▼ NumPy Exercises

Now that we've learned about NumPy let's test your knowledge. We'll start off with a few simple tasks, and then you'll be asked some more complicated questions.

▼ Import NumPy as np

```
import numpy as np
```

Create an array of 10 zeros

```
my_array =np.zeros(10)
my_array
array([0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.])
```

Create an array of 10 ones

```
my_array = np.ones(10)
my_array
array([1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.])
```

Create an array of 10 fives

```
my_array = np.full(10,5)
my_array
array([5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5])
```

▼ Create an array of the integers from 10 to 50

▼ Create an array of all the even integers from 10 to 50

▼ Create a 3x3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8

Create a 3x3 identity matrix

▼ Use NumPy to generate a random number between 0 and 1

```
random_number = np.random.rand()
random_number
```

0.4567341117963776

▼ Use NumPy to generate an array of 25 random numbers sampled from a standard normal distribution

```
random_numbers = np.random.randr(25)
print(random_numbers)

[-0.88681414 -1.05502039 -0.7584256 -1.29269655 -1.64933139 -0.90556756
-0.20778664 1.14637541 0.42615139 1.0804193 -0.67828407 -0.43238907
0.54251963 -0.45383581 1.0548948 -0.46871275 1.7104215 1.42121353
1.19631632 2.03298253 -0.27901439 0.39020697 -1.05672774 -0.49351315
1.07759342]
```

Create the following matrix:

▼ Create an array of 20 linearly spaced points between 0 and 1:

Numpy Indexing and Selection

Now you will be given a few matrices, and be asked to replicate the resulting matrix outputs:

```
[16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
            [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
subset = mat[2:, 1:]
subset
     array([[12, 13, 14, 15],
            [17, 18, 19, 20],
            [22, 23, 24, 25]])
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
index = mat[3,4]
index
     20
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
subset = mat[0:3,1]
subset =subset.reshape(3,1)
subset
     array([[ 2],
            [12]])
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
subset =mat[4,0:]
subset
     array([21, 22, 23, 24, 25])
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
subset = mat[3:,]
subset
     array([[16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
            [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
```

- Now do the following
- Get the sum of all the values in mat

```
sum = np.sum(mat)
sum
325
```

▼ Get the standard deviation of the values in mat

```
std = np.std(mat)
std
7.211102550927978
```

▼ Get the sum of all the columns in mat

```
column_sums = np.sum(mat, axis=0)
column_sums
array([55, 60, 65, 70, 75])
```

Double-click (or enter) to edit