

Importing pandas

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
```

Loading the dataset into a DataFrame

```
In [2]: df = pd.read_csv('Employee-Attrition.csv')
```

```
In [3]: df
```

Out[3]:

	Age	Attrition	BusinessTravel	DailyRate	Department	DistanceFromHome	Education	E
0	41	Yes	Travel_Rarely	1102	Sales	1	2	
1	49	No	Travel_Frequently	279	Research & Development	8	1	
2	37	Yes	Travel_Rarely	1373	Research & Development	2	2	
3	33	No	Travel_Frequently	1392	Research & Development	3	4	
4	27	No	Travel_Rarely	591	Research & Development	2	1	
...
1465	36	No	Travel_Frequently	884	Research & Development	23	2	
1466	39	No	Travel_Rarely	613	Research & Development	6	1	
1467	27	No	Travel_Rarely	155	Research & Development	4	3	
1468	49	No	Travel_Frequently	1023	Sales	2	3	
1469	34	No	Travel_Rarely	628	Research & Development	8	3	

1470 rows × 35 columns



Data Preprocessing

Importing the required from scikit learn library

```
In [4]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, precision_score, recall_score, f1_
```

Eliminating Null values

```
In [5]: df = df.drop(['EmployeeNumber', 'EmployeeCount'], axis=1)
df = pd.get_dummies(df, columns=['Department', 'EducationField', 'Gender'], dr
non_numeric_columns = ['EmployeeNumber', 'EmployeeCount', 'Attrition', 'Busine
```

Split the data into features (X) and the target variable (y)

```
In [6]: X = df.drop('Attrition', axis=1)
y = df['Attrition']
```

Split the data into training and testing sets

```
In [7]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, rande
```

```
In [8]: numeric_columns = [col for col in X_train.columns if col not in non_numeric_co
```

Feature scaling (standardization)

```
In [9]: scaler = StandardScaler()
X_train[numeric_columns] = scaler.fit_transform(X_train[numeric_columns])
X_test[numeric_columns] = scaler.transform(X_test[numeric_columns])
```

Logistic Regression Model

```
In [10]: logistic_reg_model = LogisticRegression(random_state=42)
logistic_reg_model.fit(X_train[numeric_columns], y_train)
```

```
Out[10]: LogisticRegression
LogisticRegression(random_state=42)
```

Make predictions

```
In [11]: y_pred_logistic = logistic_reg_model.predict(X_test[numeric_columns])
```

Calculate performance metrics for Logistic Regression

Calculate Accuracy

```
In [12]: accuracy_logistic = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_logistic)
print("Accuracy: " + str(round(accuracy_logistic, 2)))
```

Accuracy: 0.89

Calculate precision for yes and no class

```
In [13]: precision_yes_logistic = precision_score(y_test, y_pred_logistic, pos_label='Yes')
print("Precision (Yes): " + str(round(precision_yes_logistic, 2)))

precision_no_logistic = precision_score(y_test, y_pred_logistic, pos_label='No')
print("Precision (No): " + str(round(precision_no_logistic, 2)))
```

Precision (Yes): 0.83

Precision (No): 0.9

Calculate recall for yes and no class

```
In [14]: recall_yes_logistic = recall_score(y_test, y_pred_logistic, pos_label='Yes')
print("Recall (Yes): " + str(round(recall_yes_logistic, 2)))

recall_no_logistic = recall_score(y_test, y_pred_logistic, pos_label='No')
print("Recall (No): " + str(round(recall_no_logistic, 2)))
```

Recall (Yes): 0.26

Recall (No): 0.99

Calculate f1 score for yes and no class

```
In [15]: f1_score_yes_logistic = f1_score(y_test, y_pred_logistic, pos_label='Yes')
print("F1 Score (Yes): " + str(round(f1_score_yes_logistic, 2)))

f1_score_no_logistic = f1_score(y_test, y_pred_logistic, pos_label='No')
print("F1 Score (No): " + str(round(f1_score_no_logistic, 2)))
```

F1 Score (Yes): 0.39

F1 Score (No): 0.94

Confusion matrix

```
In [16]: confusion_matrix_logistic = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred_logistic)
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion_matrix_logistic)
```

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[253  2]
 [ 29 10]]
```

Classification Report

```
In [17]: print("\nClassification Report:")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred_logistic))
```

Classification Report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
No	0.90	0.99	0.94	255
Yes	0.83	0.26	0.39	39
accuracy			0.89	294
macro avg	0.87	0.62	0.67	294
weighted avg	0.89	0.89	0.87	294

Decision Tree Model

```
In [18]: decision_tree_model = DecisionTreeClassifier(random_state=42)
decision_tree_model.fit(X_train[numeric_columns], y_train)
```

```
Out[18]:
```

DecisionTreeClassifier

DecisionTreeClassifier(random_state=42)

Make predictions

```
In [19]: y_pred_tree = decision_tree_model.predict(X_test[numeric_columns])
```

Calculate performance metrics for Decision Tree

Calculate Accuracy

```
In [20]: accuracy_tree = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_tree)
print("Accuracy: " + str(round(accuracy_tree, 2)))
```

Accuracy: 0.81

Calculate precision for yes and no class

```
In [21]: precision_yes_tree = precision_score(y_test, y_pred_tree, pos_label='Yes')
print("Precision (Yes): " + str(round(precision_yes_tree, 2)))

precision_no_tree = precision_score(y_test, y_pred_tree, pos_label='No')
print("Precision (No): " + str(round(precision_no_tree, 2)))
```

Precision (Yes): 0.3

Precision (No): 0.9

Calculate recall for yes and no class

```
In [22]: recall_yes_tree = recall_score(y_test, y_pred_tree, pos_label='Yes')
print("Recall (Yes): " + str(round(recall_yes_tree, 2)))

recall_no_tree = recall_score(y_test, y_pred_tree, pos_label='No')
print("Recall (No): " + str(round(recall_no_tree, 2)))
```

Recall (Yes): 0.33

Recall (No): 0.88

Calculate f1 score for yes and no class

```
In [23]: f1_score_yes_tree = f1_score(y_test, y_pred_tree, pos_label='Yes')
print("F1 Score (Yes): " + str(round(f1_score_yes_tree, 2)))

f1_score_no_tree = f1_score(y_test, y_pred_tree, pos_label='No')
print("F1 Score (No): " + str(round(f1_score_no_tree, 2)))
```

F1 Score (Yes): 0.31

F1 Score (No): 0.89

Confusion matrix

```
In [24]: confusion_matrix_tree = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred_tree)
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion_matrix_tree)
```

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[224  31]
 [ 26  13]]
```

Classification Report

```
In [25]: print("\nClassification Report:")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred_tree))
```

Classification Report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
No	0.90	0.88	0.89	255
Yes	0.30	0.33	0.31	39
accuracy			0.81	294
macro avg	0.60	0.61	0.60	294
weighted avg	0.82	0.81	0.81	294