

```
# Rayidi Abhiram
# 21BCE9261
# VITAP MORNING SLOT
# ASSIGNMENT-3
# Data Preprocessing on TITANIC dataset.

# Data Preprocessing.
# Import the Libraries.
# Import the dataset
# Checking for Null Values.

# Data Visualization.
# Outlier Detection
# Splitting Dependent and Independent variables
# Encoding
# Feature Scaling.
# Splitting Data into Train and Test.
```

Import the Libraries

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

Import the Dataset

```
df = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Datasets/Titanic-Dataset.csv")
```

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	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked
0	1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0	1	0	A/5 21171	7.2500	NaN	
1	2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs T. B.)	female	38.0	1	0	PC 17599	71.2833	C85	

```
df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 891 entries, 0 to 890
Data columns (total 12 columns):
#   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   PassengerId  891 non-null    int64
1   Survived     891 non-null    int64
2   Pclass       891 non-null    int64
3   Name         891 non-null    object
4   Sex          891 non-null    object
5   Age         714 non-null    float64
6   SibSp        891 non-null    int64
7   Parch        891 non-null    int64
8   Ticket       891 non-null    object
9   Fare         891 non-null    float64
10  Cabin        204 non-null    object
11  Embarked     889 non-null    object
dtypes: float64(2), int64(5), object(5)
memory usage: 83.7+ KB
```

```
df.describe()
```

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare
count	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000	714.000000	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000
mean	446.000000	0.383838	2.308642	29.699118	0.523008	0.381594	32.204208
std	97.000000	0.486560	0.836071	11.596077	1.102710	0.806057	16.696077

df.corr()

<ipython-input-8-2f6f6606aa2c>:1: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric_only in DataFrame.corr is deprecated. In a future version, only numerical data will be allowed.

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare
PassengerId	1.000000	-0.005007	-0.035144	0.036847	-0.057527	-0.001652	0.012658
Survived	-0.005007	1.000000	-0.338481	-0.077221	-0.035322	0.081629	0.257307
Pclass	-0.035144	-0.338481	1.000000	-0.369226	0.083081	0.018443	-0.549500
Age	0.036847	-0.077221	-0.369226	1.000000	-0.308247	-0.189119	0.096067
SibSp	-0.057527	-0.035322	0.083081	-0.308247	1.000000	0.414838	0.159651
Parch	-0.001652	0.081629	0.018443	-0.189119	0.414838	1.000000	0.216225
Fare	0.012658	0.257307	-0.549500	0.096067	0.159651	0.216225	1.000000

df.corr().Survived.sort_values(ascending = False)

<ipython-input-9-936bc0a2ea37>:1: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric_only in DataFrame.corr is deprecated. In a future version, only numerical data will be allowed.

```
Survived    1.000000
Fare        0.257307
Parch       0.081629
PassengerId -0.005007
SibSp       -0.035322
Age         -0.077221
```

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Handling Missing/Null Values

df.isnull().any()

```
PassengerId    False
Survived       False
Pclass         False
Name           False
Sex            False
Age            True
SibSp          False
Parch          False
Ticket         False
Fare           False
Cabin          True
Embarked       True
dtype: bool
```

sum(df.Cabin.isnull())

687

sum(df.Age.isnull())

177

df["Age"].fillna(df["Age"].mean(),inplace=True)

sum(df.Embarked.isnull())

