▼ NumPy Exercises

Now that we've learned about NumPy let's test your knowledge. We'll start off with a few simple tasks, and then you'll be asked some more complicated questions.

▼ Import NumPy as np

```
import numpy as np
```

▼ Create an array of 10 zeros

```
z1=np.zeros(10)
z1
array([0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.])
```

▼ Create an array of 10 ones

```
z2=np.ones(10)
z2
array([1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.])
```

▼ Create an array of 10 fives

```
z3=np.full(10,5.0)
z3
array([5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5.])
```

▼ Create an array of the integers from 10 to 50

▼ Create an array of all the even integers from 10 to 50

▼ Create a 3x3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8

▼ Create a 3x3 identity matrix

```
[0., 0., 1.]])
```

▼ Use NumPy to generate a random number between 0 and 1

```
ran_num=np.random.rand()
ran_num
0.11987561581044126
```

▼ Use NumPy to generate an array of 25 random numbers sampled from a standard normal distribution

```
a=np.random.randn(25)
a

array([-0.71637258, 0.55947896, -1.29462217, 0.47008676, -0.19911073, -1.48208532, -0.74449046, 1.11715925, -0.27673998, 1.92921978, 0.6265501, 2.09002493, -0.93940289, -0.8234905, 1.4954438, -1.73602038, 1.37569449, -0.12484802, -0.49716707, -0.8097485, -2.37230878, 0.42948768, -0.99725561, -0.86004639, 0.63733305])
```

Create the following matrix:

```
ar=np.arange(0.01,1.0,0.01)
ar

array([0.01, 0.02, 0.03, 0.04, 0.05, 0.06, 0.07, 0.08, 0.09, 0.1, 0.11, 0.12, 0.13, 0.14, 0.15, 0.16, 0.17, 0.18, 0.19, 0.2, 0.21, 0.22, 0.23, 0.24, 0.25, 0.26, 0.27, 0.28, 0.29, 0.3, 0.31, 0.32, 0.33, 0.34, 0.35, 0.36, 0.37, 0.38, 0.39, 0.4, 0.41, 0.42, 0.43, 0.44, 0.45, 0.46, 0.47, 0.48, 0.49, 0.5, 0.51, 0.52, 0.53, 0.54, 0.55, 0.56, 0.57, 0.58, 0.59, 0.6, 0.61, 0.62, 0.63, 0.64, 0.65, 0.66, 0.67, 0.68, 0.69, 0.7, 0.71, 0.72, 0.73, 0.74, 0.75, 0.76, 0.77, 0.78, 0.79, 0.8, 0.81, 0.82, 0.83, 0.84, 0.85, 0.86, 0.87, 0.88, 0.89, 0.9, 0.91, 0.92, 0.93, 0.94, 0.95, 0.96, 0.97, 0.98, 0.99])
```

▼ Create an array of 20 linearly spaced points between 0 and 1:

```
la=np.linspace(0,1,20)
la

array([0. , 0.05263158, 0.10526316, 0.15789474, 0.21052632, 0.26315789, 0.31578947, 0.36842105, 0.42105263, 0.47368421, 0.52631579, 0.57894737, 0.63157895, 0.68421053, 0.73684211, 0.78947368, 0.84210526, 0.89473684, 0.94736842, 1. ])
```

▼ Numpy Indexing and Selection

Now you will be given a few matrices, and be asked to replicate the resulting matrix outputs:

```
mat = np.arange(1,26).reshape(5,5)
mat
     array([[1, 2, 3, 4, 5],
           [6, 7, 8, 9, 10],
           [11, 12, 13, 14, 15],
           [16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
           [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
mat[2:6,1:6]
     array([[12, 13, 14, 15],
           [17, 18, 19, 20],
           [22, 23, 24, 25]])
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
mat[3:4,4:6]
     array([[20]])
```

```
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
  # BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
  # BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
  mat[0:3,1:2]
       array([[ 2],
              [7],
              [12]])
  # WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
  # BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
  # BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
  mat[4:6,0:6]
       array([[21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
  # WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
  # BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
  # BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
  mat[3:6,0:6]
       array([[16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
              [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
▼ Now do the following
```

```
sum1=np.sum(mat)
sum1
     325
```

▼ Get the standard deviation of the values in mat

```
sd=np.std(mat)
sd
7.211102550927978
```

▼ Get the sum of all the columns in mat

```
col_sum=np.sum(mat,axis=0)
col_sum
array([55, 60, 65, 70, 75])
```

Double-click (or enter) to edit