

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
print(sns.get_dataset_names())
```

```
['anagrams', 'anscombe', 'attention', 'brain_networks', 'car_crashes', 'diamonds', 'dots', 'dowjones', 'exercise', 'flights', 'fmri', 'g
```

```
df = sns.load_dataset('car_crashes')
print(df)
```

	total	speeding	alcohol	not_distracted	no_previous	ins_premium	\
0	18.8	7.332	5.640	18.048	15.040	784.55	
1	18.1	7.421	4.525	16.290	17.014	1053.48	
2	18.6	6.510	5.208	15.624	17.856	899.47	
3	22.4	4.032	5.824	21.056	21.280	827.34	
4	12.0	4.200	3.360	10.920	10.680	878.41	
5	13.6	5.032	3.808	10.744	12.920	835.50	
6	10.8	4.968	3.888	9.396	8.856	1068.73	
7	16.2	6.156	4.860	14.094	16.038	1137.87	
8	5.9	2.006	1.593	5.900	5.900	1273.89	
9	17.9	3.759	5.191	16.468	16.826	1160.13	
10	15.6	2.964	3.900	14.820	14.508	913.15	
11	17.5	9.450	7.175	14.350	15.225	861.18	
12	15.3	5.508	4.437	13.005	14.994	641.96	
13	12.8	4.608	4.352	12.032	12.288	803.11	
14	14.5	3.625	4.205	13.775	13.775	710.46	
15	15.7	2.669	3.925	15.229	13.659	649.06	
16	17.8	4.806	4.272	13.706	15.130	780.45	
17	21.4	4.066	4.922	16.692	16.264	872.51	
18	20.5	7.175	6.765	14.965	20.090	1281.55	
19	15.1	5.738	4.530	13.137	12.684	661.88	
20	12.5	4.250	4.000	8.875	12.375	1048.78	
21	8.2	1.886	2.870	7.134	6.560	1011.14	
22	14.1	3.384	3.948	13.395	10.857	1110.61	
23	9.6	2.208	2.784	8.448	8.448	777.18	
24	17.6	2.640	5.456	1.760	17.600	896.07	
25	16.1	6.923	5.474	14.812	13.524	790.32	
26	21.4	8.346	9.416	17.976	18.190	816.21	
27	14.9	1.937	5.215	13.857	13.410	732.28	
28	14.7	5.439	4.704	13.965	14.553	1029.87	
29	11.6	4.060	3.480	10.092	9.628	746.54	
30	11.2	1.792	3.136	9.632	8.736	1301.52	
31	18.4	3.496	4.968	12.328	18.032	869.85	
32	12.3	3.936	3.567	10.824	9.840	1234.31	
33	16.8	6.552	5.208	15.792	13.608	708.24	
34	23.9	5.497	10.038	23.661	20.554	688.75	
35	14.1	3.948	4.794	13.959	11.562	697.73	
36	19.9	6.368	5.771	18.308	18.706	881.51	
37	12.8	4.224	3.328	8.576	11.520	804.71	
38	18.2	9.100	5.642	17.472	16.016	905.99	
39	11.1	3.774	4.218	10.212	8.769	1148.99	
40	23.9	9.082	9.799	22.944	19.359	858.97	
41	19.4	6.014	6.402	19.012	16.684	669.31	
42	19.5	4.095	5.655	15.990	15.795	767.91	
43	19.4	7.760	7.372	17.654	16.878	1004.75	
44	11.3	4.859	1.808	9.944	10.848	809.38	
45	13.6	4.080	4.080	13.056	12.920	716.20	
46	12.7	2.413	3.429	11.049	11.176	768.95	
47	10.6	4.452	3.498	8.692	9.116	890.03	
48	23.8	8.092	6.664	23.086	20.706	992.61	
49	13.8	4.968	4.554	5.382	11.592	670.31	
50	17.4	7.308	5.568	14.094	15.660	791.14	

	ins_losses	abbrev
0	145.08	AL
1	133.93	AK
2	110.35	AZ
3	142.39	AR

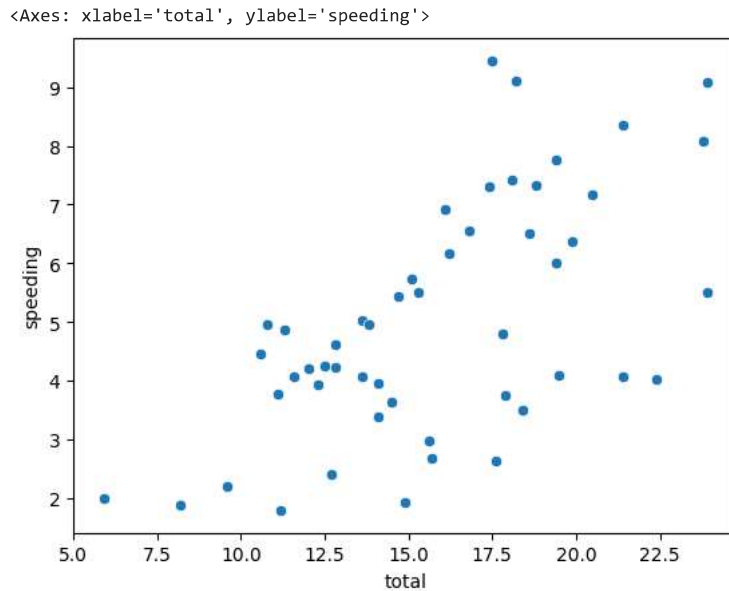
```
sns.__version__
```

