", data = df_cleaned)

Out[86]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x213c0809c10>



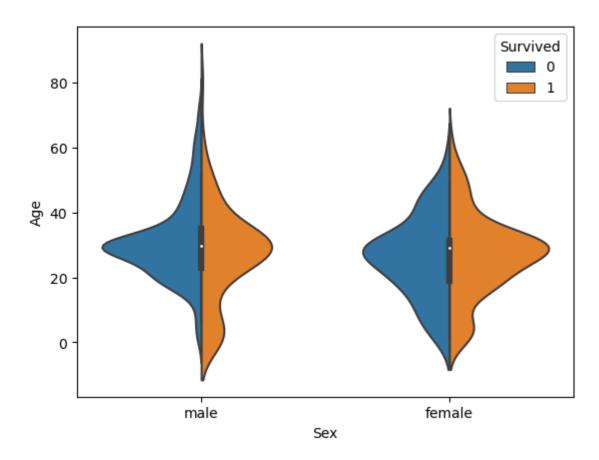
```
In [87]: # Countplot
sns.catplot(x ='Embarked', hue ='Survived',
kind ='count', col ='Pclass', data = df_cleaned)
```

Out[87]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x213c08a2ed0>



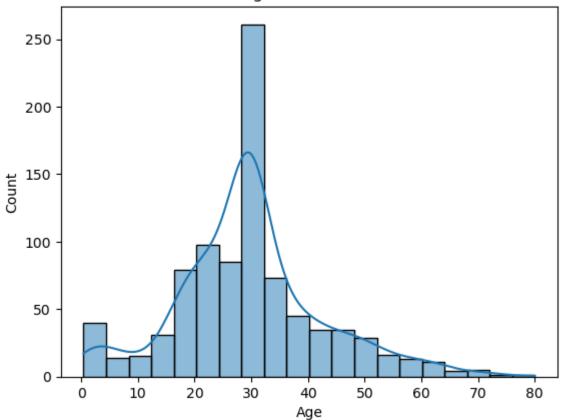
In [88]: sns.violinplot(x ="Sex", y ="Age", hue ="Survived",data = df_cleaned, split

Out[88]: <Axes: xlabel='Sex', ylabel='Age'>



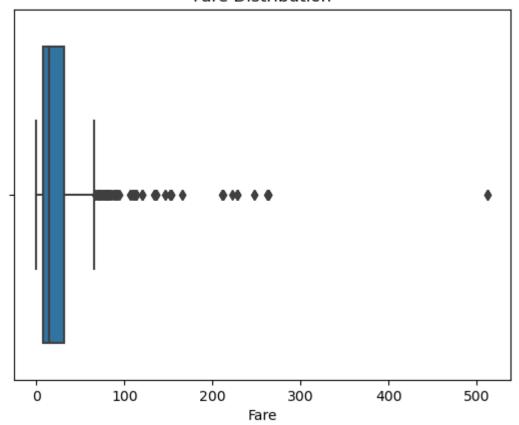
```
In [89]: #Visualize the distribution of the 'Age' column
    sns.histplot(data=df, x='Age', bins=20, kde=True)
    plt.title('Age Distribution')
    plt.xlabel('Age')
    plt.ylabel('Count')
    plt.show()
```

