

# 1. IMPORT THE LIBRARIES

```
In [ ]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from scipy import stats
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

## 2. IMPORT THE DATASET

```
In [ ]: df=pd.read_csv("Titanic-Dataset.csv")
```

```
In [ ]: df
```

```
Out[ ]:
```

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked
0	1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0	1	0	A/5 21171	7.2500	NaN	S
1	2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th...	female	38.0	1	0	PC 17599	71.2833	C85	C
2	3	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26.0	0	0	STON/O2. 3101282	7.9250	NaN	S
3	4	1	1	Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35.0	1	0	113803	53.1000	C123	S
4	5	0	3	Allen, Mr. William Henry	male	35.0	0	0	373450	8.0500	NaN	S
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
886	887	0	2	Montvila, Rev. Juozas	male	27.0	0	0	211536	13.0000	NaN	S
887	888	1	1	Graham, Miss. Margaret Edith	female	19.0	0	0	112053	30.0000	B42	S
888	889	0	3	Johnston, Miss. Catherine Helen "Carrie"	female	NaN	1	2	W./C. 6607	23.4500	NaN	S
889	890	1	1	Behr, Mr. Karl Howell	male	26.0	0	0	111369	30.0000	C148	C
890	891	0	3	Dooley, Mr. Patrick	male	32.0	0	0	370376	7.7500	NaN	Q

891 rows × 12 columns

```
In [ ]: df.head()
```

```
Out[ ]:
```

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked
0	1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0	1	0	A/5 21171	7.2500	NaN	S
1	2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th...	female	38.0	1	0	PC 17599	71.2833	C85	C
2	3	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26.0	0	0	STON/O2. 3101282	7.9250	NaN	S
3	4	1	1	Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35.0	1	0	113803	53.1000	C123	S
4	5	0	3	Allen, Mr. William Henry	male	35.0	0	0	373450	8.0500	NaN	S

```
In [ ]: df.tail()
```

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked
886	887	0	2	Montvila, Rev. Juozas	male	27.0	0	0	211536	13.00	NaN	S
887	888	1	1	Graham, Miss. Margaret Edith	female	19.0	0	0	112053	30.00	B42	S
888	889	0	3	Johnston, Miss. Catherine Helen "Carrie"	female	NaN	1	2	W./C. 6607	23.45	NaN	S
889	890	1	1	Behr, Mr. Karl Howell	male	26.0	0	0	111369	30.00	C148	C
890	891	0	3	Dooley, Mr. Patrick	male	32.0	0	0	370376	7.75	NaN	Q

```
In [ ]: df.shape
```

Out[ ]: (891, 12)

```
In [ ]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 891 entries, 0 to 890
Data columns (total 12 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   PassengerId     891 non-null   int64
1   Survived        891 non-null   int64
2   Pclass          891 non-null   int64
3   Name            891 non-null   object
4   Sex             891 non-null   object
5   Age            714 non-null   float64
6   SibSp          891 non-null   int64
7   Parch          891 non-null   int64
8   Ticket          891 non-null   object
9   Fare           891 non-null   float64
10  Cabin           204 non-null   object
11  Embarked        889 non-null   object
dtypes: float64(2), int64(5), object(5)
memory usage: 83.7+ KB
```

```
In [ ]: df.describe()
```

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare
count	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000	714.000000	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000
mean	446.000000	0.383838	2.308642	29.699118	0.523008	0.381594	32.204208
std	257.353842	0.486592	0.836071	14.526497	1.102743	0.806057	49.693429
min	1.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.420000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	223.500000	0.000000	2.000000	20.125000	0.000000	0.000000	7.910400
50%	446.000000	0.000000	3.000000	28.000000	0.000000	0.000000	14.454200
75%	668.500000	1.000000	3.000000	38.000000	1.000000	0.000000	31.000000
max	891.000000	1.000000	3.000000	80.000000	8.000000	6.000000	512.329200