```
'0.12.2'
```

```
df.info()
```

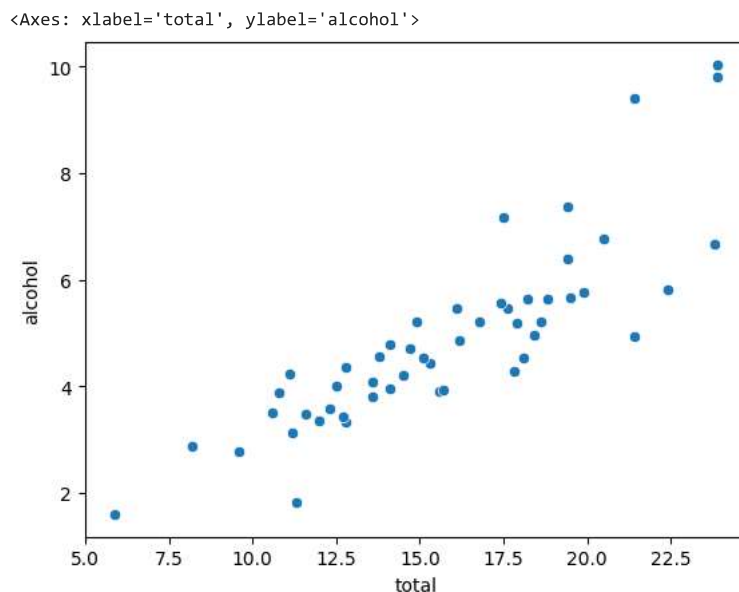
```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 51 entries, 0 to 50
Data columns (total 8 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  ---
0   total            51 non-null    float64
1   speeding         51 non-null    float64
2   alcohol          51 non-null    float64
3   not_distracted   51 non-null    float64
4   no_previous      51 non-null    float64
5   ins_premium      51 non-null    float64
6   ins_losses       51 non-null    float64
7   abbrev           51 non-null    object
dtypes: float64(7), object(1)
memory usage: 3.3+ KB
```

