21BCE8425

NumPy Exercises

VIT AP

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Now that we've learned about NumPy let's test your knowledge. We'll start off with a few
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simple tasks, and then you'll be asked some more complicated questions.
Import NumPy as np
import numpy as np
Create an array of 10 zeros
m = np.zeros(10)
array([0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.])
Create an array of 10 ones
ones_array = np.ones(10)
print(ones_array)
[1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.]
Create an array of 10 fives
ones_array = np.ones(10)*5
print(ones_array)
[5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5.]
Create an array of the integers from 10 to 50
array_of_integers = np.arange(10, 51)
print(array_of_integers)
[10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32
33
 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50]
Create an array of all the even integers from 10 to 50
array_of_integers = np.arange(10, 51,2)
print(array_of_integers)
[10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50]
Create a 3x3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8
array_values = np.arange(9)
matrix_3x3 = array_values.reshape(3, 3)
print(matrix_3x3)
[[0 1 2]
 [3 4 5]
 [6 7 8]]
Create a 3x3 identity matrix
i = np.eye(3)
print(i)
[[1. 0. 0.]
[0. 1. 0.]
 [0. 0. 1.]]
Use NumPy to generate a random number between 0 and 1
random_number = np.random.rand()
print(random_number)
0.2246736378842077
Use NumPy to generate an array of 25 random numbers sampled from a standard
normal distribution
t = np.random.rand(25)
print(t)
[0.30066294 0.10607273 0.7183303 0.04470255 0.80065929 0.9612569
 0.6879539  0.75276308  0.63201748  0.01580022  0.34700254  0.46594567
 0.62181996 0.93825758 0.7014909 0.77356877 0.34826449 0.40360961
 0.55024437 0.33157181 0.42577876 0.57617595 0.67438889 0.1639997
 0.61866503]
Create the following matrix:
array = np.linspace(0.01, 1.0, 100)
e= array.reshape(10,10)
print(e)
[[0.01 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.07 0.08 0.09 0.1 ]
 [0.11 0.12 0.13 0.14 0.15 0.16 0.17 0.18 0.19 0.2 ]
 [0.21 0.22 0.23 0.24 0.25 0.26 0.27 0.28 0.29 0.3 ]
 [0.31 0.32 0.33 0.34 0.35 0.36 0.37 0.38 0.39 0.4 ]
 [0.41 0.42 0.43 0.44 0.45 0.46 0.47 0.48 0.49 0.5 ]
 [0.51 0.52 0.53 0.54 0.55 0.56 0.57 0.58 0.59 0.6 ]
 [0.61 0.62 0.63 0.64 0.65 0.66 0.67 0.68 0.69 0.7 ]
 [0.71 0.72 0.73 0.74 0.75 0.76 0.77 0.78 0.79 0.8 ]
 [0.81 0.82 0.83 0.84 0.85 0.86 0.87 0.88 0.89 0.9 ]
 [0.91 0.92 0.93 0.94 0.95 0.96 0.97 0.98 0.99 1. ]]
Create an array of 20 linearly spaced points between 0 and 1:
fed = np.linspace(0, 1, 20)
print(fed)
[0.
            0.05263158 0.10526316 0.15789474 0.21052632 0.26315789
 0.31578947 0.36842105 0.42105263 0.47368421 0.52631579 0.57894737
 0.63157895 0.68421053 0.73684211 0.78947368 0.84210526 0.89473684
 0.94736842 1.
                       ]
Numpy Indexing and Selection
Now you will be given a few matrices, and be asked to replicate the resulting matrix
outputs:
mat = np.arange(1, 26).reshape(5, 5)
mat
array([[ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5],
       [ 6, 7, 8, 9, 10],
       [11, 12, 13, 14, 15],
       [16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
       [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
mat[2:5,1:5]
array([[12, 13, 14, 15],
       [17, 18, 19, 20],
       [22, 23, 24, 25]])
mat[3:4,4:5]
array([[20]])
20
mat[0:3,1:2]
array([[ 2],
       [ 7],
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array([21, 22, 23, 24, 25])

mat[3:5]

mat[4:5]

array([[2],

[12]])

[7],

[12]])

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array([[16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
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[21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])

[21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])

array([[16, 17, 18, 19, 20],

array([[21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])

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Now do the following
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Get the sum of all the values in mat
matrix_sum= np.sum(mat)
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325
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print(matrix_sum)

Get the standard deviation of the values in mat

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matrix_std= np.std(mat)
print(matrix_std)
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7.211102550927978
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Get the sum of all the columns in mat
Column_sum= np.sum(mat,axis=0)
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print(Column_sum)
[55 60 65 70 75]
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