```
In [ ]: corr=df.corr()
corr
```

<ipython-input-13-7d5195e2bf4d>:1: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric\_only in DataFrame.corr is deprecated. In a future version, it will default to False. Select only valid columns or specify the value of numeric\_only to silence this warning.

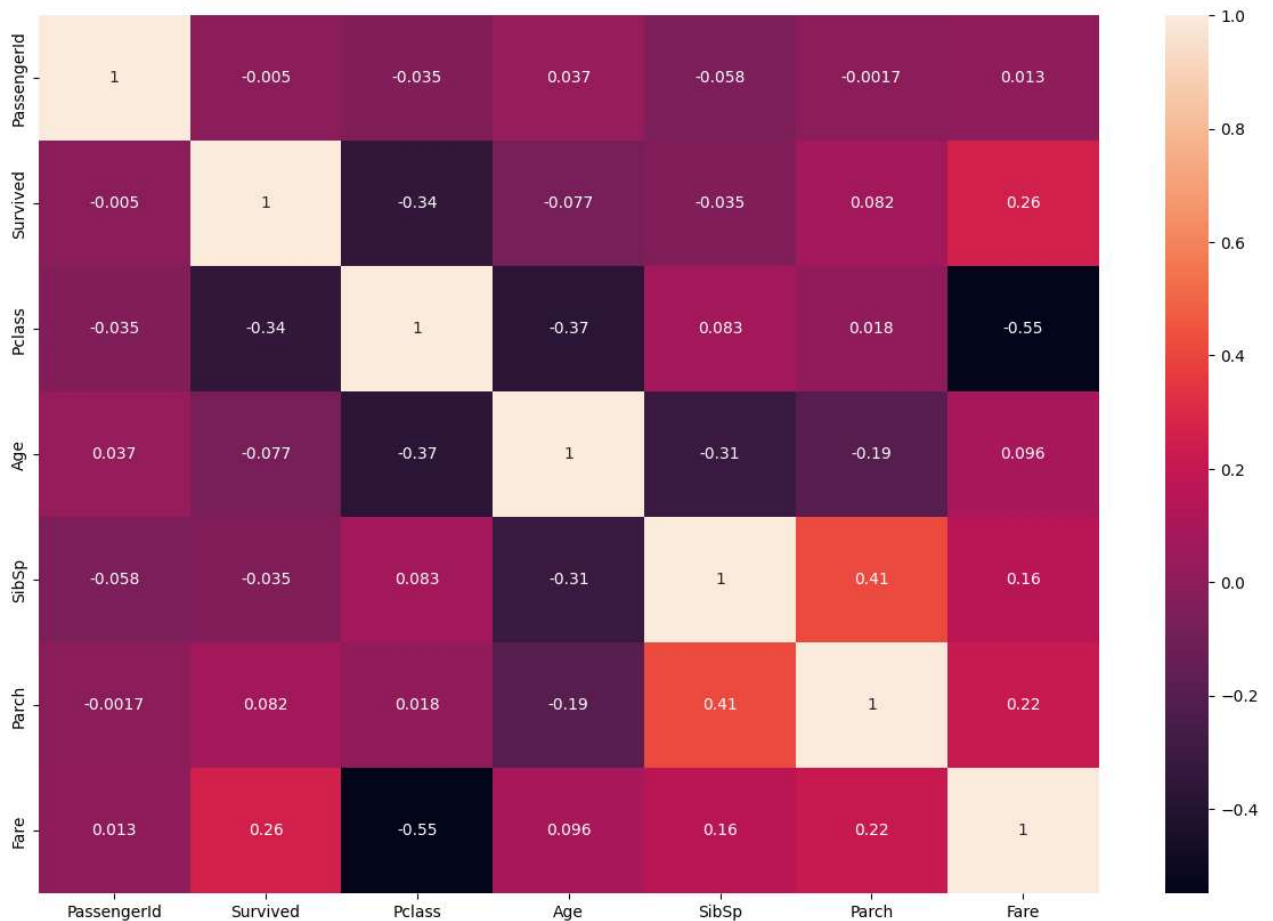
```
corr=df.corr()
```

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare
PassengerId	1.000000	-0.005007	-0.035144	0.036847	-0.057527	-0.001652	0.012658
Survived	-0.005007	1.000000	-0.338481	-0.077221	-0.035322	0.081629	0.257307

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare
Pclass	-0.035144	-0.338481	1.000000	-0.369226	0.083081	0.018443	-0.549500
Age	0.036847	-0.077221	-0.369226	1.000000	-0.308247	-0.189119	0.096067
SibSp	-0.057527	-0.035322	0.083081	-0.308247	1.000000	0.414838	0.159651
Parch	-0.001652	0.081629	0.018443	-0.189119	0.414838	1.000000	0.216225
Fare	0.012658	0.257307	-0.549500	0.096067	0.159651	0.216225	1.000000

