In [6]:

#### Seaborn

!pip install seaborn

```
Requirement already satisfied: seaborn in c:\users\hp\anaconda3\lib\site-pack
         ages (0.12.2)
         Requirement already satisfied: numpy!=1.24.0,>=1.17 in c:\users\hp\anaconda3
         \lib\site-packages (from seaborn) (1.24.3)
         Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=0.25 in c:\users\hp\anaconda3\lib\site
         -packages (from seaborn) (1.5.3)
         Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.1 in c:\users\hp\anacond
         a3\lib\site-packages (from seaborn) (3.7.1)
         Requirement already satisfied: contourpy>=1.0.1 in c:\users\hp\anaconda3\lib
         \site-packages (from matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.1->seaborn) (1.0.5)
         Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in c:\users\hp\anaconda3\lib\site
         -packages (from matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.1->seaborn) (0.11.0)
         Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in c:\users\hp\anaconda3\lib
         \site-packages (from matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.1->seaborn) (4.25.0)
         Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in c:\users\hp\anaconda3\lib
         \site-packages (from matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.1->seaborn) (1.4.4)
         Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in c:\users\hp\anaconda3\lib\s
         ite-packages (from matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.1->seaborn) (23.0)
         Requirement already satisfied: pillow>=6.2.0 in c:\users\hp\anaconda3\lib\sit
         e-packages (from matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.1->seaborn) (9.4.0)
         Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.3.1 in c:\users\hp\anaconda3\lib
         \site-packages (from matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.1->seaborn) (3.0.9)
         Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7 in c:\users\hp\anaconda3
         \lib\site-packages (from matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.1->seaborn) (2.8.2)
         Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in c:\users\hp\anaconda3\lib\site
         -packages (from pandas>=0.25->seaborn) (2022.7)
         Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in c:\users\hp\anaconda3\lib\site-pac
         kages (from python-dateutil>=2.7->matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.1->seaborn) (1.16.0)
 In [7]:
         import seaborn as sns
 In [3]: print(sns.get dataset names())
         ['anagrams', 'anscombe', 'attention', 'brain_networks', 'car_crashes', 'diamo
         nds', 'dots', 'dowjones', 'exercise', 'flights', 'fmri', 'geyser', 'glue', 'h
         ealthexp', 'iris', 'mpg', 'penguins', 'planets', 'seaice', 'taxis', 'tips',
         'titanic']
In [10]: df=sns.load_dataset('car_crashes')
```

In [11]: df

## Out[11]:

	total	speeding	alcohol	not_distracted	no_previous	ins_premium	ins_losses	abbrev
0	18.8	7.332	5.640	18.048	15.040	784.55	145.08	AL
1	18.1	7.421	4.525	16.290	17.014	1053.48	133.93	AK
2	18.6	6.510	5.208	15.624	17.856	899.47	110.35	AZ
3	22.4	4.032	5.824	21.056	21.280	827.34	142.39	AR
4	12.0	4.200	3.360	10.920	10.680	878.41	165.63	CA
5	13.6	5.032	3.808	10.744	12.920	835.50	139.91	СО
6	10.8	4.968	3.888	9.396	8.856	1068.73	167.02	СТ
7	16.2	6.156	4.860	14.094	16.038	1137.87	151.48	DE
8	5.9	2.006	1.593	5.900	5.900	1273.89	136.05	DC
9	17.9	3.759	5.191	16.468	16.826	1160.13	144.18	FL
10	15.6	2.964	3.900	14.820	14.508	913.15	142.80	GA
11	17.5	9.450	7.175	14.350	15.225	861.18	120.92	HI
12	15.3	5.508	4.437	13.005	14.994	641.96	82.75	ID
13	12.8	4.608	4.352	12.032	12.288	803.11	139.15	IL
14	14.5	3.625	4.205	13.775	13.775	710.46	108.92	IN
15	15.7	2.669	3.925	15.229	13.659	649.06	114.47	IA
16	17.8	4.806	4.272	13.706	15.130	780.45	133.80	KS
17	21.4	4.066	4.922	16.692	16.264	872.51	137.13	KY
18	20.5	7.175	6.765	14.965	20.090	1281.55	194.78	LA
19	15.1	5.738	4.530	13.137	12.684	661.88	96.57	ME
20	12.5	4.250	4.000	8.875	12.375	1048.78	192.70	MD
21	8.2	1.886	2.870	7.134	6.560	1011.14	135.63	MA
22	14.1	3.384	3.948	13.395	10.857	1110.61	152.26	MI
23	9.6	2.208	2.784	8.448	8.448	777.18	133.35	MN
24	17.6	2.640	5.456	1.760	17.600	896.07	155.77	MS
25	16.1	6.923	5.474	14.812	13.524	790.32	144.45	МО
26	21.4	8.346	9.416	17.976	18.190	816.21	85.15	MT
27	14.9	1.937	5.215	13.857	13.410	732.28	114.82	NE
28	14.7	5.439	4.704	13.965	14.553	1029.87	138.71	NV
29	11.6	4.060	3.480	10.092	9.628	746.54	120.21	NH
30	11.2	1.792	3.136	9.632	8.736	1301.52	159.85	NJ
31	18.4	3.496	4.968	12.328	18.032	869.85	120.75	NM
32	12.3	3.936	3.567	10.824	9.840	1234.31	150.01	NY
33	16.8	6.552	5.208	15.792	13.608	708.24	127.82	NC
34	23.9	5.497	10.038	23.661	20.554	688.75	109.72	ND

