NumPy Exercises

Now that we've learned about NumPy let's test your knowledge. We'll start off with a few simple tasks, and then you'll be asked some more complicated questions.

▼ Import NumPy as np

```
import numpy as np
```

▼ Create an array of 10 zeros

▼ Create an array of 10 ones

```
np.ones(10)
    array([ 1.,  1.,  1.,  1.,  1.,  1.,  1.,  1.])
```

▼ Create an array of 10 fives

```
np.full(10,5)

array([ 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5.])
```

▼ Create an array of the integers from 10 to 50

```
np.arange(10,51)

array([10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50])
```

▼ Create an array of all the even integers from 10 to 50

```
np.arange(10,51,2)

array([10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50])
```

▼ Create a 3x3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8

Create a 3x3 identity matrix

▼ Use NumPy to generate a random number between 0 and 1

```
from numpy import random
a=random.random()
print(a)
    array([ 0.42829726])
```

Use NumPy to generate an array of 25 random numbers sampled from a standard normal distribution

▼ Create the following matrix:

```
np.arange(0,1,0.01).reshape(10,10)
    array([[ 0.01,
                  0.02,
                         0.03,
                               0.04, 0.05, 0.06, 0.07, 0.08,
                                                               0.09,
                                                                     0.1 ],
           [ 0.11, 0.12, 0.13, 0.14,
                                     0.15, 0.16, 0.17,
                                                        0.18,
                                                               0.19,
                                                                     0.2 1,
                                     0.25, 0.26, 0.27, 0.28,
                                                                     0.3 ],
          [ 0.21, 0.22,
                         0.23, 0.24,
                                                               0.29,
           [ 0.31, 0.32, 0.33, 0.34, 0.35, 0.36, 0.37, 0.38,
                                                               0.39,
                                                                     0.4],
                                                                     0.5],
           [ 0.41, 0.42, 0.43, 0.44, 0.45, 0.46, 0.47, 0.48,
                                                               0.49,
           [ 0.51, 0.52,
                         0.53, 0.54,
                                     0.55, 0.56,
                                                  0.57, 0.58,
                                                               0.59,
                                                                     0.6],
           [0.61, 0.62, 0.63, 0.64, 0.65, 0.66, 0.67, 0.68,
                                                               0.69,
                                                                     0.7],
          [ 0.71, 0.72, 0.73, 0.74, 0.75, 0.76, 0.77, 0.78,
                                                               0.79,
                                                                     0.8],
          [ 0.81, 0.82, 0.83, 0.84, 0.85, 0.86, 0.87, 0.88, 0.89,
                                                                     0.9],
           [ 0.91, 0.92, 0.93, 0.94, 0.95, 0.96, 0.97, 0.98,
                                                               0.99,
                                                                     1. ]])
```

▼ Create an array of 20 linearly spaced points between 0 and 1:

Numpy Indexing and Selection

Now you will be given a few matrices, and be asked to replicate the resulting matrix outputs:

WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW # BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T

BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE

```
mat[3,4]
     20
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
mat[:3,1:2]
     array([[ 2],
            [7],
            [12]])
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
mat[4,]
     array([21, 22, 23, 24, 25])
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
mat[3:,:]
     array([[16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
            [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
```

- ▼ Now do the following
- Get the sum of all the values in mat

```
np.sum(mat)
325
```

Get the standard deviation of the values in mat

np.std(mat)

7.2111025509279782

▼ Get the sum of all the columns in mat

np.sum(mat,axis=0)

array([55, 60, 65, 70, 75])

Double-click (or enter) to edit

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