```
sns.scatterplot(x="total",y="speeding",data=df)
```



Inference: Here we can clearly observe that increase in speed has caused many car crashes. Which shows the direct proportionality in between total and speeding of car crashes.

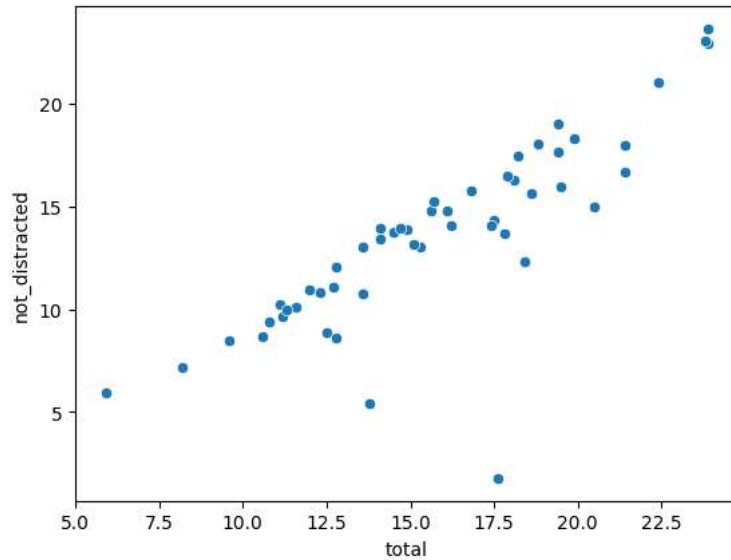
```
sns.scatterplot(x="total",y="alcohol",data=df)
```



Inference: In the above graph ,it is obvious that excessive alcohol consumption has contributed to numerous auto accidents. which demonstrates the direct correlation between the overall number of crashes and alcohol use.

```
sns.scatterplot(x="total",y="not_distracted",data=df)
```

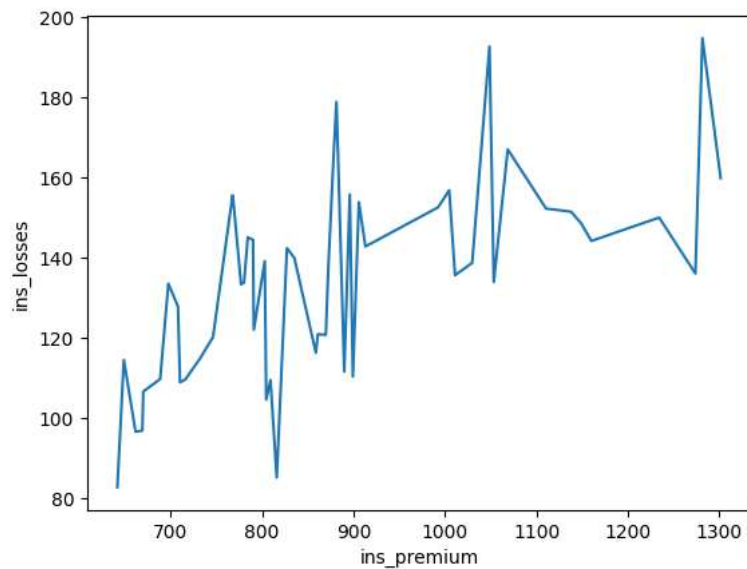
```
<Axes: xlabel='total', ylabel='not_distracted'>
```



Inference: Here we can clearly observe that not_distracted has caused many car crashes. Which shows the direct proportionality in between total and not_distracted of car crashes.

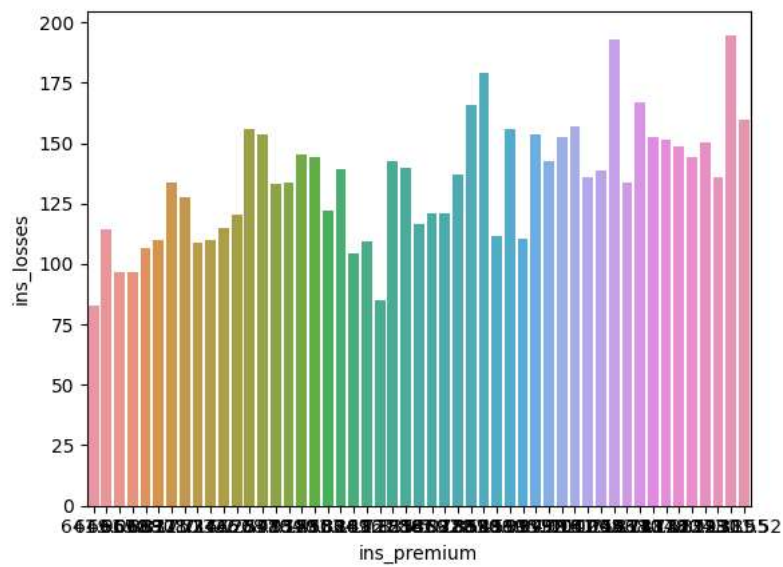
```
sns.lineplot(x="ins_premium",y="ins_losses",data=df)
```