	total	speeding	alcohol	not_distracted	no_previous	ins_premium	ins_losses	abbrev
35	14.1	3.948	4.794	13.959	11.562	697.73	133.52	ОН
36	19.9	6.368	5.771	18.308	18.706	881.51	178.86	ОК
37	12.8	4.224	3.328	8.576	11.520	804.71	104.61	OR
38	18.2	9.100	5.642	17.472	16.016	905.99	153.86	PA
39	11.1	3.774	4.218	10.212	8.769	1148.99	148.58	RI
40	23.9	9.082	9.799	22.944	19.359	858.97	116.29	SC
41	19.4	6.014	6.402	19.012	16.684	669.31	96.87	SD
42	19.5	4.095	5.655	15.990	15.795	767.91	155.57	TN
43	19.4	7.760	7.372	17.654	16.878	1004.75	156.83	TX
44	11.3	4.859	1.808	9.944	10.848	809.38	109.48	UT
45	13.6	4.080	4.080	13.056	12.920	716.20	109.61	VT
46	12.7	2.413	3.429	11.049	11.176	768.95	153.72	VA
47	10.6	4.452	3.498	8.692	9.116	890.03	111.62	WA
48	23.8	8.092	6.664	23.086	20.706	992.61	152.56	WV
49	13.8	4.968	4.554	5.382	11.592	670.31	106.62	WI
50	17.4	7.308	5.568	14.094	15.660	791.14	122.04	WY

In [12]: df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>

RangeIndex: 51 entries, 0 to 50 Data columns (total 8 columns):

		,	
#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	total	51 non-null	float64
1	speeding	51 non-null	float64
2	alcohol	51 non-null	float64
3	<pre>not_distracted</pre>	51 non-null	float64
4	no_previous	51 non-null	float64
5	ins_premium	51 non-null	float64
6	ins_losses	51 non-null	float64
7	abbrev	51 non-null	obiect

dtypes: float64(7), object(1)

memory usage: 3.3+ KB

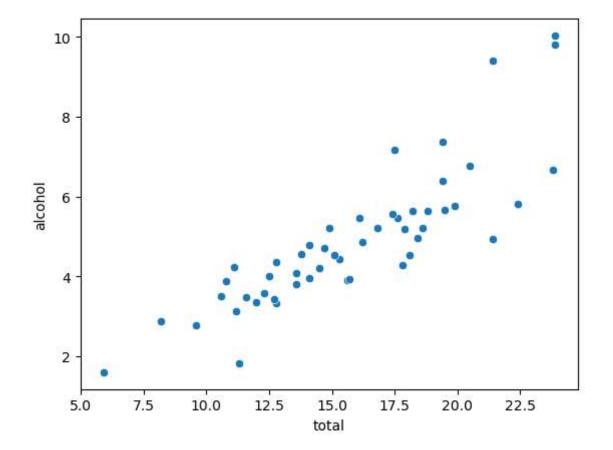
In [13]: df.head(33)