```
In [ ]: plt.subplots(figsize=(15,10))
sns.heatmap(corr,annot=True)
```

```
Out[ ]: <Axes: >
```



```
In [ ]: df.Survived.value_counts()
```

```
Out[ ]: 0    549
1    342
Name: Survived, dtype: int64
```

```
In [ ]: df.Sex.value_counts()
```

```
Out[ ]: male    577
female  314
Name: Sex, dtype: int64
```

```
In [ ]: df.Embarked.value_counts()
```

```
Out[ ]: S    644
C    168
Q     77
Name: Embarked, dtype: int64
```

### 3. CHECK FOR NULL VALUES

```
In [ ]: df.isnull().any()
```

```
Out[ ]: PassengerId    False
Survived          False
Pclass            False
Name              False
Sex               False
Age               True
SibSp             False
Parch             False
Ticket            False
Fare              False
Cabin             True
Embarked          True
dtype: bool
```

```
In [ ]: df.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[ ]: PassengerId    0
Survived              0
Pclass                0
Name                  0
Sex                   0
Age                  177
SibSp                 0
Parch                 0
Ticket                0
Fare                  0
Cabin                 687
Embarked              2
dtype: int64
```

Fill null values in the 'Age' column with the mean age

```
In [ ]: mean_age = df['Age'].mean()
df['Age'].fillna(mean_age, inplace=True)
```

Fill null values in the 'Embarked' column with the most common value

```
In [ ]: most_common_embarked = df['Embarked'].mode()[0]
df['Embarked'].fillna(most_common_embarked, inplace=True)
```

```
In [ ]: df.drop(['Cabin'],axis=1, inplace=True)
```

```
In [ ]: df.drop(['Ticket'],axis=1, inplace=True)
```

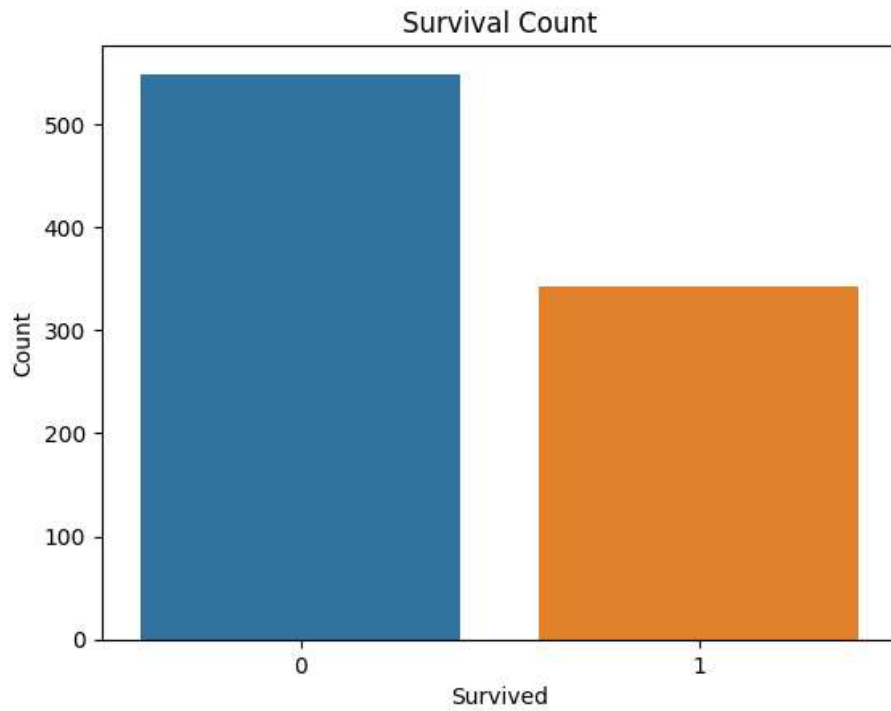
```
In [ ]: df.drop(['Name'],axis=1,inplace=True)
```