2

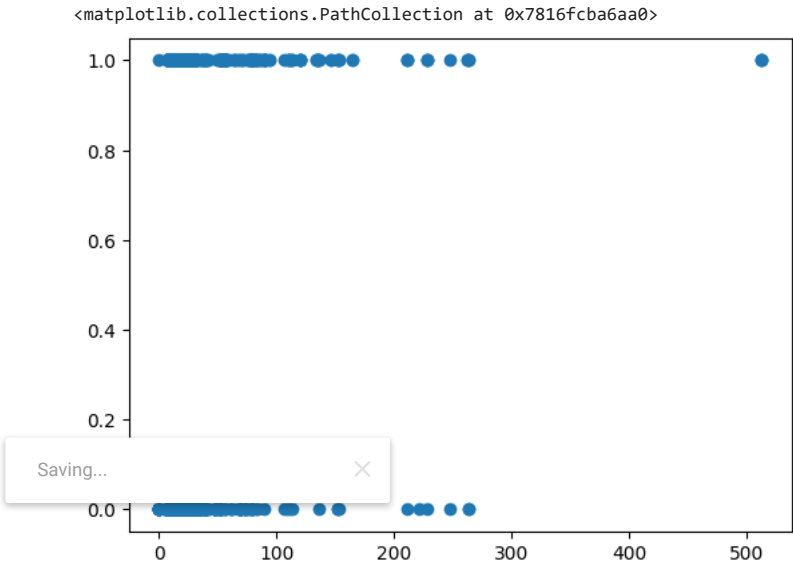
df["Embarked"].fillna(df["Embarked"].mode()[0],inplace=True)

df.describe()

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare
count	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000
mean	446.000000	0.383838	2.308642	29.699118	0.523008	0.381594	32.204208
std	257.353842	0.486592	0.836071	13.002015	1.102743	0.806057	49.693429
min	1.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.420000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	223.500000	0.000000	2.000000	22.000000	0.000000	0.000000	7.910400
50%	446.000000	0.000000	3.000000	29.699118	0.000000	0.000000	14.454200
75%	668.500000	1.000000	3.000000	35.000000	1.000000	0.000000	31.000000

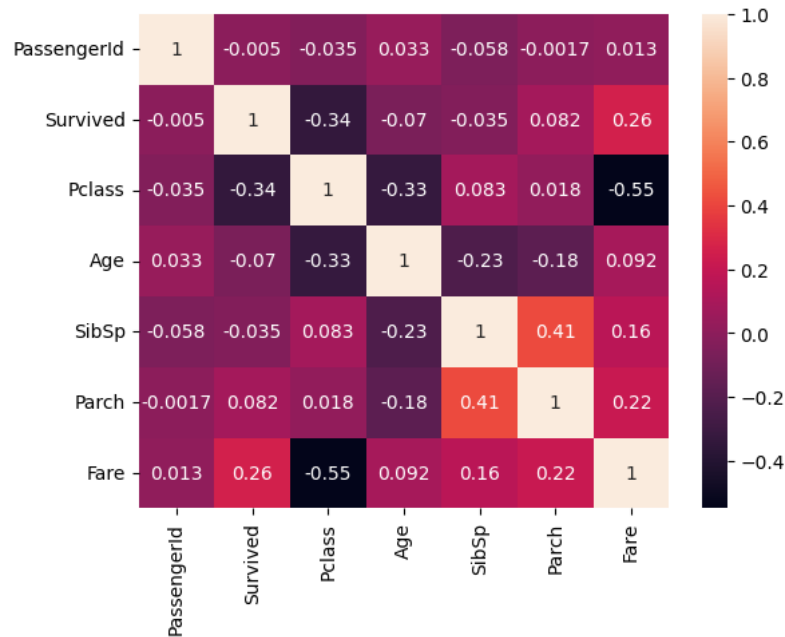
Data Visualization

```
plt.scatter(df["Fare"],df["Survived"])
```