Out[13]:

	total	speeding	alcohol	not_distracted	no_previous	ins_premium	ins_losses	abbrev
0	18.8	7.332	5.640	18.048	15.040	784.55	145.08	AL
1	18.1	7.421	4.525	16.290	17.014	1053.48	133.93	AK
2	18.6	6.510	5.208	15.624	17.856	899.47	110.35	AZ
3	22.4	4.032	5.824	21.056	21.280	827.34	142.39	AR
4	12.0	4.200	3.360	10.920	10.680	878.41	165.63	CA
5	13.6	5.032	3.808	10.744	12.920	835.50	139.91	CO
6	10.8	4.968	3.888	9.396	8.856	1068.73	167.02	СТ
7	16.2	6.156	4.860	14.094	16.038	1137.87	151.48	DE
8	5.9	2.006	1.593	5.900	5.900	1273.89	136.05	DC
9	17.9	3.759	5.191	16.468	16.826	1160.13	144.18	FL
10	15.6	2.964	3.900	14.820	14.508	913.15	142.80	GA
11	17.5	9.450	7.175	14.350	15.225	861.18	120.92	HI
12	15.3	5.508	4.437	13.005	14.994	641.96	82.75	ID
13	12.8	4.608	4.352	12.032	12.288	803.11	139.15	IL
14	14.5	3.625	4.205	13.775	13.775	710.46	108.92	IN
15	15.7	2.669	3.925	15.229	13.659	649.06	114.47	IA
16	17.8	4.806	4.272	13.706	15.130	780.45	133.80	KS
17	21.4	4.066	4.922	16.692	16.264	872.51	137.13	KY
18	20.5	7.175	6.765	14.965	20.090	1281.55	194.78	LA
19	15.1	5.738	4.530	13.137	12.684	661.88	96.57	ME
20	12.5	4.250	4.000	8.875	12.375	1048.78	192.70	MD
21	8.2	1.886	2.870	7.134	6.560	1011.14	135.63	MA
22	14.1	3.384	3.948	13.395	10.857	1110.61	152.26	MI
23	9.6	2.208	2.784	8.448	8.448	777.18	133.35	MN
24	17.6	2.640	5.456	1.760	17.600	896.07	155.77	MS
25	16.1	6.923	5.474	14.812	13.524	790.32	144.45	МО
26	21.4	8.346	9.416	17.976	18.190	816.21	85.15	MT
27	14.9	1.937	5.215	13.857	13.410	732.28	114.82	NE
28	14.7	5.439	4.704	13.965	14.553	1029.87	138.71	NV
29	11.6	4.060	3.480	10.092	9.628	746.54	120.21	NH
30	11.2	1.792	3.136	9.632	8.736	1301.52	159.85	NJ
31	18.4	3.496	4.968	12.328	18.032	869.85	120.75	NM
32	12.3	3.936	3.567	10.824	9.840	1234.31	150.01	NY

```
In [14]: sns.scatterplot(x="total",y="alcohol",data=df)
```

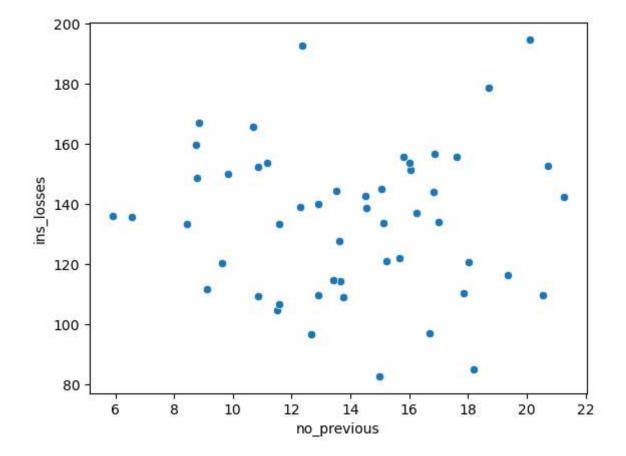
Out[14]: <Axes: xlabel='total', ylabel='alcohol'>