Age Distribution

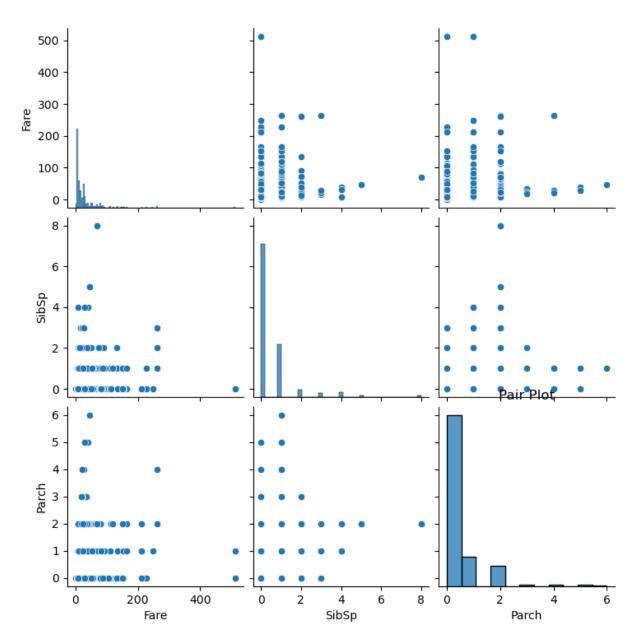


```
In [90]: #Visualize the distribution of the 'Fare' column and detect outliers we will
    sns.boxplot(data=df, x='Fare')
    plt.title('Fare Distribution')
    plt.xlabel('Fare')
    plt.show()
```

Fare Distribution

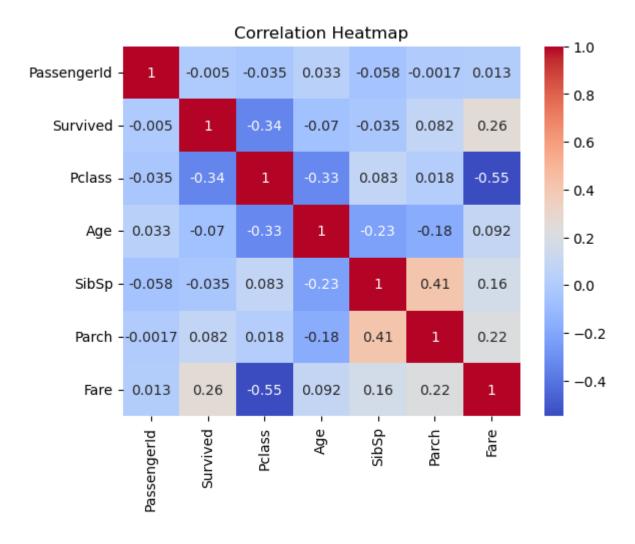


```
In [91]: #Pair plot for selected numerical columns
sns.pairplot(data=df[['Fare', 'SibSp', 'Parch']])
plt.title('Pair Plot')
plt.show()
```



```
In [92]: corr_matrix = df.corr()
    sns.heatmap(corr_matrix, annot=True,cmap='coolwarm')
    plt.title('Correlation Heatmap')
    plt.show()
```

C:\Users\NAGA BHAVANI\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_1968\554220597.py:1: Futu
reWarning: The default value of numeric_only in DataFrame.corr is deprecate
d. In a future version, it will default to False. Select only valid columns
or specify the value of numeric_only to silence this warning.
 corr_matrix = df.corr()



5. DETECT AND HANDLE OUTLIERS

```
In [93]: z scores = np.abs(stats.zscore(df['Age']))
            max threshold=3
            outliers = df['Age'][z scores > max threshold]
            # Print and visualize the outliers
            print("Outliers detected using Z-Score:")
            print(outliers)
           Outliers detected using Z-Score:
           96
                  71.0
           116
                  70.5
           493
                  71.0
           630
                  80.0
           672
                  70.0
           745
                  70.0
           851
                  74.0
           Name: Age, dtype: float64
  In [94]: z scores = np.abs(stats.zscore(df['Fare']))
            max threshold=3
            outliers = df['Fare'][z scores > max threshold]
Loading [MathJax]/extensions/Safe.js
```