```
In [ ]: print(df.isnull().sum())
```

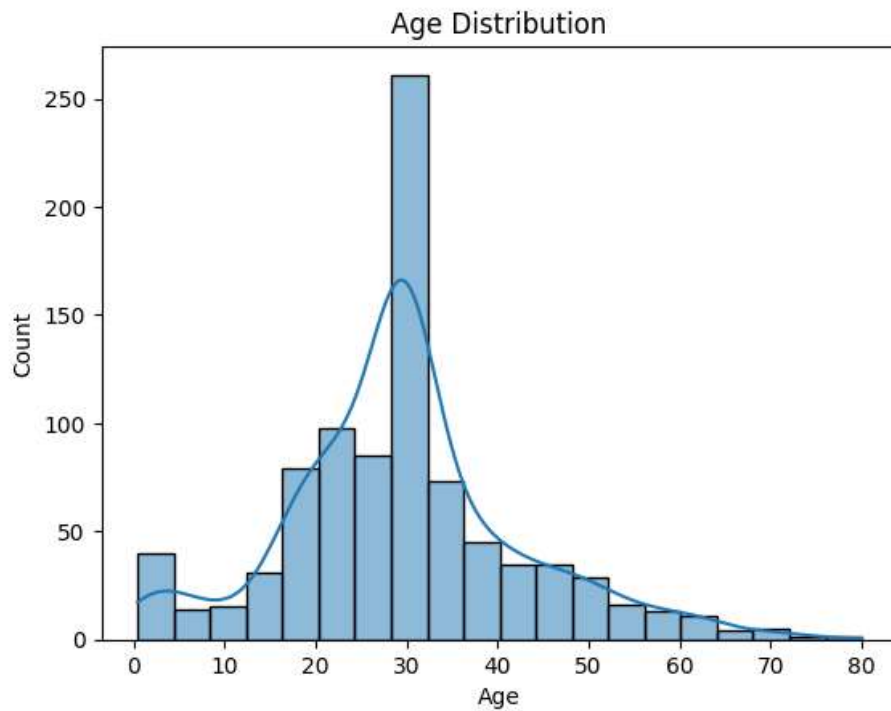
```
PassengerId    0
Survived        0
Pclass          0
Sex             0
Age             0
SibSp           0
Parch           0
Fare            0
Embarked        0
dtype: int64
```

## 4. Data Visualization

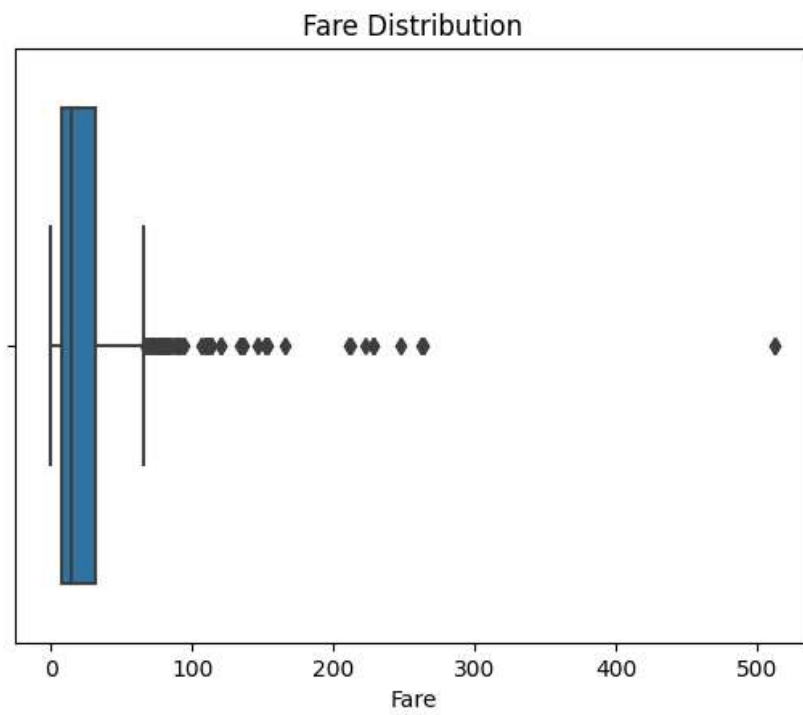
```
In [ ]: # Visualize the distribution of the 'Survived' column (0 = Not Survived, 1 = Survived)
sns.countplot(data=df, x='Survived')
plt.title('Survival Count')
plt.xlabel('Survived')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.show()