In [ ]: Inference:from the plot we can say that as total amount increases alcohol is a

```
In [17]: sns.scatterplot(x="no_previous",y="ins_losses",data=df)
```

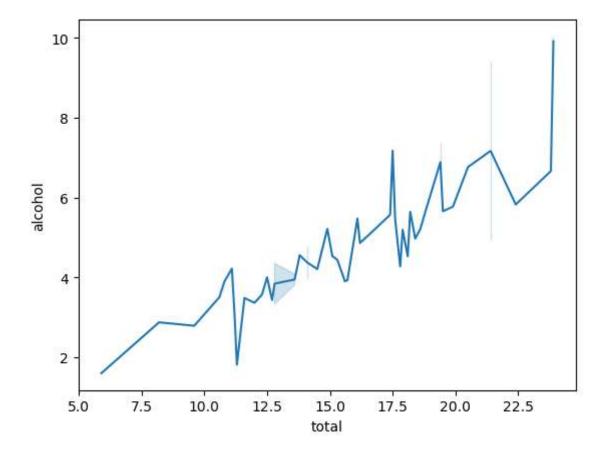
Out[17]: <Axes: xlabel='no\_previous', ylabel='ins\_losses'>



In [ ]: Inference: In plot ins\_losses increases no\_previous decreases

```
In [18]: sns.lineplot(x="total",y="alcohol",data=df)
```

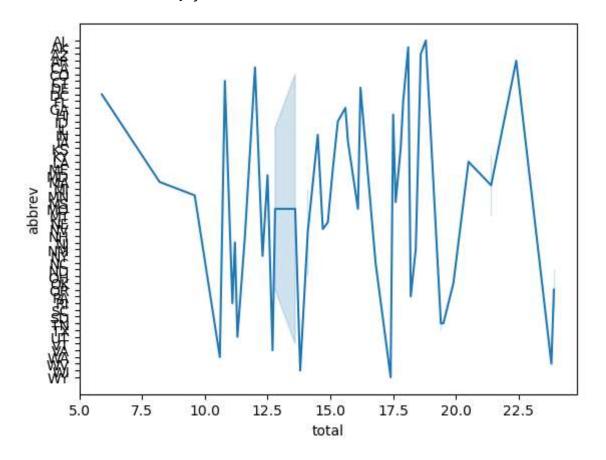
Out[18]: <Axes: xlabel='total', ylabel='alcohol'>



In [ ]: Inference:line plot from 12 to 15

```
In [19]: sns.lineplot(x="total",y="abbrev",data=df)
```

Out[19]: <Axes: xlabel='total', ylabel='abbrev'>



In [ ]: Inference:line plot from 12 to 14

In [22]: | sns.distplot(df["total"])

C:\Users\HP\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_7292\1102674835.py:1: UserWarning:

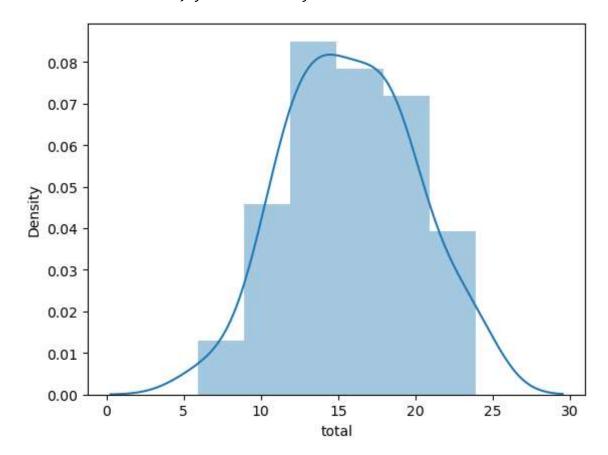
`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751 (https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751)

sns.distplot(df["total"])