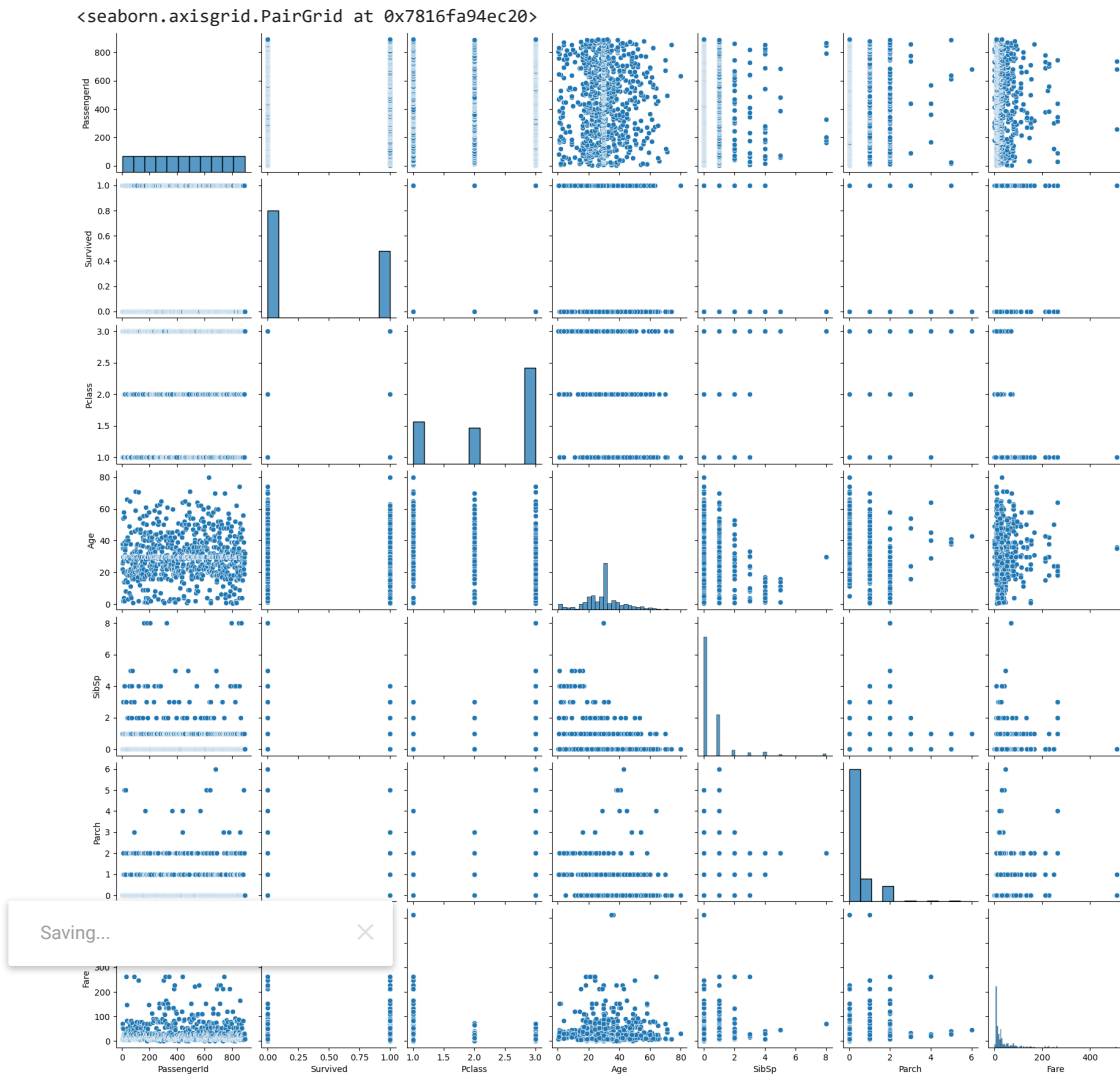


```
sns.heatmap(df.corr(),annot=True)
```

```
<ipython-input-18-8df7bcac526d>:1: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric_only in DataFrame.corr is deprecated. In a future version, it will default to 'None', which means that non-numeric data will be included in the calculation. To silence this warning, you can explicitly pass numeric_only=False.
sns.heatmap(df.corr(),annot=True)
<Axes: >
```



```
sns.pairplot(df)
```



```
sns.barplot(x=df["Sex"],y=df["Survived"],ci=0)
```

```
<ipython-input-20-8ae461271d98>:1: FutureWarning:
```

The `ci` parameter is deprecated. Use `errorbar=('ci', 0)` for the same effect.

```
sns.barplot(x=df["Sex"],y=df["Survived"],ci=0)  
<Axes: xlabel='Sex', ylabel='Survived'>
```

