NumPy Exercises

Now that we've learned about NumPy let's test your knowledge. We'll start off with a few simple tasks, and then you'll be asked some more complicated questions.

Import NumPy as np

```
import numpy as np
```

Create an array of 10 zeros

```
np.zeros(10)
```

```
array([0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.])
```

Create an array of 10 ones

```
np.ones(10)
```

```
array([1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.])
```

Create an array of 10 fives

```
np.ones(10) * 5
```

```
array([5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5.])
```

Create an array of the integers from 10 to 50

```
np.arange(10,51)
```

```
array([10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26,
       27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43,
       44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50])
```

Create an array of all the even integers from 10 to 50

```
print(np.arange(10,51,2))
```

```
[10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50]
```

▾ Create a 3x3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8

```
np.arange(0,9).reshape((3,3))
```

```
array([[0, 1, 2],
       [3, 4, 5],
       [6, 7, 8]])
```

▾ Create a 3x3 identity matrix

```
np.eye(3)
```

```
array([[1., 0., 0.],
       [0., 1., 0.],
       [0., 0., 1.]])
```

▾ Use NumPy to generate a random number between 0 and 1

```
ran_num=np.random.rand()
ran_num
```

```
0.5272485509079097
```

▾ Use NumPy to generate an array of 25 random numbers sampled from a standard normal distribution

```
a=np.random.randn(25)
a
```

```
array([ 0.24616312,  0.18096014, -0.57835141, -0.81927696, -1.00096588,
        1.53306531, -0.12196917,  0.21899702, -0.85560426, -0.90579688,
       -1.06350171,  0.37410153,  0.95474241,  1.10689542,  0.22286488,
        0.55392515, -0.79912497, -0.30350819, -0.96670826, -1.06244757,
        0.14087378, -1.22250432,  0.46964178,  1.66583037,  2.20338168])
```

▾ Create the following matrix:

```
ar=np.arange(0.01,1.0,0.01)
ar
```

```
array([0.01, 0.02, 0.03, 0.04, 0.05, 0.06, 0.07, 0.08, 0.09, 0.1 , 0.11,
       0.12, 0.13, 0.14, 0.15, 0.16, 0.17, 0.18, 0.19, 0.2 , 0.21, 0.22,
       0.23, 0.24, 0.25, 0.26, 0.27, 0.28, 0.29, 0.3 , 0.31, 0.32, 0.33,
       0.34, 0.35, 0.36, 0.37, 0.38, 0.39, 0.4 , 0.41, 0.42, 0.43, 0.44,
       0.45, 0.46, 0.47, 0.48, 0.49, 0.5 , 0.51, 0.52, 0.53, 0.54, 0.55,
       0.56, 0.57, 0.58, 0.59, 0.6 , 0.61, 0.62, 0.63, 0.64, 0.65, 0.66,
       0.67, 0.68, 0.69, 0.7 , 0.71, 0.72, 0.73, 0.74, 0.75, 0.76, 0.77,
       0.78, 0.79, 0.8 , 0.81, 0.82, 0.83, 0.84, 0.85, 0.86, 0.87, 0.88,
       0.89, 0.9 , 0.91, 0.92, 0.93, 0.94, 0.95, 0.96, 0.97, 0.98, 0.99])
```

▼ Create an array of 20 linearly spaced points between 0 and 1:

```
np.linspace(0,1,20)
```

```
array([0.        , 0.05263158, 0.10526316, 0.15789474, 0.21052632,
       0.26315789, 0.31578947, 0.36842105, 0.42105263, 0.47368421,
       0.52631579, 0.57894737, 0.63157895, 0.68421053, 0.73684211,
       0.78947368, 0.84210526, 0.89473684, 0.94736842, 1.        ])
```

▼ Numpy Indexing and Selection

Now you will be given a few matrices, and be asked to replicate the resulting matrix outputs:

```
mat = np.arange(1,26).reshape(5,5)
mat
```

```
array([[ 1,  2,  3,  4,  5],
       [ 6,  7,  8,  9, 10],
       [11, 12, 13, 14, 15],
       [16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
       [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
```

```
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
```

```
mat[2: ,1:]
```

```
array([[12, 13, 14, 15],
       [17, 18, 19, 20],
       [22, 23, 24, 25]])
```

```
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
```

```
mat[3,4]
```

```
20
```

```
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
```

```
mat[0:3,1:2]
```

```
array([[ 2],
       [ 7],
       [12]])
```

```
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
```

```
mat[4]
```

```
array([21, 22, 23, 24, 25])
```

```
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
```

```
mat[3:]
```

```
array([[16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
       [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
```

▾ Now do the following

▾ Get the sum of all the values in mat

```
mat.sum()
```

```
325
```

▾ Get the standard deviation of the values in mat

```
mat.std()
```

```
7.211102550927978
```

▾ Get the sum of all the columns in mat

```
mat.sum(axis=0)
```

```
array([55, 60, 65, 70, 75])
```

Double-click (or enter) to edit

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