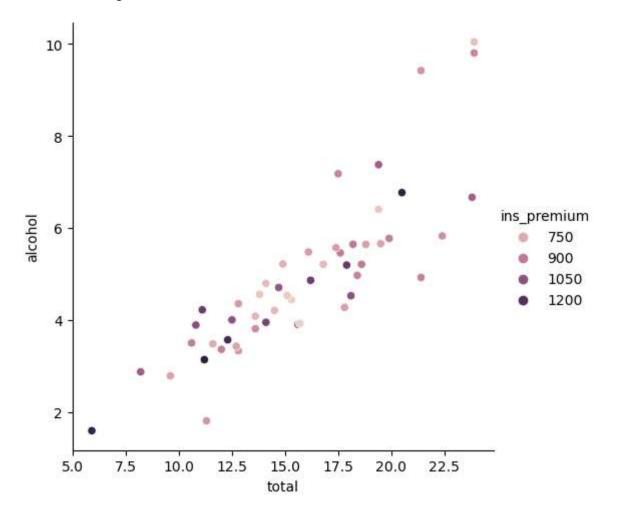
Out[22]: <Axes: xlabel='total', ylabel='Density'>



In [ ]: Inference: density incerases then total amount also increases

```
In [26]: sns.relplot(x="total",y="alcohol",data=df,hue="ins_premium")
```

Out[26]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1ebe77d2410>



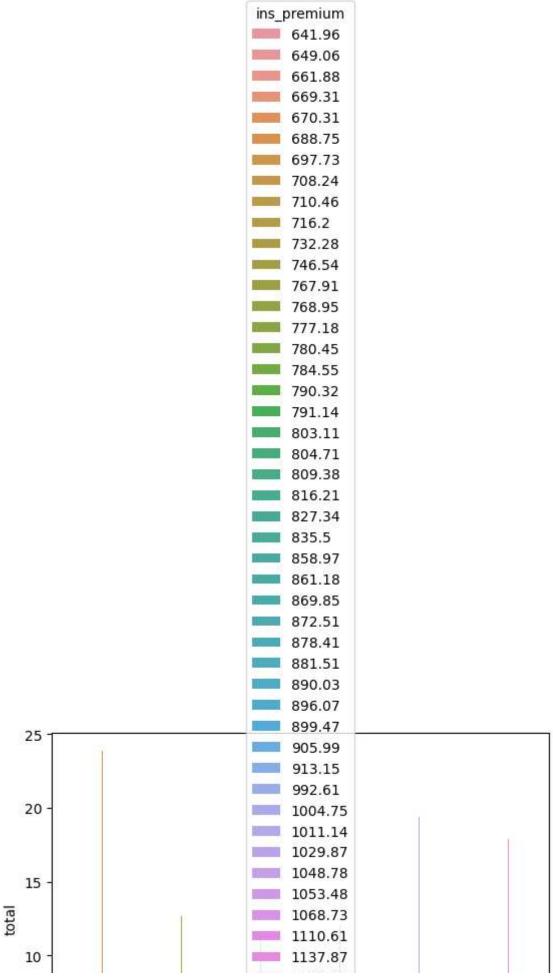
In [ ]: Inference: in this variable is ins\_premium increases

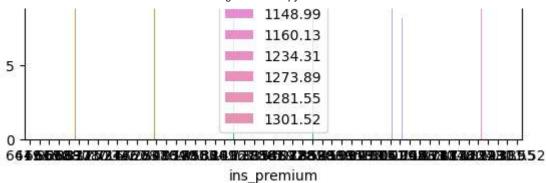
```
In [27]: |df["ins_premium"].value_counts()
Out[27]: 784.55
                     1
          905.99
                     1
          1029.87
                     1
          746.54
                     1
          1301.52
                     1
          869.85
                     1
          1234.31
                     1
          708.24
                     1
          688.75
                     1
          697.73
                     1
          881.51
                     1
          804.71
                     1
          1148.99
                     1
          816.21
                     1
          858.97
                     1
          669.31
                     1
          767.91
                     1
          1004.75
                     1
          809.38
                     1
          716.20
                     1
          768.95
                     1
          890.03
                     1
          992.61
                     1
          670.31
                     1
          732.28
                     1
          790.32
                     1
          1053.48
                     1
          641.96
                     1
          899.47
                     1
          827.34
                     1
          878.41
                     1
          835.50
                     1
          1068.73
                     1
          1137.87
                     1
          1273.89
                     1
          1160.13
                     1
          913.15
                     1
          861.18
                      1
          803.11
                     1
          896.07
                     1
          710.46
                     1
          649.06
                     1
          780.45
                     1
          872.51
                     1
          1281.55
                     1
          661.88
                     1
          1048.78
                     1
          1011.14
                     1
          1110.61
                     1
          777.18
                      1
          791.14
                     1
          Name: ins_premium, dtype: int64
```

```
sns.barplot(data=df,x="ins_premium",y="total")
 In [28]:
Out[28]: <Axes: xlabel='ins_premium', ylabel='total'>
                                                                                       25
                                                                                       20
                                                                                       15
                                                                     total
                                                                                       10
       In [ ]: Inference: total and ins_premium increases and decreases
                                                              sns.barplot(data=df,x="alcohol",y="total")
 In [29]:
Out[29]: <Axes: xlabel='alcohol', ylabel='total'>
                                                                                                          25
                                                                                                          20
                                                                                                           15
                                                                                        total
                                                                                                            10
                                                                                                                 5
                                                                        1.5930GCCCCOTTON OF THE PERSON OF THE PERSO
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    alcohol
```