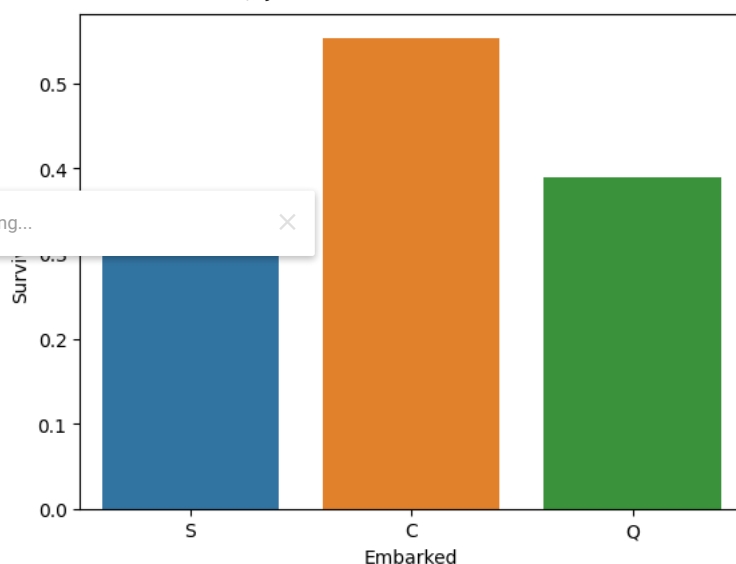


```
sns.barplot(x=df["Embarked"],y=df["Survived"],ci=0)
```

```
<ipython-input-21-d5b0276940a6>:1: FutureWarning:
```

The `ci` parameter is deprecated. Use `errorbar=('ci', 0)` for the same effect.

```
sns.barplot(x=df["Embarked"],y=df["Survived"],ci=0)  
<Axes: xlabel='Embarked', ylabel='Survived'>
```



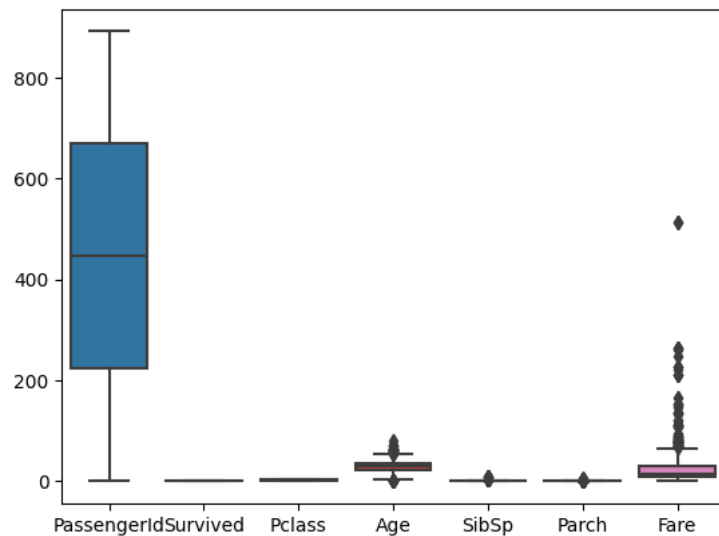
```
sns.barplot(x=df["Parch"],y=df["Survived"],ci=0)
```

```
<ipython-input-22-a1496fefeaf8>:1: FutureWarning:
```