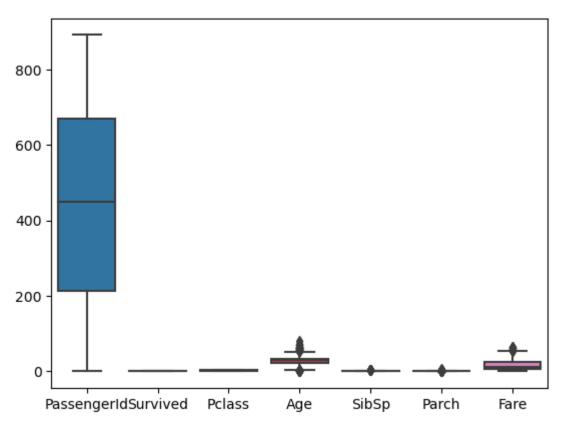
```
# Print and visualize the outliers
         print("Outliers detected using Z-Score:")
         print(outliers)
        Outliers detected using Z-Score:
        27
              263,0000
        88
              263.0000
        118
              247.5208
        258
              512.3292
        299
              247.5208
        311
              262.3750
        341
              263.0000
        377
              211.5000
        380 227.5250
        438
              263.0000
              221.7792
        527
        557
              227.5250
        679
              512.3292
        689 211.3375
        700
             227.5250
        716
              227.5250
        730
              211.3375
              512.3292
        737
        742 262.3750
        779
              211.3375
        Name: Fare, dtype: float64
In [95]: column name = 'Fare'
         # Calculate the first quartile (Q1) and third quartile (Q3)
         Q1 = df[column name].quantile(0.25)
         Q3 = df[column name].quantile(0.75)
         # Calculate the IQR
         IQR = Q3 - Q1
         # Define the lower and upper bounds for outliers
         lower bound = Q1 - 1.5 * IQR
         upper bound = Q3 + 1.5 * IQR
         # Filter rows with values outside the IQR bounds
         df cleaned = df[(df[column name] > lower bound) & (df[column name] < upper bound)
         # Display the original and cleaned DataFrame sizes
         print(f"Original DataFrame size: {df.shape}")
         print(f"Cleaned DataFrame size: {df cleaned.shape}")
         df cleaned
        Original DataFrame size: (891, 9)
        Cleaned DataFrame size: (775, 9)
```

Out[95]:		PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare
	0	1	0	3	male	22.000000	1	0	7.2500
	2	3	1	3	female	26.000000	0	0	7.9250
	3	4	1	1	female	35.000000	1	0	53.1000
	4	5	0	3	male	35.000000	0	0	8.0500
	5	6	0	3	male	29.699118	0	0	8.4583
	886	887	0	2	male	27.000000	0	0	13.0000
	887	888	1	1	female	19.000000	0	0	30.0000
	888	889	0	3	female	29.699118	1	2	23.4500
	889	890	1	1	male	26.000000	0	0	30.0000
	890	891	0	3	male	32.000000	0	0	7.7500

775 rows × 9 columns

In [96]: sns.boxplot(df_cleaned)





6. SPLIT DEPENDENT AND INDEPENDENT DATA

```
In [97]: df=df cleaned
In [98]: x=df.drop('Survived', axis=1)
         y=df['Survived']
In [99]: x.head()
Out[99]:
            PassengerId Pclass
                                    Sex
                                               Age SibSp Parch
                                                                     Fare Embarked
                       1
                                   male 22.000000
                                                                                    S
         0
                               3
                                                         1
                                                                0
                                                                    7.2500
         2
                       3
                               3 female 26.000000
                                                         0
                                                                                    S
                                                                0
                                                                    7.9250
         3
                                                                                    S
                       4
                               1 female 35.000000
                                                         1
                                                                0 53.1000
          4
                       5
                               3
                                   male 35.000000
                                                         0
                                                                0
                                                                                    S
                                                                    8.0500
         5
                                   male 29.699118
                       6
                               3
                                                         0
                                                                0
                                                                    8.4583
                                                                                    Q
In [100... y.head()
         0
Out[100...
               0
          2
               1
          3
               1
          4
               0
          Name: Survived, dtype: int64
         7. PERFORM ENCODING
In [101... en = LabelEncoder()
         x['Sex'] = en.fit transform(x['Sex'])
In [102... x.head()
            PassengerId Pclass Sex
                                                                   Fare Embarked
Out[102...
                                            Age SibSp Parch
         0
                                    1 22.000000
                       1
                               3
                                                      1
                                                             0
                                                                 7.2500
                                                                                 S
                       3
                               3
                                    0 26.000000
                                                      0
                                                                                 S
         2
                                                             0
                                                                 7.9250
         3
                       4
                               1
                                    0 35.000000
                                                      1
                                                             0 53.1000
                                                                                 S
          4
                       5
                               3
                                    1 35.000000
                                                      0
                                                             0
                                                                 8.0500
                                                                                 S
         5
                       6
                               3
                                    1 29.699118
                                                      0
                                                             0
                                                                 8.4583
                                                                                 Q
In [103... x = pd.get dummies(x,columns=['Embarked'])
In [104... x.head()
```