In [ ]: Inference:alcohol and total inceases and decreases

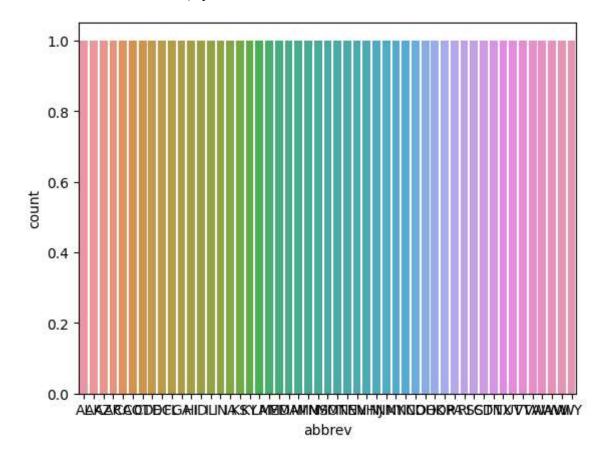
```
In [30]: sns.barplot(data=df,x="ins_premium",y="total",hue="ins_premium")
Out[30]: <Axes: xlabel='ins_premium', ylabel='total'>
```





```
In [ ]: Inference:ins_premium increases
In [32]: sns.countplot(x="abbrev",data=df)
```

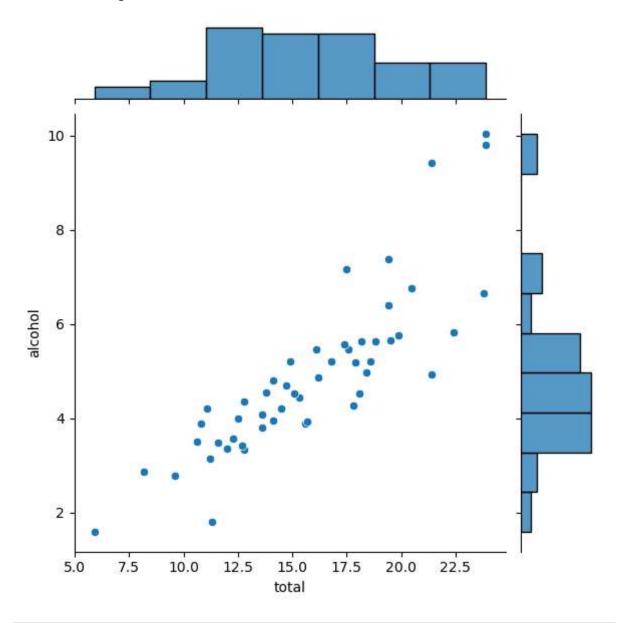
Out[32]: <Axes: xlabel='abbrev', ylabel='count'>



In [ ]: Inference:abbrev and count are equal from the graph

```
In [33]: sns.jointplot(x="total",y="alcohol",data=df)
```