```
<Axes: xlabel='ins_premium', ylabel='ins_losses'>
```



```
sns.barplot(data=df,x="ins_premium",y="ins_losses")
```

```
<Axes: xlabel='ins_premium', ylabel='ins_losses'>
```



Inference: There is an irregular plotting of lineplot of ins_premium and ins_losses. which defines that insurance losses is directly proportional to insurance premium. where increase in insurance premium also tends to increase in insurance loss.

```
sns.distplot(df['ins_premium'])
```

```
<ipython-input-4-2616b6ce983b>:1: UserWarning:
```

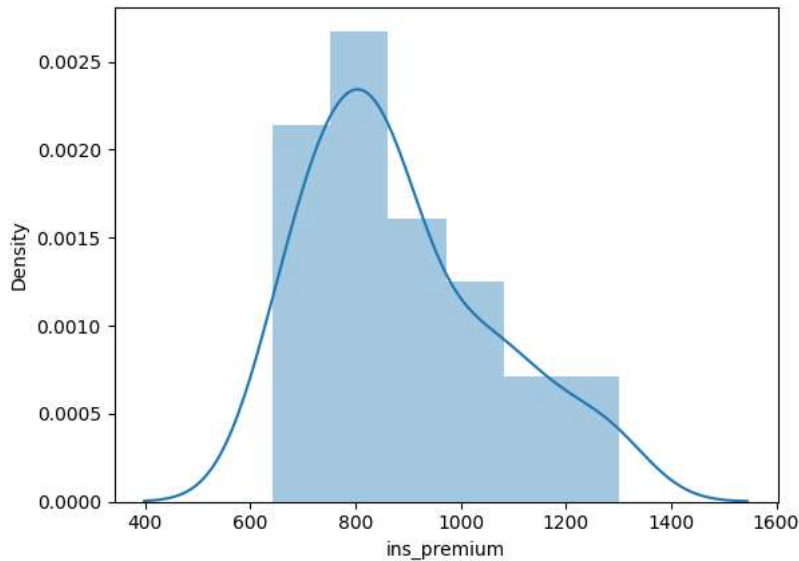
```
`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.
```

Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see

<https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751>

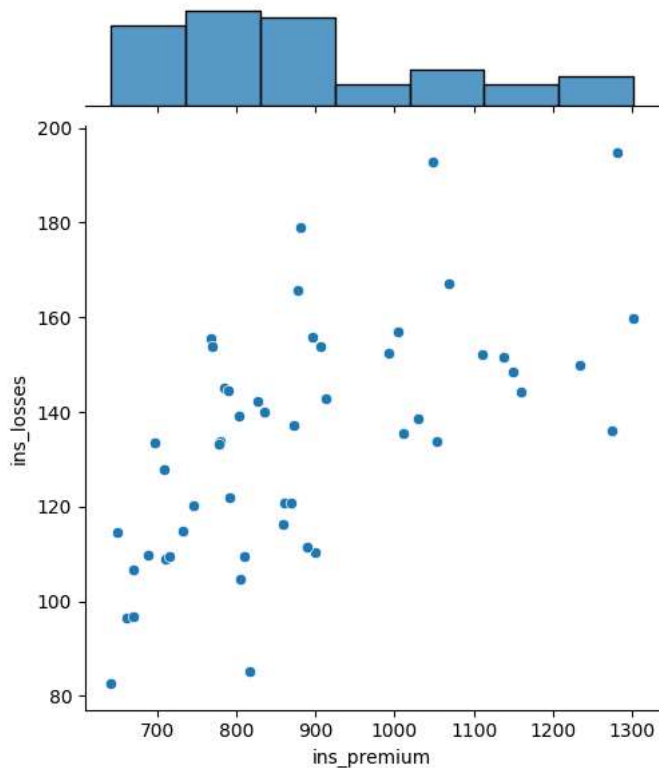
```
sns.distplot(df['ins_premium'])  
<Axes: xlabel='ins_premium', ylabel='Density'>
```



Inference: The above graph is about the density of the insurance premium where there is a huge increase in the density of insurance premium at a point of 800.