Outlier Detection

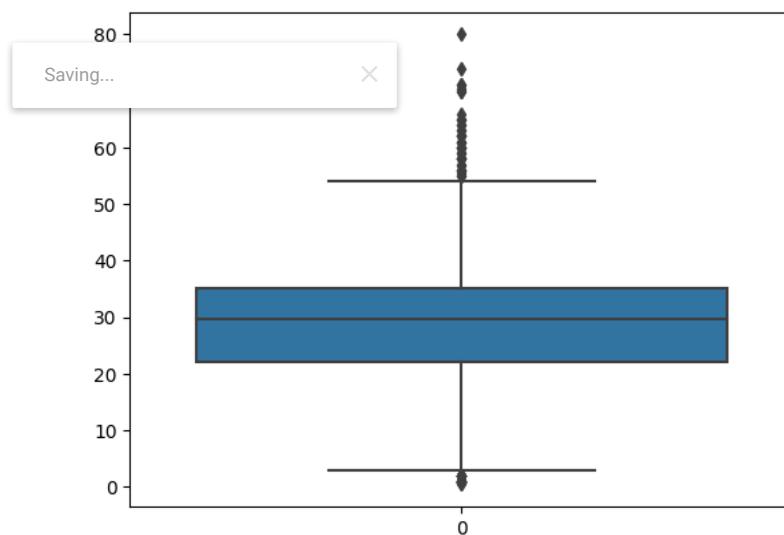
```
sns.boxplot(df)
sns.boxplot(df)
```

```
<Axes: >
```



```
sns.boxplot(df.Age)
```

```
<Axes: >
```



```
Q1 = df['Age'].quantile(0.25)
```

```
Q3 = df['Age'].quantile(0.75)
```

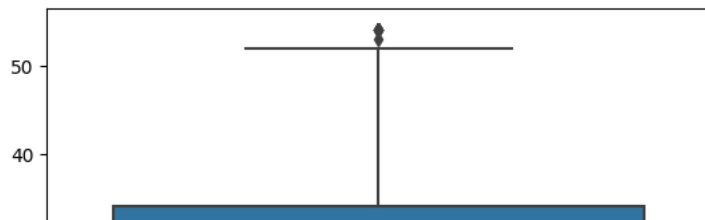
```
IQR = Q3 - Q1
```

```
threshold = 1.5 * IQR
```

```
df = df[(df['Age'] >= Q1 - threshold) & (df['Age'] <= Q3 + threshold)]
```

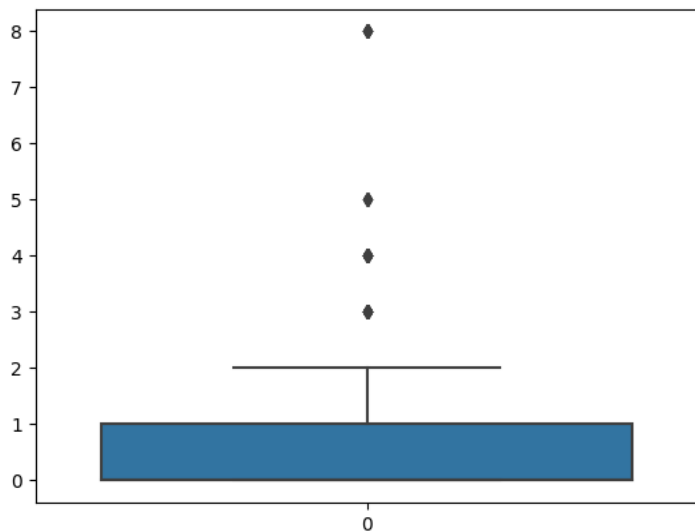
```
sns.boxplot(df.Age)
```

<Axes: >



```
sns.boxplot(df.SibSp)
```

<Axes: >



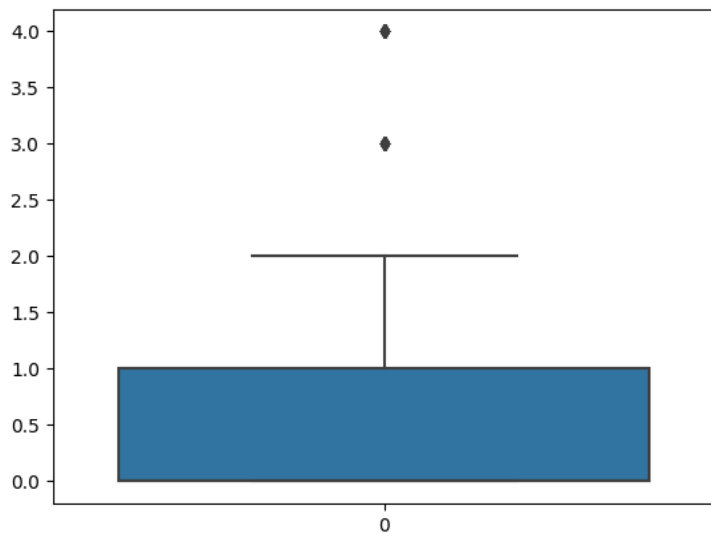
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```
df = df[df.SibSp < p99]
```