```



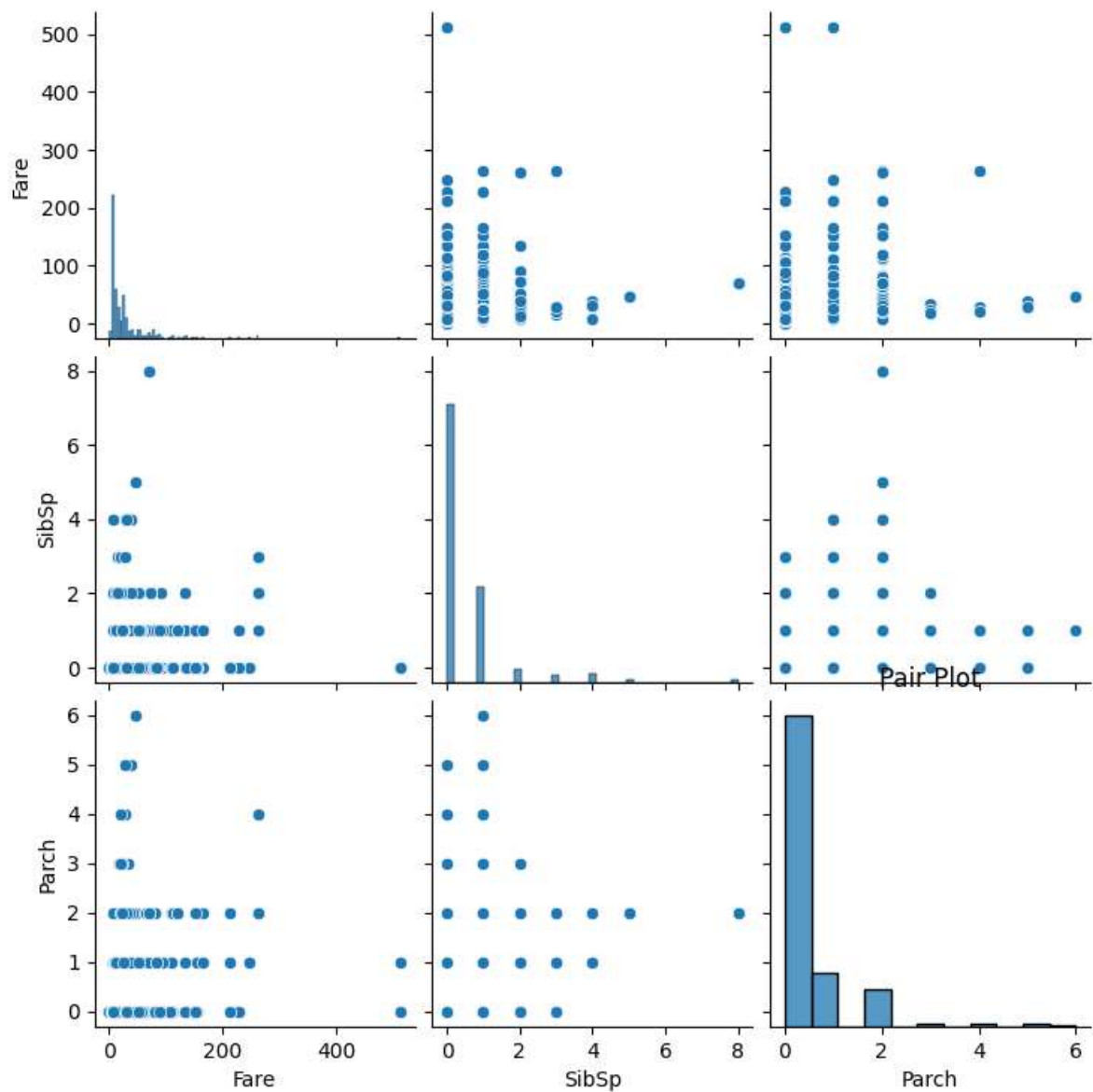
```
In [ ]: #Visualize the distribution of the 'Age' column
sns.histplot(data=df, x='Age', bins=20, kde=True)
plt.title('Age Distribution')
plt.xlabel('Age')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: #Visualize the distribution of the 'Fare' column and detect outliers we will handle outliers in the next step
sns.boxplot(data=df, x='Fare')
plt.title('Fare Distribution')
plt.xlabel('Fare')
plt.show()
```



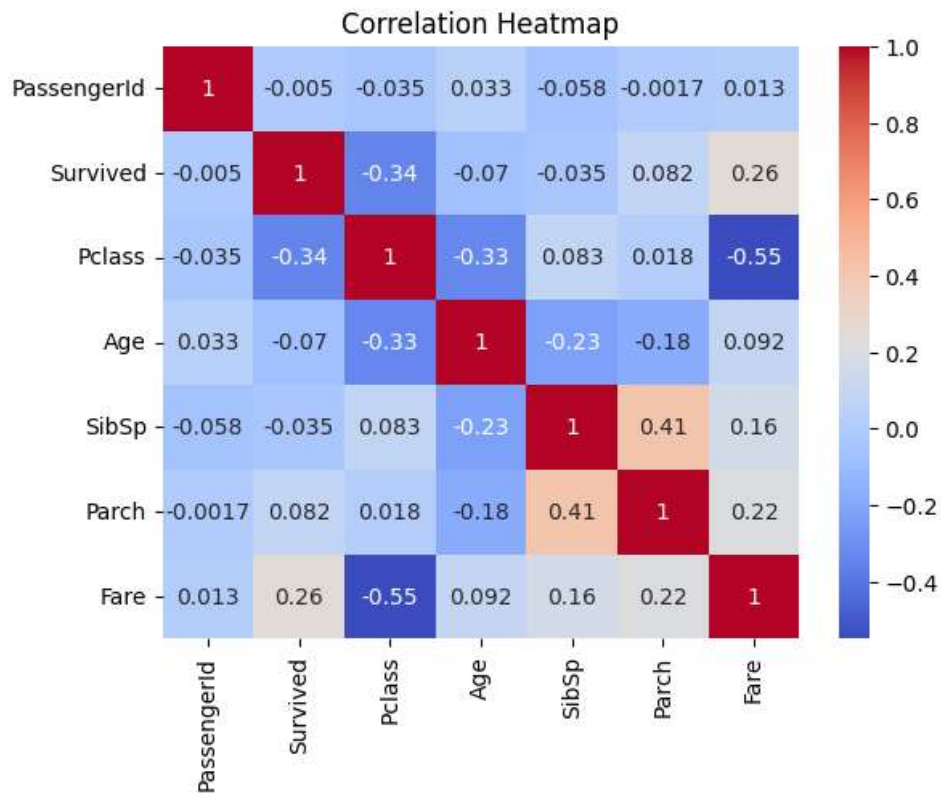
```
In [ ]: #Pair plot for selected numerical columns
sns.pairplot(data=df[['Fare', 'SibSp', 'Parch']])
plt.title('Pair Plot')
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: corr_matrix = df.corr()
sns.heatmap(corr_matrix, annot=True, cmap='coolwarm')
plt.title('Correlation Heatmap')
plt.show()
```

<ipython-input-30-8dcdb071fff3>:1: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric\_only in DataFrame.corr is deprecated. In a future version, it will default to False. Select only valid columns or specify the value of numeric\_only to silence this warning.