Out[33]: <seaborn.axisgrid.JointGrid at 0x1ebebbe7490>



```
In [ ]: The relation between total and alcohol is Bivariet analysis
```

```
In []: non_alcohol
7.56
6.78
4.67
9.76
3.67
9.65
2.56
100
```

```
In []: non_alcohol
7.56 6.78 4.67 9.76 3.67 9.65 2.56 100
2.56 3.67 4.67 6.78 7.56 9.65 9.76 100

Q1=4.17=LOWER QUARTILE

Median ==6.78+7.56/2=7.17 Q2

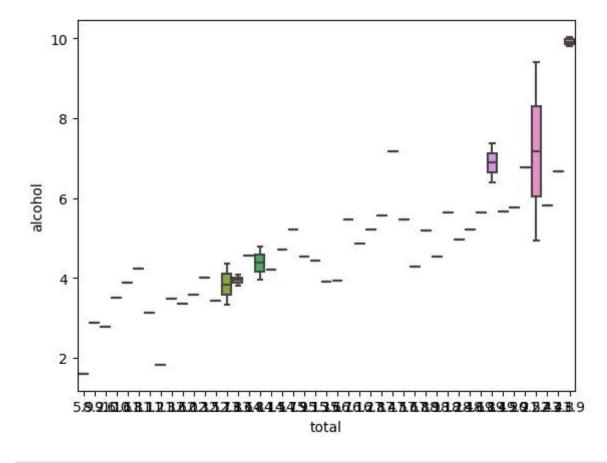
Q3=9.705=UPPER QRARTILE

IQR=INTER QUARTILE RANGE=Q3-Q1=5.535
```

```
![image.png](attachment:image.png)
```

```
In [37]: sns.boxplot(x="total",y="alcohol",data=df)
```

Out[37]: <Axes: xlabel='total', ylabel='alcohol'>



In [ ]: Inference: total increases then alcohol also increases

## In [ ]: | Correlation

positive correlation negative correlation neutral correlation

![image.png](attachment:image.png)

# In [41]: corr=df.corr() corr

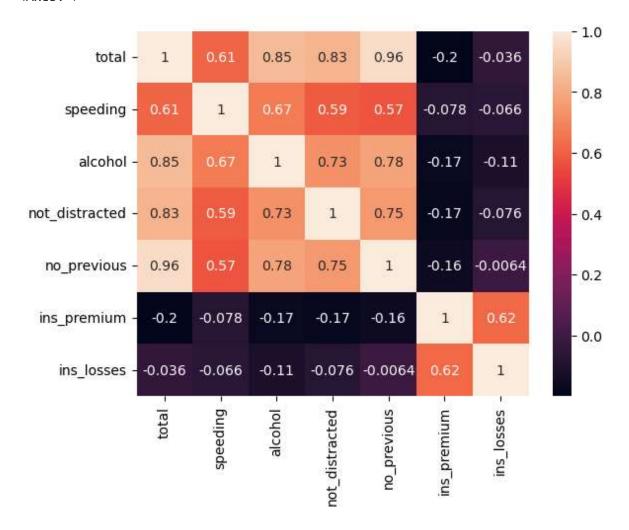
C:\Users\HP\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_7292\3182140910.py:1: FutureWarning:
The default value of numeric\_only in DataFrame.corr is deprecated. In a futur
e version, it will default to False. Select only valid columns or specify the
value of numeric\_only to silence this warning.
 corr=df.corr()

#### Out[41]:

_		total	speeding	alcohol	not_distracted	no_previous	ins_premium	ins_lo
_	total	1.000000	0.611548	0.852613	0.827560	0.956179	-0.199702	-0.03
	speeding	0.611548	1.000000	0.669719	0.588010	0.571976	-0.077675	-0.06
	alcohol	0.852613	0.669719	1.000000	0.732816	0.783520	-0.170612	-0.11
	not_distracted	0.827560	0.588010	0.732816	1.000000	0.747307	-0.174856	-0.07
	no_previous	0.956179	0.571976	0.783520	0.747307	1.000000	-0.156895	-0.00
	ins_premium	-0.199702	-0.077675	-0.170612	-0.174856	-0.156895	1.000000	0.62
	ins_losses	-0.036011	-0.065928	-0.112547	-0.075970	-0.006359	0.623116	1.00

In [45]: sns.heatmap(corr,annot=True)

Out[45]: <Axes: >



In [ ]: Inference: the grpah plot is about all the rows and column attributes