```
sns.boxplot(df.SibSp)
```

<Axes: >



```
sns.boxplot(df.Parch)
```

<Axes: >



```
p99 = df.Parch.quantile(0.99)
```

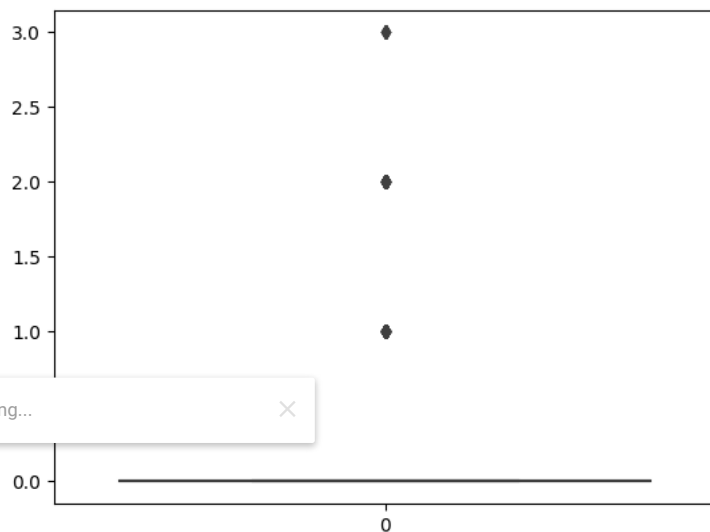
```
> 1
```

```
df = df[df.Parch < p99]
```

```
> 1
```

```
sns.boxplot(df["Parch"])
```

<Axes: >

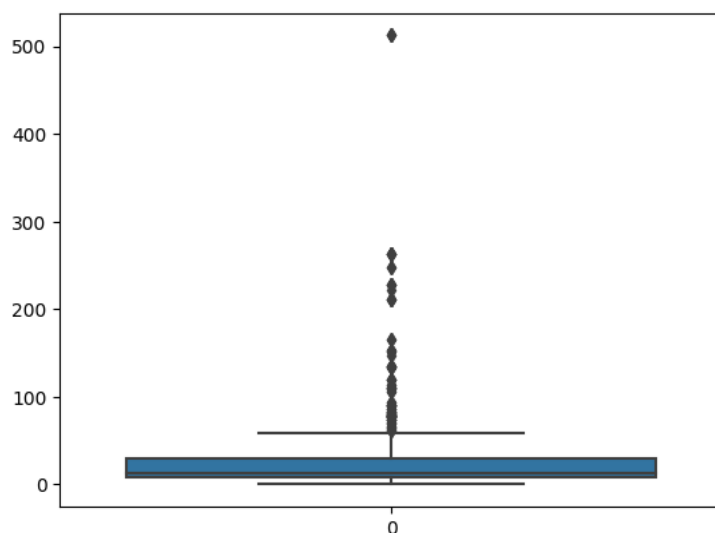


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```
sns.boxplot(df["Fare"])
```