```
corr_matrix = df.corr()
```



## 5. Detect and Handle Outliers

```
In [ ]: z_scores = np.abs(stats.zscore(df['Age']))
max_threshold=3
outliers = df['Age'][z_scores > max_threshold]

# Print and visualize the outliers
print("Outliers detected using Z-Score:")
print(outliers)
```

Outliers detected using Z-Score:

```
96    71.0
116    70.5
493    71.0
630    80.0
672    70.0
745    70.0
851    74.0
```

Name: Age, dtype: float64

```
In [ ]: z_scores = np.abs(stats.zscore(df['Fare']))
max_threshold=3
outliers = df['Fare'][z_scores > max_threshold]

# Print and visualize the outliers
print("Outliers detected using Z-Score:")
print(outliers)
```

Outliers detected using Z-Score:

```
27    263.0000
88    263.0000
118   247.5208
258   512.3292
299   247.5208
311   262.3750
341   263.0000
377   211.5000
380   227.5250
438   263.0000
527   221.7792
557   227.5250
679   512.3292
689   211.3375
700   227.5250
716   227.5250
```



```
730    211.3375
737    512.3292
742    262.3750
779    211.3375
Name: Fare, dtype: float64
```

```
In [ ]: column_name = 'Fare'

# Calculate the first quartile (Q1) and third quartile (Q3)
Q1 = df[column_name].quantile(0.25)
Q3 = df[column_name].quantile(0.75)

# Calculate the IQR
IQR = Q3 - Q1

# Define the lower and upper bounds for outliers
lower_bound = Q1 - 1.5 * IQR
upper_bound = Q3 + 1.5 * IQR

# Filter rows with values outside the IQR bounds
df_cleaned = df[(df[column_name] > lower_bound) & (df[column_name] < upper_bound)]

# Display the original and cleaned DataFrame sizes
print(f"Original DataFrame size: {df.shape}")
print(f"Cleaned DataFrame size: {df_cleaned.shape}")
df_cleaned
```

Original DataFrame size: (891, 9)

Cleaned DataFrame size: (775, 9)

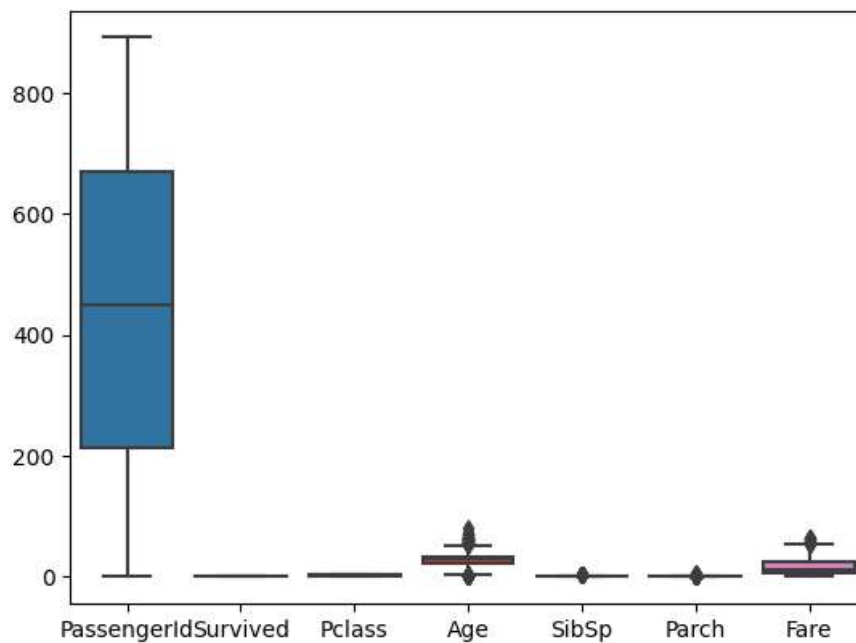
```
Out[ ]: 
```

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare	Embarked
0	1	0	3	male	22.000000	1	0	7.2500	S
2	3	1	3	female	26.000000	0	0	7.9250	S
3	4	1	1	female	35.000000	1	0	53.1000	S
4	5	0	3	male	35.000000	0	0	8.0500	S
5	6	0	3	male	29.699118	0	0	8.4583	Q
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
886	887	0	2	male	27.000000	0	0	13.0000	S
887	888	1	1	female	19.000000	0	0	30.0000	S
888	889	0	3	female	29.699118	1	2	23.4500	S
889	890	1	1	male	26.000000	0	0	30.0000	C
890	891	0	3	male	32.000000	0	0	7.7500	Q

775 rows × 9 columns

