numpy-exercise-madhuri

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1 NumPy Exercises

Now that we've learned about NumPy let's test your knowledge. We'll start off with a few simple tasks, and then you'll be asked some more complicated questions.

```
Import NumPy as np
```

```
[2]: import numpy as np
```

Create an array of 10 zeros

```
[6]: x=np.zeros(10) x
```

```
[6]: array([0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.])
```

Create an array of 10 ones

```
[7]: y=np.ones(10)
y
```

```
[7]: array([1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.])
```

Create an array of 10 fives

```
[17]: z=np.full(10,5,dtype=float) z
```

```
[17]: array([5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5.])
```

Create an array of the integers from 10 to 50

```
[14]: a=np.arange(10,51)
a
```

```
[14]: array([10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50])
```

```
Create an array of all the even integers from 10 to 50
[16]: e=np.arange(10,50,2)
[16]: array([10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42,
             44, 46, 48])
     Create a 3x3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8
[27]: a=np.array([[0,1,2],[3,4,5],[6,7,8]])
[27]: array([[0, 1, 2],
             [3, 4, 5],
             [6, 7, 8]])
     Create a 3x3 identity matrix
[11]: m=np.identity(3)
[11]: array([[1., 0., 0.],
             [0., 1., 0.],
             [0., 0., 1.]])
     Use NumPy to generate a random number between 0 and 1
[13]: r=np.random.random(1)
      r
[13]: array([0.1812018])
     Use NumPy to generate an array of 25 random numbers sampled from a standard
     normal distribution
[65]: rn=np.random.random(25)
      rn
[65]: array([0.25859275, 0.74926993, 0.79594198, 0.21025169, 0.17928436,
             0.6567739 , 0.14635715, 0.39794086, 0.89570318, 0.65323491,
             0.65825108, 0.19554829, 0.62284505, 0.39536971, 0.3382837,
             0.50125478, 0.34231541, 0.60650919, 0.64676341, 0.93277753,
             0.32003542, 0.34254793, 0.83216582, 0.05890235, 0.16479281])
     Create the following matrix:
```

[43]: m=np.arange(0.01,1.01,0.01).reshape(10,10)

```
[43]: array([[0.01, 0.02, 0.03, 0.04, 0.05, 0.06, 0.07, 0.08, 0.09, 0.1], [0.11, 0.12, 0.13, 0.14, 0.15, 0.16, 0.17, 0.18, 0.19, 0.2], [0.21, 0.22, 0.23, 0.24, 0.25, 0.26, 0.27, 0.28, 0.29, 0.3], [0.31, 0.32, 0.33, 0.34, 0.35, 0.36, 0.37, 0.38, 0.39, 0.4], [0.41, 0.42, 0.43, 0.44, 0.45, 0.46, 0.47, 0.48, 0.49, 0.5], [0.51, 0.52, 0.53, 0.54, 0.55, 0.56, 0.57, 0.58, 0.59, 0.6], [0.61, 0.62, 0.63, 0.64, 0.65, 0.66, 0.67, 0.68, 0.69, 0.7], [0.71, 0.72, 0.73, 0.74, 0.75, 0.76, 0.77, 0.78, 0.79, 0.8], [0.81, 0.82, 0.83, 0.84, 0.85, 0.86, 0.87, 0.88, 0.89, 0.9], [0.91, 0.92, 0.93, 0.94, 0.95, 0.96, 0.97, 0.98, 0.99, 1.]])
```

Create an array of 20 linearly spaced points between 0 and 1:

```
[44]: a=np.linspace(0,1,20)
a

[44]: array([0. , 0.05263158, 0.10526316, 0.15789474, 0.21052632, 0.26315789, 0.31578947, 0.36842105, 0.42105263, 0.47368421, 0.52631579, 0.57894737, 0.63157895, 0.68421053, 0.73684211, 0.78947368, 0.84210526, 0.89473684, 0.94736842, 1. ])
```

1.1 Numpy Indexing and Selection

Now you will be given a few matrices, and be asked to replicate the resulting matrix outputs:

```
[]: array([[12, 13, 14, 15],
             [17, 18, 19, 20],
             [22, 23, 24, 25]])
[50]: # WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
      # BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
      # BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
      b=mat[3,4]
[50]: 20
 []:
 []: 20
[55]: # WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
      # BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
      # BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
      c=mat[0:3,1]
      c=c.reshape(3,1)
      С
[55]: array([[ 2],
             [7],
             [12]])
 []:
 []: array([[2],
             [7],
             [12]])
[58]: # WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
      # BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
      # BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
      c=mat[4,:]
[58]: array([21, 22, 23, 24, 25])
 []:
 []: array([21, 22, 23, 24, 25])
[60]: # WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
      # BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
```

```
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
      z=mat[3:]
      z
[60]: array([[16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
             [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
 []:
 []: array([[16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
             [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
     1.1.1 Now do the following
     Get the sum of all the values in mat
[62]: s=mat.sum()
      s
[62]: 325
     Get the standard deviation of the values in mat
[64]: sd=mat.std()
      sd
[64]: 7.211102550927978
     Get the sum of all the columns in mat
[66]: c=sum(mat)
      С
[66]: array([55, 60, 65, 70, 75])
```