<Axes: >



```
Q1 = df['Fare'].quantile(0.25)
```

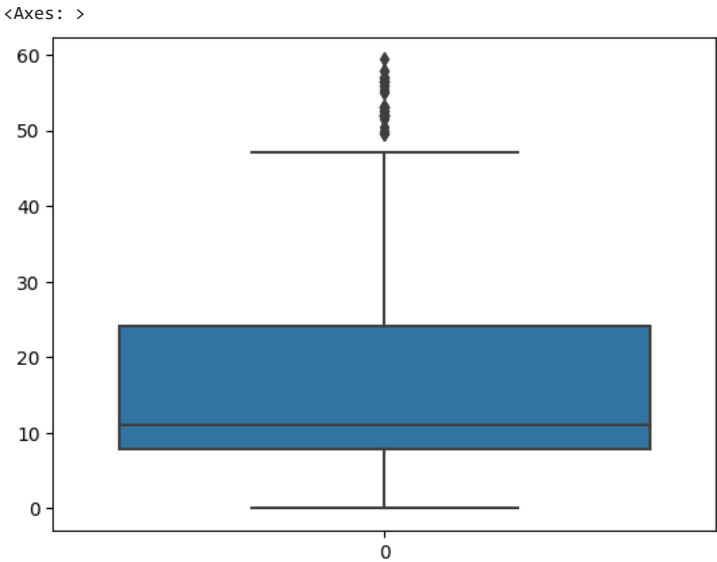
```
Q3 = df['Fare'].quantile(0.75)
```

```
IQR = Q3 - Q1
```

```
threshold = 1.5 * IQR
```

```
df = df[(df['Fare'] >= Q1 - threshold) & (df['Fare'] <= Q3 + threshold)]
```

```
sns.boxplot(df.Fare)
```

Splitting Dependent and Independent Variables

x = df.drop(columns=["Survived","PassengerId","Name","Ticket","Cabin"],axis=1) # Independent variables should be in df or 2d array

x.head()

	Pclass	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare	Embarked	
0	3	male	22.000000	1	0	7.2500	S	
2	3	female	26.000000	0	0	7.9250	S	
3	1	female	35.000000	1	0	53.1000	S	
4	3	male	35.000000	0	0	8.0500	S	
5	3	male	29.699118	0	0	8.4583	Q	

y = pd.Series(df["Survived"])

y.head()

```
0    0
2    1
3    1
4    0
5    0
Name: Survived, dtype: int64
```

Encoding

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder

le = LabelEncoder()

x["Sex"] = le.fit_transform(x["Sex"])

x.head()

	Pclass	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare	Embarked	
0	3	1	22.000000	1	0	7.2500	S	
2	3	0	26.000000	0	0	7.9250	S	
3	1	0	35.000000	1	0	53.1000	S	
4	3	1	35.000000	0	0	8.0500	S	
5	3	1	29.699118	0	0	8.4583	Q	

print(le.classes_)

['female' 'male']

```
mapping=dict(zip(le.classes_,range(len(le.classes_))))

mapping

{'female': 0, 'male': 1}

le1 = LabelEncoder()

x["Embarked"] = le1.fit_transform(x["Embarked"])

x.head()
```

	Pclass	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare	Embarked
0	3	1	22.000000	1	0	7.2500	2
2	3	0	26.000000	0	0	7.9250	2
3	1	0	35.000000	1	0	53.1000	2
4	3	1	35.000000	0	0	8.0500	2
5	3	1	29.699118	0	0	8.4583	1

```
print(le1.classes_)

['C' 'Q' 'S']

mapping1=dict(zip(le1.classes_,range(len(le1.classes_))))
```

mapping1

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Feature Scaling

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
ms = MinMaxScaler()

x_Scaled = pd.DataFrame(ms.fit_transform(x),columns = x.columns)

x_Scaled.head()
```

	Pclass	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare	Embarked
0	1.0	1.0	0.372549	0.25	0.0	0.122054	1.0
1	1.0	0.0	0.450980	0.00	0.0	0.133418	1.0
2	0.0	0.0	0.627451	0.25	0.0	0.893939	1.0
3	1.0	1.0	0.627451	0.00	0.0	0.135522	1.0
4	1.0	1.0	0.523512	0.00	0.0	0.142396	0.5

Splitting Training and Testing Data

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(x_Scaled,y,test_size = 0.2,random_state =0)

print(x_train.shape,x_test.shape,y_train.shape,y_test.shape)

(562, 7) (141, 7) (562,) (141,)

''' THE END '''

' THE END '
```

''' Thank You '''
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Thank You

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