```
In [ ]: sns.boxplot(df_cleaned)
```

```
Out[ ]: <Axes: >
```



```
In [ ]: df=df_cleaned
```

```
In [ ]: x=df.drop('Survived', axis=1)
        y=df['Survived']
```

```
In [ ]: x.head()
```

```
Out[ ]:
```

	PassengerId	Pclass	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare	Embarked
0	1	3	male	22.000000	1	0	7.2500	S
2	3	3	female	26.000000	0	0	7.9250	S
3	4	1	female	35.000000	1	0	53.1000	S
4	5	3	male	35.000000	0	0	8.0500	S
5	6	3	male	29.699118	0	0	8.4583	Q

```
In [ ]: y.head()
```

```
Out[ ]:
```

0	0
2	1
3	1
4	0
5	0

Name: Survived, dtype: int64

## 7. Perform Encoding

```
In [ ]: en = LabelEncoder()
        x['Sex'] = en.fit_transform(x['Sex'])
```

```
In [ ]: x.head()
```

```
Out[ ]:
```

	PassengerId	Pclass	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare	Embarked
0	1	3	1	22.000000	1	0	7.2500	S
2	3	3	0	26.000000	0	0	7.9250	S
3	4	1	0	35.000000	1	0	53.1000	S
4	5	3	1	35.000000	0	0	8.0500	S
5	6	3	1	29.699118	0	0	8.4583	Q

```
In [ ]: x = pd.get_dummies(x, columns=['Embarked'])
```

```
In [ ]: x.head()
```

```
Out[ ]:
```

	PassengerId	Pclass	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare	Embarked_C	Embarked_Q	Embarked_S
0	1	3	1	22.000000	1	0	7.2500	0	0	1
2	3	3	0	26.000000	0	0	7.9250	0	0	1
3	4	1	0	35.000000	1	0	53.1000	0	0	1
4	5	3	1	35.000000	0	0	8.0500	0	0	1
5	6	3	1	29.699118	0	0	8.4583	0	1	0

## 8. Feature Scaling

```
In [ ]: scale = StandardScaler()  
x[['Age', 'Fare']] = scale.fit_transform(x[['Age', 'Fare']])
```

```
In [ ]: x.head()
```

```
Out[ ]:
```

	PassengerId	Pclass	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare	Embarked_C	Embarked_Q	Embarked_S
0	1	3	1	-0.556219	1	0	-0.779117	0	0	1
2	3	3	0	-0.243027	0	0	-0.729373	0	0	1
3	4	1	0	0.461654	1	0	2.599828	0	0	1
4	5	3	1	0.461654	0	0	-0.720161	0	0	1
5	6	3	1	0.046606	0	0	-0.690071	0	1	0

## 9. Splitting the data into Train and Test

```
In [ ]: x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
```

```
In [ ]: print(x_train.shape)  
print(x_test.shape)  
print(y_train.shape)  
print(y_test.shape)
```

```
(620, 10)  
(155, 10)  
(620,)  
(155,)
```