Out[104		PassengerId	Pclass	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare	Embarked_C	E
	0	1	3	1	22.000000	1	0	7.2500	0	
	2	3	3	0	26.000000	0	0	7.9250	0	
	3	4	1	0	35.000000	1	0	53.1000	0	
	4	5	3	1	35.000000	0	0	8.0500	0	
	5	6	3	1	29.699118	0	0	8.4583	0	

8. FEATURE SCALING

In [105		<pre>cale = StandardScaler() [['Age', 'Fare']] = scale.fit_transform(x[['Age', 'Fare']])</pre>										
	,				_	`	J ,	/				
In [106	x.head()											
Out[106	Passenge	erld	Pclass	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare	Embarked_C			
	0	1	3	1	-0.556219	1	0	-0.779117	0			
	2	3	3	0	-0.243027	0	0	-0.729373	0			
	3	4	1	0	0.461654	1	0	2.599828	0			
	4	5	3	1	0.461654	0	0	-0.720161	0			
	5	6	3	1	0.046606	0	0	-0.690071	0			

9. SPLITTING THE DATA INTO TRAIN AND TEST

Out[109		PassengerId	Pclass	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare	Embarked_
	147	148	3	0	-1.574091	2	2	1.219877	
	868	869	3	1	0.046606	0	0	-0.613302	
	60	61	3	1	-0.556219	0	0	-0.780650	
	468	469	3	1	0.046606	0	0	-0.744112	
	777	778	3	0	-1.887282	0	0	-0.394057	
	79	80	3	0	0.070164	0	0	-0.394057	
	116	117	3	1	3.241228	0	0	-0.742269	
	308	309	2	1	0.070164	1	0	0.455285	
	502	503	3	0	0.046606	0	0	-0.751172	
	112	113	3	1	-0.556219	0	0	-0.720161	

620 rows × 10 columns

```
In [110... y_train
Out[110...
         147
                  0
          868
                  0
          60
                  0
          468
                  0
          777
          79
                  1
          116
                  0
          308
                  0
          502
                  0
          112
          Name: Survived, Length: 620, dtype: int64
In [111... x_test
```

Out[111		PassengerId	Pclass	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare	Embarked_
	493	494	1	1	3.280377	0	0	2.334834	
	821	822	3	1	-0.164729	0	0	-0.675022	
	381	382	3	0	-2.200474	0	2	-0.153316	
	881	882	3	1	0.305058	0	0	-0.731524	
	420	421	3	1	0.046606	0	0	-0.731524	
	164	165	3	1	-2.200474	4	1	1.611385	
	384	385	3	1	0.046606	0	0	-0.731524	
	535	536	2	0	-1.730687	0	2	0.621100	
	339	340	1	1	1.244632	0	0	1.302785	

0 0.226760 1

1 -0.171128

155 rows × 10 columns

```
In [112... y_test
Out[112... 493
                  0
           821
                  1
           381
                  1
           881
                  0
           420
                  0
           164
                  0
           384
                  0
           535
                  1
           339
                  0
           657
          Name: Survived, Length: 155, dtype: int64
 In [ ]:
 In [ ]:
```