```
sns.jointplot(data=df,x="ins_premium",y="ins_losses")
```

```
<seaborn.axisgrid.JointGrid at 0x7d1d5bfbbe50>
```



Inference: The above graph is about jointplot of ins_premium and ins_losses where the plotting of graph is randomly distributed through out the graph. We can observe the density of ins_premium and ins_losses where they show in great increase and decrease.

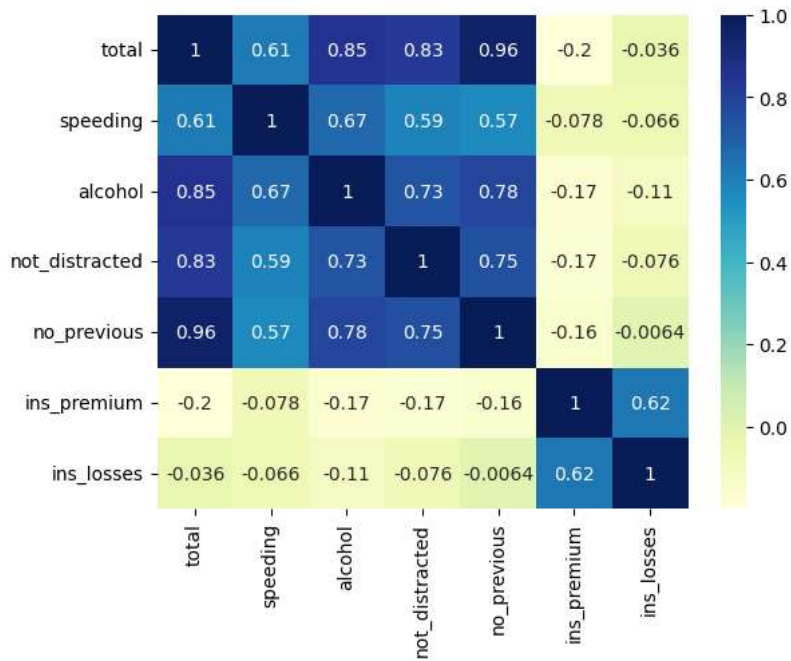
```
corr=df.corr()
corr
```

```
<ipython-input-22-7d5195e2bf4d>:1: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric_only in DataFrame.corr is deprecated. In a future versior
corr=df.corr()
```

	total	speeding	alcohol	not_distracted	no_previous	ins_premium	ins_losses
total	1.000000	0.611548	0.852613	0.827560	0.956179	-0.199702	-0.036011
speeding	0.611548	1.000000	0.669719	0.588010	0.571976	-0.077675	-0.065928
alcohol	0.852613	0.669719	1.000000	0.732816	0.783520	-0.170612	-0.112547
not_distracted	0.827560	0.588010	0.732816	1.000000	0.747307	-0.174856	-0.075970
no_previous	0.956179	0.571976	0.783520	0.747307	1.000000	-0.156895	-0.006359
ins_premium	-0.199702	-0.077675	-0.170612	-0.174856	-0.156895	1.000000	0.623116
ins_losses	-0.036011	-0.065928	-0.112547	-0.075970	-0.006359	0.623116	1.000000

```
sns.heatmap(corr,annot=True,cmap="YlGnBu")
```

<Axes: >



Inference: The above data is the correlation of the car crashes data. Where we can observe the clear correlation between each and every info of the car crashes data.